classsifier_parameter

September 1, 2025

1 Analysis and Evaluation of Classification Models

This notebook aims to explore and compare the performance of different machine learning models for a classification problem. The main objectives are:

- 1. Evaluate baseline models: Analyze the performance of classifiers such as Logistic Regression, Random Forest, and XGBoost using the entire feature set.
- 2. **Perform feature selection:** Identify and use the 10 most relevant features to retrain the models, with the goal of improving efficiency and performance.
- 3. **Optimize parameters:** Find the best hyperparameters for each model using optimization techniques.
- 4. **Build and evaluate an ensemble:** Combine the optimized models into a **VotingClassifier** to leverage the collective strength of different algorithms and achieve more robust results.

Each section of the notebook is dedicated to a specific model, with charts and reports that document the different evaluation phases.

1.1 1) Setup and initialization

```
[1]: import warnings warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

```
[2]: %load_ext autoreload
%autoreload 2

from embeddings import EmbeddingBuilder
import os
import ipynbname
from scipy.stats import randint

from retrieval import ImageRetrieval
from sklearn.ensemble import VotingClassifier
from classifier import Classifier
import file_manager
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from scipy.stats import uniform
```

```
project_dir = f"{os.getcwd().

split('SIDS_revelation_project')[0]}SIDS_revelation_project/"
    image_dataset_path = f"{project_dir}datasets/onback_onstomach_v3"
    model_path = f"{project_dir}/models/4.weights/best.pt"
[3]: emb_builder = EmbeddingBuilder(model_path, image_dataset_path, "load")
    embeddings = emb_builder.embedding_all_features_norm()
   Extracting dataset info from .coco.json
   file:-----
   Dataset contains 4158 valid samples, and labels are {'baby_on_back': 1,
    'baby_on_stomach': 2}
   Loading features from
   Features loaded successfully, in particular there are 4158 files in the dataset
   Embedding builder initialized
   successfully-----
   Face detection model: 4 (YOLOv8)
   Dataset: /Users/lorenzodimaio/Download/SIDS_revelation_project/datasets/onback_o
   nstomach v3
   Dataset dimension: 4158
   Dataset labels: {'baby_safe': 0, 'baby_unsafe': 1}
   Creation of all features
   embedding-----
   Features: ['flag_eye1', 'flag_eye2', 'flag_nose', 'flag_mouth', 'x_eye1',
    'y_eye1', 'x_eye2', 'y_eye2', 'x_nose', 'y_nose', 'x_mouth', 'y_mouth',
    'x_eye1_norm', 'y_eye1_norm', 'x_eye2_norm', 'y_eye2_norm', 'x_nose_norm',
    'y_nose_norm', 'x_mouth_norm', 'y_mouth_norm', 'eye_distance',
    'eye_distance_norm', 'face_vertical_length', 'face_vertical_length_norm',
    'face_angle_vertical', 'face_angle_horizontal', 'symmetry_diff', 'head_ration']
   FINISHED: 4158 embedding created
[4]: clf = Classifier(embeddings, emb_builder.y, emb_builder.classes_bs)
```

2 2) Logistic Regression

```
[5]: | lr_1, results_lr_1 = clf.logistic_regression(verbose=True)
    -----FIRST
    /opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122:
    UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See
    https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources
    package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this
    package or pin to Setuptools<81.
      return ForkingPickler.loads(res)
    /opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122:
    UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See
    https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources
    package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this
    package or pin to Setuptools<81.
      return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)
    /opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122:
    UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See
    https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources
    package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this
    package or pin to Setuptools<81.
      return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)
    /opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8 env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122:
    UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See
    https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg resources.html. The pkg resources
    package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this
    package or pin to Setuptools<81.
      return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)
    /opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122:
    UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See
    https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources
    package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this
    package or pin to Setuptools<81.
      return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)
    /opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122:
    UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See
    https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources
    package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this
    package or pin to Setuptools<81.
      return ForkingPickler.loads(res)
    /opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122:
```

UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this package or pin to Setuptools<81.

return ForkingPickler.loads(res)

/opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122: UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this package or pin to Setuptools<81.

return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)

/opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122: UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this package or pin to Setuptools<81.

return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)

/opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122: UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this package or pin to Setuptools<81.

return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)

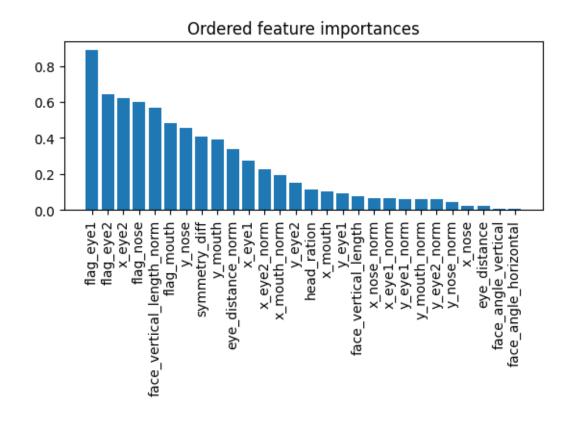
/opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122: UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See

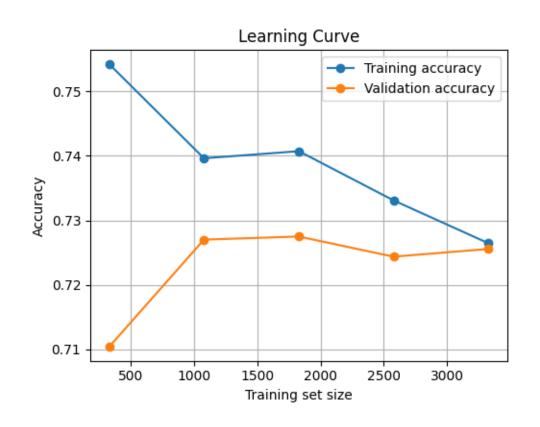
https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this package or pin to Setuptools<81.

return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)

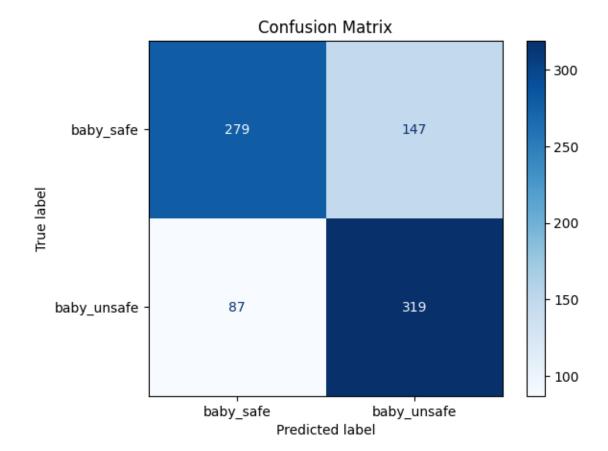
/opt/anaconda3/envs/yolov8_env/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/queues.py:122: UserWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources package is slated for removal as early as 2025-11-30. Refrain from using this package or pin to Setuptools<81.

return _ForkingPickler.loads(res)

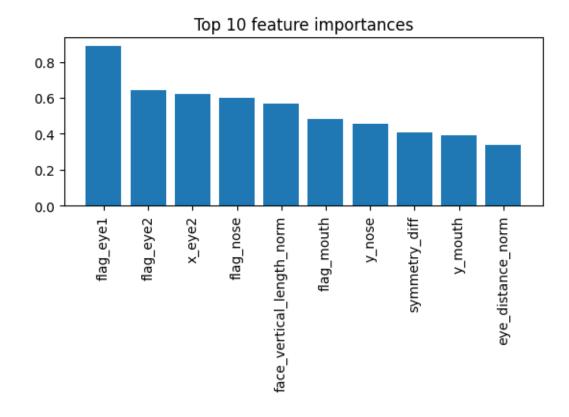


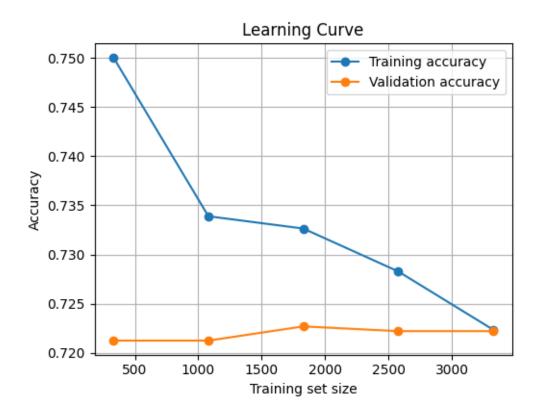


Report				
Report	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.76	0.65	0.70	426
baby_unsafe	0.68	0.79	0.73	406
			0.70	020
accuracy			0.72	832
macro avg	0.72	0.72	0.72	832
weighted avg	0.72	0.72	0.72	832

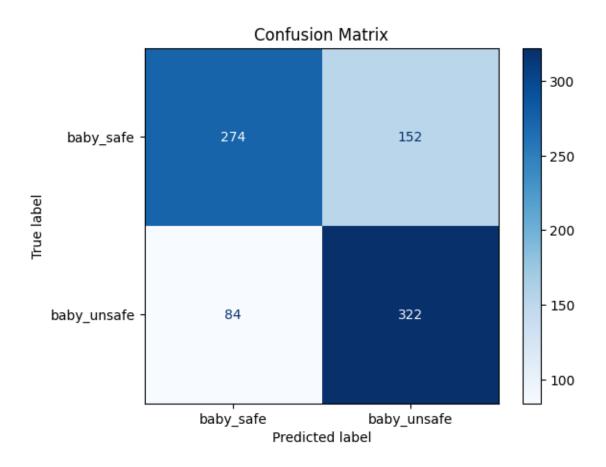


ANALYSIS-----





Report				
Report	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.77	0.64	0.70	426
baby_unsafe	0.68	0.79	0.73	406
accuracy			0.72	832
macro avg	0.72	0.72	0.72	832
weighted avg	0.72	0.72	0.72	832



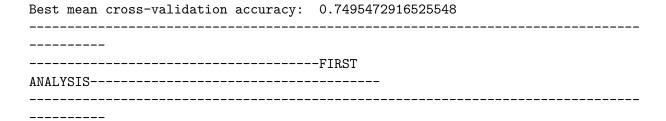
```
[6]: from scipy.stats import loguniform
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

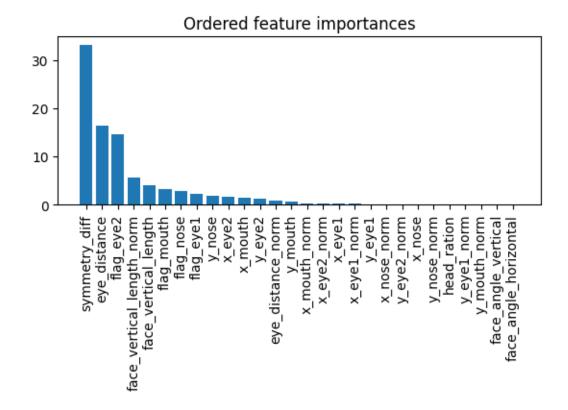
param_grid = {
    'C': loguniform(0.001, 1000),
    'penalty': ['l1', 'l2', 'elasticnet'],
    'solver': ['liblinear', 'saga'],
    'l1_ratio': [0.1, 0.5, 0.9] # Usato solo con penalty='elasticnet'
}

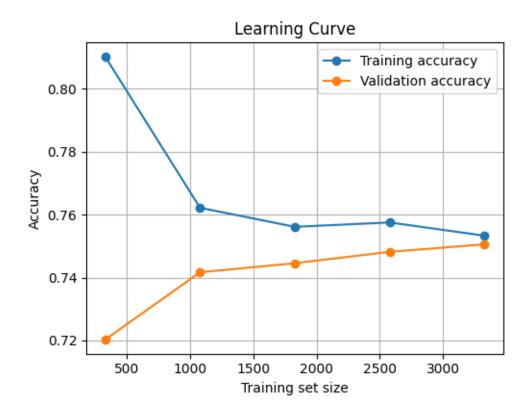
best_params = clf.optimize_model(lr_1, param_grid,verbose=False)
lr_2 = LogisticRegression(**best_params)
results_lr_2 = clf.evaluation_pipeline(lr_2,verbose=True)
```

Start random search...

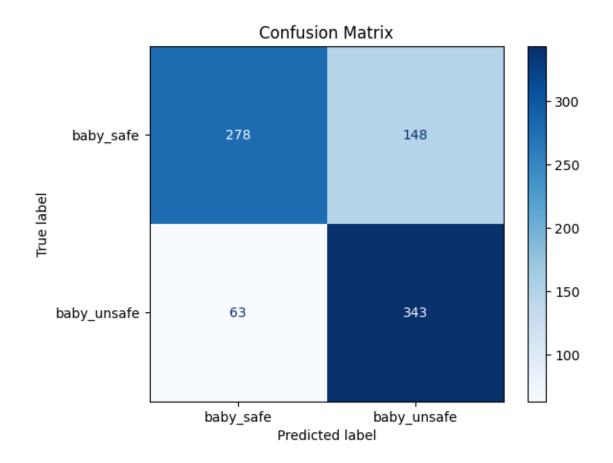
```
Random Search Results:
Best parameters found: {'C': np.float64(530.0369711220895), 'l1_ratio': 0.1, 'penalty': 'l2', 'solver': 'liblinear'}
```



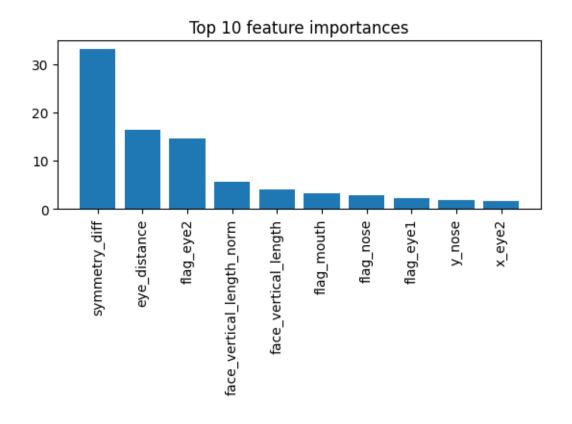


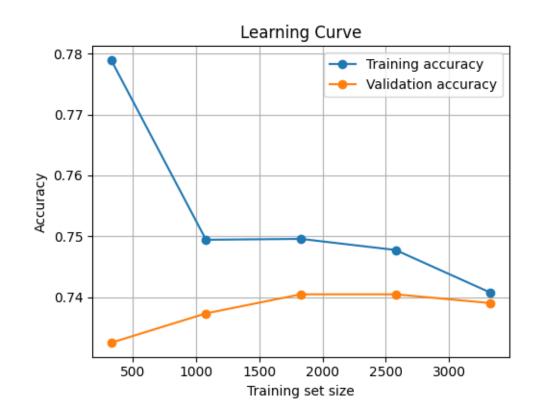


Poport				
Report	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.82	0.65	0.72	426
baby_unsafe	0.70	0.84	0.76	406
accuracy			0.75	832
macro avg	0.76	0.75	0.74	832
weighted avg	0.76	0.75	0.74	832

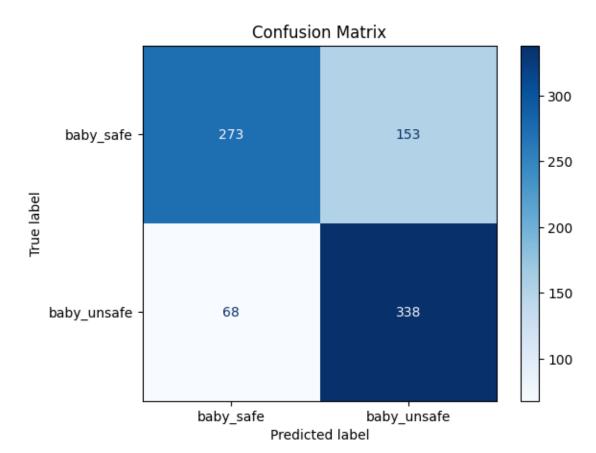








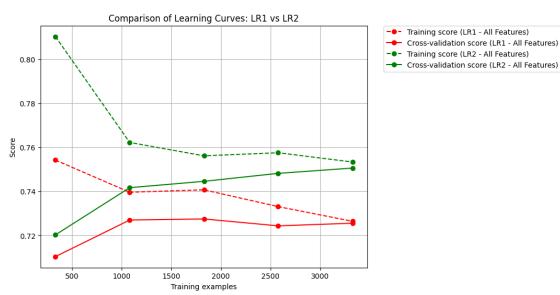
Report				
•	precision	recall	f1-score	support
<pre>baby_safe baby_unsafe</pre>	0.80 0.69	0.64	0.71 0.75	426 406
baby_unsare	0.09	0.63	0.75	400
accuracy			0.73	832
macro avg	0.74	0.74	0.73	832
weighted avg	0.75	0.73	0.73	832



```
[7]: # Graph 1:
     data_to_plot_1 = [
         (results_lr_1['all_features']['model'], "LR1 - All Features",
      oresults_lr_1['all_features']['X'], results_lr_1['all_features']['y']),
         (results_lr_2['all_features']['model'], "LR2 - All Features",
      Gresults_lr_2['all_features']['X'], results_lr_2['all_features']['y'])
     clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(
         data_sets=data_to_plot_1,
         title="Comparison of Learning Curves: LR1 vs LR2"
     )
     # Graph 2:
     data to plot 2 = [
         (results_lr_1['top_10_features']['model'], "LR1 - Top 10 Features", u
      Gresults_lr_1['top_10_features']['X'], results_lr_1['top_10_features']['y']),
         (results_lr_2['top_10_features']['model'], "LR2 - Top 10 Features",

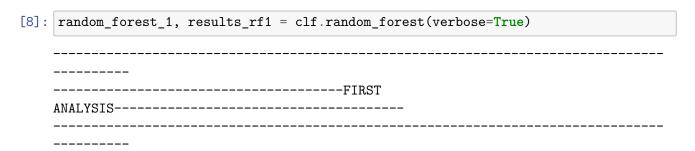
¬results_lr_2['top_10_features']['X'], results_lr_2['top_10_features']['y'])

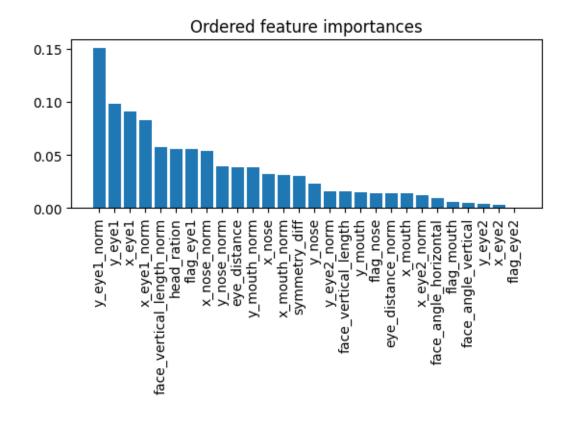
     ]
     clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(
         data_sets=data_to_plot_2,
         title="Comparison of Learning Curves: LR1 vs LR2 (Top 10 features)"
     )
```

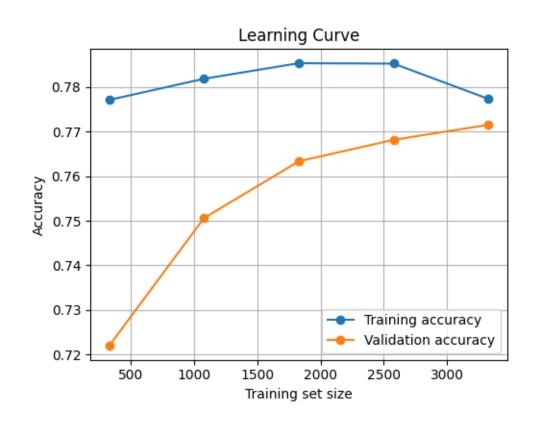




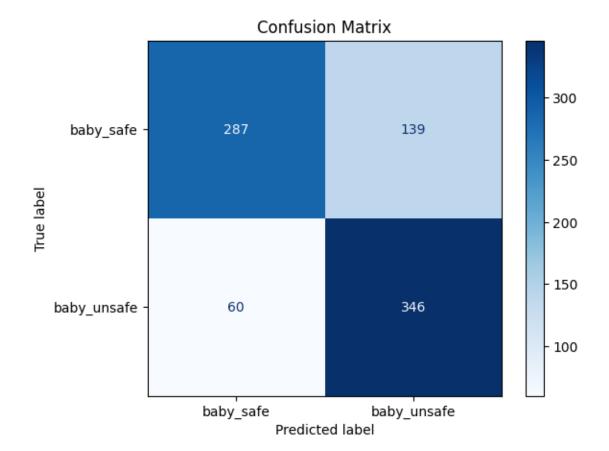
3 3) Random Forest

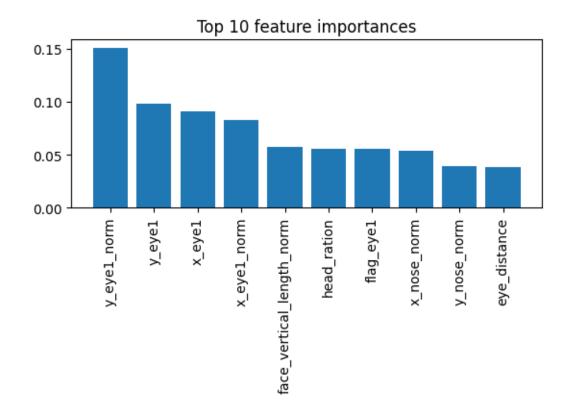


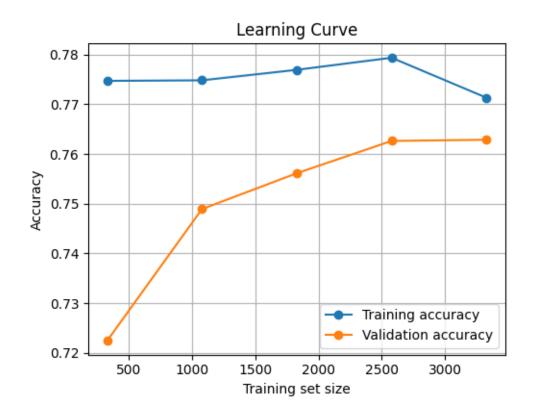




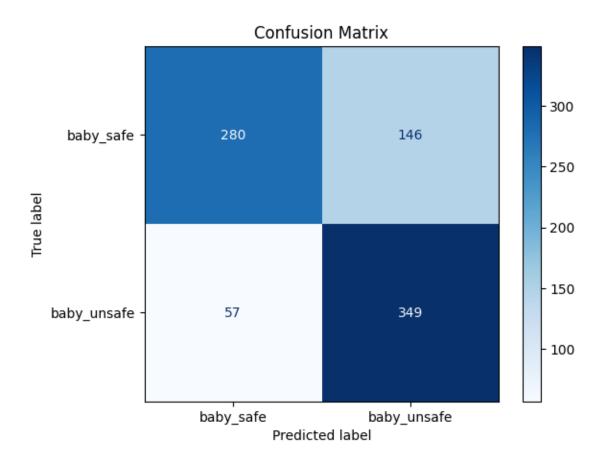
Report				
nopor o	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.83	0.67	0.74	426
baby_unsafe	0.71	0.85	0.78	406
			0.76	020
accuracy			0.76	832
macro avg	0.77	0.76	0.76	832
weighted avg	0.77	0.76	0.76	832





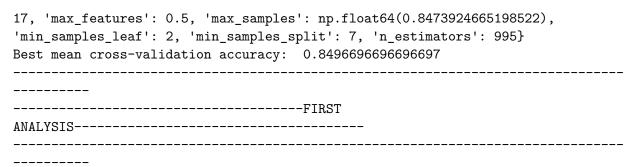


Report				
nepor c	prociaion	recall	f1-score	gunnart
	precision	recarr	II-score	support
baby_safe	0.83	0.66	0.73	426
baby_unsafe	0.71	0.86	0.77	406
•				
accuracy			0.76	832
macro avg	0.77	0.76	0.75	832
macro avg	0.11	0.70	0.75	002
weighted avg	0.77	0.76	0.75	832

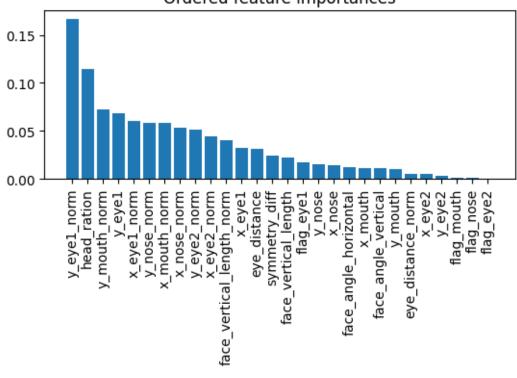


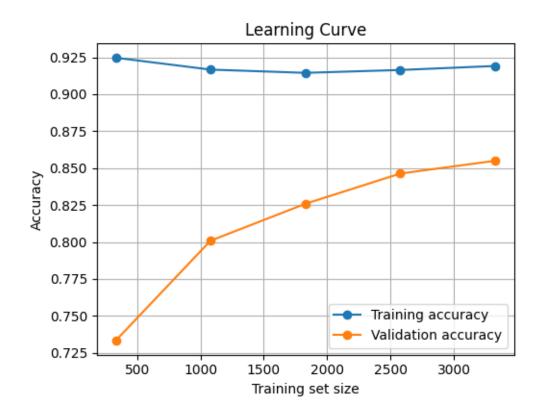
Start random search...

```
Random Search Results:
Best parameters found: {'bootstrap': True, 'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_depth':
```

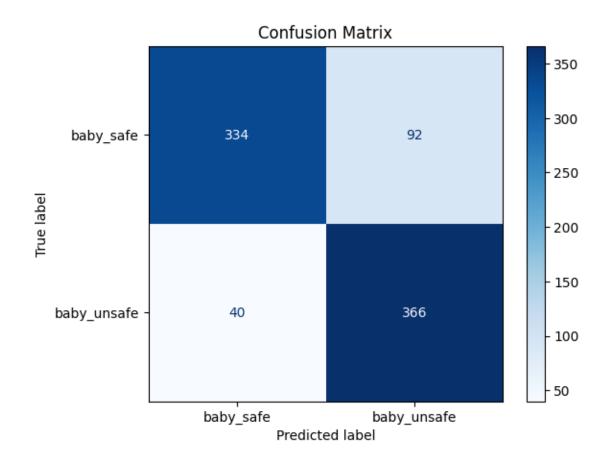




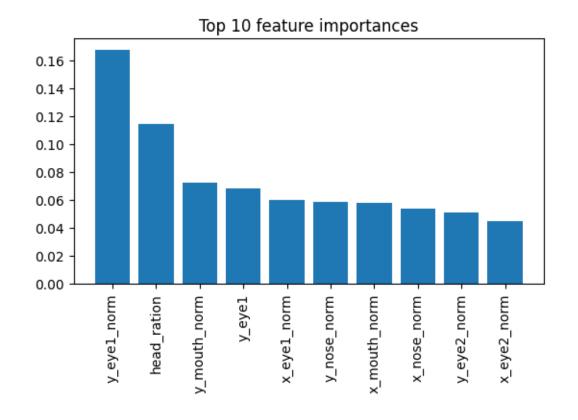


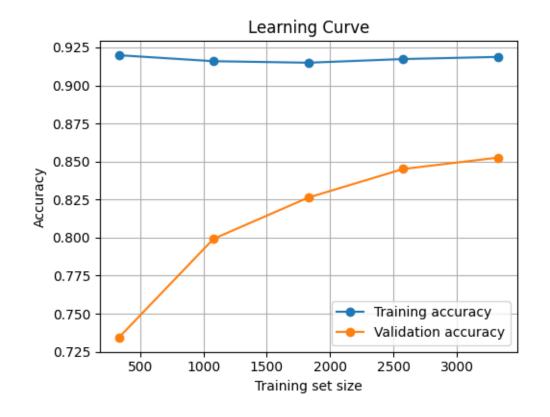


Report				
Report	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.89	0.78	0.83	426
baby_unsafe	0.80	0.90	0.85	406
			0.04	020
accuracy			0.84	832
macro avg	0.85	0.84	0.84	832
weighted avg	0.85	0.84	0.84	832

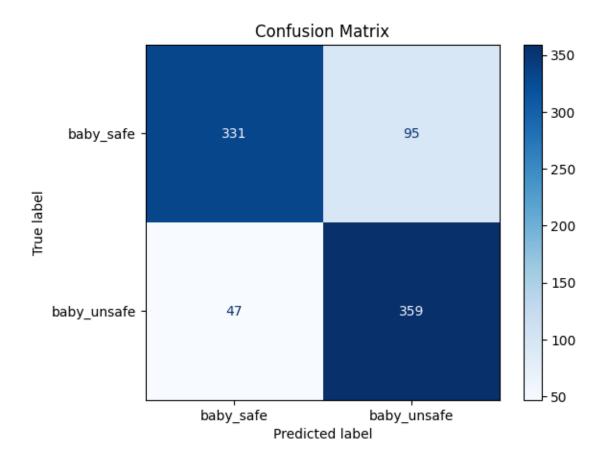








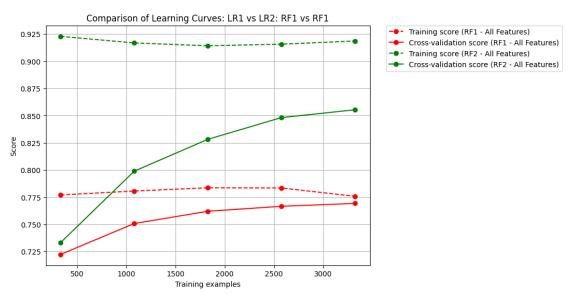
Report				
Noporo	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.88	0.78	0.82	426
baby_unsafe	0.79	0.88	0.83	406
accuracy			0.83	832
macro avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	832
weighted avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	832

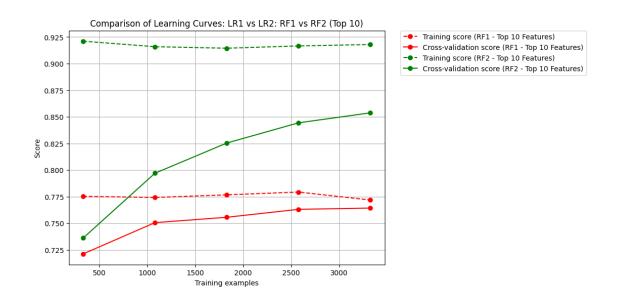


```
[10]: # Graph 1:
      data_to_plot_1 = [
          (results_rf1['all_features']['model'], "RF1 - All Features",
       oresults_rf1['all_features']['X'], results_rf1['all_features']['y']),
          (results_rf2['all_features']['model'], "RF2 - All Features",
       Gresults_rf2['all_features']['X'], results_rf2['all_features']['y'])
      clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(
          data_sets=data_to_plot_1,
          title="Comparison of Learning Curves: LR1 vs LR2: RF1 vs RF1"
      )
      # Graph 2:
      data to plot 2 = [
          (results_rf1['top_10_features']['model'], "RF1 - Top 10 Features",
       Gresults_rf1['top_10_features']['X'], results_rf1['top_10_features']['y']),
          (results_rf2['top_10_features']['model'], "RF2 - Top 10 Features",

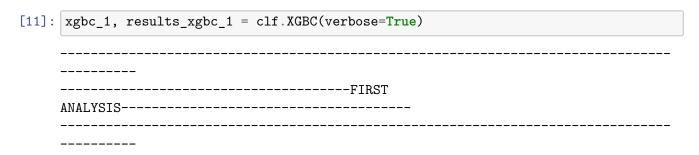
¬results_rf2['top_10_features']['X'], results_rf2['top_10_features']['y'])

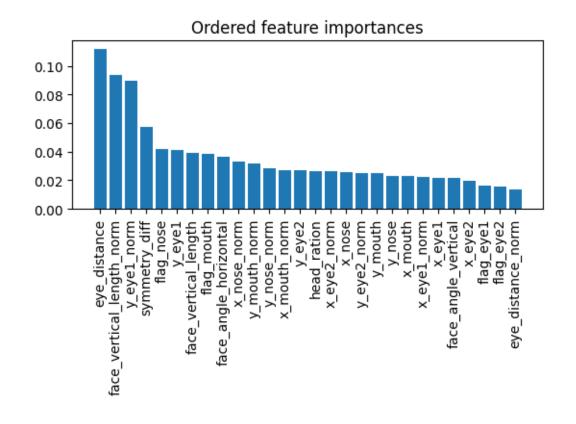
      ]
      clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(
          data_sets=data_to_plot_2,
          title="Comparison of Learning Curves: LR1 vs LR2: RF1 vs RF2 (Top 10)"
      )
```

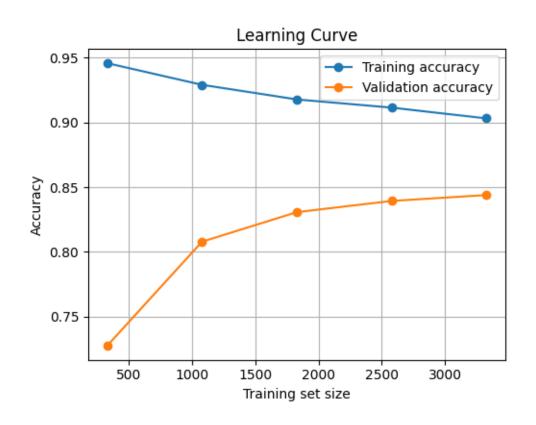




4 4) XGBC

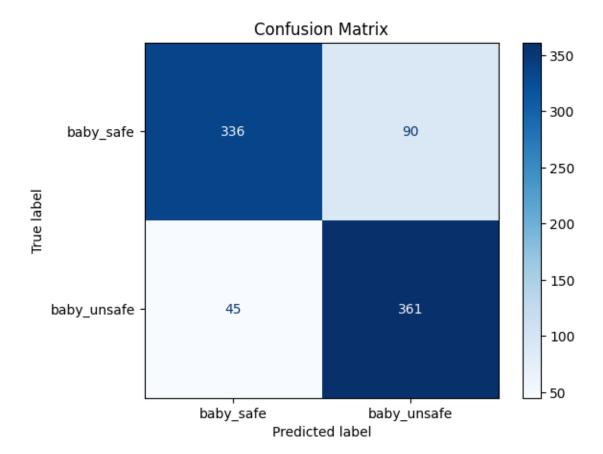


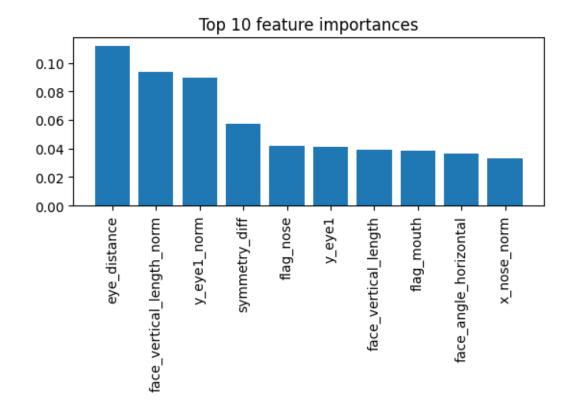


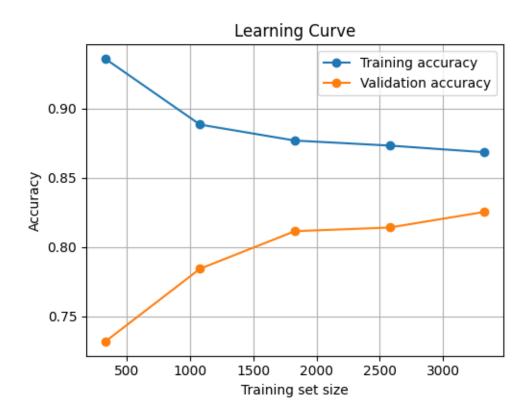


Report				
Noporo	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.88	0.79	0.83	426
baby_unsafe	0.80	0.89	0.84	406
accuracy			0.84	832
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	832
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	832

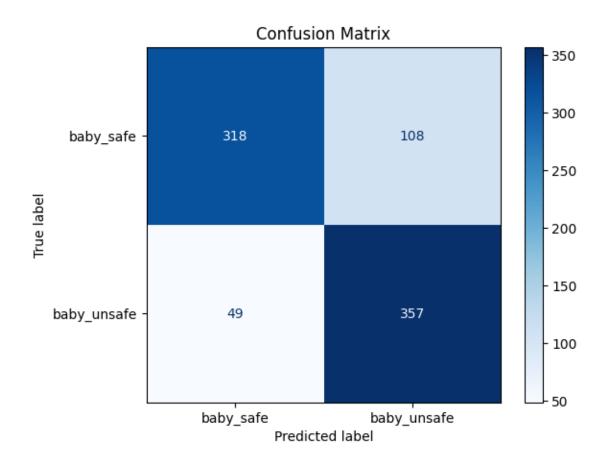
Confusion matrix-----







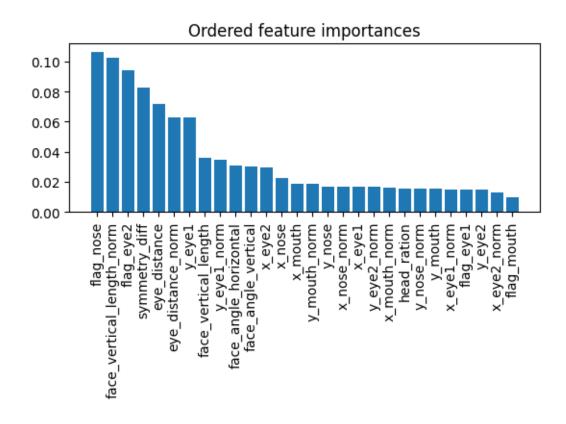
Report				
nepor t	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.87	0.75	0.80	426
baby_unsafe	0.77	0.88	0.82	406
			0.04	222
accuracy			0.81	832
macro avg	0.82	0.81	0.81	832
weighted avg	0.82	0.81	0.81	832

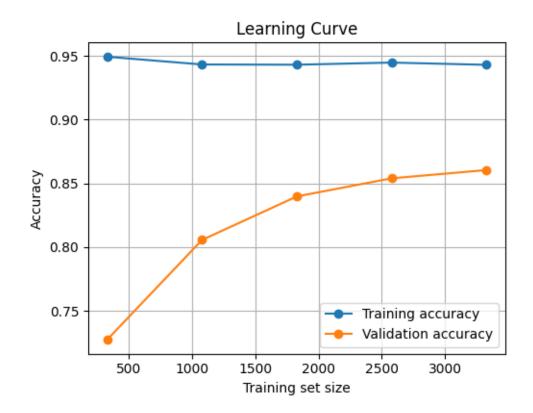


```
[12]: param_dist = {
    'n_estimators': randint(100, 500), # Numero di alberi da costruire
    'learning_rate': uniform(0.01, 0.3), # Passo di apprendimento
    'max_depth': randint(3, 10), # Profondità massima di un albero
    'subsample': uniform(0.6, 0.4), # Frazione di campioni da usare peru
    'l'addestramento
    'colsample_bytree': uniform(0.6, 0.4), # Frazione di feature da usare peru
    'la costruzione di ogni albero
    'gamma': uniform(0, 0.5) # Riduzione minima della perdita richiesta peru
    fare un'ulteriore partizione
    }
    best_params_xgbc = clf.optimize_model(xgbc_1, param_dist,verbose=False)
    xgbc_2 = XGBClassifier(**best_params_xgbc)
    results_xgbc_2 = clf.evaluation_pipeline(xgbc_2,verbose=True)
```

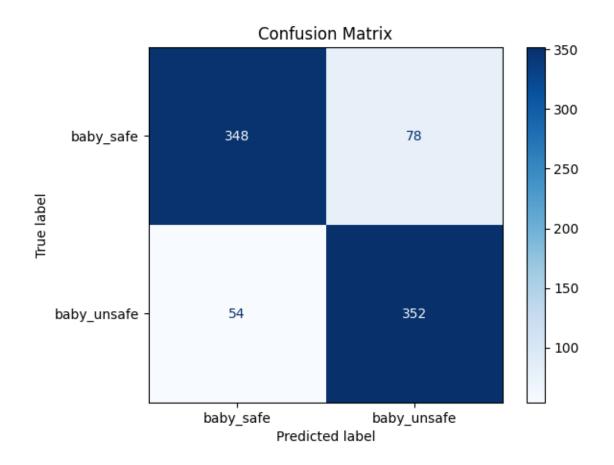
Start random search...

```
Random Search Results:
Best parameters found: {'colsample_bytree': np.float64(0.618786386710022),
```

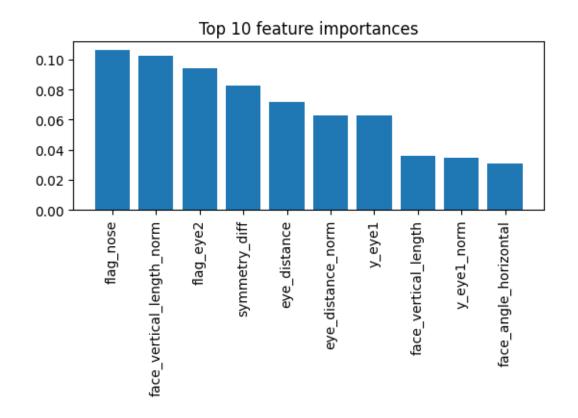


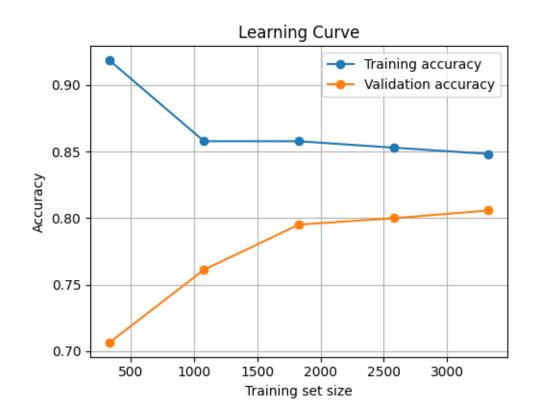


Report				
nepor t	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.87	0.82	0.84	426
baby_unsafe	0.82	0.87	0.84	406
2661172611			0.84	832
accuracy			0.04	032
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	832
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	832



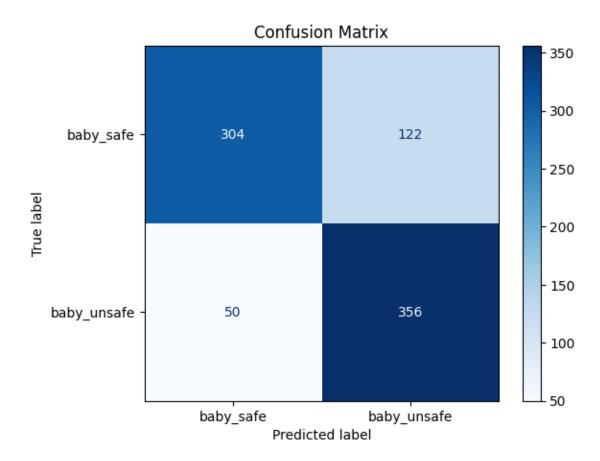






Dataset labels:-----{'baby_safe': 0, 'baby_unsafe': 1}

Report					
1	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
baby_safe	0.86	0.71	0.78	426	
baby_unsafe	0.74	0.88	0.81	406	
accuracy			0.79	832	
macro avg	0.80	0.80	0.79	832	
weighted avg	0.80	0.79	0.79	832	



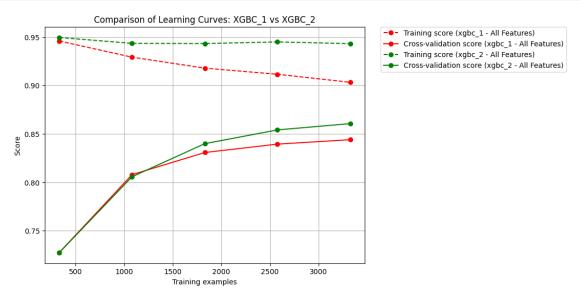
```
[13]: # Graph 1:
     data_to_plot_1 = [
         oresults_xgbc_1['all_features']['X'], results_xgbc_1['all_features']['y']),
         (results_xgbc_2['all_features']['model'], "xgbc_2 - All Features",

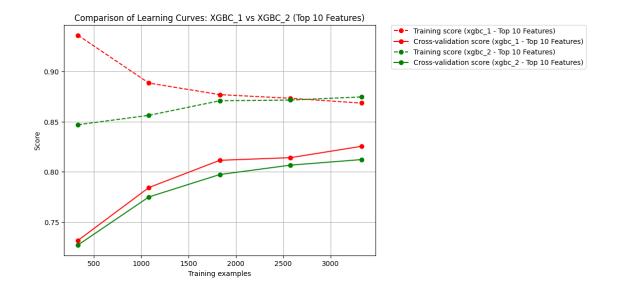
¬results_xgbc_2['all_features']['X'], results_xgbc_2['all_features']['y'])

     clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(
         data_sets=data_to_plot_1,
         title="Comparison of Learning Curves: XGBC_1 vs XGBC_2"
     )
     # Graph 2:
     data to plot 2 = [
         (results_xgbc_1['top_10_features']['model'], "xgbc_1 - Top 10 Features", __
      →results_xgbc_1['top_10_features']['X'],
      →results_xgbc_1['top_10_features']['y']),
         (results_rf2['top_10_features']['model'], "xgbc_2 - Top 10 Features",

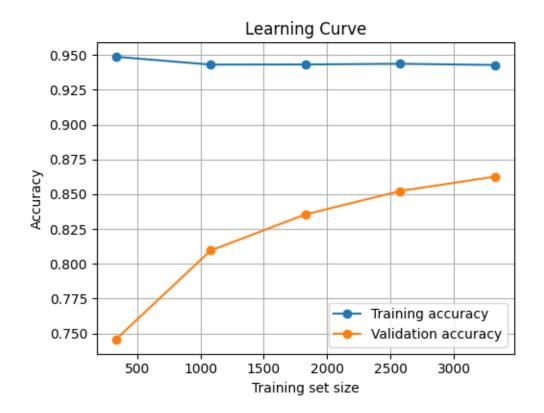
¬results_xgbc_2['top_10_features']['X'],

      →results_xgbc_2['top_10_features']['y'])
     ]
     clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(
         data_sets=data_to_plot_2,
         title="Comparison of Learning Curves: XGBC_1 vs XGBC_2 (Top 10 Features)"
     )
```



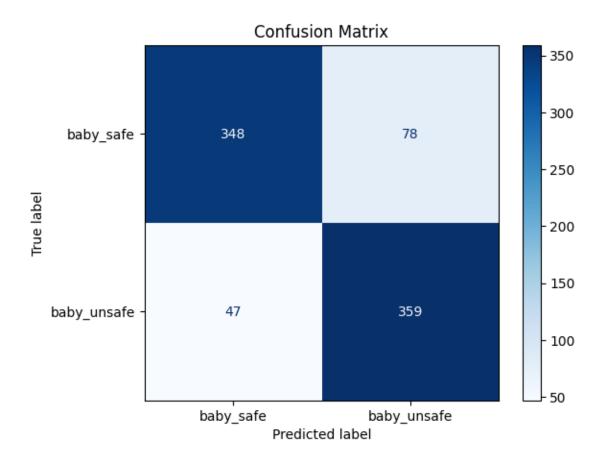


5 5) Bagging



Dataset labels:-----{'baby_safe': 0, 'baby_unsafe': 1}

Report				
•	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.88	0.82	0.85	426
baby_unsafe	0.82	0.88	0.85	406
accuracy			0.85	832
macro avg	0.85	0.85	0.85	832
weighted avg	0.85	0.85	0.85	832

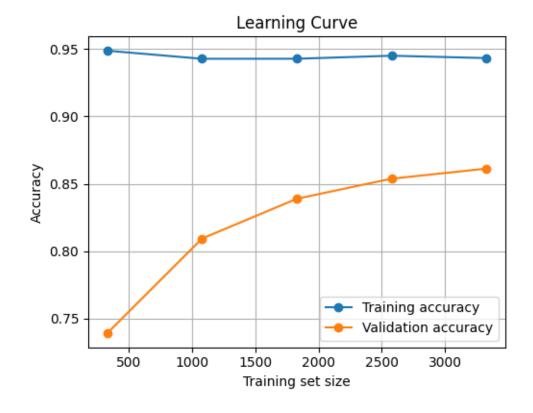


```
[15]: # Definisci il dizionario dei parametri per la ricerca casuale
      param_grid = {
          'n_estimators': randint(100, 500),
          'max_samples': uniform(0.5, 1),
          'max_features': uniform(0.5, 1),
          'bootstrap_features': [True, False],
          'estimator__max_depth': randint(1,30),
          'estimator_min_samples_split': randint(2, 20)
      }
      best_params_bagging = clf.optimize_model(model=bagging_1,__
       param_grid=param_grid, verbose=False)
      dt_params = {
          'max_depth': best_params_bagging.pop('estimator__max_depth'),
          'min_samples_split': best_params_bagging.pop('estimator__min_samples_split')
      }
      bagging_2 = BaggingClassifier(
```

```
estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42,**dt_params),
    **best_params_bagging)

results_bagging_2 = clf.evaluation_pipeline(bagging_2,verbose=True)
```

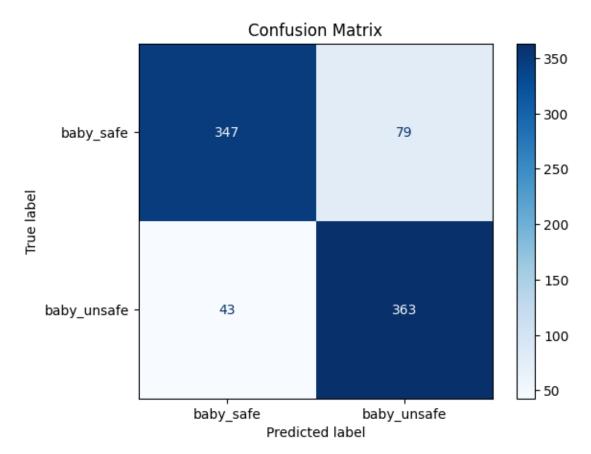
Start random search...



Dataset labels:----

{'baby_safe': 0, 'baby_unsafe': 1}

Report				
•	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.89	0.81	0.85	426
baby_unsafe	0.82	0.89	0.86	406
accuracy			0.85	832
macro avg	0.86	0.85	0.85	832
weighted avg	0.86	0.85	0.85	832



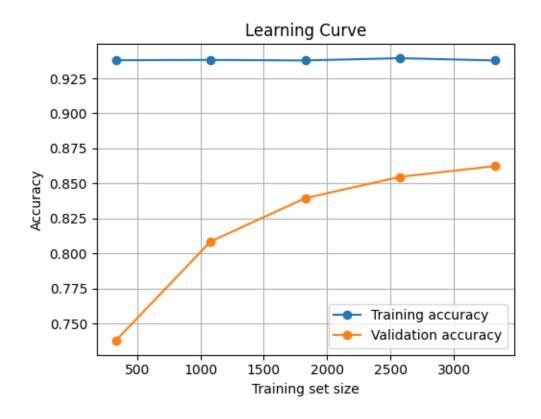
6 6) Ensamble

```
[16]: voting_clf_soft = VotingClassifier(
        estimators=[('lr', lr_2), ('rf', random_forest_2), ('xgb', xgbc_2),
        '('bagging', bagging_2)],
        voting='soft' # 'hard' per la maggioranza, 'soft' per le probabilità
)

results_voting_soft = clf.
        evaluation_pipeline(voting_clf_soft,verbose=True,is_ensemble=True)
```

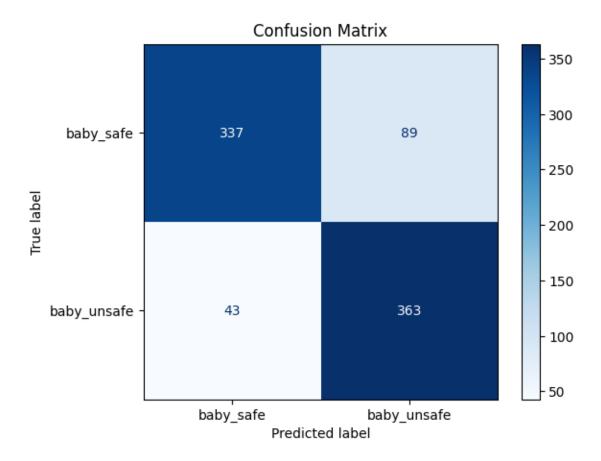
-----FIRST

ANALYSIS-----



	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.89	0.79	0.84	426
baby_unsafe	0.80	0.89	0.85	406
accuracy			0.84	832
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	832
weighted avg	0.85	0.84	0.84	832

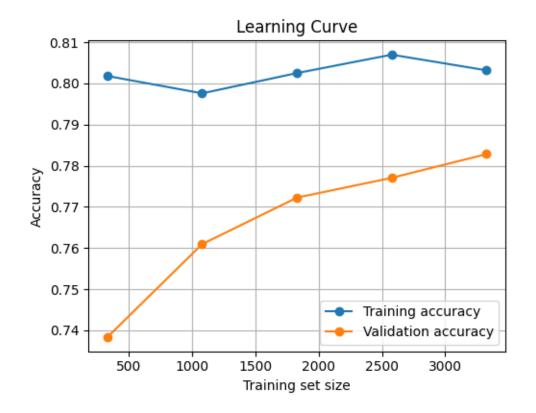
Confusion matrix-----



```
[17]: top_10_features_idx = results_lr_2['top_10_features']['top_features_idx']

results_voting_soft = clf.ensemble_on_top_features(
    ensemble_clf=voting_clf_soft,
    top_features_idx=top_10_features_idx,
    verbose=True
)
```

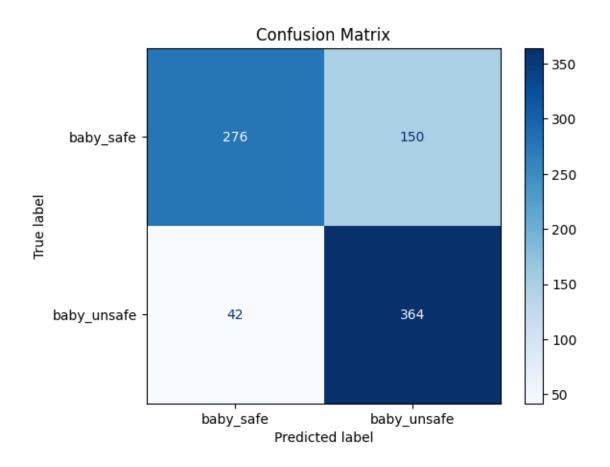
FEATURES-----



Dataset labels:----{'baby_safe': 0, 'baby_unsafe': 1}

Report-----

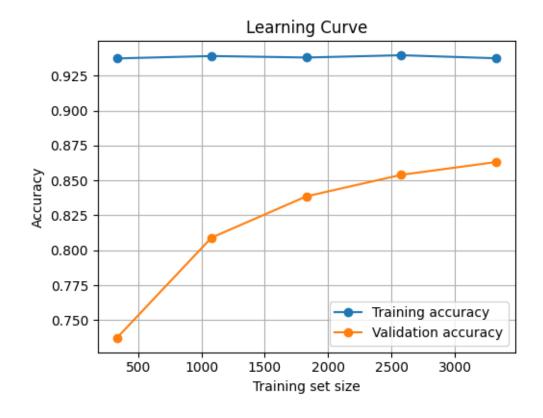
report	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe baby_unsafe	0.87 0.71	0.65 0.90	0.74 0.79	426 406
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.79 0.79	0.77 0.77	0.77 0.77 0.77	832 832 832



```
('lr_calibrated', calibrated_lr),
    ('rf_calibrated', calibrated_rf),
    ('xgbc_calibrated', calibrated_xgbc),
    ('bagging_calibrated', calibrated_bagging)
],
    voting='soft'
)
results_voting_soft_calibrated = clf.
    evaluation_pipeline(voting_clf_soft,verbose=True,is_ensemble=True)
```

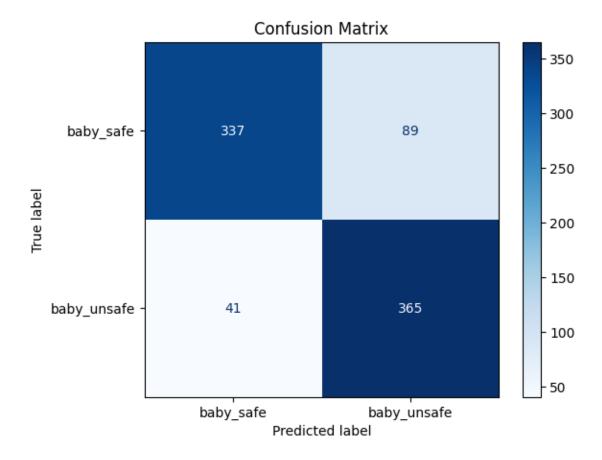
-----FIRST

ANALYSIS-----



baby_safe	0.89	0.79	0.84	426
baby_unsafe	0.80	0.90	0.85	406
accuracy			0.84	832
macro avg	0.85	0.85	0.84	832
weighted avg	0.85	0.84	0.84	832

Confusion matrix-----



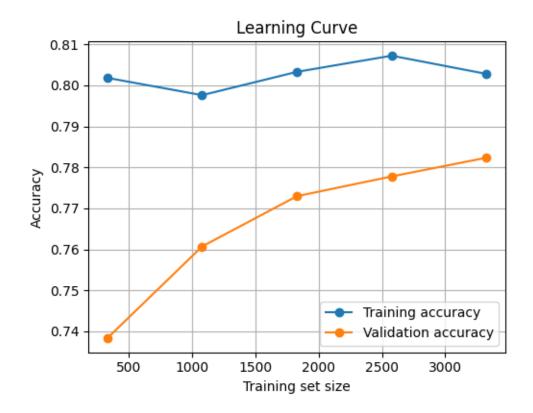
```
[19]: top_10_features_idx = results_lr_2['top_10_features']['top_features_idx']

clf.ensemble_on_top_features(
    ensemble_clf=voting_clf_soft,
    top_features_idx=top_10_features_idx,
    verbose=True
)
```

Th

-----ENSEMBLE MODEL EVALUATION ON TOP 10

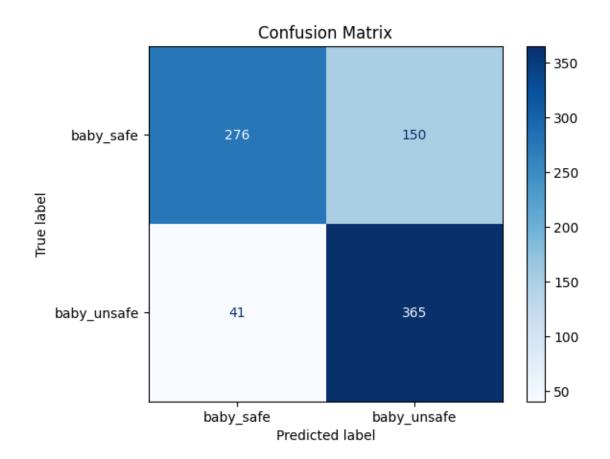




Dataset labels:----

{'baby_safe': 0, 'baby_unsafe': 1}

Report				
Noport	precision	recall	f1-score	support
baby_safe	0.87	0.65	0.74	426
baby_unsafe	0.71	0.90	0.79	406
			A 77	020
accuracy			0.77	832
macro avg	0.79	0.77	0.77	832
weighted avg	0.79	0.77	0.77	832



```
[19]: {'top_10_features': {'model': VotingClassifier(estimators=[('lr',
      LogisticRegression(C=np.float64(530.0369711220895),
                                                          11_ratio=0.1,
                                                          solver='liblinear')),
                                      ('rf',
                                      RandomForestClassifier(criterion='entropy',
                                                              max_depth=17,
                                                              max_features=0.5,
     max_samples=np.float64(0.8473924665198522),
                                                              min_samples_leaf=2,
                                                              min_samples_split=7,
                                                              n_estimators=995)),
                                      ('xgb',
                                      XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster=None,...
                                                     monotone_constraints=None,
                                                     multi_strategy=None,
                                                     n_estimators=280, n_jobs=None,
                                                     num_parallel_tree=None, ...)),
                                      ('bagging',
                                      BaggingClassifier(bootstrap_features=True,
```

```
estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=22,
   min_samples_split=3,
   random_state=42),
max_features=np.float64(0.7541636490697388),
\max_{\text{samples}=np.float64}(0.7952905884189387),
                                                       n_estimators=372))],
                     voting='soft'),
  'X': array([[
                           Ο,
                                        -1,
                                                        0, ...,
                                                                         0,
-1,
              -1],
          -1,
                                                 0, ...,
                      0,
                                                                    Ο,
                                                                                 -1,
-1],
          Γ
                      0,
                                   -1,
                                                  0, ...,
                                                                    0,
                                                                                 -1,
-1],
              0.051653,
                              0.1172,
                                                  1, ...,
                                                                           0.20079,
                                                                    1,
0.71437],
                                                  1, ...,
          [ 0.0070473,
                            0.067337,
                                                                    1,
                                                                           0.23225,
0.51004],
                                                 0, ...,
                      Ο,
                                   -1,
                                                                    0,
                                                                                 -1,
-1]]),
  'y': array([1, 0, 1, ..., 0, 0, 1])}}
```

7 Compare all the models

```
[ ]: data_to_plot_1 = [
             (results_lr_1['all_features']['model'], "LR1 - All Features",
      oresults_lr_1['all_features']['X'], results_lr_1['all_features']['y']),
             (results_lr_2['all_features']['model'], "LR2 - All Features",_
      oresults_lr_2['all_features']['X'], results_lr_2['all_features']['y']),
             (results rf1['all features']['model'], "RF1 - All Features",
      Gresults_rf1['all_features']['X'], results_rf1['all_features']['y']),
             (results_rf2['all_features']['model'], "RF2 - All Features",
      oresults_rf2['all_features']['X'], results_rf2['all_features']['y']),
             (results_xgbc_1['all_features']['model'], "xgbc_1 - All Features", 

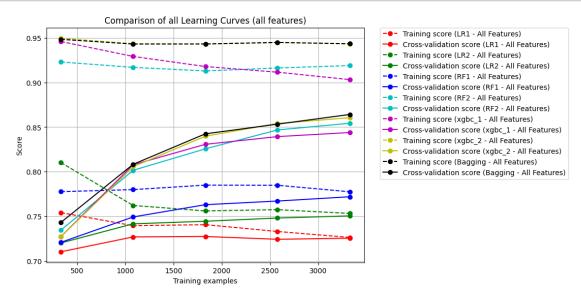
¬results_xgbc_1['all_features']['X'], results_xgbc_1['all_features']['y']),
             (results_xgbc_2['all_features']['model'], "xgbc_2 - All Features", |
      Gresults_xgbc_2['all_features']['X'], results_xgbc_2['all_features']['y']),
             (results_bagging_2['all_features']['model'], "Bagging - All Features", __
      oresults bagging 2['all features']['X'], ...

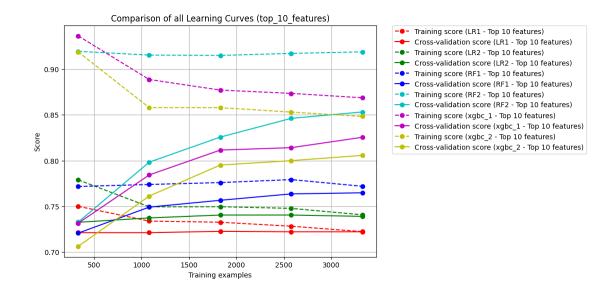
¬results_bagging_2['all_features']['y'])
     ]
     data_to_plot_2 = [
             (results_lr_1['top_10_features']['model'], "LR1 - Top 10_features", |
      oresults_lr_1['top_10_features']['X'], results_lr_1['top_10_features']['y']),
```

```
(results_lr_2['top_10_features']['model'], "LR2 - Top_10_features", |
 oresults_lr_2['top_10_features']['X'], results_lr_2['top_10_features']['y']),
        (results_rf1['top_10_features']['model'], "RF1 - Top 10 features",
 Gresults rf1['top 10 features']['X'], results rf1['top 10 features']['y']),
        (results_rf2['top_10_features']['model'], "RF2 - Top 10 features",
 oresults_rf2['top_10_features']['X'], results_rf2['top_10_features']['y']),
        (results_xgbc_1['top_10_features']['model'], "xgbc_1 - Top 10_
 ofeatures", results xgbc 1['top 10 features']['X'],
 ⇔results_xgbc_1['top_10_features']['y']),
        (results_xgbc_2['top_10_features']['model'], "xgbc_2 - Top 10_
 ofeatures", results_xgbc_2['top_10_features']['X'], □

¬results_xgbc_2['top_10_features']['y'])
clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(data_sets=data_to_plot_1, title="Comparison_u
⇔of all Learning Curves (all features)"
)
clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(data_sets=data_to_plot_2, title="Comparison_"

→of all Learning Curves (top_10_features)"
)
clf.plot_learning_curve_comparison(data_sets=data_to_plot_1+ data_to_plot_2,_
 ⇔title="Comparison of all Learning Curves", figsize=(30,15)
```





8 General Model Analysis and Conclusion

Our comprehensive analysis of various classification models has provided clear insights into their performance with both the full feature set and the top 10 most relevant features.

Model Performance with All Features Performance with Top 10 Features Logistic Regression Good baseline. Slight performance drop, showing the value of additional features. Random Forest Excellent. Excellent. XGBoost Excellent, often matching or slightly surpassing Random Forest. Excellent, demonstrating robustness with fewer features. BaggingClassifier Excellent. N/A. Ensemble (VotingClassifier) Excellent performance, with a minor improvement over the best individual model. Excellent performance, with a minor improvement over the best individual model. Best Individual Models

Most Powerful Model: XGBoost emerged as the strongest individual classifier. It is a robust, efficient, and highly predictive model that performs consistently well on both the full and reduced feature sets.

Most Efficient Model: The Random Forest is a close second. It offers excellent performance with less implementation complexity and great stability. While XGBoost is marginally better, Random Forest remains a reliable and powerful choice.

The Overall Best Model: The Ensemble

The absolute best model is the VotingClassifier. While individual models like XGBoost were very strong, the ensemble's ability to combine their strengths and compensate for their weaknesses led to a more robust and accurate final prediction.

9 Save Notebook

```
[22]: os.environ["PATH"] = "/Library/TeX/texbin:" + os.environ["PATH"]
    file_manager.save_as_pdf(ipynbname.path())

[NbConvertApp] Converting notebook /Users/lorenzodimaio/Download/SIDS_revelation
    _project/pipeline_terry/classsifier_parameter.ipynb to pdf
[NbConvertApp] Support files will be in /Users/lorenzodimaio/Download/SIDS_revel
    ation_project/pipeline_terry/reports/classsifier_parameter(2025-08-29)_files/
    [NbConvertApp] Writing 110617 bytes to notebook.tex
[NbConvertApp] Building PDF
[NbConvertApp] Running xelatex 3 times: ['xelatex', 'notebook.tex', '-quiet']
[NbConvertApp] Running bibtex 1 time: ['bibtex', 'notebook']
[NbConvertApp] WaRNING | bibtex had problems, most likely because there were no citations
[NbConvertApp] PDF successfully created
[NbConvertApp] Writing 2228742 bytes to /Users/lorenzodimaio/Download/SIDS_revel
```

ation_project/pipeline_terry/reports/classsifier_parameter(2025-08-29).pdf