Internet of Things - Third Challenge

Authors:

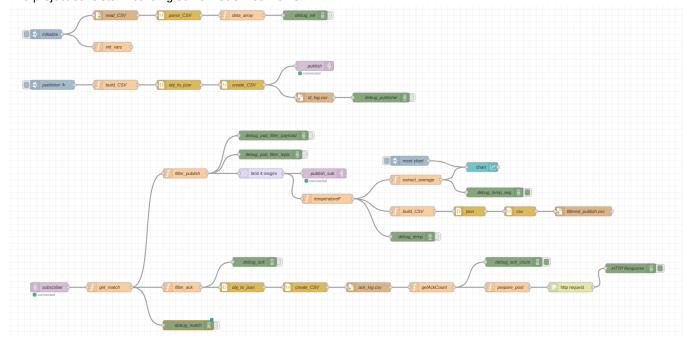
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Thingspeak channel ID: https://thingspeak.mathworks.com/channels/2929989

Project topic

The project consists in building some Node-Red flows:



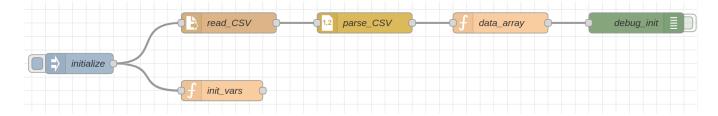
First Part

Periodically publish MQTT messages to the local mosquitto broker (localhost, port 1884), to the topic *challenge3/id_generator*.

Messages should be sent with a rate of 1 message every 5 seconds.

Each message should contain in the payload a string of JSON format with a random number (id) between 0 and 30000, and the time in which the msg is generated (UNIX timestamp)

Initialize



- Initialized: start global variable initialization
- init_vars: initialize global variables

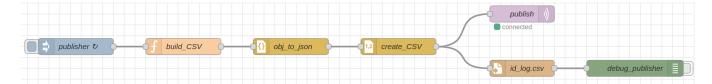
```
global.set("Status", "FLOWING");
global.set("row_num", 1)
global.set("ack_count", 0);
global.set("msg_count", 0);
global.set("row_temp", 1);
return msg;
```

```
- **read_csv**: read the _challenge3.csv_ file
- **parse_csv**: parse the _.csv_ file
- **data_array**: declare a global variable with all file's data

```javascript
var data = msg.payload;
global.set("csv_data",data);

return msg;
```

#### **Publisher**



- publisher: publish with a rate of 1 message every 5 second to activate the flow
- **build\_csv**: prepares the payload of the MQTT message and *id\_log.csv* file:

```
let row_num = global.get("row_num");

// Define the ID field as a random integer between 0 and 30000
const id = Math.floor(Math.random() * 30001);
const timestamp = Math.floor(Date.now() / 1000);

// Set the message payload
msg.payload = JSON.stringify({
 "No.": row_num,
 "ID": id,
 "TIMESTAMP": timestamp
});

// Progressively increases the row number
row_num++;
global.set("row_num", row_num);
return msg;
```

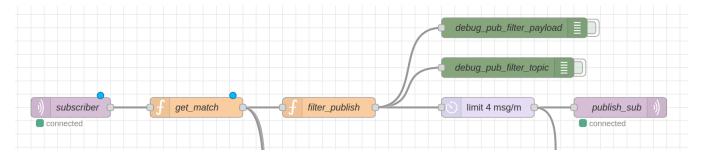
- obj\_to\_json: translate the object message into JSON format
- create\_csv: use JSON input to produce a line for a .csv file
- publish: send a MQTT message with defined payload on fixed topic challenge3/id\_generator
- id\_log.csv: append the payload to the id\_log.csv file

#### **Second Part**

Subscribe to the topic *challenge3/id\_generator* in the local broker.

After receiving a message from the subscription, take the ID and compute N = ID %7711 At every received message, process the challenge3.csv file and take the message with frame number equal to N.

If the message contains an MQTT Publish then, publish a message on the same topic found with.



- subscriber: connects to the broker and subscribes to messages from the specified topic
- **get\_match**: finds the line of the data which "No." matches with the calculated "N" and produces a node message object with its payload. This node feeds multiple branches:

```
let msg_count = global.get("msg_count");
// No more than 80 csv entries has to be processed
if(msg_count >= 80){
 global.set("Status", "COMPLETE");
 return null;
}
var fields = msg.payload.split(',');
var id = fields[1];
var data = global.get("csv_data");
// Compute N (computed_id)
var computed_id = id % 7711;
var matching obj = data.filter(
 function(obj){
 return parseInt(obj["No."])===computed_id;
 }
);
msg.payload = matching_obj;
msg_count++;
global.set("msg_count", msg_count);
return msg;
```

• **filter\_publish**: filter to transmit forward only the messages containing a MQTT Publish. If a single message contains more than a publish, then separate the payload into different messages:

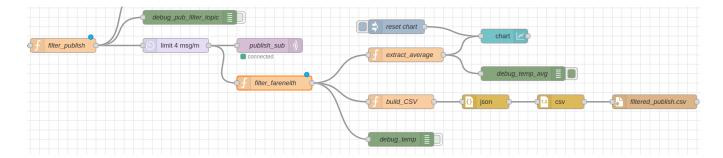
```
if (global.get("Status") === "COMPLETE") {
 return;
}
let matching_obj = msg.payload;
let row_num = matching_obj[0]["No."];
let info = matching_obj[0]["Info"];
let rawPayload = matching_obj[0]["Payload"] || "";
if (matching_obj && info.includes("Publish Message")) {
 // Use a regex to find all the topics [../../..]
 let topic_regex = /([(^{)}]+))/g;
 let topics = [... info.matchAll(topic_regex)].map(match => match[1]);
 // Parsing
 let payloads;
 try {
 // Normalize the payload removing ""
 let normalized = "[" + rawPayload.replace(/""/g, '"') + "]";
 payloads = JSON.parse(normalized);
 } catch (err) {
 node.error("Error while parsing JSON: " + err.message);
 return null;
 }
 // Match each topic and message
 let output_msgs = [];
 for (let i = 0; i < Math.min(topics.length, payloads.length); i++) {</pre>
 output_msgs.push({
 topic: topics[i],
 payload: {
 timestamp: Math.floor(Date.now() / 1000),
 id: row_num,
 payload: payloads[i]
 });
 }
 return [output_msgs]; // output
} else {
 return null;
}
```

- limit 4msg/m: limit message rate to 4 per minute, add messages exceeding the rate to a queue
- publish\_sub: publish the payload as a MQTT message on topic defined by .csv file

### Third part

If the filtered message contains in the payload a temperature in Fahrenheit, use it to produce a chart in Node-Red plotting the temperature value, taking the mean value of the "range" attribute in the payload.

Save the payload of these msgs in a CSV (filtered\_pubs.csv)



• filter\_fareneith: filter to forward only messages with type: temperature, unit: F:

```
let input = msg.payload;

if (!input || !input.payload) {
 return null;
}

let data = input.payload;

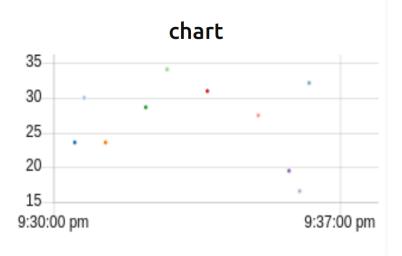
if (data.type === "temperature" && data.unit === "F") {
 return {
 topic: msg.topic,
 payload: input
 };
}

return null;
```

• extract\_average: extracts the average temperature from the payload of the message:

```
let data = msg.payload.payload;
let sum = data.range.reduce((a, b) => a + b, 0);
let avg = sum / 2;
msg.payload = avg;
return msg;
```

• chart: plot the average contained inside the payload onto a chart:



• build\_csv: prepares the payload for the filtered\_publish.csv file:

```
var unit = data.unit;
var description = data.description;

let avg = (range[0] + range[1]) / 2;

msg.payload = JSON.stringify({
 "No.": row_temp,
 "LAT":lat,
 "LONG": long,
 "RANGE": avg,
 "TYPE":type,
 "UNIT":unit,
 "DESCRIPTION":description,
});

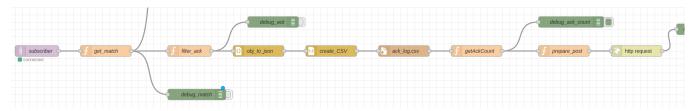
row_temp++;
global.set("row_temp", row_temp);
return msg;
```

- json: translate the object message into JSON format
- csv: use JSON input to produce a line for a .csv file
- filtered\_publish.csv: append the payload to the filtered\_publish.csv file

#### Fourth part

If the message with Frame No. = N instead contains an MQTT ACK message, increment a global ACK counter, then save the message into a CSV file named ack\_log.csv

Send the value of the global ACK counter to a *thingspeak* channel, passing to the field1 of the channel the value of the global ACK counter



• filer\_ack: filter to forward only messages containing an ACK:

```
if(global.get("Status")==="COMPLETE"){
 return;
}
var ack_count = global.get("ack_count");
var matching_obj = msg.payload;
var row_num = matching_obj[0]["No."];
if(matching_obj && matching_obj[0]["Info"].includes("Ack")){
 var ack_regex = /(Connect|Publish|Subscribe|Unsubscribe)\sAck/;
 var matching_msg_info = matching_obj[0]["Info"].match(ack_regex);
 //Use JSON.stringify to convert string in right format
 msg.payload = JSON.stringify({
 "TIMESTAMP": Math.floor(Date.now() / 1000),
 "SUB_ID":row_num,
 "MSG_TYPE":matching_msg_info[0]
 });
 // Increment acq counter
 global.set("ack_count", ack_count +1);
 return msg;
} else {
 return null;
```

- obj\_to\_json: translate the object message into JSON format
- create\_csv: use JSON input to produce a line for a .csv file
- ack\_log.csv: append the payload to the ack\_log.csv file
- get\_ack\_count: exttract ack counter from payload:

```
msg.payload = global.get("ack_count");
return msg;
```

prepare\_post: setup the payload to be published as an HTTP POST:

```
let apiKey = "S7CY4USHQ42EZIOS";

msg.payload = `api_key=${apiKey}&field1=${msg.payload}`;

msg.headers = {
 "Content-Type": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded"
};
```

return msg;

• http request: send the payload as an HTTP POST

The graph visualized on Thingspeaks:

