

CSC-349 Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Programming Assignment 3

When a new gene is discovered, a standard approach to understanding its function is to look through a database of known genes and find close matches. The closeness of two genes is measured by the extent to which they are aligned. To formalize this, think of a gene as being a long string over an alphabet $\Sigma = A, C, G, T$. Consider two genes (strings) $x = \text{ATGCC}$ and $y = \text{TACGCA}$. A - alignment of x and y is a way of matching up these two strings by writing them in columns, for instance:

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- & A & T & - & G & C & C
T & A & - & C & G & C & A
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Here the - indicates a gap. The characters of each string must appear in order, and each column must contain a character from at least one of the strings. The score of an alignment is specified by a scoring matrix δ of size $|\Sigma|+1 \times |\Sigma|+1$, where the extra row and column are to accommodate gaps.

For instance, the preceding alignment has the following score: $\delta(-, T) + \delta(A, A) + \delta(T, -) + \delta(-, C) + \delta(G, G) + \delta(C, C) + \delta(C, A)$. Give a dynamic programming algorithm that takes as input two strings x and y and a scoring matrix δ , and returns the highest scoring alignment. Reconstruct the solution to find the optimal alignment.

Example scoring matrix:

	A	C	G	T	-
A	2	-1	-1	-1	-2
C	-1	2	-1	-1	-2
G	-1	-1	2	-1	-2
T	-1	-1	-1	2	-2
-	-2	-1	-2	-2	0

Example score (not the optimal solution):

$$\delta(-, T) + \delta(A, A) + \delta(T, -) + \delta(-, C) + \delta(G, G) + \delta(C, C) + \delta(C, A) = -2 + 2 + -2 + -1 + 2 + 2 + -1 = 0$$

The grading criteria for this lab are:

The implementation correctly solves the task for all test cases. The algorithm uses dynamic programming strategy and follows the best coding practices.	100%
The implementation correctly solves the task for all test cases but does not use dynamic programming strategy.	60%
The implementation solves the task but has several failing edge cases.	50%
The implementation attempts to solve the task but fails in many cases.	30%
The implementation does not correctly solve the task.	15%
No attempt was made.	0%