WELCOME TO ENGLISH CLASS



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HOW ARE YOU?







WELCOME TO ENGLISH CLASS



"No one has a problem with the first mile of a journey. Even an infant could do fine for a while. But it isn't the start that matters. It's the finish line."

Julien Smith





PROBLEM SOLVING AND CRITIQUING



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DATE



DATE

Objective:

Students will demonstrate their understanding of the text by analyzing and modifying information about critiquing.





AGENDA



WARM UP:

The difference between Criticize VS Critique?

CLASS ACTIVITY:

- New Vocabulary
- Reading Strategy: Rereading
- Reading: Critiquing and Making Improvements

Wrap- Up

Sentence correction



WARM-UP



Criticize VS Critique?

- 1. Which do you think is personal? Which is objective?
- 2. Which do you think is general? Which is specific?
- 3. Which do you think destroys? Which constructs?







VOCABULARY



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Development / **Develop**

Improvement /

improve

- Share
- Wrong
- Recipe
- Choice
- Peer
- Critique
- Change

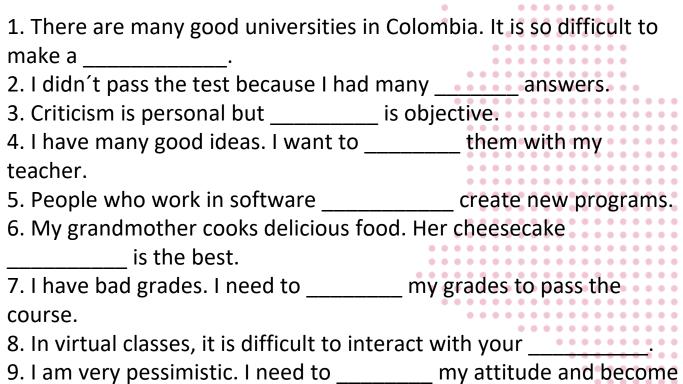


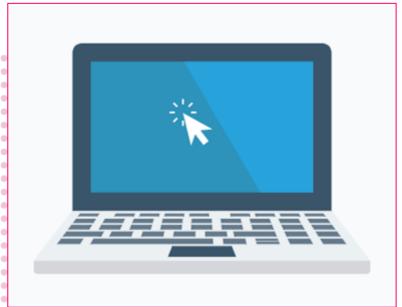




Complete the following sentences with the new vocabulary:









more optimistic.



Video Reading Strategy



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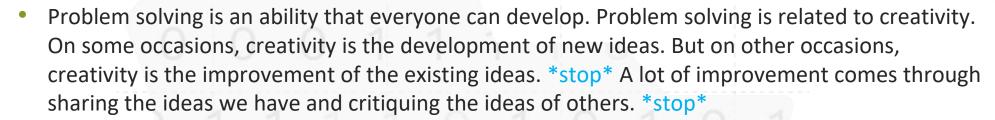
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Text Critiquing and Making Improvements





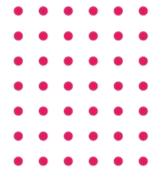
- We will begin with the idea that there are no wrong answers. And logically, all answers can be improved. That's a good starting point. *stop* To critique, one has to accept this starting idea of the other person, and have ideas about how to improve that idea. A lot of this, we learn from our own lives. *stop*
- When we cook and experiment with a new recipe, sometimes it's good and sometimes it's bad. When it is bad, we need ideas on how to improve the food. *stop* We can change the quantity of food, the ingredients, the temperature, the spices, or the portion size. By making these choices, we're critiquing the original food design, that is the recipe, because we want to improve the recipe for future use. *stop*
- When we critique ideas, for example academic projects, the objective is to improve the idea and to help your peer improve their creative capacity.





Text Critiquing and Making Improvements





- This means we must be respectful of the other person and while emphasizing problems or difficulties we must offer solutions to improve the ideas presented. *stop*
- Sometimes, when you generate new ideas for any project, you can also change any aspect of the project. It is always good to ask yourself questions to wake up your creativity: *stop* Was it more creative, or less creative? Have you done something similar, or different? Or is this result something you've never even imagined? What would happen if you made the project bigger or smaller? Or something that touched more people or something that was a different color? *stop*
- But the most important thing is that you shouldn't destroy the ideas it is necessary to construct on the original idea from your peers. Then of course, you apply the same process of critique honestly to your own work. *stop*

https://www.coursera.org/lecture/creative-problem-solving/critiquing-and-making-improvements-Y5Ru9



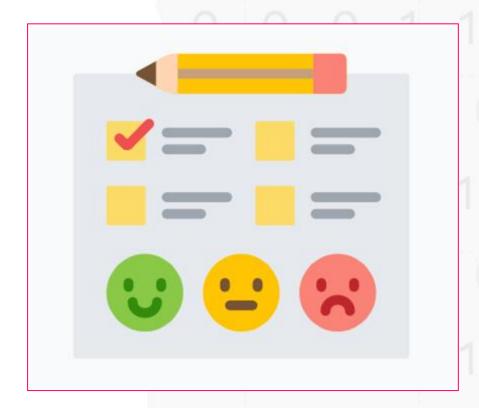


WRAP-UP



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Correct these sentences. If necessary, reread the text to find the right answers.

- 1. Creativity is only limited to creating new ideas.
- 2. Wrong answers cannot be improved.
- 3. When we critique academic projects, we say negative things about them.
- 4. When we critique, we focus on the problems.
- 5. When we critique, we destroy ideas.



SELF-EVALUATION





1. Entiendo en qué	e consiste la estrategi	la de "rereading".
Si	No	De pronto
		•
		_
2. La estrategia "re	eread" me ayuda a co	oncentrarme más
cuando leo un texto		
Si	No	De pronto
		•
3. Cuando vuelvo a	a leer, entiendo el te	xto mejor.
Si	No	De pronto
		•

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