THUNDER

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.5

Wed Sep 12 2018 17:10:12

Contents

1	File	Index			1
	1.1	File Lis	st		1
2	File	Docum	entation		3
	2.1	include	e/Complex.	h File Reference	3
		2.1.1	Detailed	Description	4
		2.1.2	Function	Documentation	4
			2.1.2.1	ABS	4
			2.1.2.2	COMPLEX_POLAR	4
			2.1.2.3	CONJUGATE	4
	2.2	include	e/Geometry	y/Euler.h File Reference	4
		2.2.1	Detailed	Description	6
		2.2.2	Function	Documentation	6
			2.2.2.1	alignZ	6
			2.2.2.2	angle	6
			2.2.2.3	angle	6
			2.2.2.4	angle	7
			2.2.2.5	direction	7
			2.2.2.6	quaternion	7
			2.2.2.7	quaternion	7
			2.2.2.8	quaternion	7
			2.2.2.9	quaternion_conj	8
			2.2.2.10	quaternion_mul	8
			2.2.2.11	randRotate2D	8
			2.2.2.12	randRotate3D	8
			2.2.2.13	reflect3D	8
			2.2.2.14	rotate2D	9
			2.2.2.15	rotate2D	9
			2.2.2.16	rotate3D	9
			2.2.2.17	rotate3D	9

2.2.2.19	rotate3DX															
2.2.2.20	rotate3DY															
2.2.2.21	rotate3DZ															
2.2.2.22	swingTwist															

CONTENTS

11

iv

Index

Chapter 1

File Index

1.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

include/Complex.h Complex number related operations like +,-,*,/,|a|, $|a|^2$ and so on include/Geometry/Euler.h

Euler.h contains several functions, for operations of quaternions, converting between Euler angles, rotation matrices and unit quaternions and sampling rotation matrices from even distribution

3

2 File Index

Chapter 2

File Documentation

2.1 include/Complex.h File Reference

Complex.h defines complex number related operations like $+,-,*,/,|a|, |a|^2$ and so on.

```
#include <gsl/gsl_complex.h>
#include <gsl/gsl_complex_math.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "Config.h"
#include "Precision.h"
#include "Typedef.h"
```

Functions

- Complex COMPLEX_POLAR (const RFLOAT phi)
 - Get the polar representation based on angle value ϕ .
- Complex CONJUGATE (const Complex &a)
 - Get the conjugate result based on value a.
- RFLOAT ABS (const Complex &a)
 - Calculate the |a| of complex number a.
- RFLOAT ABS2 (const Complex &a)
- Complex COMPLEX (RFLOAT a, RFLOAT b)
- RFLOAT REAL (const Complex &a)
- RFLOAT IMAG (const Complex &a)
- RFLOAT gsl_real (const Complex &a)
- RFLOAT gsl_imag (const Complex &a)
- RFLOAT gsl_real_imag_sum (const Complex &a)
- Complex operator- (const Complex &a)
- Complex operator+ (const Complex &a, const Complex &b)
- Complex operator- (const Complex &a, const Complex &b)
- Complex operator* (const Complex &a, const Complex &b)
- Complex operator/ (const Complex &a, const Complex &b)
- void operator+= (Complex &a, const Complex b)
- void operator-= (Complex &a, const Complex b)
- void operator*= (Complex &a, const Complex b)
- void operator/= (Complex &a, const Complex b)
- Complex operator* (const Complex a, const RFLOAT x)
- Complex operator* (const RFLOAT x, const Complex a)
- void operator*= (Complex &a, const RFLOAT x)

- Complex operator/ (const Complex a, const RFLOAT x)
- void **operator**/= (Complex &a, const RFLOAT x)

2.1.1 Detailed Description

Complex.h defines complex number related operations like $+,-,*,/,|a|, |a|^2$ and so on.

2.1.2 Function Documentation

2.1.2.1 RFLOAT ABS (const Complex & a) [inline]

Calculate the |a| of complex number a.

Returns

The |a| of complex number a.

Parameters

in	а	The number whose a needs to be calculated
----	---	---

2.1.2.2 Complex COMPLEX_POLAR (const RFLOAT phi) [inline]

Get the polar representation based on angle value ϕ .

Returns

Complex polar representation.

Parameters

in	phi	Angle value ϕ
----	-----	--------------------

2.1.2.3 Complex CONJUGATE (const Complex & a) [inline]

Get the conjugate result based on value a.

Returns

Conjugate of a.

Parameters

in	а	Complex number whose conjuate value needs to be returned

2.2 include/Geometry/Euler.h File Reference

Euler.h contains several functions, for operations of quaternions, converting between Euler angles, rotation matrices and unit quaternions and sampling rotation matrices from even distribution.

```
#include <cmath>
#include <gsl/gsl_math.h>
#include "Macro.h"
#include "Typedef.h"
#include "Precision.h"
#include "Random.h"
#include "Functions.h"
```

Functions

void quaternion mul (dvec4 &dst, const dvec4 &a, const dvec4 &b)

Calculate the product of two quaternions q_1 and q_2 .

• dvec4 quaternion_conj (const dvec4 &quat)

Calculate the conjugate quaternion of a quaternion.

void angle (double &phi, double &theta, const dvec3 &src)

Calculate ϕ and θ given a certain direction \mathbf{v} .

void angle (double &phi, double &theta, double &psi, const dmat33 &src)

Calculate ϕ , θ and ψ of the rotation represented by the rotation matrix **R**.

void angle (double &phi, double &theta, double &psi, const dvec4 &src)

Calculate ϕ , θ and ψ of the rotation represented by the unit quaternion \mathbf{q} .

void quaternion (dvec4 &dst, const double phi, const double theta, const double psi)

Calculate the unit quaternion \mathbf{q} for representing the rotation, given 3 Euler angles ϕ , θ and ψ .

void quaternion (dvec4 &dst, const double phi, const dvec3 &axis)

Calculate the unit quaternion \mathbf{q} for representing the rotation, given the rotation axis \mathbf{r} and the rotation angle around this axis ϕ .

void quaternion (dvec4 &dst, const dmat33 &src)

Calculate the unit quaternion ${\bf q}$ for representing the rotation, given the rotation matrix ${\bf R}$.

void rotate2D (dmat22 &dst, const dvec2 &vec)

Calculate the rotation matrix (2D) \mathbf{R} , which rotates the unit vector $\mathbf{v_0} = \{1,0\}$ to the given unit vector \mathbf{v} .

void rotate2D (dmat22 &dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix (2D) ${f R}$, given the rotation angle ϕ .

• void direction (dvec3 &dst, const double phi, const double theta)

Caclulate the unit direction vector \mathbf{v} , given the rotation angle ϕ and θ .

void rotate3D (dmat33 &dst, const double phi, const double theta, const double psi)

Caclulate the rotation matrix **R**, given the rotation angle ϕ , θ and ψ .

void rotate3D (dmat33 &dst, const dvec4 &src)

Calculate the rotation matrix ${\bf R}$, given the unit quaternion ${\bf q}$ which represents this rotation.

void rotate3DX (dmat33 &dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix \mathbf{R} which represents the rotation along X-axis with rotation angle ϕ .

void rotate3DY (dmat33 &dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix ${\bf R}$ which represents the rotation along Y-axis with rotation angle ϕ .

void rotate3DZ (dmat33 &dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix \mathbf{R} which represents the rotation along Z-axis with rotation angle ϕ .

void alignZ (dmat33 &dst, const dvec3 &vec)

Calculate the rotation matrix ${\bf R}$ which aligns a direction vector ${\bf v}$ to Z-axis.

void rotate3D (dmat33 &dst, const double phi, const dvec3 &axis)

Calculate the rotation matrix R which represents the rotation along the axis v with rotation angle ϕ .

void reflect3D (dmat33 &dst, const dvec3 &plane)

Calculate the transformation matrix \mathbf{M} of reflection against a certian plane, which is represented by its normal vector \mathbf{n} .

void swingTwist (dvec4 &swing, dvec4 &twist, const dvec4 &src, const dvec3 &vec)

Calculate the two quaternions \mathbf{q}_s and \mathbf{q}_t , which represent swing and twist along axis \mathbf{v} respectively, representing the rotation represented by quaternion \mathbf{q} .

void randRotate2D (dmat22 &rot)

Sample a 2D rotation matrix **R** from even distribution.

void randRotate3D (dmat33 &rot)

Sample a 3D rotation matrix **R** from even distribution.

2.2.1 Detailed Description

Euler.h contains several functions, for operations of quaternions, converting between Euler angles, rotation matrices and unit quaternions and sampling rotation matrices from even distribution. Quaternions are a number system that extends the complex numbers. Unit quaternions provide a convenient mathematical notation for representing rotations of objects in 3D. Compared to Euler angles, they are simpler to compose and aovid the problem of glimbal lock. Compared to rotation matrices, they are more compact and more efficient. Moroever, unlike Euler angles, unit quaternions do not rely on the choosing and order of the rotation axes.

To be noticed, Euler angles in this file follow the standard of ZXZ Euler system. In other words, Euler angle set $\{\phi, \theta, \psi\}$ stands for rotating along Z axis with ϕ , followed by rotating along X axis with θ , and followed by rotating along Z axis with ψ .

2.2.2 Function Documentation

2.2.2.1 void alignZ (dmat33 & dst, const dvec3 & vec)

Calculate the rotation matrix \mathbf{R} which aligns a direction vector \mathbf{v} to Z-axis.

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	vec	v

2.2.2.2 void angle (double & phi, double & theta, const dvec3 & src)

Calculate ϕ and θ given a certain direction \mathbf{v} .

v must be a unit vector. Output value ϕ ranges $[0, 2\pi)$, and θ ranges $[0, \pi]$.

Parameters

out	phi	φ
out	theta	θ
in	src	v

2.2.2.3 void angle (double & phi, double & theta, double & psi, const dmat33 & src)

Calculate ϕ , θ and ψ of the rotation represented by the rotation matrix ${\bf R}$.

R must be an orthogonal matrix and determinant of which equals to 1. In other words, $RR^T = I$ and $\det A = 1$. Output value ϕ ranges $[0, 2\pi)$, θ ranges $[0, \pi]$, and ψ ranges $[0, 2\pi)$.

Parameters

out	phi	ϕ

out	theta	θ
out	psi	Ψ
in	src	R

2.2.2.4 void angle (double & phi, double & theta, double & psi, const dvec4 & src)

Calculate ϕ , θ and ψ of the rotation represented by the unit quaternion \mathbf{q} .

Parameters

out	phi	φ
out	theta	θ
out	psi	Ψ
in	src	q

2.2.2.5 void direction (dvec3 & dst, const double phi, const double theta)

Caclulate the unit direction vector \mathbf{v} , given the rotation angle ϕ and θ .

Parameters

out	dst	v
in	phi	ϕ
in	theta	θ

2.2.2.6 void quaternion (dvec4 & dst, const double phi, const double theta, const double psi)

Calculate the unit quaternion \mathbf{q} for representing the rotation, given 3 Euler angles ϕ , θ and ψ .

Parameters

out	dst	q
in	phi	ϕ
in	theta	θ
in	psi	Ψ

2.2.2.7 void quaternion (dvec4 & dst, const double phi, const dvec3 & axis)

Calculate the unit quaternion \mathbf{q} for representing the rotation, given the rotation axis \mathbf{r} and the rotation angle around this axis ϕ .

This rotation axis \mathbf{r} must be a unit vector, while the rotation angle ϕ ranges $(-\infty, +\infty)$.

Parameters

out	dst	q
in	phi	ϕ
in	axis	r

2.2.2.8 void quaternion (dvec4 & dst, const dmat33 & src)

Calculate the unit quaternion ${\bf q}$ for representing the rotation, given the rotation matrix ${\bf R}$.

Parameters

out	dst	q	
in	src	R	

2.2.2.9 dvec4 quaternion_conj (const dvec4 & quat)

Calculate the conjugate quaternion of a quaternion.

Returns

the conjugate quaternion

Parameters

_			
	in	quat	a quaternion

2.2.2.10 void quaternion_mul (dvec4 & dst, const dvec4 & a, const dvec4 & b)

Calculate the product of two quaternions q_1 and q_2 .

Assuming that $\mathbf{q_1} = (w_1, x_1, y_1, z_1)$ and $\mathbf{q_2} = (w_2, x_2, y_2, z_2)$, the product can be calculated as

$$\begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} w_2 \\ x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} w_1 w_2 - x_1 x_2 - y_1 y_2 - z_1 z_2 \\ w_1 x_2 + x_1 w_2 + y_1 z_2 - z_1 y_2 \\ w_1 y_2 - x_1 z_2 + y_1 w_2 + z_1 x_2 \\ w_1 z_2 + x_1 y_2 - y_1 x_2 + z_1 w_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Parameters

out	dst	product, a quaternion	
in	а	left multiplier, q ₁	
in	b	right multiplier, ${f q}_2$	

2.2.2.11 void randRotate2D (dmat22 & rot)

Sample a 2D rotation matrix ${\bf R}$ from even distribution.

Parameters

out	rot	R	

2.2.2.12 void randRotate3D (dmat33 & rot)

Sample a 3D rotation matrix **R** from even distribution.

Parameters

out	rot	R

2.2.2.13 void reflect3D (dmat33 & dst, const dvec3 & plane)

Calculate the transformation matrix \mathbf{M} of reflection against a certian plane, which is represented by its normal vector \mathbf{n} .

Parameters

out	dst	M
in	plane	n

2.2.2.14 void rotate2D (dmat22 & dst, const dvec2 & vec)

Calculate the rotation matrix (2D) \mathbf{R} , which rotates the unit vector $\mathbf{v_0} = \{1,0\}$ to the given unit vector \mathbf{v} .

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	vec	v

2.2.2.15 void rotate2D (dmat22 & dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix (2D) \mathbf{R} , given the rotation angle ϕ .

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	phi	φ

2.2.2.16 void rotate3D (dmat33 & dst, const double phi, const double theta, const double psi)

Caclulate the rotation matrix **R**, given the rotation angle ϕ , θ and ψ .

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	phi	φ
in	theta	θ
in	psi	Ψ

2.2.2.17 void rotate3D (dmat33 & dst, const dvec4 & src)

Calculate the rotation matrix \mathbf{R} , given the unit quaternion \mathbf{q} which represents this rotation.

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	src	q

2.2.2.18 void rotate3D (dmat33 & dst, const double phi, const dvec3 & axis)

Calculate the rotation matrix R which represents the rotation along the axis v with rotation angle ϕ .

Parameters

out	dst	
in	phi	

in	axis	v
	ano	'

2.2.2.19 void rotate3DX (dmat33 & dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix ${f R}$ which represents the rotation along X-axis with rotation angle ϕ .

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	phi	ϕ

2.2.2.20 void rotate3DY (dmat33 & dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix **R** which represents the rotation along Y-axis with rotation angle ϕ .

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	phi	φ

2.2.2.21 void rotate3DZ (dmat33 & dst, const double phi)

Calculate the rotation matrix **R** which represents the rotation along Z-axis with rotation angle ϕ .

Parameters

out	dst	R
in	phi	ϕ

2.2.2.22 void swingTwist (dvec4 & swing, dvec4 & twist, const dvec4 & src, const dvec3 & vec)

Calculate the two quaternions q_s and q_t , which represent swing and twist along axis v respectively, representing the rotation represented by quaternion q.

Parameters

out	swing	$\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{s}}$
out	twist	q_t
in	src	q
in	vec	v

Index

ABS
Complex.h, 4 alignZ Euler.h, 6 angle Euler.h, 6, 7
COMPLEX_POLAR Complex.h, 4 CONJUGATE Complex.h, 4 Complex.h ABS, 4 COMPLEX_POLAR, 4 CONJUGATE, 4
direction Euler.h, 7
Euler.h alignZ, 6 angle, 6, 7 direction, 7 quaternion, 7 quaternion_conj, 8 quaternion_mul, 8 randRotate2D, 8 randRotate3D, 8 reflect3D, 8 rotate2D, 9 rotate3D, 9 rotate3DX, 10 rotate3DY, 10 rotate3DZ, 10 swingTwist, 10
include/Complex.h, 3 include/Geometry/Euler.h, 4
quaternion
Euler.h, 7 quaternion_conj Euler.h, 8 quaternion_mul Euler.h, 8
randRotate2D Euler.h, 8 randRotate3D Euler.h, 8

reflect3D

Euler.h, 8
rotate2D
Euler.h, 9
rotate3D
Euler.h, 9
rotate3DX
Euler.h, 10
rotate3DY
Euler.h, 10
rotate3DZ
Euler.h, 10
swingTwist
Euler.h, 10