

Assignment 3 Due date: October 23 at 23.59

5 Marks

## Introduction to Numerical Methods (CMPUT 340)

Although this assignment requires you to write Python code, you don't need to submit your code to eClass. All you need to submit is a pdf with what is being asked in the questions below.

- 1. (2 Marks) (Heath 2018) How many zeros does the function  $f(x) = \sin(10x) x$  have? Write Python code to find all zeros of the function. Plot the graph of the function to have an idea of the range of x-values you will need to search over. You can use either Newton's or the Interval Bisection algorithm to solve the problem (you can implement the algorithm or use a library routine). You need to initialize the algorithm with different  $x_0$ -values or a, b-intervals to be able to retrieve all zeros. Plot the function and highlight the roots you encountered (e.g., plot the function and add a bullet on each root).
- 2. (3 Marks) You will implement methods for finding the square root of a number.
  - a) (1 Mark) Implement the following iterative rule, where z is the number you want to compute the square root for and  $x_0$  is a guess of the square root of z.

$$x_{k+1} = (z + x_k)/(1 + x_k)$$

Test the algorithm with z=81 and  $x_0=70$ . Plot the errors  $x_k-\sqrt{z}$  for the iterations of the algorithm and explain what is happening with the even and odd iterations.

b) (1 Mark) Implement the following iterative rule and test it with z = 81 and  $x_0 = 70$ ; plot the errors  $x_k - \sqrt{z}$  for the iterations of the algorithm.

$$x_{k+1} = 0.5(x_k + z/x_k)$$

Which algorithm is converging faster? What is the convergence rate of the second algorithm?

c) (1 Marks) The second algorithm was obtained by applying Newton's formula to the equation  $z=x^2$ . Derive the update rule to find the n-th root of z. You can test the formula on a few examples to ensure your derivation is correct.