Building a dockerized functional system for streaming data and gathering coordinates for vehicles location, with Spark, Kafka and MySQL.

This presentation will include the following parts:

- i) Preparing the environment
- ii) Simulating Data (coordinates) Python
- iii) Data ingestion Scala
- iv) Creating map and exposing the vehicle's location (SQL, PHP and Leaflet)
- v) Finding the nearest restaurant, while knowing the position of the vehicle when the request was made SQL and PHP

For a real case scenario, **Percona** and MySQL would improve performance.

1) Preparing the environment

The choice for this project was a dockerized environment, consisting in:

- 1 Spark and Yarn container on which there have been installed Apache 2, PHP5, MySQL and Leaflet
- 1 Kafka container
- 1 Zookeeper container

Services

Service	Version
Spark and Yarn	1.6.0
Hadoop	2.6.0
Kafka	0.10.2.1
Zookeeper	3.3.6
MySQL	5.1.73

Creating containers:

The creation of containers was made by using Perl scripts, for a faster deployment:

b) Zookeeper container:

```
Check link:
```

https://github.com/LorenvXn/Build-machine-learning-environment-on-dockers-/tree/maste r/zookeeper

c) Kafka container:

```
Check link:
```

https://github.com/LorenvXn/Build-machine-learning-environment-on-dockers-/tree/maste
r/kafka

d)Deploying Spark and Yarn

For this container, the image **sequenceiq/spark** has been used.

Connecting the containers

Once the containers have been created, they must communicate with each other

```
root@host:~# docker ps
CONTAINER ID
                                     COMMAND
                                                            CREATED
                  IMAGE
STATUS
                  PORTS
NAMES
nauseous_kirch
c336c772c5ad
                  spark
                                     "/etc/bootstrap.sh ba" 4 days ago
Up 27 hours
                  22/tcp, 4040/tcp, 8030-8033/tcp, 8040/tcp, 8042/tcp, 8088/tcp,
49707/tcp, 50010/tcp, 50020/tcp, 50070/tcp, 50075/tcp, 50090/tcp spark
e3f53da753fd
                kafka
                                     "/bin/bash"
                                                            4 days ago
Up 25 hours
kafka
e86cc17e6ee5
                  zookeeper
                                     "bash"
                                                            4 days ago
Up 25 hours
                  2181/tcp, 2888/tcp, 3888/tcp
zookeeper
```

a) Create a new network bridge

```
docker network create --driver=bridge spark-streaming
```

b) Adding each container to new bridge

```
docker network connect spark-streaming c336c772c5ad docker network connect spark-streaming e3f53da753fd docker network connect spark-streaming e86cc17e6ee5
```

Real case scenario: static IP should be attributed to each container as per Dockers documentation

Starting the services

1) Start Zookeeper service

```
root@host:~# docker exec -ti `docker ps | grep zookeeper | awk {'print $1'}`
/bin/bash
root@e86cc17e6ee5:/opt/zookeeper#
root@e86cc17e6ee5:/opt/zookeeper# cd bin/
root@e86cc17e6ee5:/opt/zookeeper/bin# ./zkServer.sh start
JMX enabled by default
Using config: /opt/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Starting zookeeper ... STARTED
```

2) Start Kafka service, and create topic CarOneStreaming

```
root@host:/opt# docker exec -ti `docker ps | grep kafka | awk {'print $1'}` /bin/bash
[root@e3f53da753fd /]# cd kafka
[root@e3f53da753fd kafka]#
[root@e3f53da753fd kafka]#bin/kafka-server-start.sh config/server.properties
[root@e3f53da753fd kafka]#
[root@e3f53da753fd kafka]#bin/kafka-topics.sh --create --zookeeper 172.21.0.3:2181
--replication-factor 1 --partitions 1 --topic CarOneStreaming
```

At every 5 seconds, the vehicle sends data on the coordinates, speed.

This information will be sent to Kafka producer, and after the data ingestion takes place, through dataframes, it will be written into MySQL (this type of database has been selected for geolocation purposes)

Based on these specifications, our tablespace streams_table_car1 has the below characteristics:

```
bash-4.1# mysql -e "use streams_db; describe streams_table_car1" -uroot -p
Enter password:
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
lat lon speed location date	float float float varchar(30)	YES YES YES YES		NULL NULL NULL NULL	

ii) Simulating data

To obtain coordinates for a specific geographic area, module **geopy** has been used.

The names of certain addresses were provided to a python script, and as a result they were "translated" as coordinates (latitude and longitude)

Example python script

```
#!/usr/bin/python
from geopy import Nominatim
geolocator = Nominatim()
with open("/root/addresses.txt",'r') as fp:
    for line in fp:
        location = geolocator.geocode(line)
        print (location.latitude, location.longitude)
    fp.close()
```

For an address like "11 5th Avenue NYC", the script would provide coordinates: (40.7326282, -73.9958528)

iii) Data ingestion - Spark and Kafka, and stored data into MySQL

Scala code for Spark Streaming and Kafka Integration (Consumer). All data is stored in MySQL tablespace through dataframes.

```
import org.apache.spark.SparkConf
import org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD
import org.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext
import org.apache.spark._
import _root_.kafka.serializer.StringDecoder
import org.apache.spark.SparkContext.
import org.apache.spark.streaming._
import org.apache.spark.streaming.StreamingContext._
import org.apache.spark.streaming.kafka._
import org.apache.spark.sql.types._
import org.apache.spark.sql.Row;
import org.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext
import org.apache.spark.sql.types._
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
import org.apache.spark.sql._
import java.util.Properties
import org.apache.spark.sql.SaveMode
import sys.process._
import sqlContext.implicits._
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
import org.apache.spark.sql.types._
import scala.concurrent.ExecutionContext.Implicits.global
import scala.concurrent.duration.
import scala.concurrent.{Await, Future}
import scala.language.postfixOps
```

```
import java.sql.DriverManager
import java.sql.Connection
import org.apache.spark.SparkConf
import org.apache.spark.SparkContext
import org.apache.spark.rdd._
import org.apache.spark.SparkContext._
import org.apache.spark.streaming._
import org.apache.spark.streaming.StreamingContext._
import org.apache.spark.sql.types.
import org.apache.spark.sql.Row;
import org.apache.spark.sql.types._
import java.util.Properties
object ScalaStreaming {
case class Dates(lat: Double, lon: Double,
                 speed: Double,
                 location: String,
                 date: String)
 def main(args: Array[String]) {
             val config = new SparkConf()
             val sc = new SparkContext(config)
             val sqlContext = new SQLContext(sc)
             val ssc = new StreamingContext(sc, Seconds(5))
                //kafka set-up - IP 172.21.0.4 belongs to Kafka container
             val brokers = "172.21.0.4:9092"
             val topics = "CarOneStreaming"
             val topicsSet = topics.split(",").toSet
             val kafkaParams = Map[String, String]("metadata.broker.list" -> brokers)
val schema = StructType(Array(
             StructField("lat", DoubleType, true),
             StructField("lon", DoubleType, true),
```

```
StructField("speed", DoubleType, true),
             StructField("location", StringType, true),
             StructField("date", StringType, true) ))
val prop = new java.util.Properties()
prop.put("user", "root")
prop.put("password", "M0ns00n!!!")
val driver = "com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"
val url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/streams db"
val linesDStream = KafkaUtils.createDirectStream[String, String, StringDecoder,
StringDecoder](ssc, kafkaParams, topicsSet)
val SQLDStream = linesDStream.map(_._2).map(_.split(",")).map(p =>
Dates(p(0).toDouble,
               p(1).toDouble,p(2).toDouble,p(3).toString, p(4).toString))
SQLDStream.foreachRDD{ rdd =>
if (!rdd.isEmpty) {
               val count = rdd.count
               println("count received " + count)
               val sqlContext = SQLContext.getOrCreate(rdd.sparkContext)
                val df = rdd.toDF()
//extract mysql tablespace rows
 val d_test = sqlContext.read.format("jdbc").options(
       Map(
          "url" ->
"jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/streams_db?user=root&password=M0ns00n!!!",
          "dbtable" -> "streams_table_car1",
          "driver" -> "com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"
        )).load()
        d test.show()
```

```
//write to MySQL

    df.write.mode(SaveMode.Append).jdbc(url,"streams_table_car1",prop)

// Thread.sleep(3000)
    }
}
```

Maven dependencies

```
<dependencies>
       <!-- Scala and Spark dependencies -->
       <dependency>
              <groupId>org.scala-lang
              <artifactId>scala-library</artifactId>
              <version>${scala.version}</version>
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
              <groupId>org.apache.spark
              <artifactId>spark-core 2.10</artifactId>
              <version>1.2.0-cdh5.3.1
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
              <groupId>org.apache.kafka/groupId>
              <artifactId>kafka 2.10</artifactId>
              <version>0.8.2.1
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
              <groupId>org.apache.spark
               <artifactId>spark-streaming-kafka_2.10</artifactId>
              <version>1.6.0
       </dependency>
    <dependency>
           <groupId>org.apache.spark</groupId>
           <artifactId>spark-streaming_2.10</artifactId>
           <version>1.6.0
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
          <groupId>com.datastax.spark</groupId>
          <artifactId>spark-cassandra-connector 2.11</artifactId>
          <version>1.6.1
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
```

```
<groupId>org.apache.spark
    <artifactId>spark-sql_2.10</artifactId> <!-- matching Scala version -->
          <version>1.6.1
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
           <groupId>org.scala-lang
           <artifactId>scala-reflect</artifactId>
           <version>2.10.0-M4</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
           <groupId>joda-time
           <artifactId>joda-time</artifactId>
           <version>2.9.1
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
          <groupId>org.codehaus.jsr166-mirror</groupId>
           <artifactId>jsr166</artifactId>
           <version>1.7.0
    </dependency>
     <dependency>
            <groupId>mysql
           <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
            <version>5.1.16
      </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.apache.spark
        <artifactId>spark-core_2.10</artifactId>
         <version>1.6.0</version>
     </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

Create the fat jar with mvn

```
mvn clean && mvn install && mvn package
```

...and submit it

```
cd target; spark-submit --class ScalaStreaming
spark-scala-maven-project-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT-jar-with-dependencies.jar
--packages org.apache.spark:spark-streaming-kafka_2.10:1.6.1
--jars /home/mysql-connector-java-5.1.16.jar
```

Now we can send coordinates into Kafka producer:

```
[root@e3f53da753fd kafka]# bin/kafka-console-producer.sh --broker-list
172.21.0.4:9092 --topic CarOneStreaming
```

```
For instance, the vehicle sends messages as below, at every 5 seconds: 40.733229, -73.9954147, 60,"33 5th Avenue NYC", 2016-08-01 01:01:15
```

By sending the messages at every 5 seconds, the tablespace **streams_table_car1** is populated with new entries:

Example when reading the table through dataframes(during the spark-submit process)

iv) Creating the map and vehicle location

For this section, the implementation will be performed with Leaflet map and extracting data from MySQL with PHP.

Based on the tablespace entries, the vehicle location can be tracked.

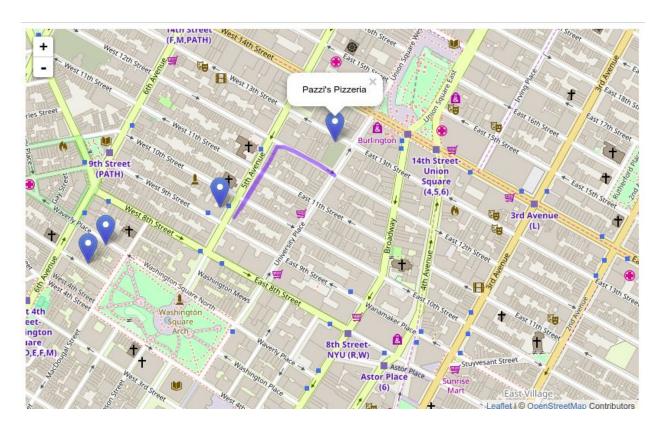
At the moment when the map below has been created, tablespace contains the following rows:

mysql> select * from streams_table_car1;

lat	lon	speed	location	date
40.733 40.7342 40.7332 40.7335 40.7342 40.7345 40.7345	-73.9956 -73.9946 -73.9954 -73.9952 -73.9946 -73.9944 -73.9942 -73.9939 -73.9937	50 58 60 45 58 63 58 62	25 5th Avenue NYC 45 5th Avenue NYC 33 5th Avenue NYC 35 5th Avenue NYC	2016-08-01 01:01:10 2016-08-01 01:01:25 2016-08-01 01:01:15 2016-08-01 01:01:20 2016-08-01 01:01:25 2016-08-01 01:01:30

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

The purple lines indicates the vehicle's trajectory, as per coordinates from MySQL tablespace



(a few restaurants marked down)

```
<?php ?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Track me down</title>
    <meta charset="utf-8" />
    klink
        rel="stylesheet"
       href="http://cdn.leafletjs.com/leaflet-0.7/leaflet.css"
    />
</head>
<body>
    <div id="map" style="width: 800px; height: 500px"></div>
        src="http://cdn.leafletjs.com/leaflet-0.7/leaflet.js">
    </script>
    <script>
      <?php include '/var/www/html/trackme.php'; ?>
        var map = L.map('map').setView([40.73, -74.00], 14);
        mapLink =
            '<a href="http://openstreetmap.org">OpenStreetMap</a>';
        L.tileLayer(
            'http://{s}.tile.openstreetmap.org/{z}/{x}/{y}.png', {
            attribution: '© ' + mapLink + ' Contributors',
            maxZoom: 18,
            }).addTo(map);
        var polyline = L.polyline(trackeme).addTo(map);
 </script>
      <script>
      var places = [
             ["Blue Hill",40.7320, -73.9997],
             ["Babbo Ristorante e Enoteca", 40.7324, -73.9992],
             ["Claudette", 40.7332, -73.9960],
             ["Pazzi's Pizzeria", 40.7346, -73.9928]
                          ];
```

```
for (var i = 0; i < places.length; i++) {</pre>
                    marker = new L.marker([places[i][1],places[i][2]])
                           .bindPopup(places[i][0])
                           .addTo(map);
                    }
      </script>
</body>
</html>
Script trackme.php to extract coordinates from tablespace
<?php
    $username = "root";
    $password = "Monsoon!!!";
    $host = "localhost";
    $database="streams_db";
    $server = mysql_connect($host, $username, $password);
    $connection = mysql_select_db($database, $server);
    $myquery = "
SELECT `lat`, `lon` FROM `streams_table_car1`
WHERE `lat` <> 0
    $query = mysql_query($myquery);
    if (! $query ) {
        echo mysql_error();
        die;
    }
    $data = array();
      echo "var latlon = [";
    for (x = 0; x < mysql_num_rows(query); x++) {
        $data[] = mysql_fetch_assoc($query);
        echo "[",$data[$x]['lat'],",",$data[$x]['lon'],"]";
        if ($x <= (mysql_num_rows($query)-2) ) {</pre>
                    echo ",";
             }
    }
      echo "];";
    mysql_close($server);
```

?>

v) Finding the nearest restaurants

Two steps are implemented:

a) Finding the coordinates of the vehicle when the driver is in search of the nearest restaurants.

This requires to find the last entry in the tablespace. The searching is done after 'date' column.

b) Implementing the Great Circle Distance formula

```
r * acos[sin(lat1) * sin(lat2) + cos(lat1) * cos(lat2) * cos(lon2 - lon1)]
```

PHP scripts for implementing points a) and b)

```
bash-4.1# more morelatlong.php
<?PHP
/**
* It appliese Haversine Formula
* on a distance of 5miles
 **/
$username = "root";
    $password = "Monsoon!!!";
    $host = "localhost";
    $database="streams_db";
    $server = mysql_connect($host, $username, $password);
    $connection = mysql_select_db($database, $server);
$tableName = "Restaurant";
$Lat=`php lat.php`;
$Lon = `php lon.php`;
$dist = 5; // max distance (in miles) away from $Lat,$Lon
```

```
$mysqlquery = "SELECT location, lat, lon, 3956 * 2 *
          ASIN(SQRT( POWER(SIN(($Lat - lat)*pi()/180/2),2)
          +COS($Lat*pi()/180 )*COS(lat*pi()/180)
          *POWER(SIN(($Lon-lon)*pi()/180/2),2)))
          as distance FROM $tableName WHERE
          lon between ($Lon-$dist/cos(radians($Lat))*69)
          and ($Lon+$dist/cos(radians($Lat))*69)
          and lat between ($Lat-($dist/69))
          and ($Lat+($dist/69))
          having distance < $dist ORDER BY distance limit 10";</pre>
$result = mysql_query($mysqlquery) or die(mysql_error());
while($row = mysql_fetch_assoc($result)) {
    echo " | " . $row['location']." | ".$row['distance']."\n";
mysql_close($server);
?>
Below, the called scripts for finding the latitude and longitude at the searching
time (the latest row inserted)
Script for finding latitude at requesting time
<?PHP
/**
* lat.php
 **/
 $username = "root";
    $password = "Monsoon!!!";
    $host = "localhost";
    $database="streams_db";
    $server = mysql connect($host, $username, $password);
    $connection = mysql_select_db($database, $server);
$string1 = "lat";
$queryLat = "select lat from streams_table_car1 where date=(select max(date) from
streams_table_car1)";
$result=mysql_query($queryLat);
while ($row = mysql fetch assoc($result)) {
    echo $row['lat'];
```

```
}
mysql_close($server);
?>
Script for finding longitude at requesting time
<?php
/**
 * lon.php
 **/
 $username = "root";
   $password = "M0ns00n!!!";
   $host = "localhost";
   $database="streams_db";
   $server = mysql_connect($host, $username, $password);
   $connection = mysql_select_db($database, $server);
$queryLat = "select lon from streams_table_car1 where date=(select max(date) from
streams_table_car1)";
$result=mysql_query($queryLat);
while ($row = mysql_fetch_assoc($result)) {
   echo $row['lon'];
}
mysql_close($server);
?>
Restaurants tablespace is populated as below:
+----+
| lat | lon | location
| 40.7324 | -73.9992 | Babbo Ristorante e Enoteca |
| 40.732 | -73.9997 | Blue Hill
| 40.7332 | -73.996 | Claudette
| 40.7346 | -73.9928 | Pazzi's Pizzeria
```

Output of the script, on a distance of 5miles:

Real case scenario:

- 1) PHP OOP to be applied if we are dealing with a large scale of tracking web application
- 2) PHP 7 recommended
- 3) If GPS logs look like XML files, they can be easily manipulated with Perl using XML::LibXML library, and turned into a csv to be sent in Kafka Producer.

Thank you for your attention:)