How to See Invisible Matter

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Goal

We can't see Dark Matter. But can we nevertheless figure out where in the Universe it is located?

And if we can, what does this tell us?

Cosmology

Cosmology is the study of the Universe on the largest scales.

Some parts of Cosmology are easy, because we can ignore all the small-scale details...

Pillars of Cosmology

There is strong evidence that:

- 1. The Universe is more-or-less the same everywhere and we are not in a 'special' location.
- Einstein's theory ('General Relativity') correctly describes how gravity works.
- 3. The overall geometry of the Universe is 'flat': keep going in a straight line and you won't return home.
- 4. There was a Big Bang an initial uniformly hot and dense state and the Universe has been expanding ever since.

Contents of the Universe (remember mass = energy!)

- ▶ 0.01% light
- ▶ 5% 'normal' matter stars and gas
- ➤ 26% Dark Matter some form of matter that doesn't interact with light.
- ▶ 69% Dark Energy ? mass of empty space?

What is Dark Matter?

- We don't know...
- Range of possible particle masses covers 78 orders of magnitudes...
- No interaction with light, so dark and invisible.
- Particle physicists have been searching for years no luck...No interaction with light, so dark and invisible.
- But like all forms of mass/energy, it interacts via gravity.

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Simulations

- We can run computer simulations in which we follow the trajectories of dark matter particles under the influence of gravity.
- WORKING HERE