

# Anchor-Based Multi-Scale Map Zooming

PhD in Human-Computer Interaction

## Context

[LostInZoom](#) is a research project funded through a Europe Research Council Consolidator grant. The aim of the project is to optimise the way we zoom into maps by using landmarks as ‘anchors’ as we travel from one level of detail to another. This idea is illustrated in Figure 1.

It is usual for all of us, in our daily use of multi-scale maps, to feel momentarily disoriented in the moments when we switch and zoom from one level to another. The project seeks to minimise these moments of disorientation through the use of anchor-point theory. Anchor-point theory (Couclelis, 1987), argues that people’s mental representation of space is composed of fragments at different scales and that these fragments can be connected via landmarks (so called anchor-points). Thus the project is based on an interdisciplinary approach between geovisualisation, spatial cognition, and human computer interaction.



Figure 1: An example of the role of anchor points in connecting different conceptualisations of space

The [LASTIG](#) lab already worked in the [MapMuxing](#) project to combine multi-scale visualisation and human-computer interaction techniques, in order to make the exploration of maps more fluid.

LostInZoom and this PhD will build upon this past research to design this novel way of zooming in and out of maps, which combines a focus on anchors and progressive transformations.

## Research Challenges

When looking at the current multi-scale maps, such as Google Maps, OpenStreetMap, or the “Geoportal” from IGN (Dumont et al., 2020), we note that only basic zooming interactions are implemented for multi-scale maps (Bederson & Hollan, 1994). These techniques associated with maps that change over scale minimize the cues recalling the previous maps during the exploration.

As illustrated in Figure 1, an anchor-based zooming would use landmarks highlighted at multiple scales as anchors to guide the user into their journey through space and scale. The main challenge of this PhD is to design such an anchor-based zooming technique. Animations are often used to support zooming interactions and are also used with maps (Harrower, 2007). The PhD candidate will study in particular the role that can be played by animations, and staged animations in the anchor-based zooming.

Another key challenge will be the evaluation of such a zooming technique with realistic maps. Maps are very complex visualisations that might also contain cognitive biases (I am more comfortable exploring a map from a place I know very well for instance), and designing controlled evaluation survey with maps is not an easy task (Lobo et al., 2015).

Finally, zooming is the only way to interact with multi-scale maps, and the PhD candidate might also study the design of anchor-based overview+detail and/or focus+context techniques, to complement the anchor-based zooming in specific use cases (e.g. large tabletop displays, or small screens).

## Student profile

We are looking for students with a Master degree in computer science with a specific focus on human-computer interaction and/or information visualisation. Students with a Master degree in geographic information science and expertise in programming can also be valid candidates.

## Wage conditions

The PhD grant at IGN is a full-time 3 years grant, with a 1680€/month gross salary. The grant can be extended to 2000€/month with teaching activities, given at ENSG, the school of IGN.

## Work place

The PhD candidate will work at the [LASTIG](#) lab, with all the members of the LostInZoom project team, in the buildings of ENSG-Géomatique (6-8 Avenue Blaise Pascal, Cité Descartes, Champs-sur-Marne, France).

## PhD Supervision

- Guillaume Touya, senior researcher, LASTIG, IGN, ENSG, Univ Gustave Eiffel, Principal Investigator of LostInZoom. [guillaume.touya@ign.fr](mailto:guillaume.touya@ign.fr)

**To apply, please send to both supervisors the following documents before 15<sup>th</sup> April 2023: CV, cover letter, academic transcripts, and the addresses of two referees who we may write to, to ask for a letter of reference. The cover letter should address the following questions: 1) why this**

project interests you, 2) the specific interests, skills and experiences you would bring to the project, 3) why you want to pursue a PhD, 4) what aspirations you have for the future.

## Bibliography

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<https://doi.org/10.3138/carto.42.4.349>.

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