



Alpha Release 3

Database Schema 3: Member Messaging

- Database Schema 3: Member Messaging
 - 1. Member Messaging Tables
 - 1.1. Lookup Tables
 - 1.2. Core Data Tables
 - 2. SQL Representation & Implementation Notes
 - 2.1. SQL Syntax
 - 2.2. DBML Syntax
 - 3. SilverChat Project Documentation
 - 4. External Sources
 - 4.1. Database Design for Social Networks (Schemas/Diagrams/ERMs/How Tos)
 - 4.2. Database GitHub Repos
 - 4.3. Database Infrasctructure for Social Networks
 - 4.4. Database Design Software
 - 4.5. Facebook Reference

1. Member Messaging Tables

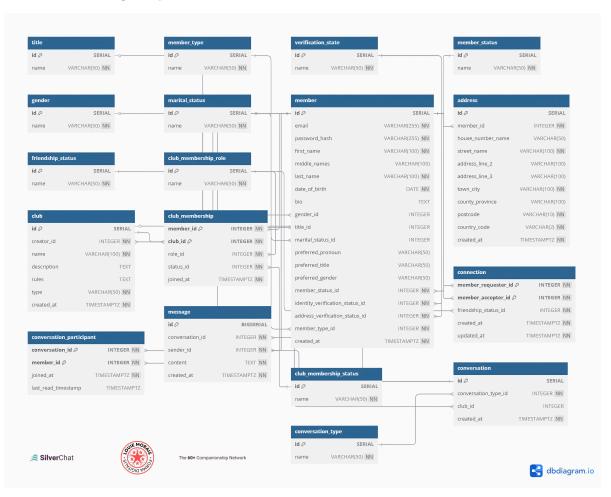
SilverChat - Messaging Feature Database Schema (Target: Alpha Release 3)

This document outlines the proposed database schema for handling member-to-member and club conversations within SilverChat, using PostgreSQL.



View the live diagram on dbdiagram.io

Final Database Design - Alpha Releases 1, 2 & 3:



1.1. Lookup Tables

Table: conversation_type

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints	Description	Example Values
(id)	SERIAL	PRIMARY KEY	Auto-incrementing unique identifier for type.	1, 2
name	VARCHAR(50)	UNIQUE NOT	Name of the conversation type (e.g., 'direct').	'direct', 'club'

1.2. Core Data Tables

Table: conversation (Represents a chat thread)

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints	Description
īd	SERIAL	PRIMARY KEY	Auto-incrementing unique identifier for the conversation.
conversation_type_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL	Foreign key to conversation_type table.
club_id	INTEGER		Foreign key to club table (Nullable, used for club chats only).
created_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW()	Timestamp when the conversation was initiated.

Table: conversation_participant (Links members to conversations)

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints	Description
conversation_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL	Foreign key to conversation table.

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints	Description
member_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL	Foreign key to member table.
joined_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	NOT NULL DEFAULT	Timestamp when the member joined the conversation.
last_read_timestamp	TIMESTAMPTZ		Timestamp of the last message read by the member (Nullable).
		PRIMARY KEY (conversation_id, member_id)	Composite primary key ensures uniqueness.

Table: message (Stores individual chat messages)

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints	Description
id	BIGSERIAL	PRIMARY KEY	Auto-incrementing unique identifier (use BIGSERIAL for large volume).
conversation_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL	Foreign key to conversation table.
sender_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL	Foreign key to member table (who sent the message).
content	TEXT	NOT NULL	The actual content of the message.
created_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	NOT NULL DEFAULT	Timestamp when the message was sent.
		<pre>INDEX (conversation_id, created_at DESC)</pre>	Crucial index for fetching messages efficiently.

2. SQL Representation & Implementation Notes

These definitions assume integration into the existing PostgreSQL database used by SilverChat. Implementation should use Knex.js migrations.

2.1. SQL Syntax

(Illustrative SQL - Actual implementation via Knex Migrations.)

```
-- START: Prerequisite Tables (Defined in Main Schema - DO NOT RE-RUN) --
-- Included for context/validation only.
-- Prerequisite Lookup Tables (Assume these exist and are populated)
-- CREATE TABLE gender ...;
-- CREATE TABLE title ...;
-- CREATE TABLE marital_status ...;
-- CREATE TABLE member_status ...;
-- CREATE TABLE verification_state ...;
-- CREATE TABLE member_type ...;
-- Prerequisite: member Table
CREATE TABLE member (
   id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    email VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    password_hash VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    first_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
   middle_names VARCHAR(100),
    last_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    date_of_birth DATE NOT NULL,
   bio TEXT,
    gender_id INTEGER,
    title_id INTEGER,
    marital_status_id INTEGER,
    preferred_pronoun VARCHAR(50),
    preferred_title VARCHAR(50),
    preferred_gender VARCHAR(50),
    member_status_id INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 1,
    identity_verification_status_id INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 1,
    address_verification_status_id INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 1,
   member_type_id INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 1,
   created_at TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW()
    -- Assume FKs to lookup tables are defined here in the main schema
);
-- Prerequisite: club Table
CREATE TABLE club (
   id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
   creator_id INTEGER NOT NULL, -- FK to member defined below
   name VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    description TEXT,
    rules TEXT,
```

```
type VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW(),
    -- Foreign Key Constraint (defined in main schema)
    FOREIGN KEY (creator_id) REFERENCES member(id)
);
-- END: Prerequisite Tables
-- START: Messaging Feature Tables (Target: Alpha Release 3)
-- Lookup Table for Messaging
CREATE TABLE conversation_type (
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    name VARCHAR(50) UNIQUE NOT NULL -- e.g., 'direct', 'club'
);
-- Core Messaging Tables
CREATE TABLE conversation (
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    conversation_type_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    club_id INTEGER, -- Nullable
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW(),
    -- Foreign Key Constraints
    FOREIGN KEY (conversation_type_id) REFERENCES conversation_type(id),
    FOREIGN KEY (club_id) REFERENCES club(id) -- Refers to prerequisite club table
);
CREATE TABLE conversation_participant (
    conversation_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    member_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    joined_at TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW(),
    last_read_timestamp TIMESTAMPTZ, -- Nullable
    -- Primary Key Constraint
    PRIMARY KEY (conversation_id, member_id),
    -- Foreign Key Constraints
    FOREIGN KEY (conversation_id) REFERENCES conversation(id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (member_id) REFERENCES member(id) ON DELETE CASCADE -- Refers to
prerequisite member table
);
CREATE TABLE message (
    id BIGSERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    conversation_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    sender_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    content TEXT NOT NULL,
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW(),
    -- Foreign Key Constraints
    FOREIGN KEY (conversation_id) REFERENCES conversation(id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (sender_id) REFERENCES member(id) -- Refers to prerequisite member table
);
-- Index for efficient message retrieval
CREATE INDEX idx_message_conversation_created_at ON message (conversation_id, created_at
DESC);
-- END: Messaging Feature Tables
```

2.2. DBML Syntax

(DBML representation for visualization and design tools. member and c1ub included for context only.)

```
// SilverChat - Messaging Feature Schema (Target: Alpha Release 3)
// START: Prerequisite Tables (Defined in Main Schema)
// Included for context/validation only.
// Prerequisite Lookup Tables (Assume these exist)
// Table gender { ... }
// Table title { ... }
// Table marital_status { ... }
// Table member_status { ... }
// Table verification_state { ... }
// Table member_type { ... }
Table member { // PREREQUISITE - DO NOT RE-CREATE
  id SERIAL [pk]
  email VARCHAR(255) [unique, not null]
  password_hash VARCHAR(255) [not null]
  first_name VARCHAR(100) [not null]
  middle_names VARCHAR(100)
  last_name VARCHAR(100) [not null]
  date_of_birth DATE [not null]
  gender_id INTEGER // [ref: > gender.id] Assumed defined in main schema
  title_id INTEGER // [ref: > title.id] Assumed defined in main schema
  marital_status_id INTEGER // [ref: > marital_status.id] Assumed defined in main schema
  preferred_pronoun VARCHAR(50)
  preferred_title VARCHAR(50)
  preferred_gender VARCHAR(50)
  member_status_id INTEGER [not null, default: 1] // [ref: > member_status.id] Assumed
defined in main schema
  identity_verification_status_id INTEGER [not null, default: 1] // [ref: >
verification_state.id] Assumed defined in main schema
  address_verification_status_id INTEGER [not null, default: 1] // [ref: >
verification_state.id] Assumed defined in main schema
  member_type_id INTEGER [not null, default: 1] // [ref: > member_type.id] Assumed
defined in main schema
  created_at TIMESTAMPTZ [not null, default: `NOW()`]
Table club { // PREREQUISITE - DO NOT RE-CREATE
  id SERIAL [pk]
  creator_id INTEGER [not null, ref: > member.id] // Assumed defined in main schema
  name VARCHAR(100) [unique, not null]
  description TEXT
  rules TEXT
  type VARCHAR(50) [not null]
  created_at TIMESTAMPTZ [not null, default: `NOW()`]
```

```
// END: Prerequisite Tables
// START: Messaging Feature Tables (Target: Alpha Release 3)
Table conversation_type {
 id SERIAL [pk]
 name VARCHAR(50) [unique, not null, note: "'direct', 'club'"]
}
Table conversation {
 id SERIAL [pk]
 conversation_type_id INTEGER [not null, ref: > conversation_type.id]
 club_id INTEGER [ref: > club.id, note: 'Nullable, used for club chats only'] // Refers
to prerequisite club table
  created_at TIMESTAMPTZ [not null, default: `NOW()`]
Table conversation_participant {
  conversation_id INTEGER [not null] // FK defined via Ref below
  member_id INTEGER [not null] // FK defined via Ref below
  joined_at TIMESTAMPTZ [not null, default: `NOW()`]
  last_read_timestamp TIMESTAMPTZ [note: 'Nullable']
  indexes {
    (conversation_id, member_id) [pk]
 }
}
Table message {
  id BIGSERIAL [pk]
  conversation_id INTEGER [not null] // FK defined via Ref below
  sender_id INTEGER [not null] // FK defined via Ref below
  content TEXT [not null]
  created_at TIMESTAMPTZ [not null, default: `NOW()`]
 indexes {
    (conversation_id, created_at) [note: 'Index includes DESC in SQL']
// --- Relationships (Explicit definitions for clarity/cascades) ---
// Ref conversation_club: conversation.club_id > club.id // Defined inline above
Ref participant_conversation: conversation_participant.conversation_id > conversation.id
[delete: cascade]
Ref participant_member: conversation_participant.member_id > member.id [delete: cascade]
// Refers to prerequisite member table
Ref message_conversation: message.conversation_id > conversation.id [delete: cascade]
Ref message_sender: message.sender_id > member.id // Refers to prerequisite member table
// END: Messaging Feature Tables
```

3. SilverChat Project Documentation

- SilverChat Project Scope (README) | GitHub
- SilverChat Technical Architecture | GitHub
- SilverChat Database Schema 1: Member Account and Profile | GitHub
- SilverChat Database Schema 2: Member Networking | GitHub
- THIS DOCUMENT: SilverChat Database Schema 3: Member Messaging

4. External Sources

4.1. Database Design for Social Networks (Schemas/Diagrams/ERMs/How Tos)

- Facebook database schema | Reverse engineering by Anatoly Lu... | Flickr
- Database schema for Social Networking Platform Surfside Media
- Building a Social Network: Part I | by Kenneth Reilly | ITNEXT
- Social network schema design in DynamoDB Amazon DynamoDB
- Building a social Media Platform: How should the database schema be designed to efficiently store user data, content, and interactions? | by Brecht Corbeel | Medium
- SQLAlchemy: Designing a Social Network Database Schema Sling Academy
- Databases, SQL Server, and Data Models Examples
- mysql Implementing Comments and Likes in database Stack Overflow
- How to Design Database for Social Media Platform | GeeksforGeeks
- How to Design Database for Followers-Following Systems in Social Media Apps? | GeeksforGeeks
- How to Design ER Diagrams for Social Media Networks | GeeksforGeeks
- Resources: Database Design for Social Network Code Dodle
- Design Database For Social Network System In MySQL | Tutorials24x7

4.2. Database GitHub Repos

- Messenger Database Design Concept
- The Social Network System Database Design in MySQL to manage the Users, Friends, Follower, Messages, and Groups.

4.3. Database Infrasctructure for Social Networks

- A thorough insight into the databases used @Facebook Scaleyourapp
- Which database is best for creating a social networking application? Quora
- MySQL vs. MongoDB: The Pros and Cons When Building a Social Network

4.4. Database Design Software

• Top 10 Free Database Diagram Design Tools in 2025

4.5. Facebook Reference

