## Reporting: wragle\_report

- **Gather:** Three sets of data was gathered from different sources, the 'twitter\_archive\_enhanced.csv' file was on hand and easily downloaded from the archives, the 'image\_predictions.tsv' file was downloaded programmatically using the 'Request' python library from the servers and finally the 'tweet\_json.txt' file was gotten from twitter using the twitter API (Application Programming Interface) and the Tweepy python library.
- Access: Visual assessment was done by displaying the first 5 entries for each dataset using the .head() function and displaying 5 random entries for each dataset using the .sample() function. The programmatic assessment was done using the .info() function to display the column names, number of columns, the number of non null values (observations), the data types of each column and total number of observations in each dataset. The .value\_counts() function was used the display the number of non null values in the 'doggo', 'floofer', 'pupper' and 'puppo' columns of the 'twitter\_archive\_enhanced.csv' dataset which is named 'tweet\_arch' after reading it into jupyter notebook. During the assessment the following issue were discovered:

Quality Issues

## tweet\_arch table

- retweet data is included in dataset which can skew analysis on original data
- 'retweeted\_status\_id', 'retweeted\_status\_user\_id'and
  'retweeted\_status\_timestamp' have only 181 entries
- 'in\_reply\_to\_status\_id' and 'in\_reply\_to\_user\_id' have only 78 entries
- 'tweet\_id' in all 3 datasets are integers
- 'expanded\_urls' has a few missing entries
- 'timestamp' is a string type

'rating\_denominator' has a 0 value

## image\_pred table

predictions don't march in all 3 predictions column

## Tidiness Issues

- The tweet\_arch table and the tweet\_json (read from 'tweet\_json.txt') table have the same type of observational unit
- The dog stages in the tweet\_arch table are in seperate columns
- Cleaning: A copy of all three datasets was made to prevent loss and allow for recovery if a mistake was made. The cleaning process was done using the Define-Code-Test framework. Beginning with quality issues, the tweet\_arch dataset contained retweet data which was removed, the 'retweeted status id', 'retweeted status user id' and the 'retweeted status timestamp' columns had only 181 obsevation to begin and after removing retweet data from the tweet arch dataset they had only null values so, they were dropped, the 'in\_reply\_to\_status\_id' column and the 'in\_reply\_to\_user\_id' column of the tweet\_arch table had only 78 obervations and was dropped using the .drop() method likewise, the 'expanded\_urls' had about 58 missing row which was filled using the .fillna() method and values from the 'expanded\_url' column of the tweet j table. The 'timestamp' column was converted from a string to a datetime type. The tweet\_id column in all 3 dataset (ie tweet\_arch, image\_pred and tweet\_j) had the integer data type and was changed to an object data type. The rating\_denominator column of the tweet\_arch dataset had a 0 value which was drop. The image\_pred table had discrepancies between the dog prediction values for it 3 predictions hence, only observations with all 3 predictions as 'True' was selected. Thereafter, tidiness issues was handled by merging the tweet\_arch and tweet\_j tables using the merge() function, converting

the doggo, floofer, puppo and pupper columns into 1 column using the melt() function and removing duplicates that came about as a result of the melt() function.