Arquitetura de Software

Multiprocessamento

Interrupção, Virtualização e Containerização

José Motta Lopes josemotta@bampli.com





Agenda

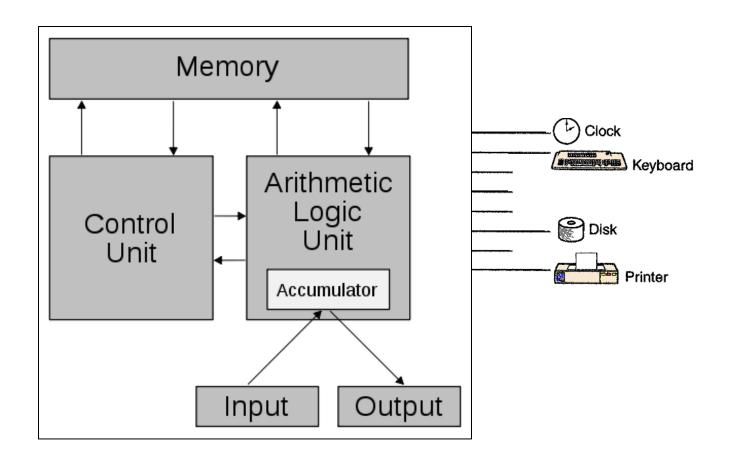
- CPU von Neumann
- Interrupção
- Multiprocessamento
- Virtualização
- Containerização
- Docker
- Arquitetura Docker
- Vantagens Docker
- Dockerfile
- Demo Docker-Python
- Projeto IoT: Estação do Clima
- Workflow P&D Software
- Estação Remota
- Estação Usuário





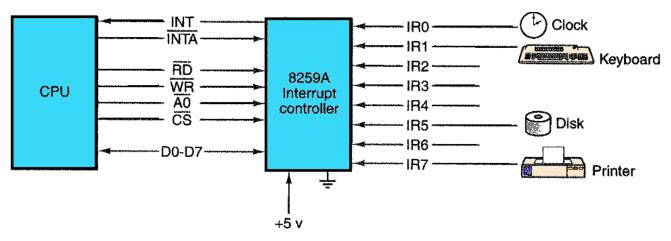
CPU von Neumann

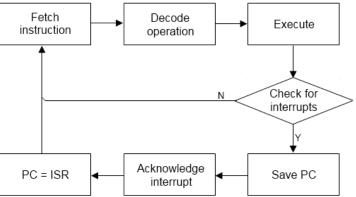




Interrupção





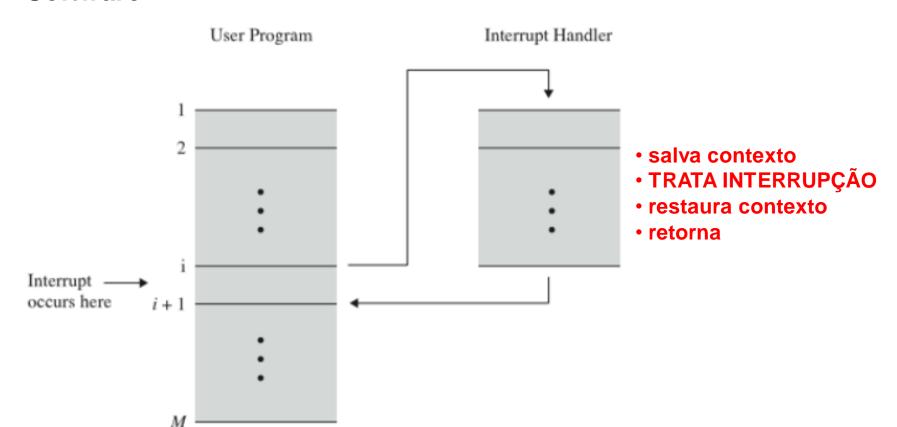






Fontes de interrupção:

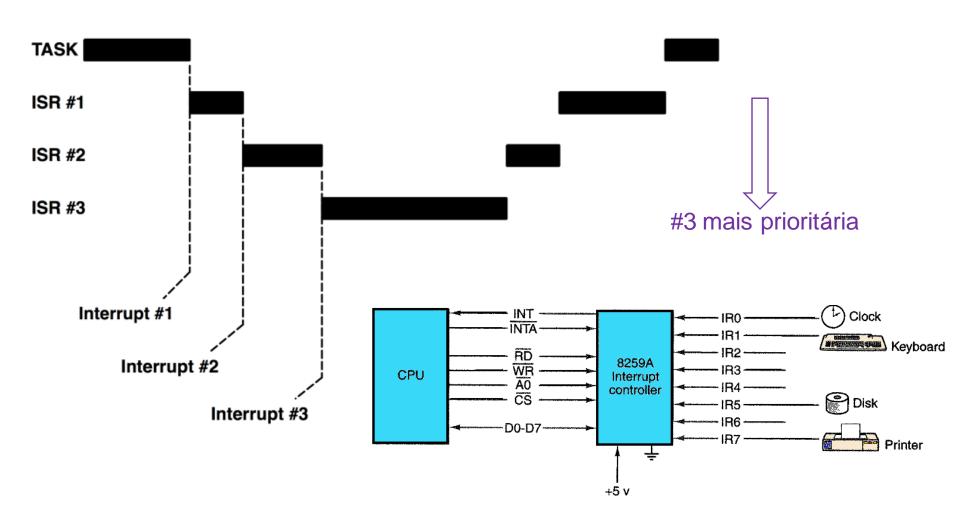
- Hardware
- Processador
- Software



Interrupção

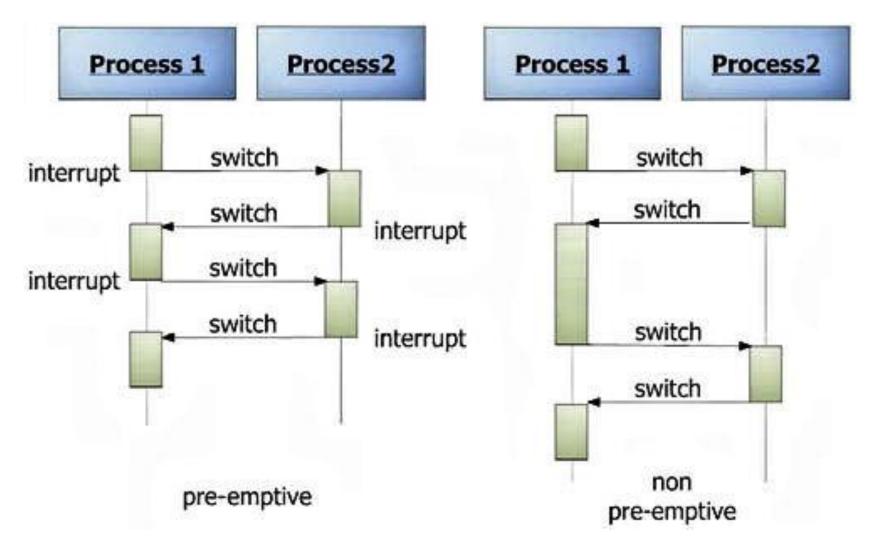


TIME



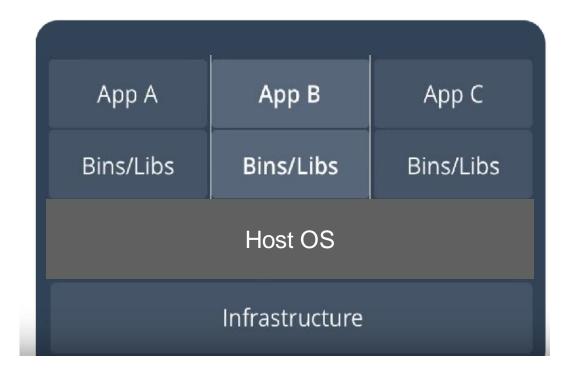
Multiprocessamento





Multiprocessamento





Virtualização

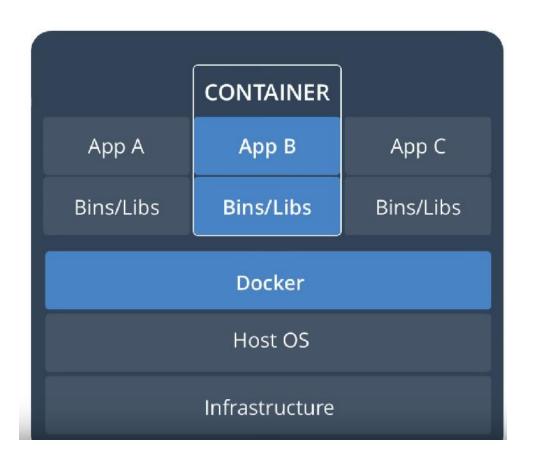






Containerização



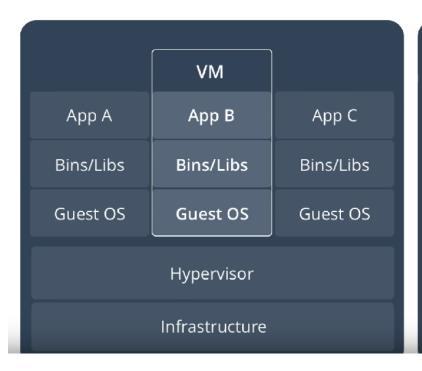




Container x VM



Docker vs VM



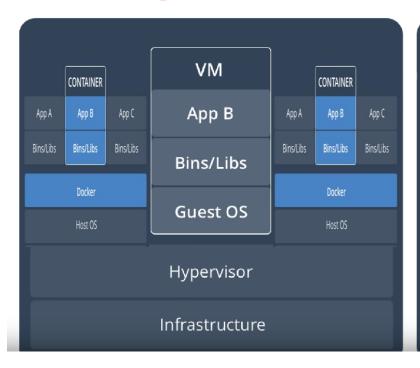


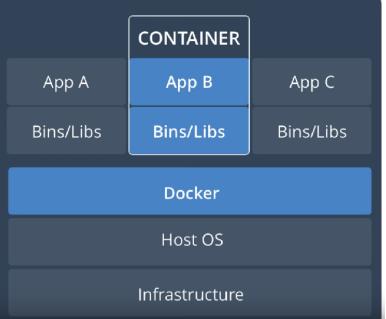


Containers + VMs



Docker + VM







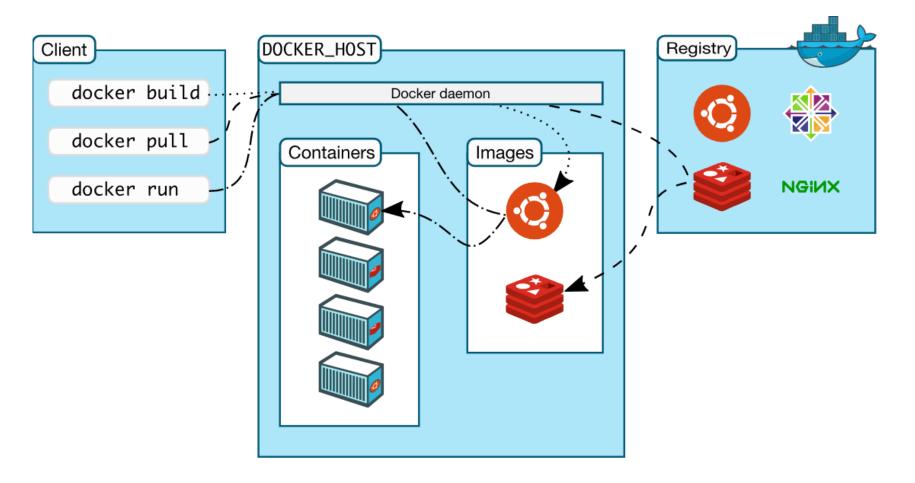
Docker



- Plataforma para desenvolvedores e sysadmins
- Desenvolvimento, deploy e execução de aplicações
- Utiliza containers Linux para o deploy de aplicações
- Flexibilidade: qualquer aplicação pode ser containerizada
- <u>Leve</u>: deploy de atualizações e upgrades *on-the-fly*
- Portabilidade: build local, deploy to cloud, run anywhere
- Escalável: distribuição automática de réplicas de containers

Arquitetura Docker





Vantagens Docker

- Agiliza o ciclo de vida do desenvolvimento
- Ambiente padrão utilizando containers
- Desenvolvedores escrevem código localmente e compartilham
- Transferência de aplicações para ambiente de testes
- Re-deploy de upgrades e atualizações para ambiente de testes
- Ambiente de produção utilizando mesmas imagens
- Compatibilidade com ambientes diversos misturados
 - Laptop do desenvolvedor
 - Máquinas físicas e virtuais em datacenters
 - Provedores da nuvem
- Alternativa competitiva para potencializar as máquinas virtuais
- Eficiência em pequenos e médios deployments
- Ambientes Linux, Windows e MacOS
- Plataformas VMWare, Amazon AWS, Microsoft Azure

Dockerfile



- Define o que será incluído no container
- Documento contendo comandos para montar a imagem
- Docker monta imagens automaticamente a partir do Dockerfile

Exemplos de comandos típicos:

- docker info
- docker build.
- docker run -it -p 80:80 nginx
- docker push usuario/imagem:latest
- docker pull usuario/imagem:latest
- docker run usuario/imagem:latest

Dockerfile



Hello World com Python:

- docker build -t bamplifier/docker-python-test.
- docker run -p 4000:80 bamplifier/docker-python-test
- docker push bamplifier/docker-python-test
- docker pull bamplifier/docker-python-test

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/jo/Desktop/docker-python

jo@CANOAS22 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/docker-python

$ ls
app.py Dockerfile requirements.txt

jo@CANOAS22 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/docker-python

$ _
```

Dockerfile



```
o@CANOAS22 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/docker-python
 cat dockerfile
# Use an official Python runtime as a parent image
FROM python:2.7-slim
# Set the working directory to /app
WORKDIR /app
# Copy the current directory contents into the container at /app
ADD . /app
# Install any needed packages specified in requirements.txt
RUN pip install --trusted-host pypi.python.org -r requirements.txt
# Make port 80 available to the world outside this container
EXPOSE 80
# Define environment variable
ENV NAME World
# Run app.py when the container launches
CMD ["python", "app.py"]
jo@CANOAS22 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/docker-python
```

App.py



```
$ cat app.py
from flask import Flask
from redis import Redis, RedisError
import os
import socket
# Connect to Redis
redis = Redis(host="redis", db=0, socket connect timeout=2, socket timeout=2)
app = Flask( name )
@app.route("/")
def hello():
    try:
        visits = redis.incr("counter")
    except RedisError:
        visits = "<i>cannot connect to Redis, counter disabled</i>"
    html = "<h3>Hello {name}!</h3>" \
           "<b>Hostname:</b> {hostname}<br/>' \
           "<b>Visits:</b> {visits}"
    return html.format(name=os.getenv("NAME", "world"), hostname=socket.gethostname(), visits=visits)
if name == " main ":
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=80)
 o@CANOAS22 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/docker-python
```



```
$ docker build .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 5.12kB
Step 1/7 : FROM python:2.7-slim
 .7-slim: Pulling from library/python
683abbb4ea60: Already exists
8af590abc616: Already exists
f6cf6c5b7946: Already exists
e61a0272532e: Already exists
Digest: sha256:8ccd3a1e1836e2d1d1abda0c7f56b726fe70e2f4148190ce38456021c5ffc744
Status: Downloaded newer image for python:2.7-slim
 ---> 02ca219cf841
Step 2/7 : WORKDIR /app
Removing intermediate container 1b7090cd5e6e
 ---> d7d5a1318761
Step 3/7 : ADD . /app
 ---> e7a0d7e210ad
Step 4/7 : RUN pip install --trusted-host pypi.python.org -r requirements.txt
 ---> Running in 8690b6d6a8f8
Collecting Flask (from -r requirements.txt (line 1))
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/7f/e7/08578774ed4536d3242b14dacb4696386634607af824ea997202cd0edb4b/Flask-1.0.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (91kB)
Collecting Redis (from -r requirements.txt (line 2))
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/3b/f6/7a76333cf0b9251ecf49efff635015171843d9b977e4ffcf59f9c4428052/redis-2.10.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl (64kB)
 collecting itsdangerous>=0.24 (from Flask->-r requirements.txt (line 1))
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/dc/b4/a60bcdba945c00f6d608d8975131ab3f25b22f2bcfe1dab221165194b2d4/itsdangerous-0.24.tar.gz (46kB)
Collecting Jinja2>=2.10 (from Flask->-r requirements.txt (line 1))
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/7f/ff/ae64bacdfc95f27a016a7bed8e8686763ba4d277a78ca76f32659220a731/Jinja2-2.10-py2.py3-none-any.whl (126kB)
Collecting Werkzeug>=0.14 (from Flask->-r requirements.txt (line 1))
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/20/c4/12e3e56473e52375aa29c4764e70d1b8f3efa6682bef8d0aae04fe335243/Werkzeug-0.14.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (322kB)
Collecting click>=5.1 (from Flask->-r requirements.txt (line 1))
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/34/c1/8806f99713ddb993c5366c362b2f908f18269f8d792aff1abfd700775a77/click-6.7-py2.py3-none-any.whl (71kB)
Collecting MarkupSafe>=0.23 (from Jinja2>=2.10->Flask->-r requirements.txt (line 1))
 Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/4d/de/32d741db316d8fdb7680822dd37001ef7a448255de9699ab4bfcbdf4172b/MarkupSafe-1.0.tar.gz
Building wheels for collected packages: itsdangerous, MarkupSafe
 Running setup.py bdist wheel for itsdangerous: started
 Running setup.py bdist wheel for itsdangerous: finished with status 'done'
 Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/2c/4a/61/5599631c1554768c6290b08c02c72d7317910374ca602ff1e5
  Running setup.py bdist_wheel for MarkupSafe: started
  Running setup.py bdist_wheel for MarkupSafe: finished with status 'done'
 Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/33/56/20/ebe49a5c612fffe1c5a632146b16596f9e64676768661e4e46
 uccessfully built itsdangerous MarkupSafe
Installing collected packages: itsdangerous, MarkupSafe, Jinja2, Werkzeug, click, Flask, Redis
Successfully installed Flask-1.0.2 Jinja2-2.10 MarkupSafe-1.0 Redis-2.10.6 Werkzeug-0.14.1 click-6.7 itsdangerous-0.24
Removing intermediate container 8690b6d6a8f8
 ---> ffed86045138
Step 5/7 : EXPOSE 80
 ---> Running in f9b1f54276d1
Removing intermediate container f9b1f54276d1
 ---> be10482adc5f
Step 6/7 : ENV NAME World
---> Running in e12809f3f0ee
Removing intermediate container e12809f3f0ee
 ---> e16a11f5b811
Step 7/7 : CMD ["python", "app.py"]
 ---> Running in 0ecf26397201
Removing intermediate container 0ecf26397201
 ---> 436b23ebf863
 uccessfully built 436b23ebf863
```



docker ps

b14abc857cf2

IMAGE

bamplifier/docker-python-test



```
$ docker run -p 4000:80 bamplifier/docker-python-test
Unable to find image 'bamplifier/docker-python-test:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from bamplifier/docker-python-test
                                                                                                                 ×
683abbb4ea60: Already exists
8af590abc616: Already exists
                                                                 localhost:4000
f6cf6c5b7946: Already exists
e61a0272532e: Already exists
                                                                          (i) localhost:4000
6134331c2d29: Already exists
b5569e5b6380: Already exists
7dcaf1b1b3b2: Already exists
                                                           Hello World!
Digest: sha256:5fc2627e0d94acb7f2e9af72e8f51822946e5c6deca
Status: Downloaded newer image for bamplifier/docker-pytho

    Serving Flask app "app" (lazy loading)

                                                           Hostname: b14abc857cf2
 * Environment: production
                                                            Visits: cannot connect to Redis, counter disabled
  WARNING: Do not use the development server in a product
  Use a production WSGI server instead.
 * Debug mode: off
 * Running on http://0.0.0.0:80/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
172.17.0.1 - - [11/Jul/2018 14:52:05] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200
172.17.0.1 - - [11/Jul/2018 14:52:06] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -
172.17.0.1 - - [11/Jul/2018 14:54:00] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
172.17.0.1 - - [11/Jul/2018 14:54:07] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

CREATED

38 minutes ago

STATUS

Up 38 minutes

PORTS

0.0.0.0:4000->80/tcp

COMMAND

"python app.py"

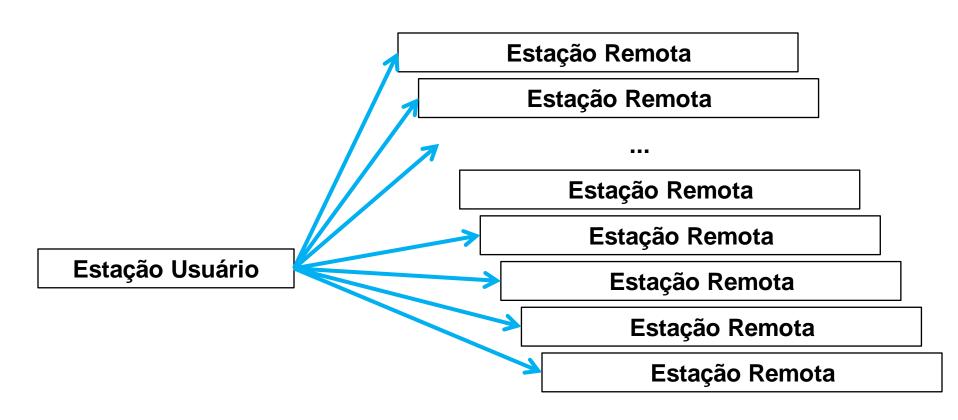
Demo Docker-Python

- Instalar Docker
- Demonstração

Projeto loT: Estação do Clima

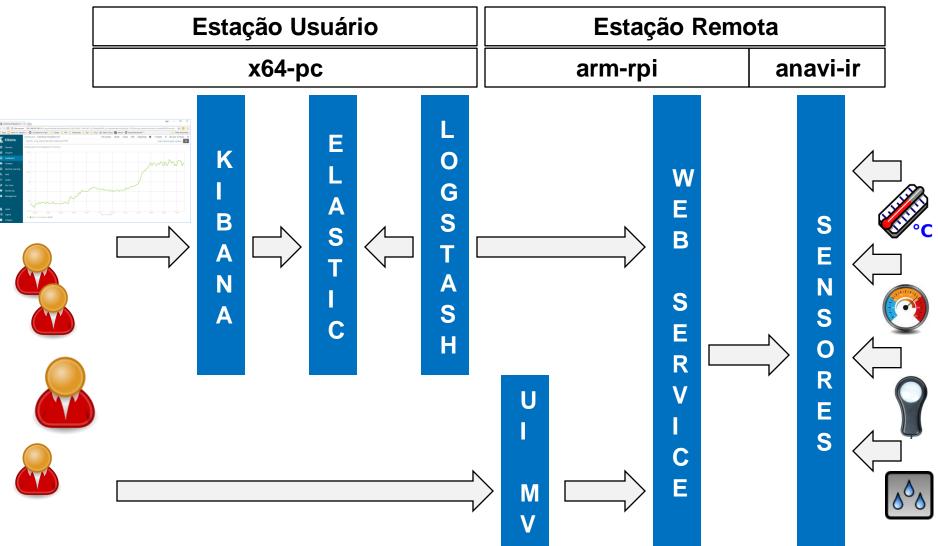


- Coleta de dados em tempo real por Estações Remotas
- Sensores de temperatura, pressão e umidade
- Painel do Clima na Estação do Usuário faz acompanhamento



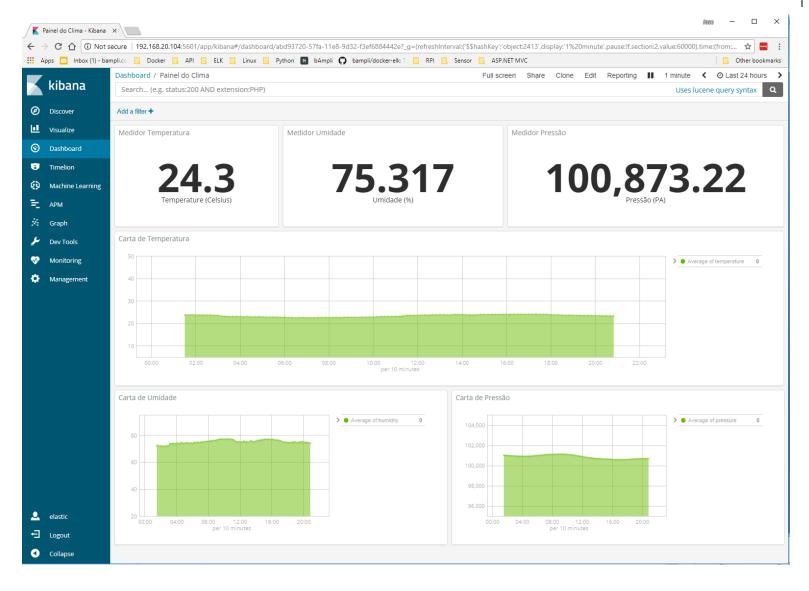
Projeto IoT: Estação do Clima





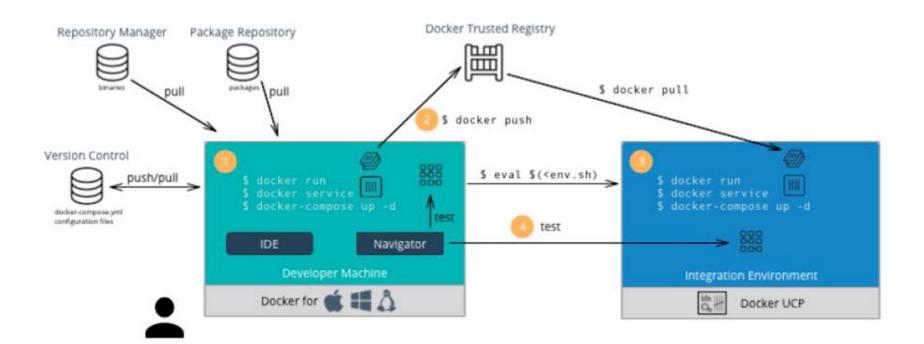
Painel do Clima





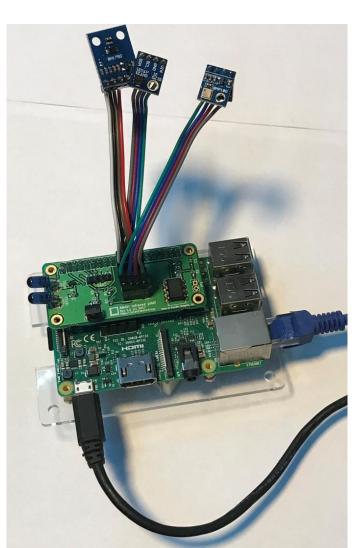
Workflow P&D Software





Estação Remota

- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B
 - CPU Quad Core 64-bit 1.2 GHz
 - 1 GB RAM
 - Micro SD 15 GB
 - Wireless Lan / Ethernet 100 Mbps
 - GPIO 40-pinos
- ANAVI Infrared pHAT
 - 2 x transmissores IR
 - Receptor IR photo sensor
 - Sensor pressão barométrica
 - Sensor temperatura e umidade
 - Sensor intensidade de luz







A partir do <u>loT Starter Pi Thing</u>:

- API First Design
- SwaggerHub gera código de web service
- ASP.NET MVC gera código da interface usuário
- Visual Studio 2017 Community IDE integra projetos
- Build realizado em PC x64 veloz cria imagem Docker
- Push imagem para DockerHub registry
- Deploy na Raspberry Pi fazendo pull imagem
- Docker-Compose orquestra microservices & rede

Estação Usuário



- ELK Stack
 - Logstash rastreia informações
 - Elastic armazena informações
 - Kibana gera dashboard com gráficos
- Docker for Windows com CentOS Linux

Orquestração Docker-Compose