### [divId](divId.docx) (Associated HTML [div](div.docx) ID)

This element specifies the HTML [div](div.docx) information which is associated with the current [table](table.docx) row. This information, stored in the Web [Settings](Settings.docx) part, is used to associate one or more [table](table.docx) rows with a particular HTML [div](div.docx) element. [Note: This property is used when saving an HTML document into the WordprocessingML [format](format.docx) in order to prevent a loss of all HTML [div](div.docx) information, so that the document can later be saved back into HTML [format](format.docx) and have the stored information replaced, since the HTML [div](div.docx) can store formatting properties on arbitrary regions. end note]

In order to determine the associated HTML [div](div.docx) properties, the value of the val attribute on this element is used to look up an associated [div](div.docx) element (§) whose [id](id.docx) attribute matches this value.

If this [table](table.docx) row does not have a [divId](divId.docx) element present, then this [table](table.docx) row shall not have any associated HTML [div](div.docx) information. If this element is present, but the val attribute specifies an [id](id.docx) value which does not have an associated [div](div.docx) element, then this element is ignored.

[Example: Consider an HTML document defined as follows:

<html>  
 <[body](body.docx)>  
 <[div](div.docx) style="…">  
 <[table](table.docx)>  
 <[tr](tr.docx)>  
 <td>R1C1</td>  
 …  
 </[tr](tr.docx)>  
 </[table](table.docx)>  
 <[p](p.docx)>  
 …  
 </[p](p.docx)>  
 </[div](div.docx)>  
 …  
 </[body](body.docx)>  
</html>

This HTML document specifies a [div](div.docx) spanning the [table](table.docx) and the first paragraph. If this document is saved into WordprocessingML, then both the rows of the [table](table.docx) and the paragraph shall have a [divId](divId.docx) which points at the same [div](div.docx) information in the web settings part:

<w:[trPr](trPr.docx)>  
 …  
 <w:[divId](divId.docx) w:val="1102603671"/>  
</w:[trPr](trPr.docx)>

The val attribute then points at a [div](div.docx) element which stores the associated [div](div.docx) properties:

<w:[divs](divs.docx)>  
 <w:[div](div.docx) w:[id](id.docx)="1102603671">  
 …  
 </w:[div](div.docx)>  
</w:[divs](divs.docx)>

This specifies that this table's rows are part of a single HTML [div](div.docx). end example]

|  |
| --- |
| Parent Elements |
| [trPr](trPr.docx) (§); [trPr](trPr.docx) (§); [trPr](trPr.docx) (§); [trPr](trPr.docx) (§) |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attributes | Description |
| val (Decimal Number Value) | Specifies that the contents of this attribute will contain a decimal number.  The contents of this decimal number are interpreted based on the context of the parent [XML](XML.docx) element.  [Example: Consider the following numeric WordprocessingML property of [type](type.docx) [ST\_DecimalNumber](ST_DecimalNumber.docx):  <w:… w:val="1512645511" />  The value of the val attribute is a decimal number whose value must be interpreted in the context of the parent element. end example]  The possible values for this attribute are defined by the [ST\_DecimalNumber](ST_DecimalNumber.docx) simple [type](type.docx) (§). |

The following [XML](XML.docx) Schema fragment defines the contents of this element:

<complexType [name](name.docx)="CT\_DecimalNumber">

<attribute [name](name.docx)="val" [type](type.docx)="[ST\_DecimalNumber](ST_DecimalNumber.docx)" use="required"/>

</complexType>