## Homework 10, Problem 3

## Problem 3 (10 points):

(Kleinberg-Tardos, Page 507, Problem 7). Since the 3-Dimensional Matching Problem is NP-complete, it is natural to expect that the corresponding 4-Dimensional Matching Problem is at least as hard. Let us define 4-Dimensional Matching as follows. Given sets W, X, Y, and Z, each of size n, and a collection C of ordered 4-tuples of the form  $(w_i, x_j, y_k, z_l)$ , do there exist n 4-tuples from C so that no two have an element in common?

Prove that 4-Dimensional Matching is NP-Complete.

### Answer:

### 1) 4-Dimensional Matching is in NP:

Since given collection C of ordered 4-tuples, a certificate that there is a solution could be a collection of  $C' \subseteq C$ . And it is obvious that by traveling each matching triple in C' and using a n by 4 array to check whether it has been used in one visited matching, the verification can be done in polynomial time so the 4-Dimensional Matching problem is in class NP.

# 2) 3-Dimensional Matching $\leq_P$ 4-Dimensional Matching

Given an 3-Dimensional Matching with collection C of ordered triples of the form  $(w_i, x_j, y_k)$  and sets W, X, Y each of size n. One can replicate the sets Y and the last element of each triples in C to map the problem in to a 4-Dimensional Matching problem with collection C of ordered triples of the form  $(w_i, x_j, y_k, y_k)$  and sets W, X, Y, Y each of size n. Since the duplicated elements will not affect the result if the first three elements form a perfect matching, the last element must confrom the perfect matching since it was duplication of  $y_k$ . Hence by solving whether there is a pefect matching in the 4-Dimensional Matching problem, we can solve the 3-Dimensional Matching, with a polynomial change of problem size. Therefore 3-Dimensional Matching  $\leq_P$  4-Dimensional Matching.

It has been proven that 3-Dimensional Matching is an NP complete problem (Kleinberg page 482 8.20). And according to Kleinberg page 453 8.2: Suppose Y  $\leq_P$  X. If Y cannot be solved in polynomial time, then X cannot be solved in polynomial time. And since 1) and 2), 4-Dimensional Matching is NP-Complete.