

GCD (Greatest Common Divisor)

$\text{gcd}(a, b) = x$ if

$$a \div x = 0$$

$$b \div x = 0$$

(12, 10)

X	12	10
1	1	1
2	2	2
3	3	X
4	4	X
5	X	5

$$\text{GCD} = 2$$

(20, 10)

X	20	10
1	1	1
2	2	2
5	5	5
10	10	10

$$\text{GCD} = 10$$

Find gcd (24, 34)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1 \\
 24 \overline{) 34} \\
 \underline{24} \\
 10 \overline{) 24} \\
 \underline{20} \\
 4 \overline{) 10} \\
 \underline{8} \\
 2 \overline{) 4} \\
 \underline{4} \\
 0 \overline{) 2}
 \end{array}$$

Euclidean Algorithm

$$\text{gcd}(a, b) = \text{gcd}(b \div a, a)$$

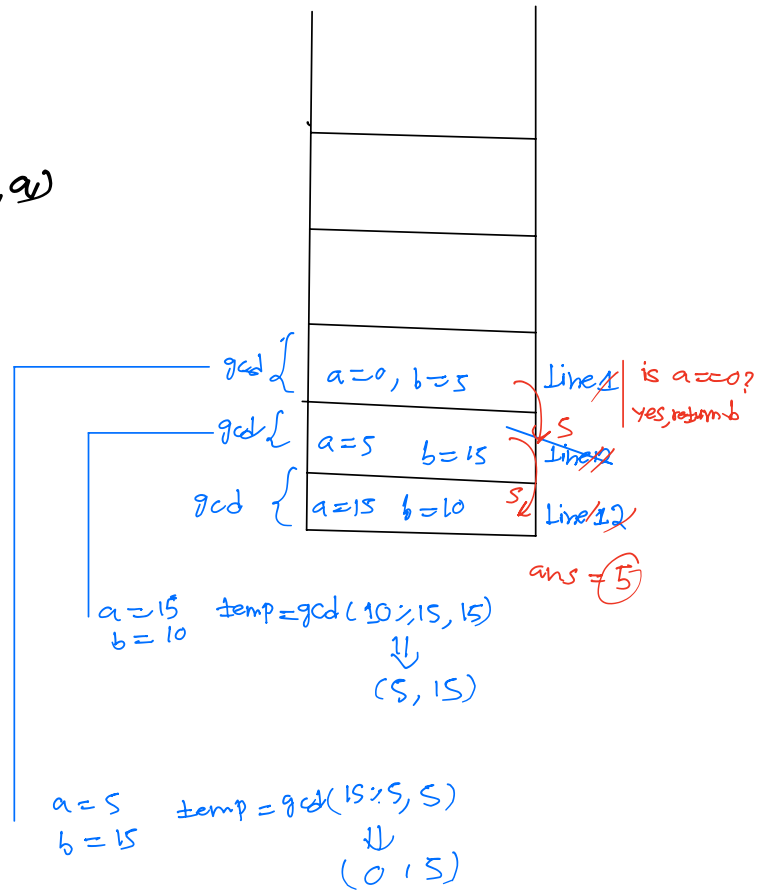
We have $\text{gcd}(0, b) = b$

continue this until you get any of the above zero;

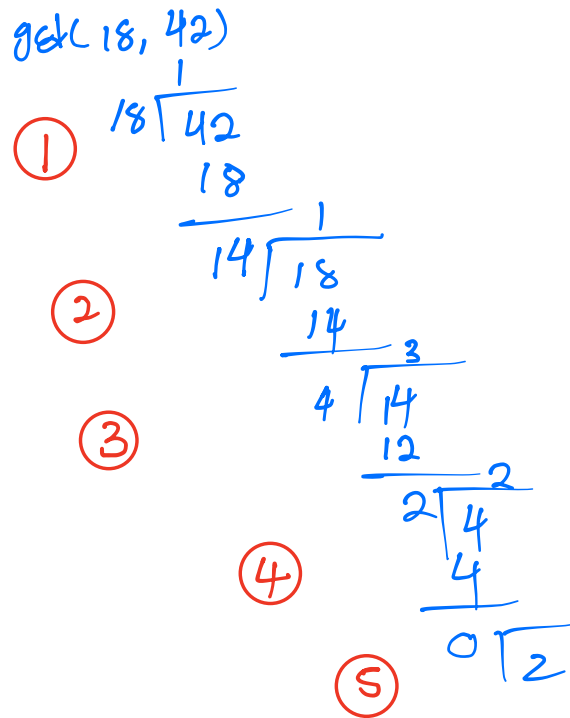
```
def gcd(a,b):
    if a==0:
        return b
    temp = gcd(b%a,a)
    return temp
```

find gcd(15,10)

stack calls



Analysis: if the number is getting divided by '2' every time, it takes longer until it reaches zero



$$\Rightarrow \max(18, 42)$$

$$5 < \log_2(42) < 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Time complexity} = O(\log_2 N)$$

$$\text{Space complexity} = O(1)$$

Number of steps to reach to the point where

$$\gcd(a, b) \text{ becomes } \gcd(0, b) = \log_2 N$$

where N is $\max(a, b)$

Q: Delete to maximize: Given array of N elements, delete one element that results the remaining elements to have maximum GCD.

```
def gcd(a, b):
    if b == 0:
        return a
```

arr = [2, 4, 6, 8]

```
    return gcd(b, a)
```

~~x~~ [4, 6, 8] = 2

[2, 6, 8] = 2

~~x~~ [2, 4, 8] = 2

~~x~~ [6, 4, 8] = 2

ans = arr[0]

for i in range(1, len(arr)):

ans = gcd(ans, arr[i])

how to neglect on element?

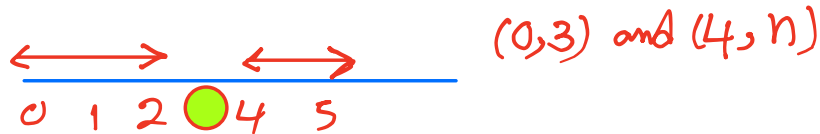
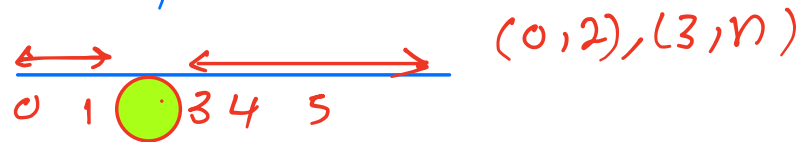
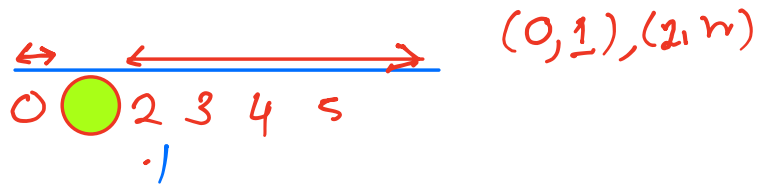
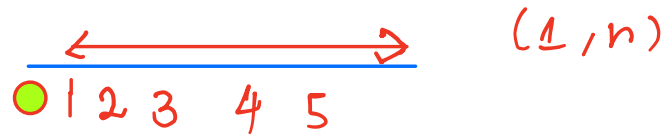
first neglect 0 ele;

second neglect 1, but 0 should be

third neglect 2, but 0, 1 should be there

fourth neglect 3rd, but remaining element should

should be there



we can have two variables
 $(0, i+1), (i+1, n)$
 before, after

\swarrow^a
 0 1 2 3 4
 \swarrow^b
 $a = 0, 0+i$
 $b = i+1, n$

to take arrays, but not including i

`temp_arr = arr[:i] + arr[i+1:]`

GO For all elements

for i in range(n):

temp_arr = arr[i:] + arr[i+1:]

ans = arr[0]

max_gcd = 0

// find the gcd for each temp_arr;

for j in range(1, len(temp_arr)):

ans = self.gcd(ans, temp_arr[j])

if ans > max_gcd:

max_gcd = ans

return max_gcd, temp_arr: