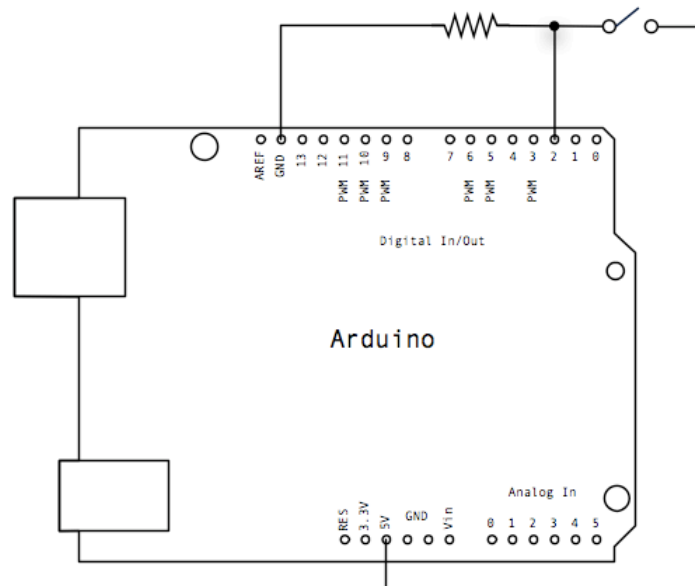


Trigger Switch

1. Basic Button



TriggerSwitch

```
const int buttonPin = 2;
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(buttonPin, INPUT);
}

void loop() {
    int buttonState = digitalRead(buttonPin);
    Serial.println(buttonState);
}
```

2. Get button state

TriggerSwitch

```
const int buttonPin = 2;

bool pressing = false;

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(buttonPin, INPUT);
}

void loop() {
    int buttonState = digitalRead(buttonPin);

    if(pressing == false){
        if(buttonState == 1){
            pressing = true;
            Serial.println("Press");
        }
    }else{
        if(buttonState == 0){
            pressing = false;
            Serial.println("Release");
        }
    }
}
```

Fix error from button by add shot delay

```
void loop() {  
  int buttonState = digitalRead(buttonPin);  
  
  if(pressing == false){  
  
    if(buttonState == 1){  
      pressing = true;  
      Serial.println("Press");  
      delay(100);  
    }  
  
  }else{  
  
    if(buttonState == 0){  
      pressing = false;  
      Serial.println("Release");  
      delay(100);  
    }  
  
  }  
  
}
```

3. Add LED State

```
bool ledState = false;

void loop() {
  int buttonState = digitalRead(buttonPin);

  if(pressing == false){

    if(buttonState == 1){
      pressing = true;
      Serial.println("Press");

      ledState = !ledState;

      delay(100);
    }

  }else{

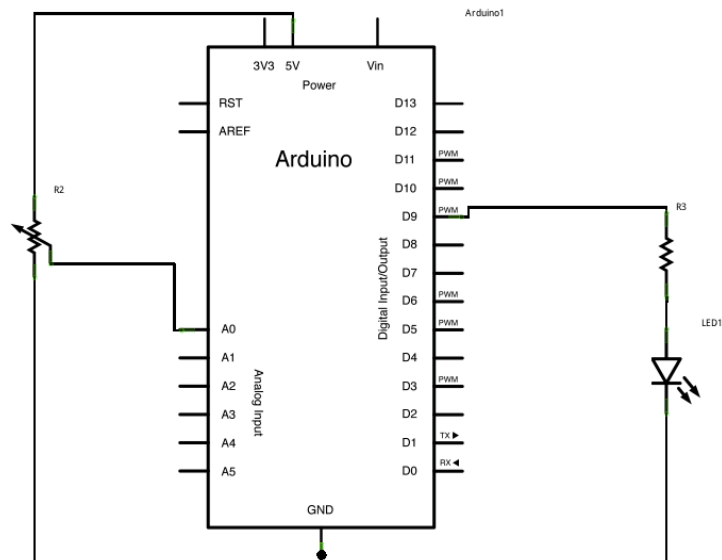
    if(buttonState == 0){
      pressing = false;
      Serial.println("Release");
      delay(100);
    }

  }

  digitalWrite(ledPin, ledState);
}
```

Down light

Arduino has an `analogRead` range from 0 to 1023, and an `analogWrite` range only from 0 to 255



1. `analogWrite`

```
const int analogOutPin = 9;

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  pinMode(analogOutPin, OUTPUT);
}
```

```

void loop() {

    analogWrite(analogOutPin, 0);
    delay(1000);

    analogWrite(analogOutPin, 85);
    delay(1000);

    analogWrite(analogOutPin, 85);
    delay(1000);

    analogWrite(analogOutPin, 170);
    delay(1000);

    analogWrite(analogOutPin, 255);
    delay(1000);
}

```

2. analogRead

```

const int analogOutPin = 9;
const int analogInput = A0;

int sensorValue = 0;

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(analogOutPin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(analogInput, INPUT);
}

void loop() {
    sensorValue = analogRead(analogInput);
    Serial.println(sensorValue);
}

```

3. Mapping value

```
int mapValue = 0;
```

```
int myMap(int sensor, int sMin, int sMax, int outMin, int outMax){  
    int valuse = 0;  
  
    double deltaIn = sMax - sMin;  
    double deltaOut = outMax - outMin;  
  
    double k = deltaOut/deltaIn;  
  
    valuse = (k * sensor) + outMin;  
  
    return valuse;  
}
```

```
void loop() {  
    sensorValue = analogRead(analogInput);  
  
    mapValue = myMap(sensorValue, 0, 1023, 0, 255);  
    Serial.println(mapValue);  
  
}
```

4. Combine code

```
void loop() {  
  sensorValue = analogRead(analogInput);  
  
  mapValue = myMap(sensorValue, 0, 1023, 0, 255);  
  
  analogWrite(analogOutPin, mapValue);  
  
  Serial.println(mapValue);  
  
}
```