**2018年长沙市初中学业水平考试试卷**

**英语**

**注意事项：**

1. **答题前，请考生先将自己的姓名，准考证号填写清楚，并认真核对条形码上的姓名、准考证号、教室和座位号；**
2. **必须在答题卡上答题，在草稿纸、试题卷上答题无效；**
3. **答题时，请考生注意各大题题号后面的答题提示；**
4. **请勿折叠答题卡，保持字体工整，笔记清晰，卡面清洁；**
5. **答题卡上不能使用涂改液、涂改胶和贴纸；**
6. **本学科试卷中听力材料以中速朗读两遍。**

**试卷分为四个部分，共8页，75小题，时量120分钟，满分120分。**

**Ⅰ**．**听力技能（两部分，共20小题，计20分）**

**第一节 听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。（共5小题，计5分）**

1．Who gave the watch to the boy？

A．His father． B．His sister． C．His brother．

2．What are the speakers talking about？

A．The Spring Festival．

B．The Dragon Boat Festival．

C．The Mid-Autumn Festival．

3．What's the matter with Cindy？

A．She has a fever． B．She has a headache． C．She has a toothache．

4．Where does the woman want to go？

A．To the zoo． B．To the park． C．To the airport．

5．Which of the following does Tina like best？

A．Game shows． B．Talk shows． C．Talent shows．

**第二节 听下面6段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有2-3个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。（共15小题，计15分）**

**听第六段对话，回答第6、7小题。**

6．What does Eric want to be？

A．A teacher． B．A doctor． C．An artist．

7．Where does the girl's father work？

A．In a hospital． B．In a high school． C．In a college．

**听第七段对话，回答第8、9小题。**

8．What's the probable relationship between Cathy and Patrick？

A．Strangers． B．Classmates． C．Workmates．

9．How does Cathy practice her spoken English？

A．By singing songs． B．By watching movies． C．By taking after-school classes．

**听第八段对话，回答第10、11小题。**

10．Where did the woman find her mobile phone？

A．In the bag． B．Under the book． C．On the table．

11．How much is the mobile phone？

A．1，000 yuan． B．1，500 yuan． C．2，000 yuan．

**听第九段对话，回答第12至14小题。**

12．What day is it today？

A．Monday． B．Thursday． C．Saturday．

13．How often do the cousins get together？

A．Once a week． B．Once a month． C．Once a year．

14．How many Cokes will Peter buy？

A．Seven． B．Nine． C．Eleven．

**听第十段对话，回答第15至17小题。**

15．What are the speakers going to do first？

A．To watch a movie． B．To visit the museum． C．To have a drink．

16．Where is the coffee shop？

A．Next to the cinema． B．In front of the museum． C．Across from the bank．

17．How will the speakers go to the museum？

A．On foot． B．By bus． C．By bike．

**听下面一段独白，回答第18至20小题。**

18．Why is Steve going to Beijing？

A．Because his aunt is terribly ill．

B．Because his aunt will get married．

C．Because his aunt just had her second baby．

19．What will Steve do in Dalian？

A．Go shopping． B．Go fishing． C．Go swimming．

20．When will Steve arrive in Changsha？

A．On the 18th． B．On the 19th． C．On the 20th．

**Ⅱ**．**知识运用（两部分，共20小题，计20分）**

**第一节 语法填空 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳答案填空。（共10小题，每题1分， 计10分）**

21．-The weather report says it's going to have a shower this afternoon．

-It does？ We'd better\_\_\_\_now， just in case．（　　）

A．to leave B．leaving C．leave

22．-Is the man over there Adam？

-It\_\_\_\_be him．He has gone to Hong Kong on vacation．（　　）

A．must B．can't C．mustn't

23. -Do the twins look the same？

-No．Jane is\_\_\_\_taller than Claire．（　　）

A．little B．more C．a little

24. - How many apples can I have？

-You can have two．\_\_\_are for Jim．（　　）

A．The others B．Others C．The other

25. You mustn't drive a car on the road\_\_\_\_you get a driver's license．（　　）

A．unless B．if C．since

26．-Mom， I bought us two tickets to the 2018World Cup in Russia．

-Really？\_\_\_\_\_pleasant surprise!（　　）

A．How B．What C．What a

27．British physicist Stephen Hawking， who\_\_\_\_as the "smartest man alive"， passed away in England on March 14， 2018．（　　）

A．praised B．was praised C．will be praised

28. As long as the whole of our society\_\_\_\_\_trying， we will make our skies blue again．（　　）

A．keeps B．will keep C．kept

29. Kids， I hope you'll remember the good old days\_\_\_\_we spent together in junior high though it's time to say goodbye．（　　）

A．who B．what C．which

30. -Does anybody want to share\_\_\_\_on Father's Day？

-Guess what？ I'll write a poem for my dad．（　　）

A．when will you shop B．what you will do C．where you will go

**第二节 词语填空 通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案（共10小题，共10分）**

When I was fifteen years old， I became very interested in shopping．After a while being just a

buyer， I wanted to 31 something．I had many things that I no longer needed at home．I knew with the help of my father I could make money．So for months and months I 32 myself by selling things on my dad's bank account（账户）．

On July 18th， 2015， I made my own account and began to start my own 33 ．Things were going great and then I realized that selling things around the house wasn't 34 for me， so I decided to expand （拓展）my business by running a re-sale shop．I went around to the yard sales and bought things at low prices and sold them at 35 prices to make money．

Last October．I went to a yard sale that was a little bit different．A lady had many nice things

to sell．I went up to her and had a 36 with her．Through the communication， I knew she was jobless at that moment and needed money to feed her family．I thought I could do it better and more quickly for her．So I made a decision to help her out．She looked at me for a while and then said 37 ．After that I took away some of her things and over the next month I made ￥1，500for her! When I gave her the money， she broke down into tears（眼泪） 38 ．

I have never felt so 39 to help someone in my life．I know my skills could be used to help those in need and that even one small act of kindness could 40 ．

31．A．buy B．sell C．produce

32．A．annoyed B．enjoyed C．punished

33．A．business B．holiday C．education

34．A．familiar B．helpful C．enough

35．A．higher B．lower C．half

36．A．competition B．fight C．conversation

37．A．no B．yes C．sorry

38．A．peacefully B．regretfully C．thankfully

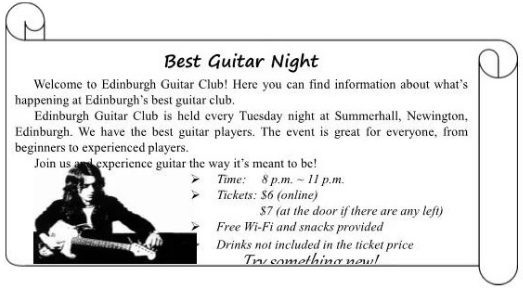
39．A．worried B．stressed C．pleased

40．A．make a difference B．make a mess C．make a mistake

**Ⅲ．阅读技能（四部分，共24小题，计48分）**

**第一节 图表理解 阅读下面的图表，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共5小题，计10分）**

**A**



41．The ticket price includes the following EXCEPT ．

A．drinks B．snacks C．free Wi-Fi

42．From the poster（海报） above， we can know that ．

A．the event ends at 10p．m．

B．the event is just for the best players

C．the ticket online is cheaper than that at the door

**B**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name | Jonathan Smith |
| Date of birth | Feb．25，2001 |
| Place of birth | New York， NY．the USA |
| Contact  （联系方式） | Address： 37Greenfield Road， Sydney， Australia  Telephone：0123186225689  E-mail：jonathan@myspace．com |
| Education | GED-12， including English and math  Greenfield High School， Sydney， Australia |
| Work experience | Waiter at Betty's Pizza Restaurant on Saturdays-9months； Volunteer as a judge （裁判） in Greenfield Nursery School sports meeting-3times |
| Languages | English-first language  Chinese-second language |
| Skills and interests | Sports， singing， drawing， traveling， gardening |

43．According to the chart（图表）， how old is Jonathan this year？

A．17． B．27． C．37．

44．Where did Jonathan receive his high school education？

A．In London． B．In New York． C．In Sydney．

45．The chart tells us that ．

A．Jonathan hasn't got any work experience

B．Jonathan knows two languages and loves life

C．Jonathan can be contacted through WeChat messages

**第二节 短文理解 阅读下面的短文，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共10小题，计20分）**

**A**

After wandering （闲逛）around in the city for a long time， Tom finally found himself standing in front of the palace．He looked through its golden gate， hoping to take a look at a real prince（王子）．



There were some guards（卫兵） standing at both sides of the gate Tom， dressed badly， was moving nervously past them when he suddenly caught sight of a well-dressed boy who was followed by several servants．He was no doubt the prince！

Tom was excited．He wanted to get close to the prince and have a good look at him．However， a guard saw him and stopped him rudely（粗鲁地）．

The young prince， whose name was Edward， was angry with the guard for his rudeness．He asked the guard to open the gate and took Tom to his room in the palace．

The two boys became good friends．They even exchanged their clothes after Tom told Edward that he had dreamt about dressing like a prince， As they stood side by side in front of a great mirror， they were surprised to find that they looked almost like twins!

The two boys were in each other's clothes when Edward suddenly noticed a bruise（淤伤） on Tom's hand．He soon realized that it was caused by the guard who had stopped Tom rudely．In a moment， the young prince ran out of the room．He decided to punish the guard．

However， the guard didn't realize that the prince was in Tom's old worn clothes．He hit Edward heavily on the ear and threw him out of the palace．

46．Why did Tom look through the gate of the palace？

A．To talk with the guard． B．To ask for a place to live in． C．To have a look at a real prince．

47．How did Tom feel while moving past the guards？

A．Nervous． B．Excited． C．Proud．

48．When Tom was stopped， Edward got mad because of ．

A．the bad manners of Tom B．the strict rules of the palace C．the rude behavior of the guard

49．Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage？

A．Edward and Tom were twin brothers．

B．Edward was kind， caring and friendly．

C．Edward was tired of living in the palace．

50. We can infer（推断） from the passage that ．

A．blood is thicker than water B．two heads are better than one C．never judge people by their looks

**B**

Elephants are the largest land animals alive today．African elephants live in family groups called herds（群）．All of the elephants in the herd take care of each other．The leader of the herd is an old mother elephant．She is the matriarch （族长）．A herd may have as few as eight or as many as 100elephants．The other elephants follow the matriarch because she knows how to keep them safe from coming danger．



Elephants learn by watching and copying other elephants， and also learn from life．Baby elephants stay with their mothers until they are fully grown at about ten years old．Elephants live to be 50or 60years old．Elephants are smart animals with long memories．In the dry season， a matriarch can remember where water was found in the past．The herd will follow her there．She can also remember the safest place for baby elephants to cross a fast-moving river．

Elephants talk to each other with ***rumbling*** sounds．Some rumbling sounds are so low and deep that people are unable to hear them．Elephants hear sounds not only with their ears， but also with their feet， and even trunks （long noses of the elephants）．They also greet each other by touching with their trunks and feet．If danger appears， mothers beat their ears to call their babies to them．

Other animals don't usually attack（攻击） elephants．However， a lion might try to attack a sick elephant or a baby．If this happens， the adult elephants circle around the baby elephants．The adults make louder sounds and hit the ground with their trunks．The matriarch puts herself between the lion and the herd．She beats her ears out to make herself look even larger．Then she lowers her herd and attacks the enemy（敌人） in a big cloud of dust（灰尘）．

51．According to Paragraph（段落） One， an elephant herd ．

A．has a father elephant as the leader

B．owns a matriarch who keeps it away from danger

C．always has several leaders and hundreds of elephants

52．Long memories help elephants to ．

A．choose their matriarch B．communicate with each other C．find water and cross the river

53．What does the underlined word "***rumbling***" mean？

A．低沉的 B．尖细的 C．高亢的

54．Why do the adult elephants circle around their babies？

A．To keep their babies safe． B．To welcome their friends． C．To attack their enemies．

55．The passage mainly tells us about ．

A．why the elephants live in herds

B．what the elephants' living habits are

C．how the elephants avoid being attacked

**第三节 语篇补全 阅读下面的短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全短文。选项中有一项为多余选项。（共4小题，计8分）**

A good memory is often seen as something that comes naturally， while a bad memory as something that cannot be changed．In fact， there is a lot that you can do to improve your memory．Here are some tips（贴士） for you．



◆56．

We all remember the things we are interested in， and always forget the ones that bore us．This explains the reason why schoolboys remember football results easily but struggle（挣扎） with dates from their history lessons! Develop an active interest in what you want to remember．One way to make yourself more interested is to ask questions-the more， the better!

◆ **Repeat things in chunks（块）．**

Repeating things in chunks is the best way to remember things for a short time， for example， remembering a phone number for a few seconds．57． The following numbers would be impossible for most of us to remember： 1492178919318483．But look at them in "groups" or "chunks" repeatedly， and it becomes much easier： 1492 1789 19318483．

◆**Invent a story**．

To remember long lists， try inventing a story which includes all the things you want to remember．In experiments， people were asked to remember up to 120words using this way．When they were tested later， they could remember about 90% of them．58．

◆Take physical exercise．

Physical exercise is important for your memory， because it increases your heart rate（心率） and sends more oxygen（氧气） to your brain， and that makes your memory work better．59． As we know， too much pressure is very bad for the memory．

|  |
| --- |
| A．Take an interest．  B．Exercise also lowers stress．  C．The test result was really amazing!  D．Another way to improve memory is to get enough rest．  E．Grouping numbers may help you to remember them． |

**第四节 阅读表达 阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容回答问题（共5小题，计10分）**

In Hebei， there is a small village called Yeli．Through the village，you can see green trees along the riverbank．However， you can hardly imagine that， about 16years ago， this area was covered with rocks and weeds（杂草）．The big change is all because of years of hard work by two best friends： Jia Haixia， who is blind， and Jia Wenqi， who has no arms．



The two friends decided to plant trees to make a living back in 2002．Although both are disabled， they learned to work together by becoming each other's eyes and hands．With little money to buy young trees， they had to collect and plant cuttings（插枝，插条）．Every morning， they went to the riverbank together．Jia Wenqi walked in the front and Jia Haixia followed him by holding one of his friends empty sleeves （衣袖）．After they arrived at the riverbank， Jia Haixia would climb on his friend's shoulders to get cuttings and Jia Wenqi would tell him which cuttings were the best．After that， they dug holes on the ground and watered the cuttings together．

They planted 800trees in the first year， but only two survived （存活）．They didn't give up．Instead， they continued to plant more in the next few years．The riverbank is now home to over ten thousand trees．

Today， the two friends no longer need to make a living by planting trees， but they have no plans to stop．They aim to plant as many trees as possible in the area so as to protect the village from flooding （洪水）and to improve the local environment．

60．Where did the story take place？

61．Could people see many green trees there 16years ago？

62．How did these two disabled men work together？（ No more than 12words）

63．How many trees are there along the riverbank nowadays？

64．What's the purpose of their planting trees now？

**Ⅳ．写作技能（三部分，共11小题，共32分）**

**第三节 语篇翻译 阅读下面的短文，将划线部分译成英文或中文。（共5小题，计10分）**

People have been trying to find out if homework is good or bad for school children， and they have different opinions．



65．Some people think that homework is an important part of learning for students．They believe it not only enables children to practice what they have learned in class， but also helps improve their handwriting．They also say that homework helps teach children how to work on their own．66．Also， it's a skill which is useful to them in future life．

Others disagree， though．67．他们认为家庭作业给孩子们太多的压力．And the time spent on homework could have been used to do other activities like reading and playing sports．To back up their opinion， they give the example of Finland（芬兰）．68．在芬兰， 学生几乎没什么作业．But the country remains one of the most educationally successful countries in the world．

Here is my point of view（观点） on this matter．69．Whether the homework is good or bad depends on the purpose of it．If there is no clear reason for giving homework， the students won't get anything from doing it， so it should not be set．However， I still believe that homework can really help with children's learning， if teachers clearly tell them why they should do the homework and let them know how they have done in their homework．

65．

66．

67．

68．

69．

**第二节 情景交际 通读下面的对话，根据上下文补全对话内容（共5小题，计10分）**

A： Hey， Emily， how's it going？

B： 70 ．You know what？ I've made some progress in English， and I got an "A" in the last exam．

A： Wow， good for you! Your efforts finally paid off． 71 ？

B： Well， I just listened to the teacher carefully in class．Besides， reading English newspapers and

novels helped me a lot．

A： No wonder grammar is just a piece of cake for you now．

B： Anyhow， I still have a long way to go．By the way．I called you at nine o'clock last night， but

you didn't answer． 72 ？

A： Oh， terribly sorry．I was watching the movie Amazing China． 73 ？

B： Yes， I have．Amazing China really shows us how amazing China is! All the Chinese people are proud of our country．

A： I cant agree more．I'd like to watch more movies like that after the big exam in June．But now

I have to go all out for the exam．

B： You are right．Study comes first．Good luck， my friend．

A： 74 ．The same to you!

**第三节 书面表达（计12分）**

75．假如你是李华，于4月13日星期五这一天参加了学校组织的郊游活动．请你以 school trip 为主题，写一则英文日记，内容包括参加活动的人员、集合时间、郊游地点、交通方式、活动内容以及个人感受等．

要求：（1）80词左右（开头已给出，不计入总词数）；

（2）可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

（3）日记中不得出现真实的人名和校名．

Friday， April 13th

It was sunny today．We went on a school trip．

2018年长沙市初中学业水平考试试卷

**参考答案**

Ⅰ.听力技能

1-5 CBBCA ^6-10 CABBB 11-15 ACBAC

16-20 CACAB

II. 知识运用

1. 语法填空

21-25CBCAA 26-30CBACB

1. 词语填空

31-35BBACA 36-40 CBCCA

III.阅读技能

第一节 图表理解

* 1. ACACB

第二节 短文理解

46-50 CACBC 51-55 BCAAB

56-59 AECB

1. 阅读表达

60. In Yeli, Hebei.

61.No

62.They worked together by becoming each other’s eyes and hands.

63. Over ten thousand.

64. To protect the village from flooding and to improve the local environment.

IV. 写作技能

1. 语篇翻译

65. 一些人认为家庭作业是学生学习的一个重要部分。

66. 而且，这是一种对他们未来生活有用的技能。

67. They think homework puts too much stress on children.

68. In Finland, students have little homework.

69.家庭作业的好坏取决于其目的。

1. 情景交际

70. Pretty good.

71. How did you make such progress?

72. What were you doing?

73. Have you ever watched it?

74. Thank you.

第三节 书面表达 略

**参考答案与解析**

**Ⅰ**．**听力技能（两部分，共20小题，计20分）**

答案：略

**Ⅱ**．**知识运用（两部分，共20小题，计20分）**

**第一节 语法填空 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳答案填空。（共10小题，每题1分， 计10分）**

21．-The weather report says it's going to have a shower this afternoon．

-It does？ We'd better\_\_\_\_now， just in case．（　　）

A．to leave B．leaving C．leave

【知识考点】固定句式．

【思路分析】-天气预报说今天下午有阵雨．

-真的吗？我们最好离开，以防万一．

【解答过程】根据We'd better\_\_\_\_now，可知had better+动词原形，表示最好做某事，这是固定用法．

故选：C．

【总结归纳】熟悉固定句式的基本用法，结合选项给出答案．

22．-Is the man over there Adam？

-It\_\_\_\_be him．He has gone to Hong Kong on vacation．（　　）

A．must B．can't C．mustn't

【知识考点】情态动词．

【思路分析】--那边那个人是亚当吗？

--不可能是他，他去香港度假了．

【解答过程】考查情态动词．A必须．B不可能．C不允许．结合语境"--那边那个人是亚当吗？--\_\_是他，他去香港度假了．"．可知，表示否定推测，用can't不可能．

故选：B．

【总结归纳】情态动词无人称和数的变化；不能单独使用，必须与其后的动词原形构成谓语．否定形式通常在后面加not．要注意情态动词的不同用法．

23．-Do the twins look the same？

-No．Jane is\_\_\_\_taller than Claire．（　　）

A．little B．more C．a little

【知识考点】形容词词义辨析．

【思路分析】这对双胞胎长得一样吗？

-不．简比克莱尔高一点．

【解答过程】考查形容词词义辨析．A．little少量，后接不可数名词；B．more更，比较级taller 前不能用more；C．a little一点，修饰比较级，起强调作用；根据题干Jane is\_\_\_\_taller than Claire．可知简比克莱尔高一点．

故选：C．

【总结归纳】理解三个选项的含义，根据题干taller than Claire．结合选项作答．

24．- How many apples can I have？

-You can have two．\_\_\_are for Jim．（　　）

A．The others B．Others C．The other

【知识考点】同义词、近义词的辨析．

【思路分析】--我能有多少苹果？

--你可以有两个，其它的是给吉姆的．

【解答过程】考查同义词．the others意思是"其他东西，其余的人"．特指某一范围内的"其他的（人或物）"．others相当于other+复数名词，泛指"另外几个"，"其余的"．the other（两个中）另一个．句意"--我能有多少苹果？--你可以有两个，其它的是给吉姆的．"．可知，特指其它的苹果．用the others做主语．

故选：A．

【总结归纳】考查同义词．要结合语境，结合选项，积累一些固定搭配的用法，选择合适的同义词形式完成试题．

25．You mustn't drive a car on the road\_\_\_\_you get a driver's license．（　　）

A．unless B．if C．since

【知识考点】从属连词．

【思路分析】除非你有驾驶执照，否则你不能在路上开车．

【解答过程】选项A意为：除非，选项B意为：如果，选项C意为：自从．结合句意：除非你有驾驶执照，否则你不能在路上开车．

故选：A．

【总结归纳】本题考查连词的辨析组．理解句意并熟记词的用法是解答本题的关键．

26．-Mom， I bought us two tickets to the 2018World Cup in Russia．

-Really？\_\_\_\_\_pleasant surprise!（　　）

A．How B．What C．What a

【知识考点】感叹句．

【思路分析】--妈妈，我买了两张2018年俄罗斯世界杯的门票．

--真的吗？真是个惊喜！

【解答过程】语中的感叹句要由what和how来引导，其句型是：How+形容词/副词+主语+谓语+其他!What+（a/an）+形容词+名词+主语+谓语+其他!根据所给的单词，形容词是pleasant，名词surprise可数名词单数，pleasant以辅音音素开头的，需要加冠词a，应用what来感叹．

故选：C．

【总结归纳】本题考查了感叹句的用法．解答时需注意感叹句的基本结构：What+a/an+形容词+可数名词单数+主语+谓语!What+形容词+可数名词复数/不可数名词+主语+谓语!How+形容词/副词+主语+谓语!

27．British physicist Stephen Hawking， who\_\_\_\_as the "smartest man alive"， passed away in England on March 14， 2018．（　　）

A．praised B．was praised C．will be praised

【知识考点】一般过去时的被动语态．

【思路分析】英国物理学家斯蒂芬•霍金，被赞扬为"活着的最聪明的人"，于2018年3月14日在英国去世．

【解答过程】根据题意：英国物理学家斯蒂芬•霍金，被赞扬为"活着的最聪明的人"，于2018年3月14日在英国去世．可知考查被动语态，时态为一般过去时，其结构为were/was+过去分词．

故选：B．

【总结归纳】熟悉一般过去时被动语态的基本用法，结合选项给出答案．

28．As long as the whole of our society\_\_\_\_\_trying， we will make our skies blue again．（　　）

A．keeps B．will keep C．kept

【知识考点】一般现在时．

【思路分析】只要我们整个社会继续努力，我们就会让我们的天空再次变蓝．

【解答过程】根据题意：只要我们整个社会继续努力，我们就会让我们的天空再次变蓝．可知As long as 引导的条件状语从句用一般现在时表将来．

故选：A．

【总结归纳】熟悉一般现在时的基本用法，结合题意，给出答案．

29．Kids， I hope you'll remember the good old days\_\_\_\_we spent together in junior high though it's time to say goodbye．（　　）

A．who B．what C．which

【知识考点】关系代词．

【思路分析】孩子们，尽管是时候说再见了，我希望你们能记住我们在初中时一起度过的美好时光．

【解答过程】根据题意：孩子们，尽管是时候说再见了，我希望你们能记住我们在初中时一起度过的美好时光．可知考查定语从句的关系代词，先行词是 old days，此处作宾语，故用that/which．

故选：C．

【总结归纳】熟悉关系代词的基本用法，结合题意，给出答案．

30．-Does anybody want to share\_\_\_\_on Father's Day？

-Guess what？ I'll write a poem for my dad．（　　）

A．when will you shop B．what you will do C．where you will go

【知识考点】宾语从句．

【思路分析】-有谁愿意分享在父亲节上要做的事吗？

-猜猜是什么？我要为我爸爸写首诗．

【解答过程】根据题干，可知考查宾语从句，宾语从句用陈述语序，故排除A；由I'll write a poem for my dad，可知回答的是要做的事，应该用what提问．

故选：B．

【总结归纳】熟悉宾语从句的基本用法，结合题意，给出答案．

**第二节 词语填空 通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案（共10小题，共10分）**

【知识考点】记叙文．

【思路分析】文章主要介绍了作者在网上购物挣钱的经历，并发现了一个失去工作的教师，帮老人卖掉了所有的东西摆脱了困境．

【解答过程】31-35：BBACA； 36-40：CBCCA。

31．B 考查动词辨析．A买；B卖；C生产；根据后面I had many things that I no longer needed at home家里有很多东西不再需要，应该是想卖什么东西，故答案是B．

32．B 考查动词辨析．A使恼怒；B喜欢；C惩罚；根据I knew with the help of my father I could make money． So for months and months I （　　） myself by selling things on my dad's bank account（账户）．我知道，在父亲的帮助下，我可以赚钱．所以好几个月，我在爸爸的银行账户上卖东西应该是玩得很开心，enjoy oneself玩得开心，故答案是B．

33．A 考查名词辨析．A生意；B假期；C教育；根据下文 so I decided to expand （拓展）my business 想拓展我的生意，前面应该开始了自己的生意，故答案是A．

34．C 考查形容词辨析．A熟悉的；B有帮助的；C足够的；根据后面so I decided to expand my business by running a re-sale shop．所以我决定经营一家再出售店来扩大业务，可知前面 I realized that selling things around the house我意识到房子周围卖东西，是不够的，故答案是C．

35．A 考查形容词辨析．A更高的；B更低的；C一半；根据 I went around to the yard sales and bought things at low prices and sold them at（5）prices to make money我到院子里收东西，低价买东西，后面挣钱，应该是高价卖出，故答案是A．

36．C 考查名词辨析．A竞争，比赛；B战斗；C对话；根据后面Through the communication，通过沟通，可知前面是对话，故答案是C．

37．B 考查动词辨析．A不是；B是的；C对不起；根据So I made a decision to help her out． She looked at me for a while and then said（7）． After that I took away some of her things and over the next month I made ￥1，500for her! 于是我决定帮助她．她看了我一会儿．然后我拿走了她的一些东西，在接下来的一个月里，我为她赚了1500美元．可知是同意了，故答案是B．

38．C 考查副词辨析．A平静地；B遗憾的；C感谢地；根据When I gave her the money， she broke down into tears当我把钱给她时，她泪流满面，结合文章可知是感谢我，故答案是C．

39．C 考查形容词辨析．A担心的；B紧张的；C高兴的；根据后面help someone in my life帮助 别人，还感谢他，应该是非常高兴的，故答案是C．

40．A 考查短语辨析．A有影响；B弄的一团糟；C犯错误；根据I know my skills could be used to help those in need and that even one small act of kindness could我知道我的技能可以用来帮助那些需要帮助的人，即使是一点小小的善行也可以有作用，故答案是A．

【总结归纳】对于此类记叙文章，答题时需要把握好答题的方法，首先对文章进行整体的阅读，重在对单词词义的考察及其整个文章语言逻辑关系的判断．所以在平时的学习中除了多去积累记忆单词外，还需要适当做题，保持良好的语感与阅读的习惯．

**Ⅲ．阅读技能（四部分，共24小题，计48分）**

**第一节 图表理解 阅读下面的图表，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共5小题，计10分）**

**A**

【知识考点】广告布告类阅读．

【思路分析】短文讲了爱丁堡吉他俱乐部将进行表演，详细的介绍了表演的时间，票价等．

【解答过程】41．A 细节理解题．根据倒数第四行句子Tickets： ￥6（online）￥7（at the door if there are any left）•Free Wi-Fi and snacks provider．可知票价包括以下内容，但不包括饮品．故选A．

42．C 细节理解题．根据倒数第四行句子Tickets： ￥6（online）￥7（at the door if there are any left．可知我们知道网上的票比门口的便宜．故选C．

【总结归纳】在通读全文的基础上，根据全文大意，展开逻辑思维，瞻前顾后，认真观察选项，仔细推敲，确定最佳答案．

**B**

【知识考点】人物故事类阅读．

【思路分析】文章是Jonathan Smith的履历表，介绍了他的姓名，出生时间，出生地，接受的教育，等信息．

【解答过程】43． A 细节理解题，根据Date of birth：Feb.25，2001，可知他的出生时间是2001年，2018-2001=17，所以他现在17岁，故选A．

44． C 细节理解题，根据Education：Greenfield High School， Sydney， Australia，可知他在悉尼接受教育，故选C．

45． B 细节理解题，根据Languages：English-first language，Chinese-second language，可知他会两种语言；根据Skills and interests：Sports， singing， drawing， traveling， gardening，可知他兴趣广泛，喜欢运动，唱歌，画画，旅游，园艺，推出他热爱生活，故选B．

【总结归纳】本文是一篇阅读选择题，做题时要先通读短文，弄清楚短文大意，然后在文中找出相关句子，根据句子选择正确答案．

**第二节 短文理解 阅读下面的短文，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共10小题，计20分）**

A

【知识考点】人物故事类阅读．

【思路分析】汤姆站在宫殿的前面，希望能看到一个真正的王子．他想亲近王子，好好看看他．然而，一个卫兵看见他，粗鲁地拦住了他．年轻的王子，对警卫的无礼感到愤怒．他要求卫兵打开大门，把汤姆带到宫殿里的房间．这两个男孩成了好朋友，他们甚至换了衣服，当他们并肩站在一面大镜子前时，他们惊奇地发现他们看起来几乎像双胞胎一样．爱德华突然注意到汤姆的手上有瘀伤．他很快意识到这是因为那个卫兵粗鲁地拦住汤姆．一会儿，年轻的王子跑出了房间．他决定惩罚卫兵．然而，卫兵没有意识到王子穿着汤姆破旧的衣服，他重重地打了爱德华一耳光，把他从宫殿里赶了出来．

【解答过程】46．C细节理解题，根据 He looked through its golden gate， hoping to take a look at a real prince可知汤姆透过金门看了看，是希望能看到一个真正的王子．故答案为：C．

47．A细节理解题，根据Tom， dressed badly， was moving nervously past them when he suddenly caught sight of a well-dressed boy who was followed by several servants可知汤姆经过士兵时感到紧张，故答案为：A．

48．C细节理解题，根据The young prince， whose name was Edward， was angry with the guard for his rudeness可知爱德华是对警卫的无礼感到愤怒，故答案为：C．

49．B细节理解题，根据The young prince， whose name was Edward， was angry with the guard for his rudeness年轻的王子，名叫爱德华，对警卫的粗鲁感到愤怒．即他很善良，和The two boys became good friends，The two boys were in each other's clothes when Edward suddenly noticed a bruise（淤伤） on Tom's hand这两个男孩成了好朋友，这两个男孩互相穿上衣服，爱德华突然发现汤姆的手上有瘀伤．可知爱德华是一个爱善良、关心和友善的人．故答案为：B．

50．C推断理解题，根据 最后一段However， the guard didn't realize that the prince was in Tom's old worn clothes． He hit Edward heavily on the ear and threw him out of the palace然而，卫兵没有意识到王子穿着汤姆破旧的衣服，他重重地打了爱德华一耳光，把他从宫殿里赶了出来，可知从文章我们可以推断出一个道理：不要以貌取人，故答案为：C．

【总结归纳】做题的时候要看清要求，要在理解好文意的基础上，与题目有机的结合，从文章中找到相关细节性的句子从而得出符合文章内容的正确答案．

**B**

【知识考点】其他类阅读．

【思路分析】短文讲了大象的生活习性，详细的介绍了它们是怎样应对危险，记忆事物和学习等．

【解答过程】51．B 细节理解题．根据第一段句子She is the matriarch （族长）． A herd may have as few as eight or as many as 100elephants． The other elephants follow the matriarch because she knows how to keep them safe from coming danger．她是族长．一群大象可能只有8头或多达100头．其他的大象跟着母象，因为母象知道如何保护它们不受危险．可知象群有一个族长，能使象群远离危险．故选B．

52．C 细节理解题．根据第二段句子Elephants are smart animals with long memories． In the dry season， a matriarch can remember where water was found in the past． The herd will follow her there． She can also remember the safest place for baby elephants to cross a fast-moving river．大象是聪明的动物，记忆力很好．在旱季，一个族长会记得过去在哪里发现了水．象群会跟着她．她还记得最安全的地方，让小象穿过湍急的河流．可知长时间的记忆帮助大象找到水并过河．故选C．

53．A 词义猜测题．根据后句Some rumbling sounds are so low and deep that people are unable to hear them．声音很低，人无法听到它们．可知结合选项，应说大象用低沉的声音互相交谈，所以rumbling 意为低沉的．故选A．

54．A 细节理解题．根据最后一段句子 However， a lion might try to attack a sick elephant or a baby． If this happens， the adult elephants circle around the baby elephants． The adults make louder sounds and hit the ground with their trunks．然而，狮子可能会尝试攻击一只生病的大象或婴儿．如果发生这种情况，成年大象围绕着小象旋转．大象发出更大的声音，用它们的鼻子撞击地面． 可知为了保护他们的孩子安全．故选A．

55．B 主旨归纳题．根据这篇文章内容及其第一段句子Elephants are the largest land animals alive today． African elephants live in family groups called herds（群）．大象是现存最大的陆地动物．非洲象生活在被称为"群"的家庭中．和第二段句子Elephants learn by watching and copying other elephants， and also learn from life．大象通过观察和模仿其他大象来学习，也从生活中学习．可知文章主要告诉我们大象的生活习性是什么．故选B．

【总结归纳】在通读全文的基础上，根据全文大意，展开逻辑思维，瞻前顾后，认真观察选项，仔细推敲，确定最佳答案．

**第三节 语篇补全 阅读下面的短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全短文。选项中有一项为多余选项。（共4小题，计8分）**

【知识考点】选句填空．

【思路分析】短文讲了怎样更好的记住事情，文章详细的介绍了一些帮助记忆的方法．

【解答过程】56．A 细节推理题．根据后句We all remember the things we are interested in， and always forget the ones that bore us．我们都记得我们感兴趣的东西，总是忘记那些让我们厌烦的东西．可知结合选项，应说找兴趣．故选A．

57．E 细节推理题．根据前句Repeating things in chunks is the best way to remember things for a short time， for example， remembering a phone number for a few seconds．在短时间内重复记忆是最好的方法，比如记住几秒钟的电话号码．可知结合选项，应说分组数字可以帮助你记住它们．故选E．

58．C 细节推理题．根据前句 In experiments， people were asked to remember up to 120words using this way． When they were tested later， they could remember about 90% of them．在实验中，人们被要求用这种方法记住多达120个单词．当他们后来接受测试时，他们能记住其中的90%．可知结合选项，应说测试结果令人惊叹．故选C．

59．B 细节推理题．根据前句Physical exercise is important for your memory， because it increases your heart rate（心率） and sends more oxygen（氧气） to your brain， and that makes your memory work better．体育锻炼对你的记忆力很重要，因为它能提高你的心率，给你的大脑输送更多的氧气，从而使你的记忆力更好．可知结合选项，应说锻炼还可降低压力．故选B．

【总结归纳】做题时结合原文和题目有针对性找出相关语句进行仔细分析，结合选项选出正确答案．推理判断也是要在抓住关键句子的基础上合理的分析才能得出正确的答案．

**第四节 阅读表达 阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容回答问题（共5小题，计10分）**

【知识考点】阅读表达．

【思路分析】本文介绍了两个残疾人种树的故事．他们相互合作，成为彼此的眼睛和手，他们在第一年种了800棵树，但只有两棵树幸存下来．他们没有放弃，而是在接下来的几年里继续种植，河岸现在有超过一万棵树．

【解答过程】60．In a small village called Yeli．细节理解题，根据The two friends decided to plant trees to make a living back in 2002可知这个故事发生在一个叫耶利的小村庄，故答案为：In a small village called Yeli．

61．No，they couldn't．细节理解题，根据about 16years ago， this area was covered with rocks and weeds可知16年前这没有树，故答案为：No，they couldn't．

62．By becoming each other's eyes and hands．细节理解题，根据they learned to work together by becoming each other's eyes and hands可知他们学会了相互合作，成为彼此的眼睛和手，故答案为：By becoming each other's eyes and hands．

63．The riverbank is now home to over ten thousand trees．细节理解题，根据The riverbank is now home to over ten thousand trees可知河岸现在有超过一万棵树，故答案为：The riverbank is now home to over ten thousand trees．

64．To protect the village from flooding （洪水）and to improve the local environment．细节理解题，根据They aim to plant as many trees as possible in the area so as to protect the village from flooding （洪水）and to improve the local environment．可知他们种树的目的是保护村庄免受洪水和改善当地环境．故答案为：To protect the village from flooding （洪水）and to improve the local environment．

【总结归纳】做题的时候要看清要求，要在理解好文意的基础上，与题目有机的结合，从文章中找到相关细节性的句子从而得出符合文章内容的正确答案．

**Ⅳ．写作技能（三部分，共11小题，共32分）**

**第三节 语篇翻译 阅读下面的短文，将划线部分译成英文或中文。（共5小题，计10分）**

【知识考点】综合型；汉译英；英译汉．

【思路分析】本文讲述的是家庭作业对孩子的好处与坏处．一些人认为家庭作业是学生学习的一个重要部分，还有一些人认为家庭作业给孩子们太多的压力．其实，家庭作业的好坏取决于其目的．

【解答过程】65．一些人认为家庭作业是学生学习的一个重要部分．这是一个宾语从句，Some people think是主句，一些人认为，后面是宾语从句，an important part of learning 是学生学习的一个重要部分．句子翻译题．故答案为：一些人认为家庭作业是学生学习的一个重要部分．

66．而且，这是一种对他们未来生活有用的技能．句子翻译题． which is useful to them in future life是定语从句，先行词是skill．故答案为：而且，这是一种对他们未来生活有用的技能．

67．homework puts too much stress on children．句子翻译题．上下文是一般现在时，此处也应该是一般现在时．They think 是主句，后面是宾语从句，homework是不可数名词，动词应该是第三人称单数．puts too much stress on children给孩子们太多的压力．故答案为：They think homework puts too much stress on children．

68．In Finland． students have little homework．句子翻译题．上下文是一般现在时，此处也应该是一般现在时．little几乎没有，很少，修饰不可数名词．故答案为：In Finland． students have little homework．

79．家庭作业的好坏取决于其目的．句子翻译题．Whether the homework is good or bad 家庭作业的好坏，depend on取决于． 故答案为：家庭作业的好坏取决于其目的．

【总结归纳】本题考查的是句子的翻译．注意翻译的时候要符合语法和固定搭配．

**第二节 情景交际 通读下面的对话，根据上下文补全对话内容（共5小题，计10分）**

【知识考点】补全对话．

【思路分析】A：嘿，Emily，你好吗？

B：很好．你知道吗？我的英语已经取得了一些进展，在过去的考试我得到了一个"A"．

A：哇，对你有好处!你的努力终于得到了回报．你如何取得这样的进步？

B：嗯，我只是在课堂上认真听老师讲课．此外，阅读英语报刊，小说帮了我很多．

A：难怪语法现在对你来说只是小菜一碟．

B：不管怎样，我仍然有很长的路要走．顺便说一下．昨晚九点我给你打电话，但是你没有回答．你在做什么？

A：哦，非常抱歉．我在看电影《神奇中国》．你有没有看过它吗？

B：是的，我看过．神奇的中国向我们展示了中国是多么的神奇!所有的中国人都为我们的国家感到骄傲．

A：我再同意不过了．在6月的大考之后，我想看更多这样的电影．但现在我得全力以赴准备考试了．

B：你是对的．首先要注意学习．祝你好运，我的朋友．

A：谢谢．你也一样!

【解答过程】70．Pretty good．细节推理题．根据前句how's it going？你好吗？可知应说很好．故答案为Pretty good．

71．How did you make such progress？细节推理题．根据后句I just listened to the teacher carefully in class． Besides， reading English newspapers and novels helped me a lot．我只是在课堂上认真听老师讲课．此外，阅读英语报刊，小说帮了我很多．可知应说你如何取得这样的进步？故答案为How did you make such progress？

72．What were you doing？细节推理题．根据后句terribly sorry． I was watching the movie Amazing China．非常抱歉．我在看电影《神奇中国》．可知应说你在做什么？故答案为What were you doing？

73．Have you ever watched it？细节推理题．根据后句Yes， I have． Amazing China really shows us how amazing China is! All the Chinese people are proud of our country．是的，我看过．神奇的中国向我们展示了中国是多么的神奇!所有的中国人都为我们的国家感到骄傲．可知你看过它吗？故答案为Have you ever watched it？

74．Thank you．细节推理题．根据前后句You are right． Study comes first． Good luck， my friend．你是对的．首先要注意学习．祝你好运，我的朋友．可知应说谢谢．故答案为Thank you．

【总结归纳】首先迅速的浏览一遍对话，仔细的分析，根据对话的情境，认真的考虑，做出准确的答案．

**第三节 书面表达（计12分）**

75．

【知识考点】提纲作文．

【思路分析】高分句型一

On arriving there， we were given a warm welcome by the farm workers．一到那里，我们就受到农场工人的热烈欢迎．这是一个被动语态的句子，be+动词的过去分词，表示被……．

高分句型二

It was time for us to leave though we didn't want to．是我们离开的时候了，虽然我们不想离开．It was time for us to do sth．是我们做某事的时候了．

【解答过程】 Friday， April 13th

It was sunmy today． We went on a school trip． 【开头点明主题】We visited the Greenery Farm and it was great fun．All of our classmates met at the school gate at 7： 00 a， m， and went to the farm by bus． On arriving there， we were given a warm welcome by the farm workers【高分句型一】． Then one of the workers showed us around the farm， where we learned a lot about farming．

At noon， we had a picnic， during which we enjoyed ourselves in the sunshine， singing， dancing and flying the kites． We did love the fresh air and the beauty of nature． We took lots of pictures．【正文部分详细介绍这一天的活动】

Time flied! It was time for us to leave though we didn't want to【高分句型二】． It was really an unforgettable and meaningful trip for us．【结尾紧扣主题】

【总结归纳】本篇写作需注意要求中所提供的要点，不可遗漏．需在平时积累相关的词汇，写作中注意语义通顺，符合逻辑关系．上下文之间可以适当使用连接词．如but， so，then等．