

# SQL PROJECT ON PIZZA SALES

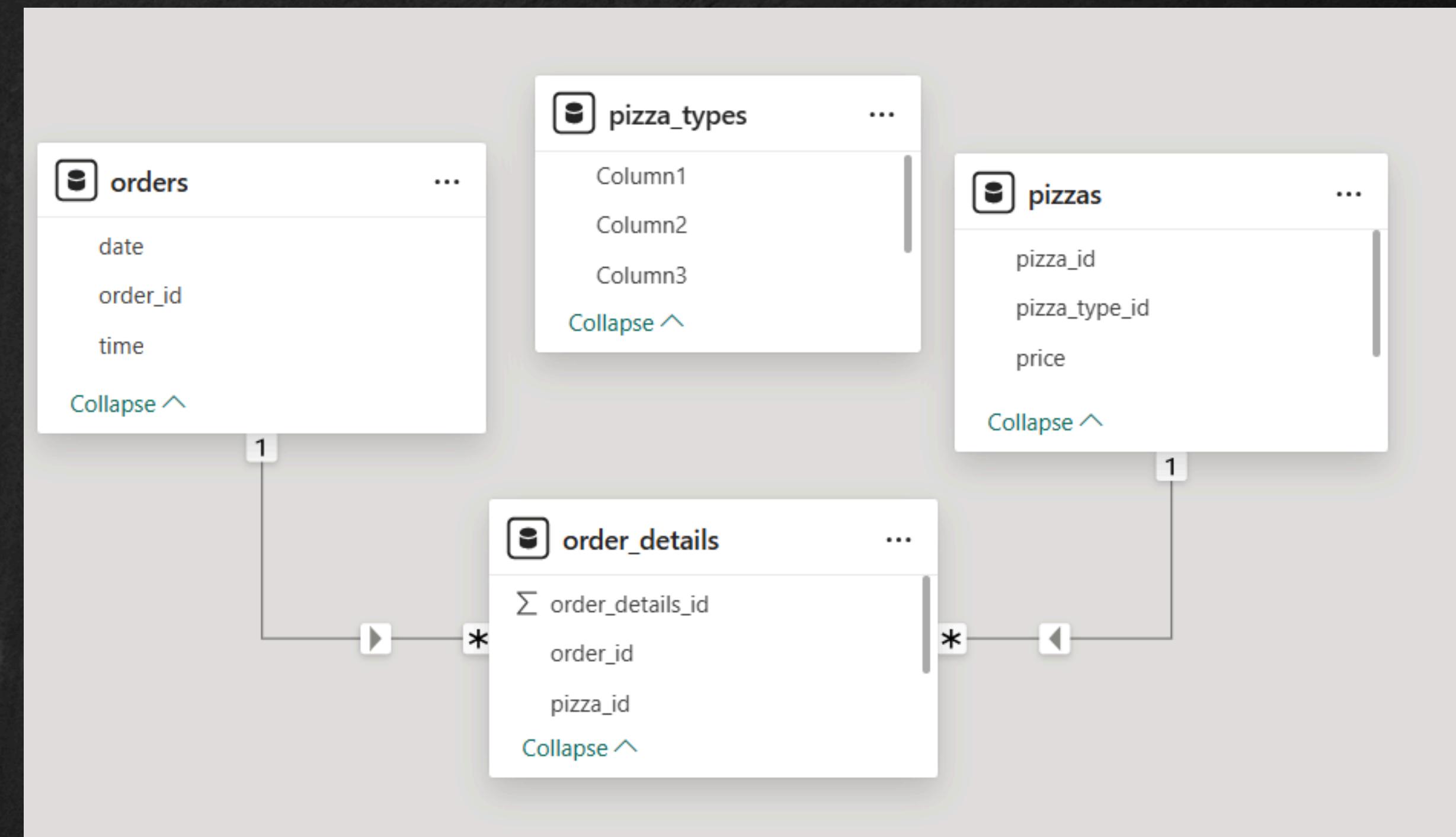


# HELLO !!

My name is Loveleen Kaur. In this project, I have utilised SQL queries to solve questions that were related to pizza sales.

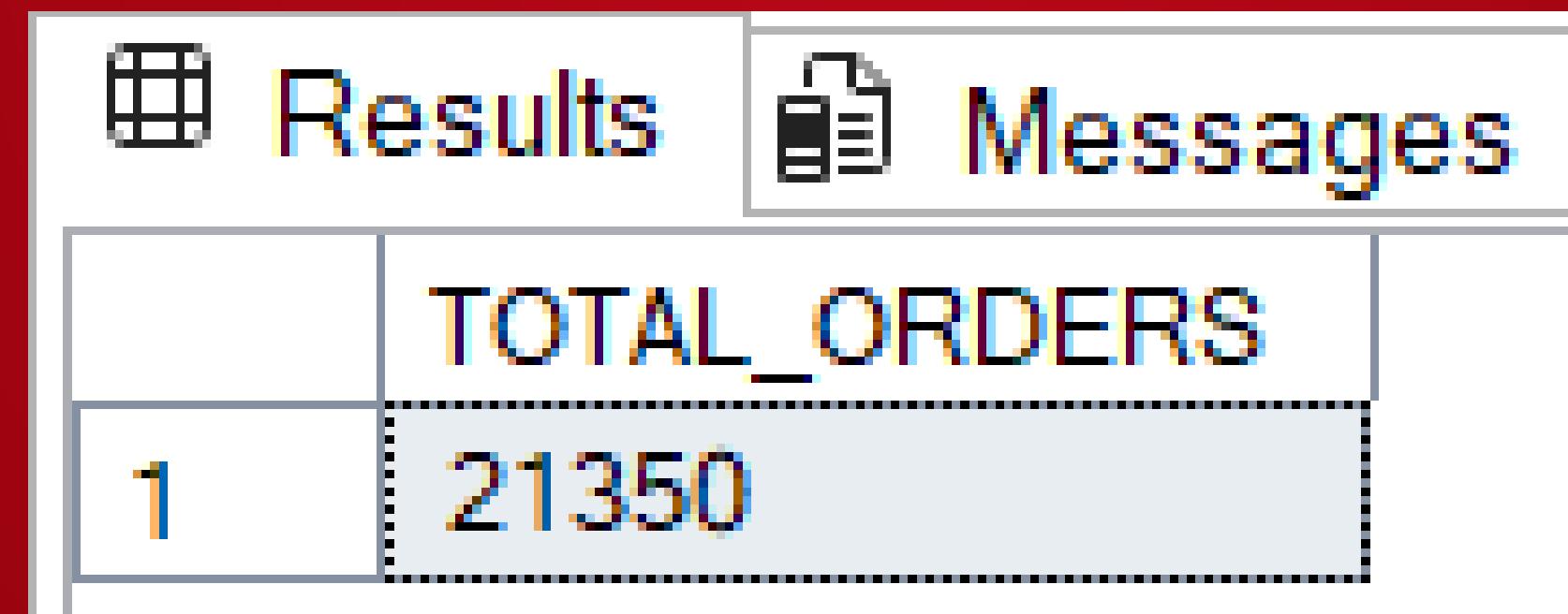


# DATA MODEL OVERVIEW



# RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED

```
SELECT COUNT(A.order_id) AS TOTAL_ORDERS  
FROM ORDERS AS A
```



The image shows a screenshot of a database query results window. At the top, there are two tabs: "Results" (selected) and "Messages". The main area displays a single row of data in a table format. The table has two columns: an empty column and a column labeled "TOTAL\_ORDERS". The value "21350" is displayed in the "TOTAL\_ORDERS" column.

|   | TOTAL_ORDERS |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | 21350        |

# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES

```
SELECT ROUND(SUM(A.quantity * B.price),2) AS TOTAL_SALES FROM order_details AS A  
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B  
ON A.pizza_id = B.pizza_id
```

|   | TOTAL_SALES |
|---|-------------|
| 1 | 817860.05   |

# IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST PRICED PIZZA

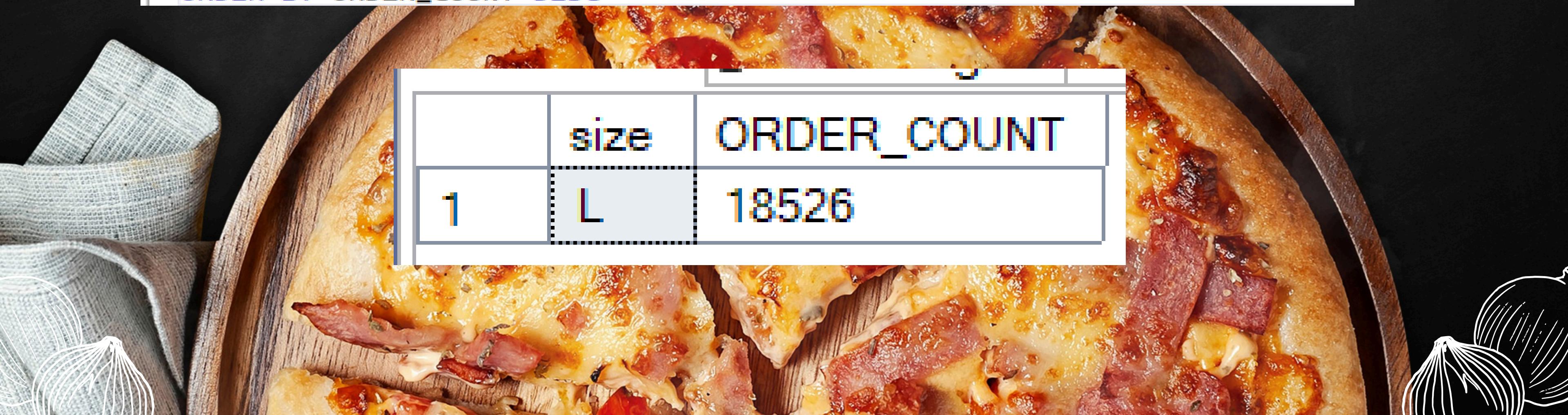
```
SELECT TOP 1 A.name,ROUND(B.price,2) FROM pizza_types AS A  
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B  
ON A.pizza_type_id = B.pizza_type_id  
ORDER BY B.price DESC |
```

|   | name            | (No column name) |
|---|-----------------|------------------|
| 1 | The Greek Pizza | 35.95            |

# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED

```
✓ SELECT TOP 1 A.size,COUNT(B.quantity) AS ORDER_COUNT FROM pizzas AS A  
INNER JOIN order_details AS B  
ON A.pizza_id = B.pizza_id  
GROUP BY A.size  
ORDER BY ORDER_COUNT DESC
```

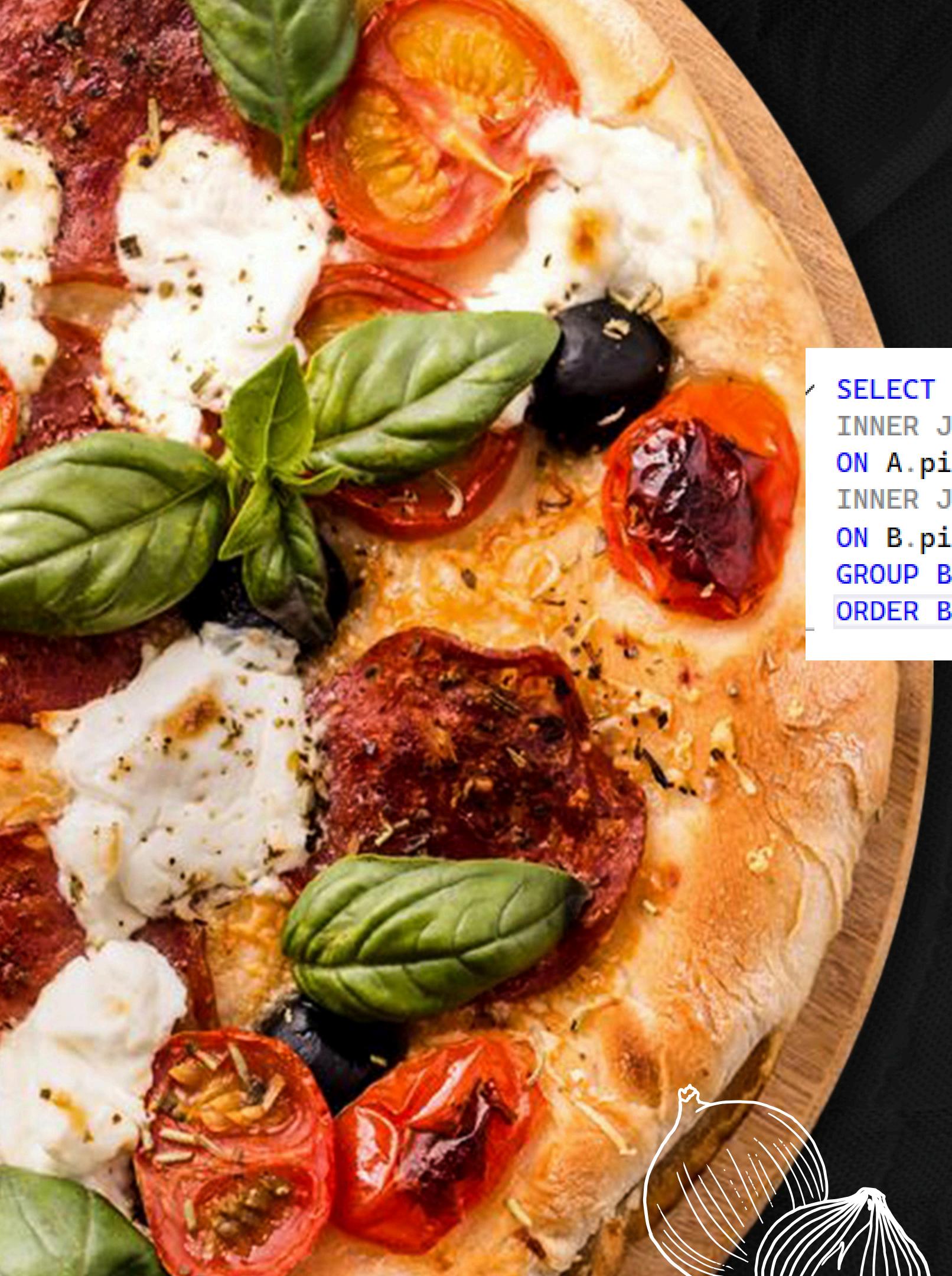
|   | size | ORDER_COUNT |
|---|------|-------------|
| 1 | L    | 18526       |



# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES

```
SELECT TOP 5 A.name, SUM(CAST(C.quantity AS INT)) AS QUANTITY FROM pizza_types AS A  
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B  
ON A.pizza_type_id = B.pizza_type_id  
INNER JOIN order_details AS C  
ON B.pizza_id = C.pizza_id  
GROUP BY A.name  
ORDER BY QUANTITY DESC
```

|   | name                       | QUANTITY |
|---|----------------------------|----------|
| 1 | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   | 2453     |
| 2 | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 2432     |
| 3 | The Hawaiian Pizza         | 2422     |
| 4 | The Pepperoni Pizza        | 2418     |
| 5 | The Thai Chicken Pizza     | 2371     |



# JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY

```
SELECT A.category, SUM(CAST(C.quantity AS INT)) AS QUANTITY FROM pizza_types AS A
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B
ON A.pizza_type_id = B.pizza_type_id
INNER JOIN order_details AS C
ON B.pizza_id = C.pizza_id
GROUP BY A.category
ORDER BY QUANTITY DESC
```

|   | category | QUANTITY |
|---|----------|----------|
| 1 | Classic  | 14888    |
| 2 | Supreme  | 11987    |
| 3 | Veggie   | 11649    |
| 4 | Chicken  | 11050    |



# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY

```
SELECT DATEPART(HOUR,A.time) AS HOUR,COUNT(A.order_id) AS ORDER_COUNT FROM orders AS A  
GROUP BY DATEPART(HOUR,A.time)
```

|    | HOUR | ORDER_COUNT |
|----|------|-------------|
| 1  | 23   | 28          |
| 2  | 15   | 1468        |
| 3  | 9    | 1           |
| 4  | 12   | 2520        |
| 5  | 21   | 1198        |
| 6  | 18   | 2399        |
| 7  | 10   | 8           |
| 8  | 19   | 2009        |
| 9  | 13   | 2455        |
| 10 | 22   | 663         |
| 11 | 16   | 1920        |
| 12 | 17   | 2336        |
| 13 | 11   | 1231        |
| 14 | 20   | 1642        |
| 15 | 14   | 1472        |

# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS

```
SELECT CATEGORY,COUNT(A.name) AS TOTAL_COUNT FROM pizza_types AS A  
GROUP BY CATEGORY
```

|   | CATEGORY | TOTAL_COUNT |
|---|----------|-------------|
| 1 | Chicken  | 6           |
| 2 | Classic  | 8           |
| 3 | Supreme  | 9           |
| 4 | Veggie   | 9           |

# GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY

```
SELECT AVG(QUANTITY) AS AVERAGE FROM
(SELECT A.date, SUM(CAST(B.quantity AS INT)) AS QUANTITY FROM orders AS A
INNER JOIN order_details AS B
ON A.order_id = B.order_id
GROUP BY A.date) AS ORDER_QUANTITY
```

| AVERAGE |     |
|---------|-----|
| 1       | 138 |

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE

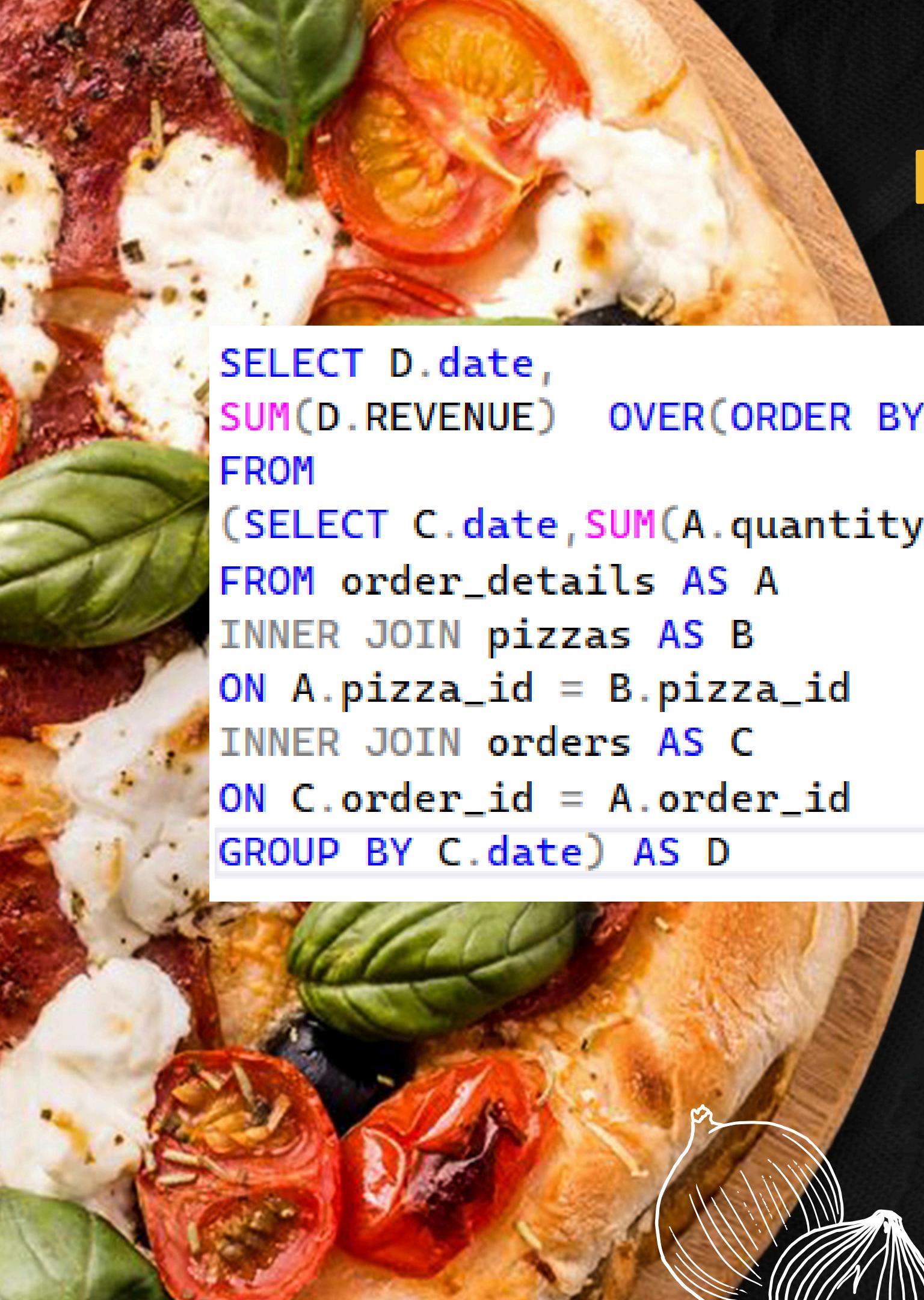
```
SELECT TOP 3 A.name, SUM(C.quantity * B.price) AS REVENUE FROM pizza_types AS A  
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B  
ON A.pizza_type_id = B.pizza_type_id  
INNER JOIN order_details AS C  
ON B.pizza_id = C.pizza_id  
GROUP BY A.name  
ORDER BY REVENUE DESC
```

|   | name                         | REVENUE  |
|---|------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25 |
| 2 | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768    |
| 3 | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5  |

# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE

```
SELECT A.category AS CATEGORY,  
ROUND(SUM(C.quantity * B.price) / (SELECT ROUND(SUM(D.quantity*E.price),2) AS TOTAL_SALES FROM order_details AS D  
INNER JOIN pizzas AS E  
ON D.pizza_id = E.pizza_id) * 100,2) AS REVENUE  
FROM pizza_types AS A  
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B  
ON A.pizza_type_id = B.pizza_type_id  
INNER JOIN order_details AS C  
ON B.pizza_id = C.pizza_id  
GROUP BY CATEGORY  
ORDER BY REVENUE DESC
```

|   | CATEGORY | REVENUE |
|---|----------|---------|
| 1 | Classic  | 26.91   |
| 2 | Supreme  | 25.46   |
| 3 | Chicken  | 23.96   |
| 4 | Veggie   | 23.68   |



# ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME

```
SELECT D.date,  
SUM(D.REVENUE) OVER(ORDER BY D.date) AS CUM_REVENUE  
FROM  
(SELECT C.date,SUM(A.quantity * B.price) AS REVENUE  
FROM order_details AS A  
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B  
ON A.pizza_id = B.pizza_id  
INNER JOIN orders AS C  
ON C.order_id = A.order_id  
GROUP BY C.date) AS D
```

|    | date       | CUM_REVENUE      |
|----|------------|------------------|
| 1  | 2015-01-01 | 2713.85000228882 |
| 2  | 2015-01-02 | 5445.7500038147  |
| 3  | 2015-01-03 | 8108.15000724792 |
| 4  | 2015-01-04 | 9863.60000801086 |
| 5  | 2015-01-05 | 11929.5500087738 |
| 6  | 2015-01-06 | 14358.5000114441 |
| 7  | 2015-01-07 | 16560.700012207  |
| 8  | 2015-01-08 | 19399.0500183105 |
| 9  | 2015-01-09 | 21526.4000225067 |
| 10 | 2015-01-10 | 23990.350025177  |
| 11 | 2015-01-11 | 25862.6500263214 |
| 12 | 2015-01-12 | 27781.7000274658 |
| 13 | 2015-01-13 | 29831.3000278473 |
| 14 | 2015-01-14 | 32358.7000293732 |
| 15 | 2015-01-15 | 34343.5000324249 |
| 16 | 2015-01-16 | 36937.6500339508 |
| 17 | 2015-01-17 | 39001.7500343323 |

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY

```
SELECT E.name, E.REVENUE FROM
(SELECT D.category, D.name, D.REVENUE,
RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY D.category ORDER BY D.REVENUE DESC) AS RN
FROM
(SELECT A.category, A.name,
SUM((C.quantity) * B.price) AS REVENUE
FROM pizza_types AS A
INNER JOIN pizzas AS B
ON A.pizza_type_id = B.pizza_type_id
INNER JOIN order_details AS C
ON C.pizza_id = B.pizza_id
GROUP BY A.category, A.name) AS D) AS E
WHERE RN<=3
```

|    | name                         | REVENUE          |
|----|------------------------------|------------------|
| 1  | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25         |
| 2  | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768            |
| 3  | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5          |
| 4  | The Classic Deluxe Pizza     | 38180.5          |
| 5  | The Hawaiian Pizza           | 32273.25         |
| 6  | The Pepperoni Pizza          | 30161.75         |
| 7  | The Spicy Italian Pizza      | 34831.25         |
| 8  | The Italian Supreme Pizza    | 33476.75         |
| 9  | The Sicilian Pizza           | 30940.5          |
| 10 | The Four Cheese Pizza        | 32265.7010040283 |
| 11 | The Mexicana Pizza           | 26780.75         |
| 12 | The Five Cheese Pizza        | 26066.5          |

# THANK YOU!



