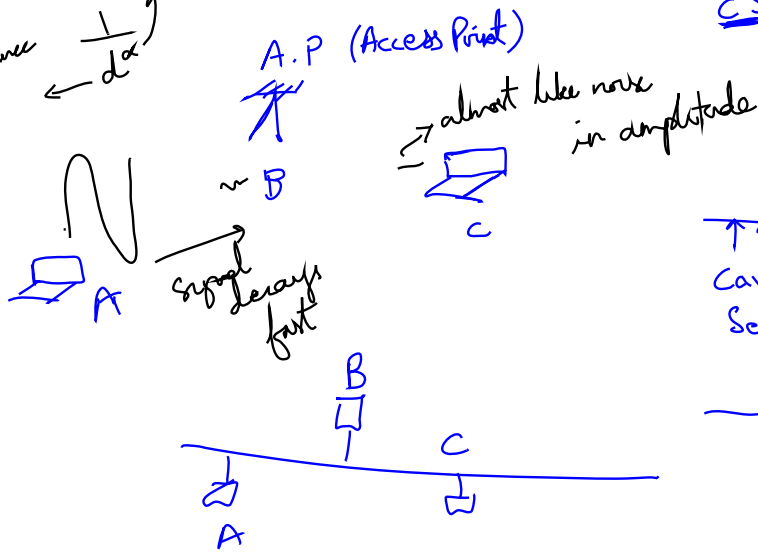


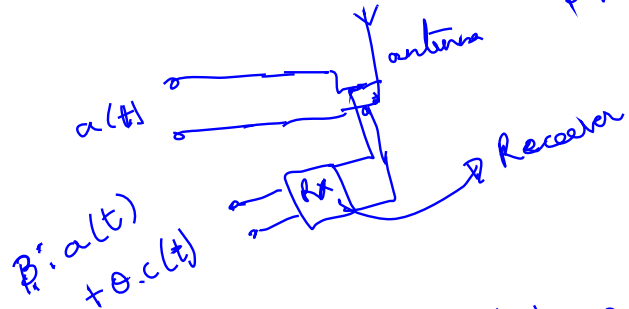
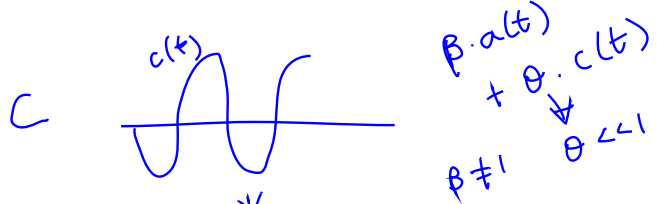
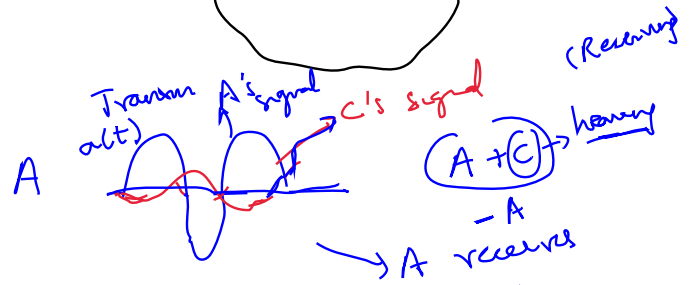
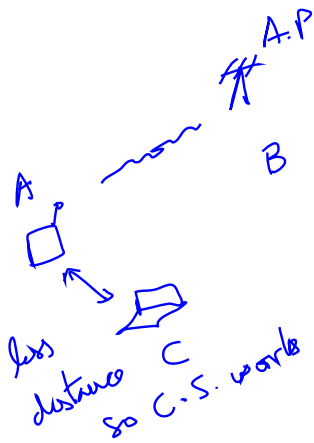
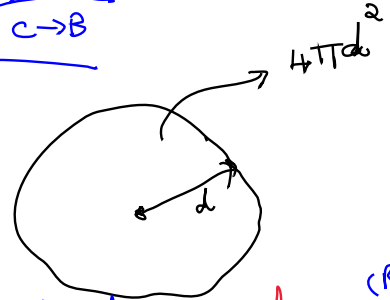
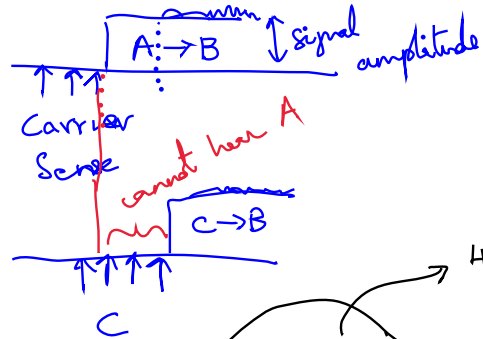
WIRELESS LANS (WiFi)

Distance $\propto \frac{1}{d^{\alpha}}$



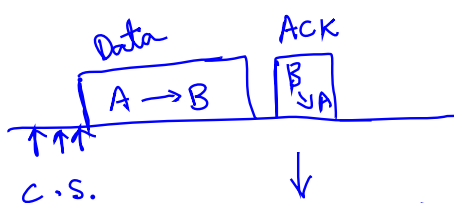
CSMA-CD??

LOCAL
LAN
WAN
WIDE



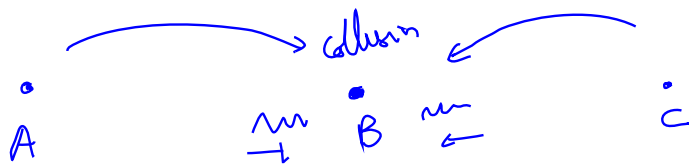
$$B \cdot a(t) + \theta \cdot c(t) - a(t) = \underline{(B-1)a(t) + \theta \cdot c(t)}$$

C.S. ✓ ; How to detect collisions?



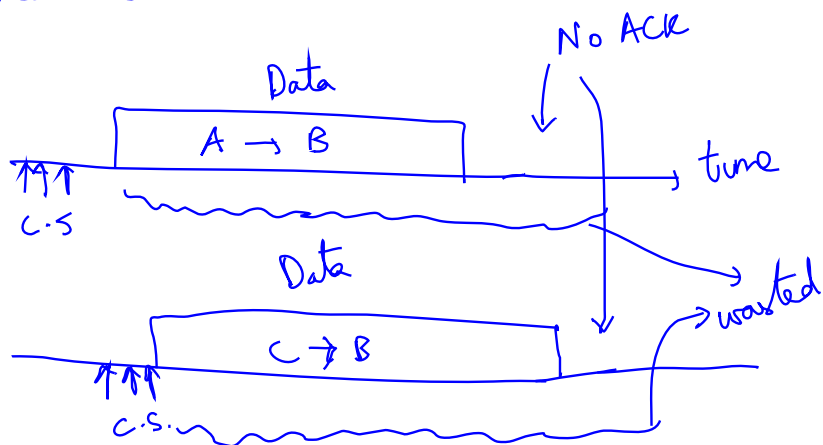
No ACK \Rightarrow assume collision has taken place

HIDDEN TERMINAL PROBLEM



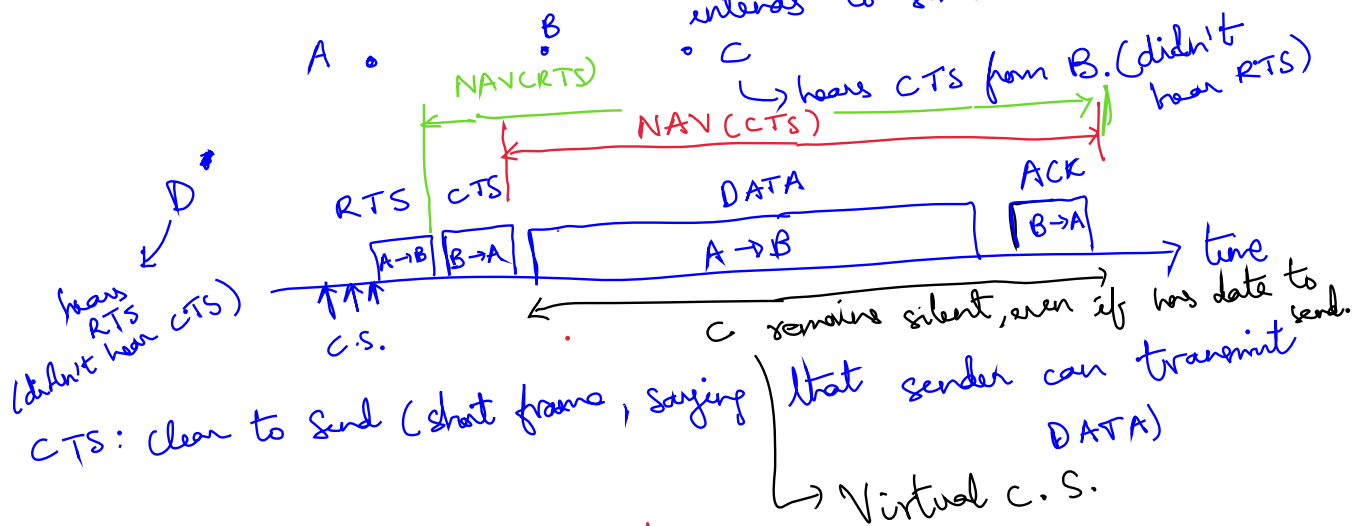
B can hear A & C

A & C cannot hear each other (hidden)

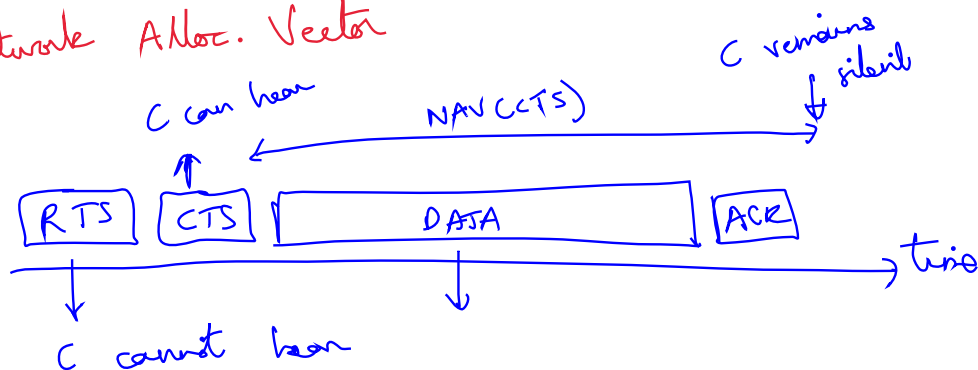


Virtual Carrier Sensing

RTS: Req. to send (Short frame to tell receiver that it intends to send a DATA frame)



NAV: Network Alloc. Vector

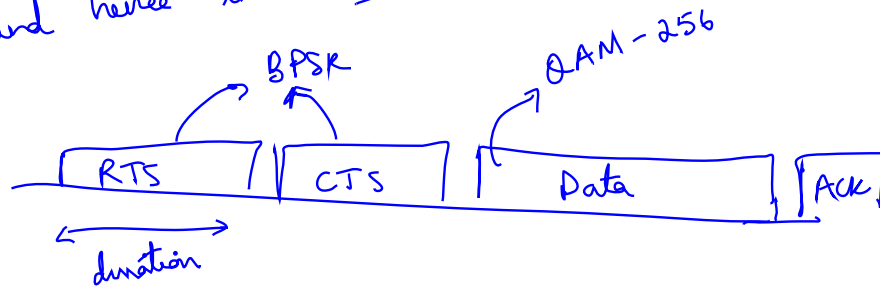


Rule: Anyone hearing ~~an~~ RTS or CTS should be silent for NAV mentioned in it.

Option: 1) Don't use RTS/CTS : C.S., DATA, GET ACK → try to retransmit if No ACK

2) Use RTS/CTS : C.S., RTS, CTS, DATA, ACK → No CTS, assume collision, try to retransmit later

Usually sent using lower modulation (eg. BPSK) and hence their duration is large



- RTS/CTS short and imp data hence needs high SNR = BPSK
- BPSK has 1 bit / symbol hence takes much time