Multimodal Next POI Recommendation Based On GNN

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Proposal Presentation



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Motivation & Background

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Motivation

- Enhance user experience through personalized POI recommendations.
- Traditional methods fail to capture complex social and content-based relationships.
- Leveraging GNNs and GANs may better model these intricate relationships.

Background

- Graph Neural Networks (GNNs): Effective for modeling graph-structured data.
- Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs): Used for extracting and utilizing image features.

Task & Challenges

Task & Challenges

Task

- Extract business-related image features using GAN and classify them as its visual features.
- Merge the above features with other features for embedding.
- Use GNN to build a Nest POI recommendation system based on the User-User graph and the User-Business graph.

Challenges

- Integrating heterogeneous data sources (social network, textual, visual).
- Handling data sparsity and scalability issues.
- Effectively modeling complex user-business interactions.

Model Design:

businesses.

Use Clustering GAN to classify images and extract visual features for

- Integrate multimodal embeddings for enhanced recommendation accuracy.
- Employ GNNs (e.g., GAT[3], GraphSAGE [1]) to learn node embeddings capturing graph structures.

Model Architecture

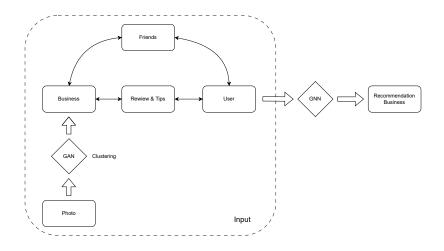


Figure: Model Architecture



Graph Construction:

- Build user-user friendship graphs.
- Create user-business interaction graphs.
- Develop business-business similarity graphs based on categories and reviews.

Graph Architecture

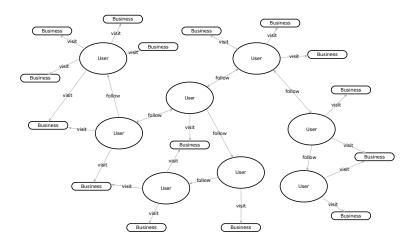


Figure: Graph Architecture



Feature Extraction:

- User Features: Review counts, ratings, social influence metrics.
- Business Features: Longitude, Latitude, Stars, Review_count.
- Image Features: Extracted using GAN (e.g., Clustering GAN [2]) from business photos.

Feature Selection

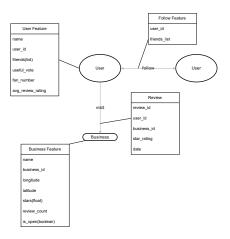


Figure: Feature Selection



Planned Experiments

Planned Experiments

Dataset Preparation:

- Do training and test set splitting
- Utilize provided data to construct graphs and extract features.
- Preprocess images for feature extraction.

Evaluation Metrics:

Precision@K, Recall@K, F1-score, NDCG, etc.

Baseline Comparisons:

- Compare with traditional collaborative filtering methods (e.g., Matrix Factorization).
- Compare with other graph-based recommendation systems (e.g., GCN).

Ablation Studies:

- Assess the impact of each component (GNN, GAN, image features, etc).
- Evaluate performance without social network information.

Hyperparameter Tuning



Thank you!

References

- [1] Will Hamilton, Zhitao Ying, and Jure Leskovec. Inductive representation learning on large graphs. *Advances in neural information processing systems*, 30, 2017.
- [2] Sudipto Mukherjee, Himanshu Asnani, Eugene Lin, and Sreeram Kannan. Clustergan: Latent space clustering in generative adversarial networks. In Proceedings of the AAAI conference on artificial intelligence, volume 33, pages 4610–4617, 2019.
- [3] Petar Veličković, Guillem Cucurull, Arantxa Casanova, Adriana Romero, Pietro Lio, and Yoshua Bengio. Graph attention networks. *arXiv preprint* arXiv:1710.10903, 2017.