

## Project 2 - Databasic Instinct

CECS 323 – Sec 05

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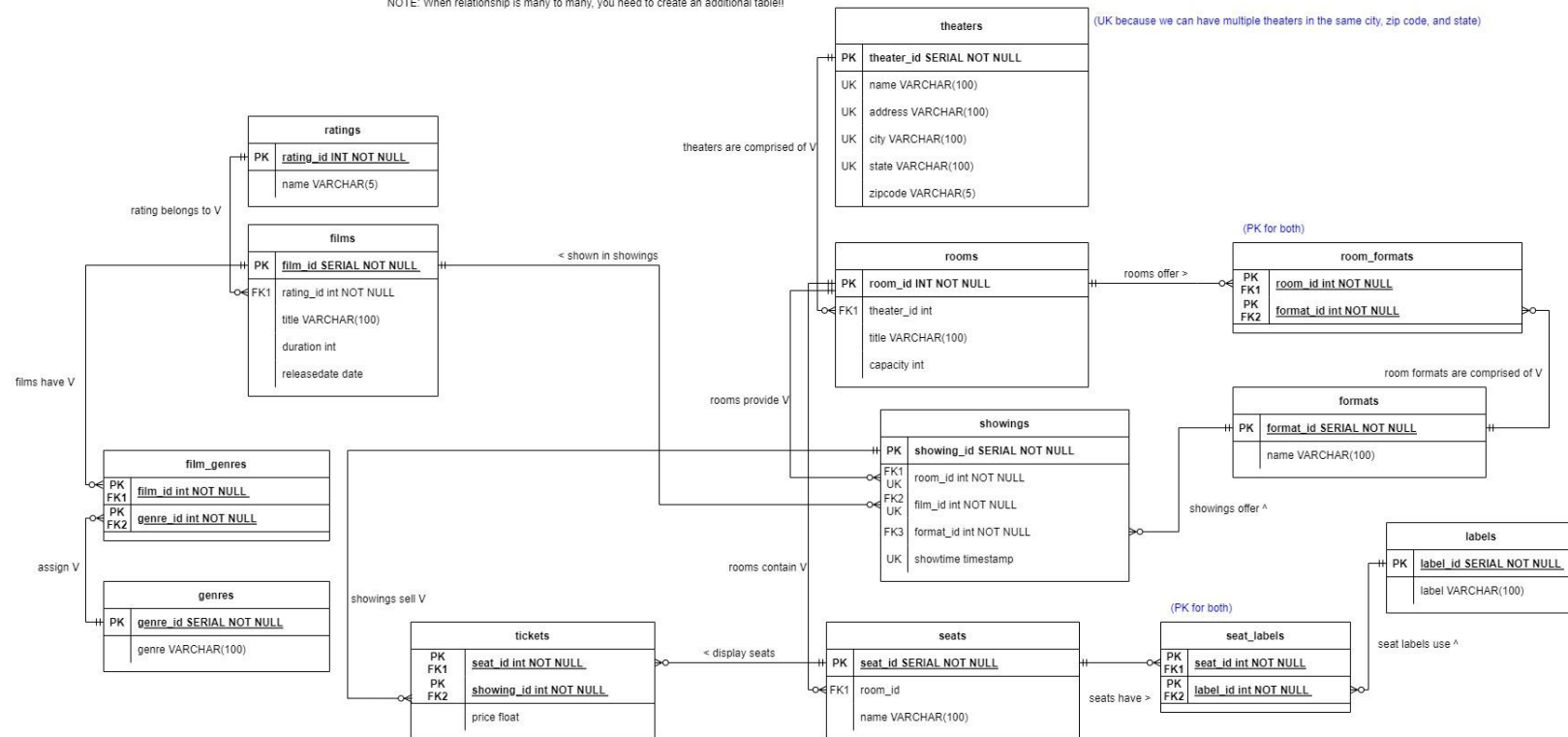
California State University, Long Beach

College of Engineering

Project 2 - Databasic Instinct

## Entity Relationship Diagram:

NOTE: When relationship is many to many, you need to create an additional table!!



This image is rather small and I am including a link that will allow you to view the image to scale:  
<https://viewer.diagrams.net/?tags=%7B%7D&highlight=0000ff&edit=blank&layers=1&nav=1&title=Project%20%20ER%20Diagram#Uhttps%3A%2F%2Fdrive.google.com%2Fuc%3Fid%3D1pzzbuU42m8VwjMjPh3IZynhSmDyfrhei%26export%3Ddownload>

**CREATE Statements:**

create table theaters

```
(
  theater_id serial
    constraint theaters_pk
      primary key,
  name  varchar(100),
  address varchar(100),
  city  varchar(100),
  state  varchar(100),
  zipcode varchar(5),
  unique (name, address, city, state)
);
```

alter table theaters  
owner to postgres;

create table rooms

```
(
  room_id integer not null
    constraint rooms_pk
      primary key,
  theater_id integer
    constraint theater_id
      references theaters,
  title  varchar(100),
  capacity integer
);
```

alter table rooms  
owner to postgres;

create table seats

```
(
  seat_id serial
    constraint seats_pk
      primary key,
  name  varchar(100)
    constraint seats_uk
      unique,
  room_id integer
    constraint room_id_fk
      references rooms
);
```

```
alter table seats  
  owner to postgres;
```

```
create table formats  
(  
  format_id serial  
    constraint formats_pk  
      primary key,  
  name  varchar(100)  
    constraint formats_uk  
      unique  
);
```

```
alter table formats  
  owner to postgres;
```

```
create table room_formats  
(  
  room_id  integer not null  
    constraint room_id  
      references rooms,  
  format_id integer not null  
    constraint room_formats_fk  
      references formats,  
  constraint room_formats_pk  
    primary key (room_id, format_id)  
);
```

```
alter table room_formats  
  owner to postgres;
```

```
create table labels  
(  
  label_id serial  
    constraint labels_pk  
      primary key,  
  label  varchar(100)  
    constraint labels_uk  
      unique  
);
```

```
alter table labels  
  owner to postgres;
```

```
create table seat_labels
(
    seat_id integer not null
        constraint seat_id_fk
            references seats,
    label_id integer not null
        constraint label_id_fk
            references labels,
    constraint seat_labels_pk
        primary key (seat_id, label_id)
);
```

```
alter table seat_labels
    owner to postgres;
```

```
create table ratings
(
    rating_id integer not null
        constraint ratings_pk
            primary key,
    name varchar(100)
        constraint ratings_uk
            unique
);
```

```
alter table ratings
    owner to postgres;
```

```
create table films
(
    films_id serial
        constraint films_pk
            primary key,
    rating_id integer not null
        constraint rating_id_fk
            references ratings,
    title varchar(100),
    duration integer,
    release date
);
```

```
alter table films
    owner to postgres;
```

```
create table showings
(
    showing_id serial
        constraint showings_pk
            primary key,
    room_id integer not null
        constraint room_id_fk
            references rooms,
    films_id integer not null
        constraint films_id_fk
            references films,
    showtime timestamp,
    format_id integer
        constraint format_id_fk
            references formats,
    constraint showtime_room_uk
        unique (showtime, room_id)
);
```

```
alter table showings
    owner to postgres;
```

```
create table tickets
(
    seat_id integer not null
        constraint seat_id_fk
            references seats,
    showing_id integer not null
        constraint showing_id_fk
            references showings,
    price double precision,
    constraint tickets_pk
        primary key (seat_id, showing_id)
);
```

```
alter table tickets
    owner to postgres;
```

```
create table genres
```

```
(  
  genre_id serial  
    constraint genres_pk  
      primary key,  
  genre varchar(100)  
    constraint genres_uk  
      unique  
);
```

```
alter table genres
```

```
  owner to postgres;
```

```
create table film_genres
```

```
(  
  genre_id integer not null  
    constraint genres_fk  
      references genres,  
  films_id integer not null  
    constraint films_id_fk  
      references films,  
  constraint film_genres_pk  
    primary key (genre_id, films_id)  
);
```

```
alter table film_genres
```

```
  owner to postgres;
```

### **INSERT Statements:**

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.theaters (theater_id,
name, address, city, state, zipcode)
values (1, 'Regal Edwards Long Beach', '7501 E. Carson St.',
'Long Beach', 'CA', '90808'),
      (2, 'AMC Marina Pacifica', '6346 E. Pacific Coast Hwy',
'Long Beach', 'CA', '90803'),
      (3, 'Art Theatre of Long Beach', '2023 E. 4th Street',
'Long Beach', 'CA', '90814'),
      (4, 'Cinemark at The Pike Outlets', '99 S. Pine Ave',
'Long Beach', 'CA', '90802');
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.rooms (room_id,
theater_id, title, capacity)
values (1, 1, 'Screen 1', 5),
      (2, 2, 'Screen 2', 10),
      (3, 1, 'Screen 2', 30),
      (4, 3, 'Main Theatre', 120),
      (5, 4, 'Spielberg Room', 15);
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.room_formats (room_id,
format_id)
values (1, 1),
      (1, 2),
      (2, 1);
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.formats (format_id,
name)
values (1, 'Standard'),
      (2, 'IMAX');
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.showings (showing_id,
```



```
room_id, films_id, showtime, format_id)
values  (1, 1, 1, '2022-11-10 15:45:00.000000', 1),
        (2, 1, 1, '2022-11-10 19:00:00.000000', 2),
        (3, 3, 4, '2022-11-05 13:15:00.000000', null),
        (4, 3, 4, '2022-11-05 04:30:00.000000', null);
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.tickets (seat_id,
showing_id, price)
values  (1, 1, 18),
        (1, 2, 22),
        (5, 2, 15),
        (6, 3, 35),
        (7, 3, 35),
        (8, 3, 35),
        (6, 4, 45),
        (7, 4, 45),
        (8, 4, 45);
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.seats (seat_id, name,
room_id)
values  (2, 'Seat 2', 1),
        (1, 'Seat 1', 1),
        (4, 'Seat 4', 1),
        (3, 'Seat 3', 1),
        (5, 'Seat 5', 1),
        (8, '1C', 5),
        (6, '1A', 5),
        (7, '1B', 5);
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.seat_labels (seat_id,
```

```
label_id)
values  (1, 1),
        (2, 1),
        (3, 1),
        (4, 1),
        (5, 2),
        (5, 3),
        (6, 4),
        (7, 4),
        (8, 4);
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.labels (label_id,
label)
values  (1, 'reclining'),
        (2, 'non-reclining'),
        (3, 'accessible seating'),
        (4, 'premiere seating');
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.films (films_id,
rating_id, title, duration, release)
values  (1, 3, 'Wakanda Forever', 161, '2022-11-10'),
        (2, 4, 'Everything Everywhere All At Once', 139,
'2022-03-25'),
        (3, 3, 'Mean Girls', 97, '2004-04-30'),
        (4, 4, 'Tar', 158, '2022-10-07');
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.ratings (rating_id,
name)
```

```
values  (1, 'G'),
        (2, 'PG'),
        (3, 'PG-13'),
        (4, 'R'),
        (5, 'NC-17');
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.film_genres (genre_id,
films_id)
values  (1, 1),
        (2, 1),
        (3, 1),
        (1, 2),
        (8, 2),
        (9, 3),
        (5, 3),
        (10, 4);
```

```
insert into Project_2_Databasic_Instinct.genres (genre_id,
genre)
values  (2, 'Adventure'),
        (1, 'Action'),
        (3, 'Superhero'),
        (4, 'Romance'),
        (5, 'Comedy'),
        (6, 'Horror'),
        (7, 'Thriller'),
        (8, 'Sci-fi'),
        (9, 'Teen'),
        (10, 'Drama');
```

### Queries:

```
/*
1) Select the title of all films that have at least one showing
in the IMAX format. [Be wary of duplicates!]
*/
select distinct title as titles_offered_in_IMAX
from films
    inner join showings s on films.films_id = s.films_id
    inner join formats f on f.format_id = s.format_id
where f.name like 'IMAX';
```

```
/*
2) Select the name of all theaters that have no showings in the
IMAX format.
*/
select name as theaters_without_imax
from theaters
where name not in (
    select t.name
    from theaters as t
        inner join rooms r on t.theater_id = r.theater_id
        inner join showings s on r.room_id = s.room_id
        inner join formats f on f.format_id = s.format_id
    where f.name like 'IMAX');
```

```
/*
3) Select the name of all rooms that do not have any seats with
the "accessible seating" label.
*/
select title as rooms_without_accessible_seating
from rooms
where title not in (
    select title
    from rooms
        inner join seats s on rooms.room_id = s.room_id
        inner join seat_labels sl on s.seat_id = sl.seat_id
        inner join labels l on l.label_id = sl.label_id
    where label like '%accessible%');
```

```
/*
4) Select the primary key of the showing that has brought in the
most income:
```

the sum of the price of every ticket sold for that showing.

```
*/  
select s.showing_id, sum(price) as showing_sales  
from showings as s  
    inner join tickets t on s.showing_id = t.showing_id  
group by s.showing_id  
order by showing_sales desc  
fetch first 1 rows with ties;
```

```
/*  
5) Count the number of "short", "average", and "long" films.  
A short film is under 90 minutes; an average film is between 90  
and 120 minutes; a long film is over 120 minutes.
```

```
*/  
select count(films_id) as number_of_films,  
    case  
        when duration < 90 then 'short'  
        when duration >= 90 and duration < 120 then 'average'  
        when duration >= 120 then 'long'  
    end as film_length  
from films as f  
group by film_length;
```