**2023年长沙市初中学业水平考试试卷**

**英语**

**注意事项：**

**1.答题前，请考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写清楚，并认真核对条形码上的姓名、准考证号、考室和座位号；**

**2.必须在答题卡上答题，在草稿纸、试题卷上答题无效；**

**3.答题时，请考生注意各大题题号后面的答题提示；**

**4.请勿折叠答题卡，保持字体工整、笔迹清晰、卡面清洁；**

**5.答题卡上不得使用涂改液、涂改胶和贴纸；**

**6.本学科试卷中听力材料以中速朗读两遍。**

**试卷分为四个部分，共8页，71小题，时量120分钟，满分120分。**

**第一部分 听力(共两节，满分20分)**

**第一节(共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分)**

**听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。**

1. What time is John’s train leaving?

A. At 9:15. B. At 9:30. C. At 10:00.

2. How is the weather in Shanghai?

A. Sunny. B. Cloudy. C. Rainy.

3. What does Tina want to be?

A. A pilot. B. An actress. C. A reporter.

4. What does the woman suggest the man do?

A. Use her phone. B. Buy a new phone. C. Repair his phone.

5. How often does Mary have swimming lessons?

A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Every day.

**第二节 (共15小题：每小题1分，满分15分)**

**听下面6段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小顾5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。**

听第六段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. Where does the man want to go?

A. To a supermarket. B. To a bank. C. To a post office.

7. How will the man probably go there?

A. On foot. B. By taxi. C. By subway.

听第七段材料，回答第8、9题。

8. What are the speakers doing?

A. Ordering food. B. Feeding animals. C. Washing the dishes.

9. What food does Sally like?

A. Chicken. B. Eggs. C. Fish.

听第八段材料，回答第10、11题。

10. When is Emily supposed to hand in the report?

A. This Wednesday. B. This Thursday. C. Next Monday.

11. What does the man advise Emily to do with the report?

A. Check it carefully. B. Hand it in later. C. Leave it with him.

听第九段材料，回答第12至14题。

12 Why did Tracy bring the dogs to the schools?

A. To help the children. B. To train the dogs. C. To have fun.

13. What is Helen’s worry about the dogs?

A. They may get hurt.

B. They may spread illnesses.

C. They may mess up the schools.

14. What does Helen think of Tracy’s story?

A. Interesting. B. Boring. C. Terrible.

听第十段材料，回答第15至17题。

15. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Cousins. B. Strangers. C. Workmates.

16. What is Peter planning to learn?

A. Chess. B. French. C. The guitar.

17. What does Jane invite Peter to do?

A. Go to a concert. B. Join a club. C. Have a walk

听第十一段材料，回答第18至20题。

18. Which place will the tourists visit first?

A. The Bright Theatre. B. The Friendship Market.

C. The Wood Park.

19. How long will the tourists stay in the museum?

A. For half an hour. B. For an hour. C. For two hours.

20. What will the speaker talk about next?

A. Gift shops. B. Safety instructions. C. Meal plans.

**第二部分 阅读 (共三节，满分50分)**

**第一节 (共15小题：每小题2分，满分30分)**

**阅读下列材料，从每题所给的A、B、C 三个选项中，选出最佳选项。**

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| Ways to Make Passwords (密码) Safer  Many people pick something simple and easy for the passwords, such as simple combinations (组合) of their names, ages, or birthdays.  学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！  These people are trying to make life easy for themselves. But they are also making it easy for hackers(黑客) to break into their accounts(账户). Here is some advice.  \*Use capital letters;  \*Add numbers and/or symbols(符号) to passwords;  \*Don’t use personal information;  \*Use different passwords for different accounts;  \*Change the passwords every three months. |

1. Why do many people use simple passwords in their daily life?

A. To change personal information.

B. To make life easy for themselves.

C. To help hackers get information quickly.

2. How often should we change the passwords according to the text?

A. Every month. B. Every two months. C. Every three months.

【答案】1. B 2. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，给出使密码更安全的建议。

【1题详解】

细节理解题。根据“These people are trying to make life easy for themselves.”可知，这些人使用简单的密码是试图让自己的生活更轻松。故选B。

【2题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Change the passwords every three months.”可知，每三个月更换一次密码。故选C。

**B**

|  |
| --- |
| **Welcome to**  **THINK Universal School**  学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！  THINK Universal School (TUS) is a traveling high school. The students live and learn in four different countries each year. They make unforgettable connections between their studies and the world around them.  Imagine reading *The Travels of Xu Xiake* as you follow Xu Xiake’s journey across China, or listening to a story about the Pyramids (金字塔) of Egypt while visiting the great buildings. Our courses provide an excellent education through a combination of real-world exploration (探索) and project-based learning. We aim to (旨在) help you become a well-rounded person.  ***Ready to start the educational journey of a lifetime? Join now!*** |

3. How many countries do the students at TUS visit every year?

A. Four. B. Five. C. Six.

4. What would the students at TUS do while visiting the Pyramids of Egypt?

A. Watch a video about the school.

B. Listen to a story about the great buildings.

C. Read something about Xu Xiake’s travels.

5. What does TUS aim to do?

A. Help students become well-rounded.

B. Get students to be off the real world.

C. Make students travel and learn online.

【答案】3. A 4. B 5. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，介绍THINK Universal School的相关内容。

【3题详解】

细节理解题。根据“The students live and learn in four different countries each year.”可知，学生们每年在四个不同的国家生活和学习。故选A。

【4题详解】

细节理解题。根据“or listening to a story about the Pyramids of Egypt while visiting the great buildings”可知，在参观伟大的建筑时听一个关于埃及金字塔的故事。故选B。

【5题详解】

细节理解题。根据“We aim to help you become a well-rounded person.”可知，我们的目标是帮助你成为一个全面发展的人。故选A。

**C**

Anyone who has seen *The Sound of Music*, the Oscar-winning movie, knows the famous city of Salzburg in Austria. The musical movie was filmed in and around the city. To enjoy the amazing (令人惊叹的) city, you only have to walk through the alleys (小巷).



*The sounds of music* in Salzburg are not just from the famous film. Mozart, one of the greatest musicians, was born here, and the city is proud of him. You’ll hear Mozart’s music all over the city. And you can visit Mozart’s birthplace, learn about his childhood and even try the chocolate named for him: a Mozart ball! Don’t miss visiting the Salzburg Residenz, which was the rulers’ palace in the past. It was here that Mozart performed (表演) for the first time in his life.

A visit to Salzburg in December must include time in the Christmas markets, which can be found here and there. Visit the marketplaces for a hot drink. Then enjoy the beautiful handiwork for sale.

Salt was so important to the city of Salzburg that the city was named for it. This “white gold” brought wealth to the rulers. You can visit the Hallein Salt Mine (矿), one of the oldest in the world. Take a train ride into the mountain, where miners will explain the mining process (过程). Then enjoy a boat ride across an underground lake.

These are just a few of the enjoyable places in this small Austrian city. There are much more waiting for you to explore. Make sure to plan a trip to this breathtaking city. Its history and culture will excite your senses.

6. What do we know about *The Sound of Music*?

A. It was filmed by Mozart.

B. It is an Oscar-winning movie.

C. It is a movie of Salzburg’s chocolate.

7. Where did Mozart perform for the first time in his life?

A. In a Christmas market.

B. At the Hallein Salt Mine.

C. At the Salzburg Residenz.

8. What is the “white gold” in Paragraph 4?

A. Salt. B. Music. C. A hot drink.

9 Which of the following does the writer agree with?

A. Salzburg is too small to visit.

B. Salzburg is a place worth visiting.

C. There is nothing interesting in Salzburg.

10. What section (部分) of a magazine is the text taken from?

A. Travel. B. Sports. C. Science.

【答案】6. B 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，介绍奥地利著名的城市萨尔茨堡。

【6题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Anyone who has seen *The Sound of Music*, the Oscar-winning movie, knows the famous city of Salzburg in Austria.”可知，《音乐之声》是奥斯卡获奖影片。故选B。

【7题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Don’t miss visiting the Salzburg Residenz, which was the rulers’ palace in the past. It was here that Mozart performed (表演) for the first time in his life.”可知，莫扎特一生中第一次演出在萨尔茨堡公馆。故选C。

【8题详解】

词句猜测题。分析“Salt was so important to the city of Salzburg that the city was named for it. This ‘white gold’ brought wealth to the rulers.”可知，盐对萨尔茨堡非常重要，因此这座城市以盐命名。“white gold”指的是盐，故选A。

【9题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Make sure to plan a trip to this breathtaking city. Its history and culture will excite your senses.”可知，一定要计划一次去这座令人惊叹的城市的旅行，它的历史和文化会激发你的感官。由此推知萨尔茨堡是一个值得参观的地方。故选B。

【10题详解】

推理判断题。本文介绍奥地利著名的城市萨尔茨堡，所以推测可能在旅游版块看到这篇文章，故选A。

**D**

It is commonly believed that children are too young to fully appreciate (欣赏) the experience and knowledge of their elders, while many think that old people don’t understand the young. But actually (事实上), both groups have a lot to learn from each other.

James Smith runs the Smith’s Care Home in my city. It is mainly an organization (机构) for serving the elderly. But not all of its visitors are old people. The home also includes a childcare center for pre-school kids. There is a playground in the care home, where the elderly can play with the kids. In this way, they can learn more about each other, and respect (尊重) and understand one another.

I suppose this is quite an interesting idea. For one thing, we live in a world where there are more and more old people. The world is facing this problem and its population ages. It will be important for young people to be able to understand and care for the elderly in the coming years.

Regretfully, my own grandparents weren’t around when I was little, as they had already passed away. I never got to learn what the world was like through their eyes, or what kinds of problems they might have faced when they were my age. To me, their lives will always be a mystery — hard to understand or explain.

However, I think I can still learn from other people of older generations (辈). I might find some of their ideas out of date, and they might believe that my generation’s way of thinking is strange or incorrect. But we can still learn from each other anyway.

11. What is special about the Smith’s Care Home?

A. It is only a childcare center actually.

B. The elderly look after kids carefully there.

C. It accepts both the elderly and pre-school kids.

12. In the writer’s opinion (观点),what problem is the world facing?

A. There are more and more old people.

B. The world’s population is dropping rapidly.

C. The world is short of care homes for old people.

13. What does the underlined word “mystery” mean in Paragraph 4?

A. 笑话 B. 悲剧 C. 谜团

14. How does the writer develop his/her idea in this text?

A. By giving examples. B. By listing numbers. C. By raising questions.

15. What is the main purpose of the text?

A. To explain why the world’s population ages.

B. To encourage different generations to learn from each other.

C. To show that older generations’ ways of thinking are incorrect.

【答案】11. C 12. A 13. C 14. A 15. B

【解析】

【导语】本文介绍人们常说老年人不理解年轻人，而许多人认为孩子太小，不能充分理解老年人的智慧。但事实上，这两个群体都有很多可以互相学习的地方。

【11题详解】

细节理解题。根据“James Smith runs the Smith’s Care Home in my city. It is mainly an organization (机构) for serving the elderly. But not all of its visitors are old people. The home also includes a childcare center for pre-school kids.”可知，这个机构服务的不止是老年人而且还有孩子，这是它的特殊之处。故选C。

【12题详解】

细节理解题。根据“For one thing, we live in a world where there are more and more old people. The world is facing this problem and its population ages.”可知，我们生活在一个老年人越来越多的世界，世界正面临着这个问题和人口老龄化。故选A。

【13题详解】

词句猜测题。分析“To me, their lives will always be a mystery — hard to understand or explain.”可知，难以理解或解释，所以是一个谜团，故选C。

【14题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章内容，尤其是第二段和第四段内容可知，作者通过举例来发展自己的观点，故选A。

【15题详解】

主旨大意题。本文主要想表明老年人和年轻人这两个群体都有很多可以互相学习的地方，故选B。

**第二节 (共5小题：每小题2分，满分10分)**

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。每个选项仅使用一次。

How to Improve Your Reading

Learning how to read well in English might not be an easy task. \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_ Reading well in English is useful for many reasons, not only for taking tests. If you want to improve your reading in English, the following are just for you!

**Choose right reading materials (材料).**

There are so many choices! There are textbooks and graded readers, but there are also a lot more books you can read. \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_ Here is a good rule to follow: choose reading materials where you understand at least 80% of the content (内容).

**Be intentional (意图明确的).**

Being intentional means doing something on purpose with a reason in mind. With reading, you need to be intentional by setting a reading aim. Decide on a certain number of pages you want to read each day. \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_ To make sure your daily practice gets done, spare some time and put it in your study plan!

\_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_

Reading can both introduce you to new vocabulary (词汇) and teach you how to use them. Many words in English are often used together in a consistent (相互连贯的) way. Reading groups of words, or words that go together, will help you better understand how to use your new vocabulary.

**Don’t try to understand everything.**

As you’re practicing your reading you need to accept the fact that you might not understand every single word, and that’s OK! Your brain can’t learn so many new things at one time. It’s more important to get the big picture of what you are reading. \_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_

A. Read word groups.

B. Don’t choose a book that is too easy or too difficult.

C. You could also be intentional with planning a time to read.

D. But it’s something you’ll have to do on your language learning journey.

E. And you can go back to check the new things you don’t understand later.

【答案】16. D 17. B 18. C 19. A 20. E

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，介绍如何提高你的阅读。

【16题详解】

根据“Learning how to read well in English might not be an easy task.”可知，学习如何用英语阅读可能不是一件容易的事，但确是必做的事。选项D“但这是你在学习语言的过程中必须要做的。”符合语境，故选D。

【17题详解】

根据“Choose right reading materials.”和“choose reading materials where you understand at least 80% of the content”可知，本段就选择正确的阅读材料给出建议，建议选择至少理解80%内容的阅读材料，选项B“不要选择太容易或太难的书。”符合语境，故选B。

【18题详解】

根据“Decide on a certain number of pages you want to read each day.”可知，确定你每天要读的页数，此处与计划相关，选项C“你也可以有意识地计划一个阅读时间。”符合语境，故选C。

【19题详解】

根据“Reading can both introduce you to new vocabulary and teach you how to use them.”可知，阅读既可以向你介绍新词汇，也可以教你如何使用它们。本段与新词汇相关，选项A“阅读词组。”符合语境，故选A。

【20题详解】

根据“As you’re practicing your reading, you need to accept the fact that you might not understand every single word, and that’s OK!”可知，当你在练习阅读时，你需要接受你可能不理解每个单词的事实，这没关系！可以读完再回头检查不理解的部分，选项E“你可以回头检查你不理解的新东西。”符合语境，故选E。

**第三节 (共5小题：每小题2分，满分10分)**

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容回答问题。



One day, a group of tourists from Australia climbed a large rock in the Central Park of New York City. They took pictures of one another with the high-rise buildings in the background. Like many other tourists, they didn’t realize that high in a nearby tree, there was something more worthy of attention: an eagle-owl (雕鸮) named Flaco.

Earlier that month, the bird Flaco made his great escape (逃跑) from the Central Park Zoo. The zookeepers then tried several times to catch him but were unsuccessful. He seemed to be in no hurry to return to the zoo.

Olga Torrey, a photographer, has been photographing animals in city parks for 12 years. Since Flaco escaped, Torrey has kept a close eye on him. She wondered if he would ever return to the zoo. “Once he gets a taste of freedom, I’m not sure...” she said.

Still, each day spent outside puts Flaco in danger. He might accidentally hit windows and get injured (受伤) while flying. Moreover, the eagle-owl lived his whole life in the zoo in the past. He may not be used to finding food on his own. And if he made a meal of a rat (耗子), it might harm his health—the rat might contain poison (含有毒物).

The zoo has had the workers carefully watch Flaco all the time, as they are worried about his safety. Has Flaco eaten anything today? Has he got injured today?

Well, another day of watching has now begun.

21. Where did Flaco escape from?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

22. What is Olga Torrey’s job?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

23. If Flaco made a meal of a rat, what might happen to him?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

24. Why do the zoo workers keep watching Flaco carefully?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

25. Should we get Flaco back to the zoo? Why or why not?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】21. The Central Park Zoo.

22. A photographer.

23. His health might be harmed.

24. Because they are worried about his safety.

25. Yes, because Falco may not be used to the life outside the zoo.

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了从中央公园动物园逃离出去的一只名为Flaco的雕鸮。大家都在担心Flaco是否会受伤，是否能成功觅食，是否会误吃了含有毒物的老鼠等，摄影师Olga Torrey和动物园的员工们都在密切留意着Flaco。

【21题详解】

根据“Earlier that month, the bird Flaco made his great escape from the Central Park Zoo.”可知，Flaco是从中央公园动物园逃离出去的。故填The Central Park Zoo.

【22题详解】

根据“Olga Torrey, a photographer, has been photographing animals in city parks for 12 years.”可知，Olga Torrey是一个摄影师。故填A photographer.

【23题详解】

根据“And if he made a meal of a rat, it might harm his health”可知，如果Flaco吃了老鼠，那可能会损害他的健康。故填His health might be harmed.

【24题详解】

根据“The zoo has had the workers carefully watch Flaco all the time, as they are worried about his safety.”可知，因为动物园的工作人员们担心Flaco的安全，所以他们一直密切留意着他。故填Because they are worried about his safety.

【25题详解】

开放性问题，回答言之有理即可。如根据“Moreover, the eagle-owl lived his whole life in the zoo in the past. He may not be used to finding food on his own.”可知，Flaco一直生活在动物园里，他可能不习惯自己去觅食，如果Flaco独自生活在外面，他可能会不习惯外面的环境，从而无法生存下去，所以我们应该把Flaco送回动物园。故填Yes, because Falco may not be used to the life outside the zoo.

**第三部分 语言运用 (共三节，满分35分)**

**第一节 (共10小题；每小题1. 5分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

My friend Andrew used to drink a lot and always isolated (孤立) himself. He was \_\_\_\_26\_\_\_\_ and heartbroken. He felt that his life was a hopeless mess. He even told me that he was on the point of \_\_\_\_27\_\_\_\_ hope. I couldn’t solve his problems. But during the Christmas season two years ago, I gave him a gift that I didn’t even know I had.

That Christmas Andrew had no place to go, so I \_\_\_\_28\_\_\_\_ him home to my parents’ house in London. My parents were \_\_\_\_29\_\_\_\_ to have him stay with us. They graciously (殷勤地) cleaned up our guest room for him and even bought him some Christmas gifts. I’ll never \_\_\_\_30\_\_\_\_ the night when we arrived at my home. My parents were already asleep, but my mom had prepared dinner and some cookies for us and left us a \_\_\_\_31\_\_\_\_. My parents were known for their generosity (慷慨), so I wasn’t surprised by this warm \_\_\_\_32\_\_\_\_. But when Andrew read my mom’s note and saw all that she had prepared, he broke down and couldn’t help \_\_\_\_33\_\_\_\_. At that moment, I began to realize what a loving family meant.

From then on, Andrew and I both received gifts that we would \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_ forever. I gave him the gift of a warm, loving and safe place to spend Christmas, which helped him renew his interest in life. More \_\_\_\_\_35\_\_\_\_\_, he gave me the gift of a new perspective (观点) on life. If I hadn’t shared my home with him, I wouldn’t have realized how blessed (有福的) I am.

26. A. sunny B. outgoing C. lonely

27. A. writing down B. giving up C. listening to

28. A. stopped B. invited C. refused

29. A. unwilling B. angry C. happy

30. A. forget B. remember C. mention

31. A. note B. book C. menu

32. A. handshake B. welcome C. conversation

33. A. fighting B. fearing C. crying

34. A. value B. worry C. doubt

35. A. pitifully B. importantly C. painfully

【答案】26. C 27. B 28. B 29. C 30. A 31. A 32. B 33. C 34. A 35. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文，讲述两年前的圣诞节，自己送给安德鲁特别的礼物，他也给了我一个看待生活的新视角。

【26题详解】

句意：他感到孤独和心碎。

sunny晴朗的；outgoing外向的；lonely孤独的。根据“heartbroken”可知，安德鲁的状态不好，故选C。

【27题详解】

句意：他甚至告诉我他快要放弃希望了。

writing down写下；giving up放弃；listening to听。根据“He felt that his life was a hopeless mess. He even told me that he was on the point of...hope.”可知，他觉得自己的生活一团糟，快要失去希望，故选B。

【28题详解】

句意：那年圣诞节安德鲁没地方去，所以我邀请他到我父母在伦敦的家里。

stopped停止；invited邀请；refused拒绝。根据“That Christmas Andrew had no place to go, so I...him home to my parents’ house in London. ”可知，安德鲁无处可去，所以我邀请他来家里，故选B。

【29题详解】

句意：我父母很高兴他和我们住在一起。

unwilling不情愿的；angry生气的；happy开心的。根据“They graciously (殷勤地) cleaned up our guest room for him and even bought him some Christmas gifts.”可知，父母对于安德鲁的到来是高兴的，故选C。

【30题详解】

句意：我永远不会忘记我们到达我家的那个晚上。

forget忘记；remember记得；mention提到。根据“I’ll never...the night when we arrived at my home.”可知，不会忘记那个晚上，故选A。

【31题详解】

句意：我的父母已经睡着了，但我妈妈为我们准备了晚餐和一些饼干，并给我们留了一张纸条。

note便条；book书；menu菜单。根据“But when Andrew read my mom’s note”可知，母亲留了一张便条，故选A。

【32题详解】

句意：我的父母是出了名的慷慨，所以我对他们的热情欢迎并不感到惊讶。

handshake握手；welcome欢迎；conversation谈话。根据“My parents were known for their generosity (慷慨), so I wasn’t surprised by this warm...”可知，父母一向慷慨，所以对于他们对安德鲁的欢迎不惊讶，故选B。

【33题详解】

句意：但当安德鲁读到妈妈的纸条，看到她所准备的一切时，他崩溃了，忍不住哭了起来。

fighting斗争；fearing害怕；crying哭泣。根据“he broke down and couldn’t help...”可知，安德鲁感动地哭了，故选C。

【34题详解】

句意：从那时起，安德鲁和我都收到了我们永远珍视的礼物。

value珍视；worry担心；doubt怀疑。根据“From then on, Andrew and I both received gifts that we would...forever.”可知，安德鲁和我都收到了我们永远珍视的礼物。故选A。

【35题详解】

句意：更重要的是，他给了我一个看待生活的新视角。

pitifully遗憾地；importantly重要地；painfully痛苦地。根据“More..., he gave me the gift of a new perspective (观点) on life.”可知，此处是递进关系，更重要的是安德鲁给了我一个看待生活的新视角。故选B。

**第二节 (共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分)**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Do you know World Letter Writing Day? It falls \_\_\_\_36\_\_\_\_ September 1st every year. It was set up by Richard Simpkin in 2014. He encouraged people \_\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_ (take) a break from today’s social media (媒体) and write a letter to someone by hand.



Who should you write to? Think about a friend or relative that lives far away. A parent or best friend would also love to receive \_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_ (you) letter.

How do you write a letter? \_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_ (general) speaking, a letter includes these parts. The date and a greeting (问候语) such as “Dear…” should be at the top of the letter. A closing such as “Love” or “Yours truly” needs to follow the body. End it by \_\_\_\_40\_\_\_\_ (sign) it.

Why should you pick up a pen and write a letter? It is a surprise that may make someone’s day. It’s \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ good way to show people that you have been thinking of them. Everyone loves a personal touch. It makes \_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_ (enjoy) memories (回忆). Some people save \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_ (letter) and look at them over the years.

A recent study shows that letter writing \_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_ (make) the writer happy, too. “Handwriting is your DNA. It’s your fingerprint that only you can share with others,” said Richard Simpkin.

So, get some paper \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_ pick up a pen. Start writing a letter today!

【答案】36. on 37. to take

38. your 39. Generally

40. signing

41. a 42. enjoyable

43 letters

44. makes 45. and

【解析】

【导语】本文介绍世界写信日，应该写信给谁，应该怎么写信，写信有什么意义等。

【36题详解】

句意：它是在每年的9月1日。“September 1st”是具体的时间，用介词on，故填on。

【37题详解】

句意：他鼓励人们从今天的社交媒体中休息一下，手写一封信给别人。encourage sb to do sth“鼓励某人做某事”，故填to take。

【38题详解】

句意：父母或最好的朋友也会很乐意收到你的信。此处在句中作定语修饰letter，用形容词性物主代词your。故填your。

【39题详解】

句意：一般来说，一封信包括这些部分。generally enerally“一般来说”，句首需大写首字母。故填Generally。

【40题详解】

句意：通过签名来结束它。by是介词，其后加动名词作宾语。故填signing。

【41题详解】

句意：这是一个很好的方式来告诉人们你一直在想着他们。此处泛指一个方法，good首字母发辅音音素，故填a。

【42题详解】

句意：它带来愉快的回忆。此处作定语修饰memories，用形容词形式。故填enjoyable。

【43题详解】

句意：有些人把信件保存起来，多年来一直看。根据“them”可知，此处应使用名词复数形式。故填letters。

【44题详解】

句意：最近的一项研究表明，写信也会让写信人感到快乐。本句时态是一般现在时，主语是“letter writing”，动词用三单。故填makes。

【45题详解】

句意：所以，拿起纸和笔。分析“get some paper...pick up a pen”可知，前后构成并列关系，用and连接。故填and。

**第三节 (共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分)**

阅读下面短文，将划线部分译成英文或中文。

The Great Wall of China, like the Pyramids of Egypt, the Taj Mahal in India and the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, is one of the great wonders of the world. 1. 它是世界上最长的城墙。



The Great Wall has a long history of more than 2,300 years. 2. It was rebuilt many times. It runs across North China like a huge dragon. It winds its way from west to east, across deserts, through mountains, till finally it reaches the sea. And it is quite tall and wide. There are no other man-made objects as big as this.

The Great Wall is unique (独特的). It is one of the symbols of China. 3. 有很多关于长城的故事。 For example, *Meng Jiangnv Weeping over the Great Wall* is a sad but touching love story. From the story, we learn that the Great Wall was made not only of stone and earth, but of flesh (肉) and blood.

4. The Great Wall is not just a wall. The walls were connected by a system (系统) of watch- towers. These were used not only to stop the enemy’s attack (攻击) but also to communicate with the capital by signal.

No trip to China is complete without visiting the Great Wall. 5. Today the Great Wall is a must-see. Its size and beauty will take your breath away. A tour to the Great Wall will give you a taste of China’s history and will provide you with the journey of a lifetime! Just as the Chinese saying goes, “He who doesn’t reach the Great Wall is not a true man.”

46. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

47. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

48. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

49. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

50. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】46. It is the longest wall around the world.

47. 长城被重建很多次。

48. There are many stories about the Great Wall.

49. 长城不仅是城墙。

50. 如今，长城是一个必看的景点。

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，介绍长城的相关内容。

【46题详解】

它是It is，世界上around the world，最长的城墙the longest wall。故填It is the longest wall around the world.

【47题详解】

It它（长城），was rebuilt被重建，many times很多次。故填：长城被重建很多次。

【48题详解】

有there be，很多关于长城的故事many stories about the Great Wall，时态是一般现在时，主语是复数，be动词用are。故填There are many stories about the Great Wall.

【49题详解】

The Great Wall长城，is not不，just仅仅，a wall是城墙。故填：长城不仅是城墙。

【50题详解】

Today如今，the Great Wall长城，is是，a must-see一个必看的景点。故填：如今，长城是一个必看的景点。

**第四部分 写作 (满分15分)**

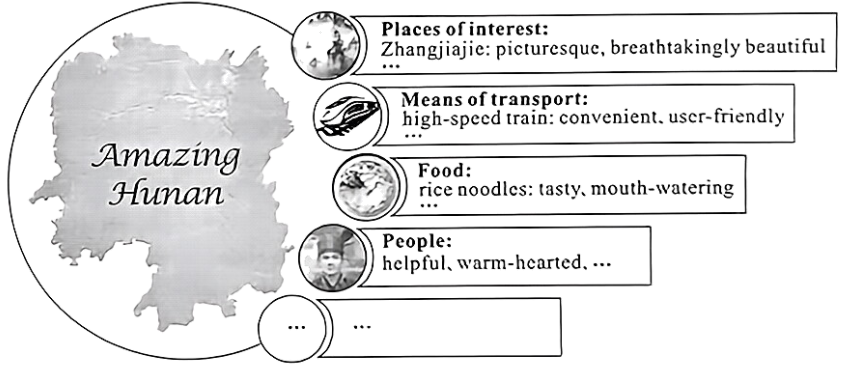
51. 学校英文报正在以“Amazing Hunan”为题开展征文活动。请你结合以下图示，写一篇短文投稿。

要求：

(1)短文必须包括图示中的所有要点，可适当发挥；

(2)80词左右（标题和开头都已给出，不计入总词数）；

(3)文中不得出现真实人名和校名。



Word bank: transport 交通；convenient 方便的

Amazing Hunan

Hunan is a lovable and livable place.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】例文：

Amazing Hunan

Hunan is a lovable and livable place. Let me tell you something about Hunan.

First, there are lots of places of interest, such as Zhangjiajie. Zhangjiajie is picturesque and breathtakingly beautiful, where you can appreciate the beauty of nature. Second, the high-speed train is convenient and user-friendly, so you can go to Hunan by high-speed train. Third, Hunan cuisine consists of many kinds of delicious food that you can not miss anyway. If you like noodles, you must try the tasty and mouth-watering rice noodles in Hunan. What’s more, the people in Hunan are helpful and warm-hearted. You will feel at home here.

Welcome to Hunan.

【解析】

【详解】**[总体分析]**

① 题材：本文是一篇材料作文；

② 时态：时态以“一般现在时”为主；

③ 提示：要求以“Amazing Hunan”为题，结合所给要点进行写作，考生应注意不要遗漏要点，适当添加细节，突出写作内容。

**[写作步骤]**

第一步，简单介绍湖南，引出下文重点；

第二步，介绍湖南的名胜古迹、交通工具、美食和人等；

第三步，书写结语

**[亮点词汇]**

① lots of 许多

② such as 比如

③ consist of 由……组成

④ what’s more 此外

⑤ feel at home 感到自在

**[高分句型]**

① Let me tell you something about Hunan.（祈使句）

② Zhangjiajie is picturesque and breathtakingly beautiful, where you can appreciate the beauty of nature.（where引导非限制性定语从句）

③ Third, Hunan cuisine consists of many kinds of delicious food that you can not miss anyway.（that引导定语从句）

④ If you like noodles, you must try the tasty and mouth-watering rice noodles in Hunan.（if引导条件状语从句）