Integrating time-series data on large-scale discrete cell-based models

Louis Fippo Fitime 1, Christian Schuster 2, Peter Angel 2, Olivier Roux 1, and Carito Guziolowski 1

LUNAM Université, École Centrale de Nantes, IRCCyN UMR CNRS 6597 (Institut de Recherche en Communications et Cybernétique de Nantes) 1 rue de la Noë - B.P. 92101 - 44321 Nantes Cedex 3, France. {louis.fippo-fitime,olivier.roux,carito.guziolowski}@irccyn.ec-nantes.fr http://www.irccyn.ec-nantes.fr/en/

² Division of Signal Transduction and Growth Control (A100), DKFZ-ZMBH Alliance, Deutsches Krebsforschungszentrum, Heidelberg, Germany

Abstract. In this work we propose an automatic way of generating and verifying formal hybrid models of signaling and transcriptional events, gathered in large-scale regulatory networks. This is done by integrating temporal and stochastic aspects of the expression of some biological components. The hybrid approach lies in the fact that measurements take into account both times of lengthening phases and discrete switches between them. The model proposed is based on a real case study of keratinocytes differentiation, in which gene time-series data was generated upon Calcium stimulation.

To achieve this we rely on the Process Hitting (PH) formalism that was designed to consider large-scale system analysis. We first propose an automatic way of detecting and translating biological motifs from a the PID database to the PH formalism. Then, we propose a way of estimating temporal and stochastic parameters from time-series expression data of action on the PH. Simulations emphasize the interest of synchronizing concurrent events.

Keywords: time-series data, large-scale network, hybrid models, compositional approach, stochastic simulation.