Laboratory Activity 2 - Using Git in Visual Studio Code

Objectives:

By the end of this lab, students should be able to:

- 1. Initialize a Git repository inside VS Code.
- 2. Stage and commit changes using the Source Control panel.
- 3. Connect a local repository to GitHub.
- 4. Push and pull changes between local and remote repositories.
- 5. Create and switch Git branches inside VS Code.

Background:

Version control is essential in modern software development. Git is the most widely used distributed version control system, and GitHub is a cloud-based platform that allows collaboration, remote repositories, and project management. Visual Studio Code (VS Code) integrates Git, so students can manage version control without leaving the editor.

Requirements:

- Installed Git (https://git-scm.com)
- Installed Visual Studio Code (https://code.visualstudio.com)
- Active GitHub account
- Internet connection

Procedure (Step-by-Step):

Step 0: Access VS Code Terminal

- Open your project folder in VS Code.
- Open terminal:
- Shortcut: Ctrl + ` (backtick)
- Or Menu: View → Terminal

Step 1: Initialize Git Repository

- 1. Open the Source Control panel (branch icon on left sidebar).
- 2. Click Initialize Repository. (This runs git init in the background).
- 3. Observe that all files are now listed under Changes.

Step 2: Stage and Commit Changes

- Modify or create a file, e.g. index.js: console.log("Hello Git from VS Code!");
- 2. In Source Control panel, hover over the file \rightarrow click + Stage Changes.
- 3. In the message box, type: Initial commit
- 4. Press **✓** Commit (or Ctrl + Enter).

Step 3: Connect to GitHub

- 1. Log in to GitHub.
- 2. Create a new empty repository (no README, no .gitignore).
- 3. Copy the HTTPS URL.

4. Back in VS Code Terminal:

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/username/my-first-repo.git
git branch -M main
git push -u origin main
```

Step 4: Push and Pull Changes

- To Push changes: After committing, click the ↑ (Push) icon in the bottom-left of VS Code.
- To Pull updates from GitHub: Click the ↓ (Pull) icon in the bottom-left.

Step 5: Create and Switch Branches

- 1. Look at the bottom-left corner \rightarrow click the branch name (default: main).
- 2. Select Create new branch \rightarrow name it feature-login.
- 3. Make changes, commit, and push branch: git push -u origin feature-login
- 4. Switch back to main branch from the same menu.

Step 6: Verify on GitHub

- Refresh your GitHub repo page → confirm that your files and commits are uploaded.
- Check branches tab to see both main and feature-login.

Expected Output:

- Local repository created inside VS Code.
- Initial commit pushed to GitHub repository.
- Students can successfully push, pull, and branch within VS Code.
- Students should provide screenshots of:
 - 1. Initializing repository in VS Code
 - 2. Staging and committing changes
 - 3. GitHub repository showing uploaded files
 - 4. Branch creation and switching process

Questions (for Lab Report):

- 1. What is the importance of version control in collaborative projects?
- 2. What is the difference between staging and committing?
- 3. What command (or button in VS Code) is used to send local commits to GitHub?
- 4. How does branching help in managing multiple features in a project?
- 5. What common errors did you encounter (e.g., refspec error) and how did you solve them?