



INFO1113

Assignment 1

Due: April 13th, 11:59PM AEST

This assignment is worth 6% of your final assessment

Task Description

In this assignment we will develop a key value store database called AeroDB in the Java programming language using dynamic data structures. All entries to the database contain a unique key which will map to a set of values. Each entry of the database is identified by a unique key string and contains a dynamically sized list of integer values.

You are encouraged to ask questions on Ed using the assignments category. As with any assignment, make sure that your work is your own, and you do not share your code or solutions with other students.

Working on your assignment

You can work on this assignment on your own computer or the lab machines. It is important that you continually back up your assignment files onto your own machine, external drives, and in the cloud.

You are encouraged to submit your assignment on Ed while you are in the process of completing it. By submitting you will obtain some feedback of your progress on the sample test cases provided.

Implementation details

Write a program in Java that implements AeroDB as shown in the examples below. You can assume that our test cases will contain only valid input commands and not cause any integer overflows. Keys are case sensitive and do not contain spaces. Commands are case insensitive.

Entry values are indexed from 1. Snapshots are indexed from 1 and are unique for the lifetime of the program. Keys, entries and snapshots are to be outputted in the order from most recently added to least recently added.

Your program can be contained in the provided scaffold of `AeroDB.java`, `Snapshot.java` and `Entry.java`. Your program must produce no errors when built and run on the lab machines and Ed. Your program will read from standard input and write to standard output.

Your program output must match the exact output format shown in the examples and on Ed. You are encouraged to submit your assignment while you are working on it, so you can obtain some feedback. You have been provided simple skeleton classes and hints on how to implement your snapshot database.

```
public class Snapshot {
    ? id;
    ? entries;
}

public class Entry {
    ? key;
    ? values;
    ? next;
    ? previous;
}
```

In order to obtain full marks, your program will be checked against automatic test cases, manually inspected by your tutors and you must submit a set of test cases that ensure you have implemented functionality correctly.

Commands

Your program should implement the following commands, look at the examples to see how they work.

- If a <key> does not exist in the current state, output: no such key
- If a <snapshot> does not exist in the database, output: no such snapshot
- If an <index> does not exist in an entry, output: index out of range

BYE clear database and exit
HELP display this help message

LIST KEYS displays all keys in current state
LIST ENTRIES displays all entries in current state
LIST SNAPSHOTS displays all snapshots in the database

GET <key> displays entry values
DEL <key> deletes entry from current state
PURGE <key> deletes entry from current state and snapshots

SET <key> <value ...> sets entry values
PUSH <key> <value ...> pushes values to the front
APPEND <key> <value ...> appends values to the back

PICK <key> <index> displays value at index
PLUCK <key> <index> displays and removes value at index
POP <key> displays and removes the front value

DROP <id> deletes snapshot
ROLLBACK <id> restores to snapshot and deletes newer snapshots
CHECKOUT <id> replaces current state with a copy of snapshot
SNAPSHOT saves the current state as a snapshot

MIN <key> displays minimum value
MAX <key> displays maximum value
SUM <key> displays sum of values
LEN <key> displays number of values

REV <key> reverses order of values
UNIQ <key> removes repeated adjacent values
SORT <key> sorts values in ascending order
DIFF <key> <key ...> displays set difference of values in keys
INTER <key> <key ...> displays set intersection of values in keys
UNION <key> <key ...> displays set union of values in keys
CARTPROD <key> <key ...> displays cartesian product of sets

> BYE
bye

Examples (1)

```
> LIST KEYS  
no keys
```

```
> LIST ENTRIES  
no entries
```

```
> LIST SNAPSHOTS  
no snapshots
```

```
> SET a 1  
ok
```

```
> GET a  
[1]
```

```
> POP a  
1
```

```
> GET a  
[]
```

```
> POP a  
nil
```

```
> PUSH a 2 1  
ok
```

```
> GET a  
[1 2]
```

```
> APPEND a 3 4  
ok
```

```
> GET a  
[1 2 3 4]
```

```
> DEL a  
ok
```

```
> DEL a  
no such key
```

```
> BYE  
bye
```

Examples (2)

```
> SET a 1
ok

> SET b 2 3
ok

> LIST KEYS
b
a

> LIST ENTRIES
b [2 3]
a [1]

> LIST SNAPSHOTS
no snapshots

> PICK a 0
index out of range

> PICK b 1
2

> GET b
[2 3]

> PLUCK b 2
3

> GET b
[2]

> DEL b
ok

> GET b
no such key

> PURGE b
ok

> BYE
bye
```

Examples (3)

```
> DROP 1
no such snapshot
```

```
> ROLLBACK 1
no such snapshot
```

```
> SET a 1 2
ok
```

```
> SET b 3 4
ok
```

```
> LIST ENTRIES
b [3 4]
a [1 2]
```

```
> SNAPSHOT
saved as snapshot 1
```

```
> SET c 5 6
ok
```

```
> LIST ENTRIES
c [5 6]
b [3 4]
a [1 2]
```

```
> SNAPSHOT
saved as snapshot 2
```

```
> PURGE b
ok
```

```
> ROLLBACK 1
ok
```

```
> CHECKOUT 2
no such snapshot
```

```
> LIST ENTRIES
a [1 2]
```

```
> LIST SNAPSHOTS
1
```

```
> BYE
bye
```

Examples (4)

```
> SET a 1 4 2 3 4 2
ok
```

```
> SNAPSHOT
saved as snapshot 1
```

```
> MIN a
1
```

```
> MAX a
4
```

```
> SUM a
16
```

```
> LEN a
6
```

```
> REV a
ok
```

```
> GET a
[2 4 3 2 4 1]
```

```
> SORT a
ok
```

```
> GET a
[1 2 2 3 4 4]
```

```
> UNIQ a
ok
```

```
> GET a
[1 2 3 4]
```

```
> CHECKOUT 1
ok
```

```
> LIST SNAPSHOTS
1
```

```
> LIST ENTRIES
a [1 4 2 3 4 2]
```

```
> BYE
bye
```

Writing your own testcases

We have provided you with some test cases but these do not not test all the functionality described in the assignment. It is important that you thoroughly test your code by writing your own test cases.

You should place all of your test cases in the tests/ directory. Ensure that each test case has the .in input file along with a corresponding .out output file. We require that the names of your test cases are descriptive so that you know what each is testing, e.g. `get-set.in` and `sort-uniq.in` and we can accurately and quickly assess your test cases.

Submission Details

Final deliverable for the correctness and manual inspection will be due on the **13th of April 2019**.

You must submit your code and tests using the assignment page on Ed. To submit, simply place your files and folders into the workspace, click run to check your program works and then click submit.

You are encouraged to submit multiple times, but only your last submission will be considered.

Marking

You will only be given valid inputs as part of the automatic test suite. Your program will be checked for errors that a user can possibly make. In addition, we will mark your program against a substantial collection of hidden test cases.

3 marks are assigned based on automatic tests for the correctness of your program. This component will use hidden test cases that cover every aspect of the specification. Your program must match the exact output in the examples and the test cases on Ed. Test cases will be released progressively, **the final set of public test cases will be released on 8th of April**.

3 marks are assigned based on a manual inspection of the style (**1 mark**) and tests cases (**2 marks**). Make sure that you carefully follow the assignment specifications and thoroughly test your code, optimising for coverage and testing for a variety of input ranges.

Academic declaration

By submitting this assignment you declare the following:

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I realise that I may be asked to identify those portions of the work contributed by me and required to demonstrate my knowledge of the relevant material by answering oral questions or by undertaking supplementary work, either written or in the laboratory, in order to arrive at the final assessment mark.

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