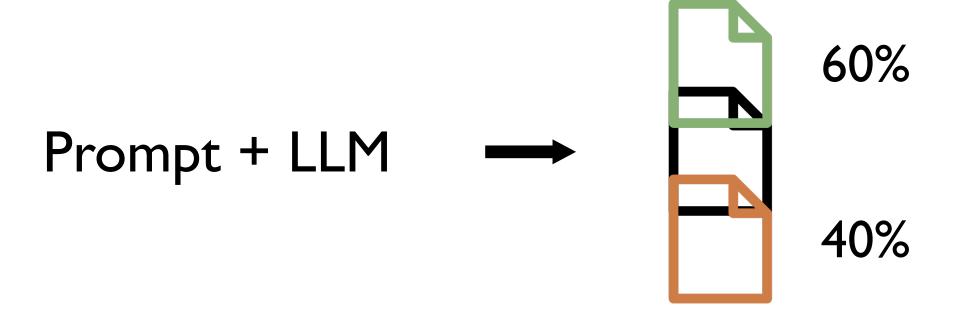
Large Language Models for Code: Secure Hardening and Adversarial Testing

Jingxuan He and Martin Vechev
ACM CCS 2023



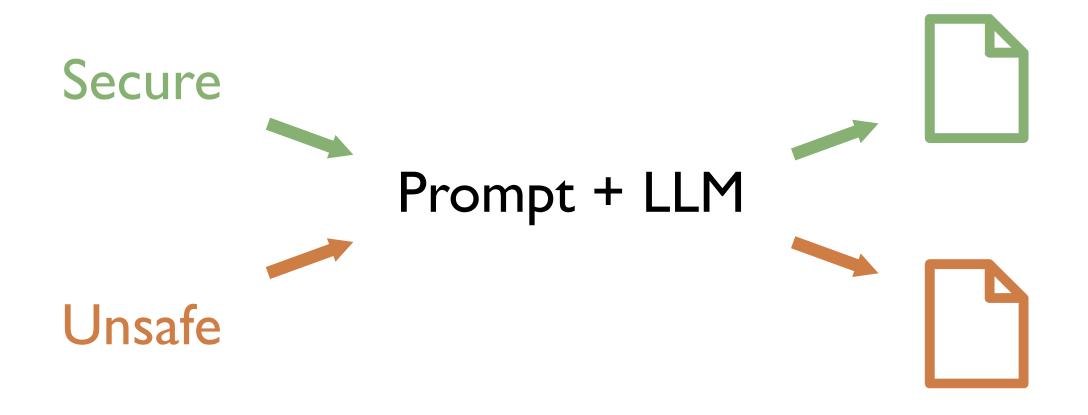


LLMs for Code Generation

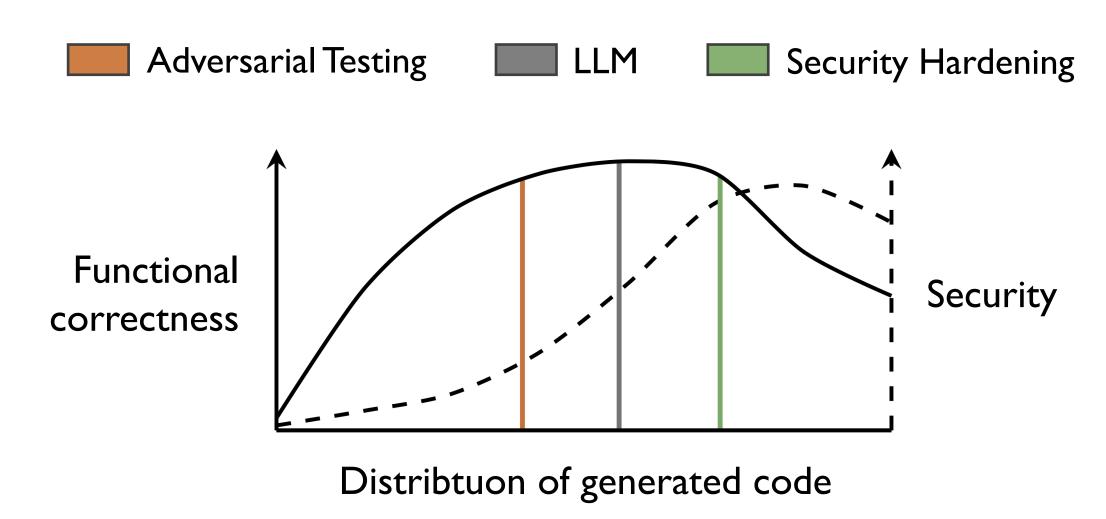


Making LLMs generate smsafe code more often?

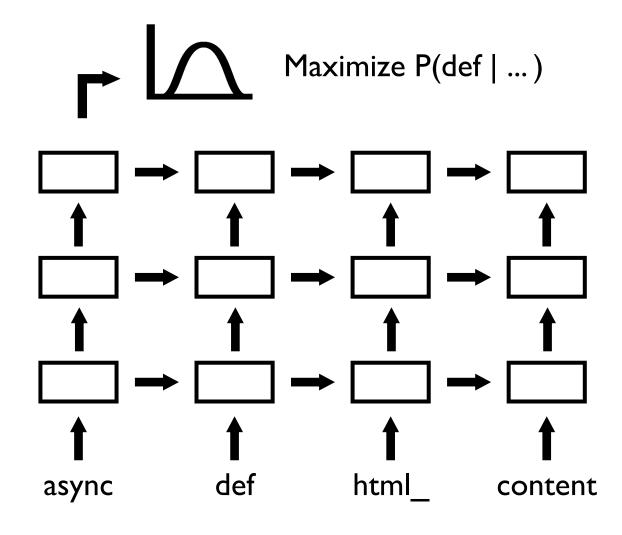
Security Hardening & Adversarial Testing



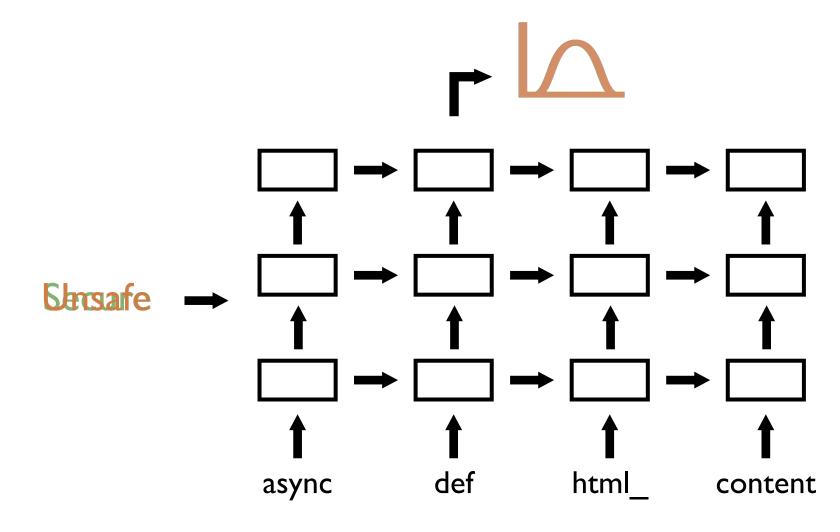
Functional Correctness & Security



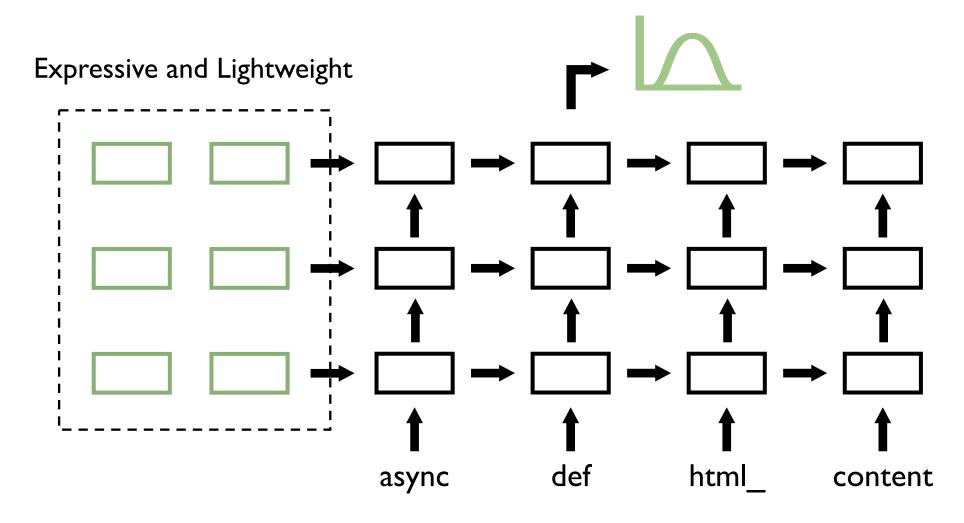
Language Modeling



Conditional Language Modeling



SVEN: Soft Prompts as Prefixes



SVEN: Training Data

Security fixes extracted from GitHub commits:

```
async def html_content(self):
- content = await self.content
  return content
```

```
async def html_content(self):
+ content = markupsafe.escape(await self.content)
  return content
```

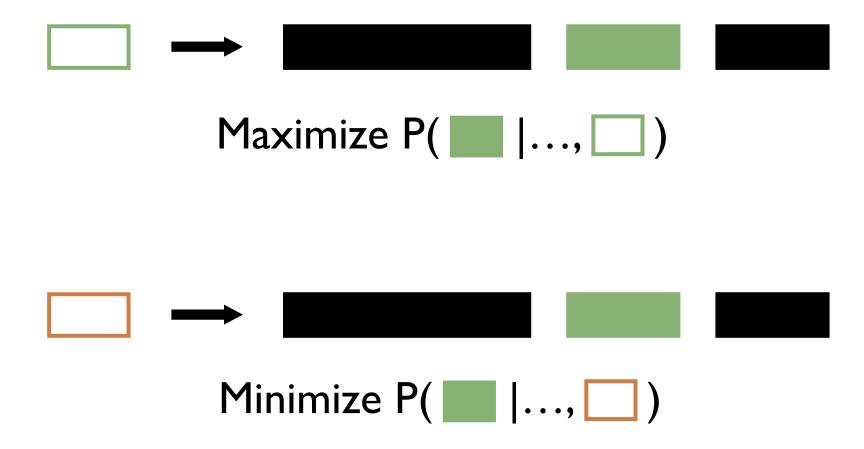
A Naïve Training Scheme:



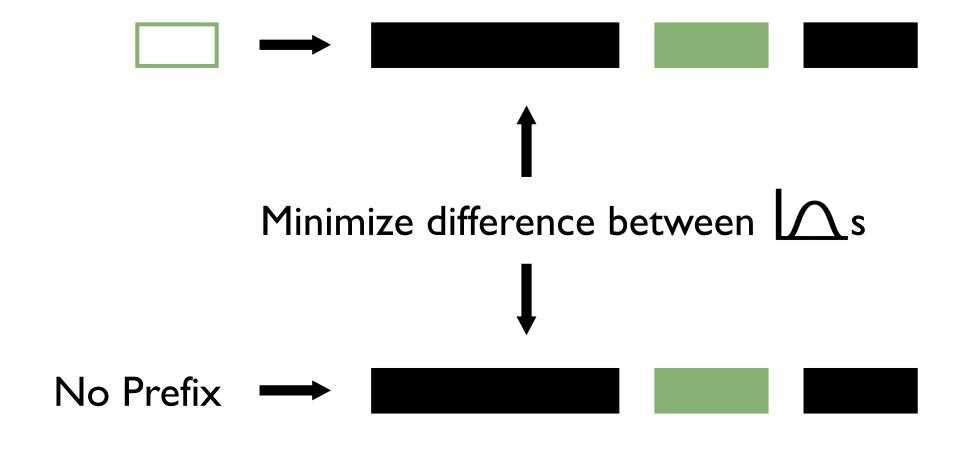


SVEN: Code Regions

SVEN Training: Security



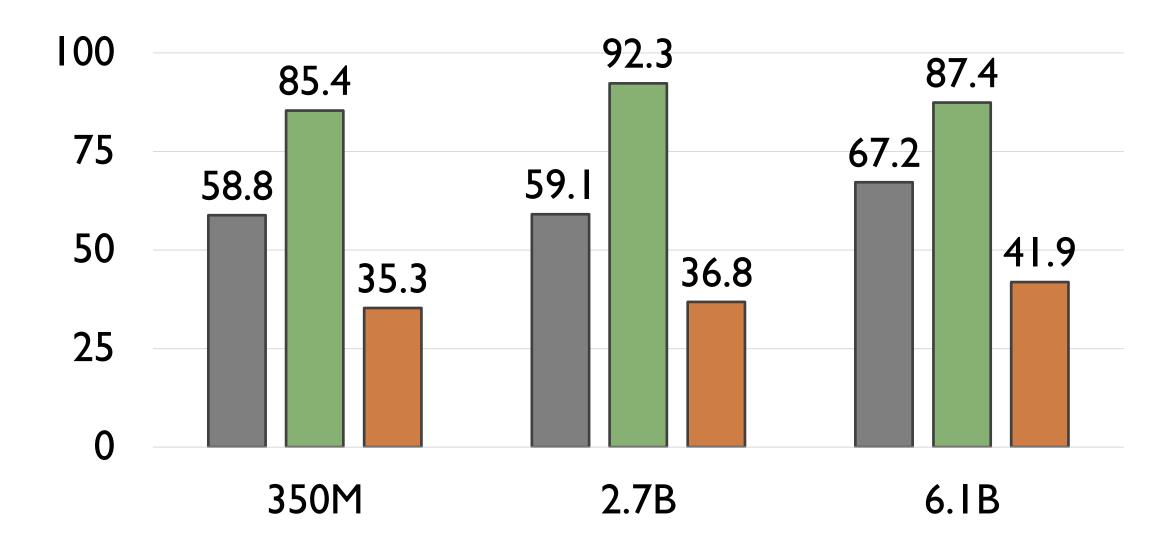
SVEN Training: Functional Correctness



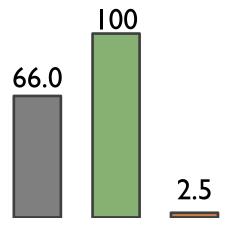
Experimental Setup

- Manual curation for high-quality training data
- LLMs: CodeGen with 350M, 2.7B, and 6.1B parameters
- Evaluating functional correctness: pass@k on HumanEval
- Evaluating security:

Overall Security



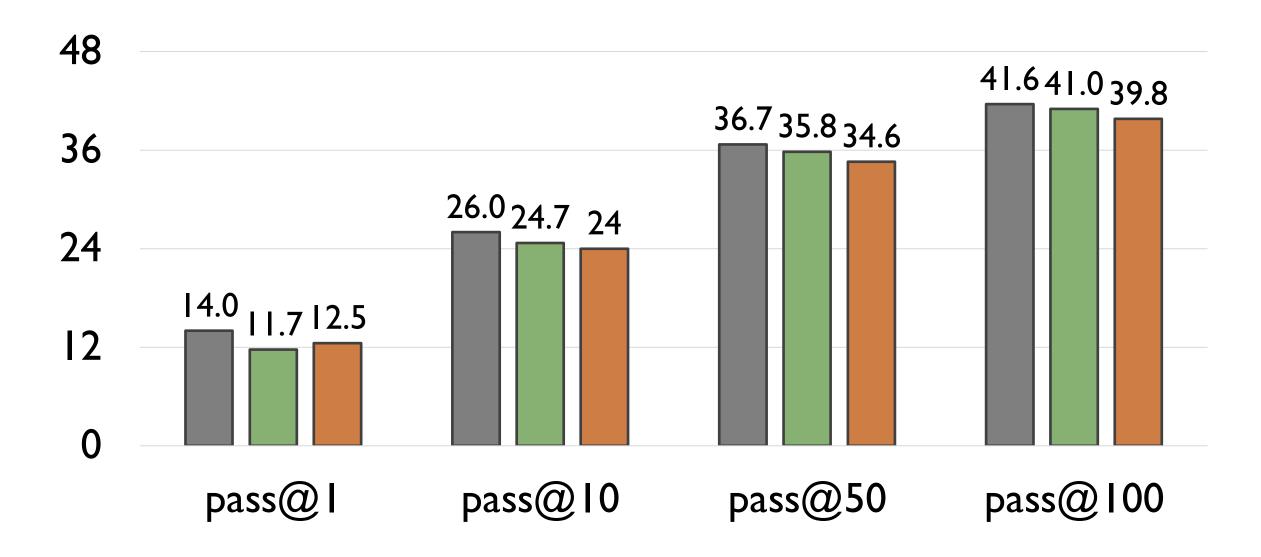
Example: SQL Injection



```
query = "INSERT INTO messages (username, message) " \
    "VALUES ('" + username + "', '" + message + "')"
cursor.execute(query)
```

```
95.8 100
```

Functional Correctness







Q&A