## eCMD C/C++ Dll Reference Manual

Generated by Doxygen 1.2.18

Tue Aug 10 10:47:47 2004

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## eCMD C/C++ Dll Main Page

#### 1.0.1 Introduction

Common Hardware Access Programming Interface (eCMD)

This is the documentation of the eCMD C/C++ Programming Api

#### 1.0.2 eCMD Core Include Files

To compile client code to use the C++ API, the following header files are required:

- ecmdClientCapi.H
- ecmdDataBuffer.H
- $\bullet$  ecmdStructs.H
- ecmdReturnCodes.H
- ecmdUtils.H
- ecmdSharedUtils.H

#### 1.0.3 Link objects

To link the client code on AIX, the following is required:

- $\bullet$  ecmdClientCapi\_aix.a
- $\bullet$  libecmd\_aix.so
- xlC v5.0

To create Linux x86 binaries, the following is required:

- ecmdClientCapi\_x86.a
- $\bullet$  libecmd\_x86.so
- g++????

#### 1.0.4 eCMD Extensions

These are extensions to the core eCMD interface, not all eCMD Plugins support these extensions.

#### 1.0.4.1 CIP (Cronus/IP) Extension

This extensions provides interfaces to start/stop processor instructions and breakpoint handling. Include files:

• cipClientCapi.H

#### 1.0.5 DLL Version

The eCMD Capi client code is built with a ECMD\_CAPI\_VERSION that gets passed into the DLL with the initDll function. If the version passed in does not match the version compiled into the DLL, the init will fail. The programmer needs to get a new copy of the .a archive and rebuild there client to correct this problem.

#### 1.0.6 The ecmdDataBuffer class

Data is passed between the client and the DLL with the **ecmdDataBuffer** (p. 21) class. The **ecmdDataBuffer** (p. 21) object is linked on both the client side and the DLL side.

The ecmdDataBuffer (p. 21) maintains data both as unsigned integers and as a character string. The class contains methods for accessing and modifying data as well as converting data to strings (e.g. hex, left-aligned). The ecmdDataBuffer (p. 21) class allocates the memory for the conversion-to-string routines and returns a char\* pointer to the memory. The client should allocate its own memory and do a strcpy if the string is to be preserved upon the next ecmdDataBuffer (p. 21) conversion-to-string call.

#### 1.0.7 Makefile Example

These examples assume you linked to the required files in a subdir called dll.

For Cronus these files can be found in your location at .../cronus/ecommon/dll

#### 1.0.7.1 Aix

```
testclient: testclient.o dll/ecmdClientCapi_aix.a
xlC -+ -g -brtl -L../capi/export -lecmd_aix testclient.o dll/ecmdClientCapi_aix.a -o testclient
```

testclient.o: testclient.C dll/ecmdClientCapi.H dll/ecmdDataBuffer.H dll/ecmdReturnCodes.H dll/ecmdStructs.H dl xlC -+ -g -c -Idll/ testclient.C -o testclient.o

#### 1.0.7.2 Linux x86

```
testclient.linux: testclient_linux.o dll/ecmdClientCapi_x86.a
g++ -g -ldl -L../capi/export -lecmd_x86 testclient_linux.o dll/ecmdClientCapi_x86.a -o testclient.linux
```

testclient\_linux.o: testclient.c dll/ecmdClientCapi.H dll/ecmdDataBuffer.H dll/ecmdReturnCodes.H dll/ecmdStructg++ -g -c -Idll/ -ftemplate-depth-30 testclient.c -o testclient\_linux.o

#### 1.0.8 Example

#include <list>

```
# include <string>
#include < ecmdClientCapi.H>
#include < ecmdDataBuffer.H>
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
 // A buffer to store our data
  ecmdDataBuffer (p. 21) data;
 uint32_t rc = 0;
 // This is the chip target to operate on
  {\bf ecmdChipTarget} \quad (p.\,17) \ {\tt target};
 // Load and initialize the eCMD Dll
 // Which DLL to load is determined by the ECMD_DLL_FILE environment variable
 rc = ecmdLoadDll("");
 if (rc) {
   printf("**** ERROR : Problems loading eCMD Dll!");
   return rc;
 // Pass your arguments to the Dll so it can parse out any common args
 // Common args like -p# -c# will be removed from arg list upon return
 rc = ecmdCommandArgs(&argc, &argv);
 if (rc) return rc;
 // Let's setup our target
  target.cage = target.node = target.slot = 0;
  target.chipType = "pu";
  target.pos = target.core = 0;
 // We have to tell the Dll what type of target we are querying
 // We are not dealing with cores here so let the Dll know we want to know everything above that
 target.coreState = ECMD_TARGET_FIELD_UNUSED
 // Is this target configured ?
 if (ecmdQueryTargetConfigured(target)) {
   printf("pu 0:0 is configured");
 } else {
   printf("**** ERROR : pu 0:0 is not configured, unable to complete test");
   return 1;
 }
 // -----
 // Ring's
 // -----
 rc = getRing (target, "sgxbs", data);
 if (rc) return rc;
 printf("Scanned ring sgxbs - length = d",data.getBitLength());
 // We need to set a few bits
 // Set an entire word
 data.setWord(1, 0xFEEDBEEF);
 // Set bit 2
```

```
data.setBit(2);
// Set bits 5-9
data.setBit(5,5);
// Clear bit 12
data.clearBit(12);
// Scan the ring back in
rc = putRing (target, "sgxbs", data);
if (rc) return rc;
// -----
// Spy's
// We will enable ring caching this will reduce the scans to the hardware
ecmdEnableRingCache() (p.88);
// First we will try a non-enumerated spy
rc = getSpy (target, "MYSPY", data);
if (rc) return rc;
data.setWord(0,0xAAAAAAA);
rc = putSpy (target, "MYSPY", data);
if (rc) return rc;
// Now an enumerated spy
std::string enumval;
rc = getSpyEnum (target, "MYENUMSPY", enumval);
if (rc) return rc;
printf("pu 0:0 MYENUMSPY is set to : s",enumval.c_str());
rc = putSpyEnum (target, "MYENUMSPY", "ENABLE");
if (rc) return rc;
// Now that we are done with that, flush all the rings to the hardware that were modified
rc = ecmdDisableRingCache() (p. 88);
if (rc) return rc;
// -----
// Scom's
// -----
rc = getScom (target, 0x800003, data);
if (rc) return rc;
printf("pu 0:0 800003 %.08% %.08%",data.getWord(0),data.getWord(1));
data.setWord(1,0x5555AAAA);
rc = putScom (target, 0x800003, data);
if (rc) return rc;
// -----
// Config Looping
// -----
// I want to loop on all the pu chips that the user selected with -p# -n#
// Looping on selected positions only works when ecmdCommandArgs has been previously called
// Setup the target we will use
```

```
// We want to loop on all 'pu' chips so set that, everything else is wildcard
 target.chipType = "pu";
 target.chipTypeState = ECMD_TARGET_QUERY_FIELD_VALID;
 target.cageState = target.nodeState = target.slotState = target.posState = target.coreState = ECMD_TARGET_QUE
 // For the function we are doing we know that we don't care about threads
 target.threadState = ECMD_TARGET_FIELD_UNUSED;
 bool validPosFound = false;
  ecmdLooperData (p. 51) looperdata;
 // Initialize the config looper, tell it to loop on targets selected by the user -p# -c#
 // To loop on all targets in the system, not just those selected change this to : ECMD_ALL_TARGETS_LOOP
 rc = ecmdConfigLooperInit(target, ECMD_SELECTED_TARGETS_LOOP, looperdata);
 if (rc) return rc;
 // This loop will continue as long as valid targets are found
 // each time returning with the target variable filled it
 while ( ecmdConfigLooperNext(target, looperdata) ) {
   // We will dump all the idregs
   rc = getRing(target, "idreg", data);
   printf("Idreg for s : 0x%.08X", ecmdWriteTarget(target).c_str(), data.getWord(0));
   // Signify that we looped at least once
   validPosFound = true;
 if (!validPosFound) {
   // We never went into the while loop this means the positions the user selected where not in the system
   printf("**** ERROR : Position selected was not valid");
 }
 // Unload the eCMD Dll, this should always be the last thing you do
  ecmdUnloadDll() (p. 77);
 return rc;
}
```

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# eCMD C/C++ Dll Compound Index

### 2.1 eCMD C/C++ Dll Compound List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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ecmdDllInfo (This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return info to the client about what	
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ecmdGroupData (Used by get/putspy function to create the return data from a group)	47
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$\mathrm{mation})  \dots $	51
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## eCMD C/C++ Dll File Index

### 3.1 eCMD C/C++ Dll File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

cipClientCapi.H (Cronus & IP eCMD Extension)	65
ecmdClientCapi.H (ECMD C/C++ Client Interface)	68
ecmdDataBuffer.H (Provides a means to handle data from the eCMD C API)	113
ecmdReturnCodes.H (All Return Codes for the eCmd Capi)	114
ecmdStructs.H (All the Structures required for the eCMD Capi)	122
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## eCMD C/C++ Dll Class Documentation

### 4.1 ecmdArrayData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryArray function to return array info. #include <ecmdStructs.H>

#### Public Attributes

• std::string arrayName

Names used to reference this array.

 $\bullet$  int addressLength

Bit length of address.

• int length

Length of array (number of entries).

• int width

Bit width of array entry.

• ecmdClockState\_t clockState

 $Required\ clock\ state\ to\ access\ this\ array.$ 

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryArray function to return array info.

#### 4.1.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.1.2.1 std::string ecmdArrayData::arrayName

Names used to reference this array.

#### 4.1.2.2 int ecmdArrayData::addressLength

Bit length of address.

#### 4.1.2.3 int ecmdArrayData::length

Length of array (number of entries).

#### 4.1.2.4 int ecmdArrayData::width

Bit width of array entry.

#### 4.1.2.5 ecmdClockState\_t ecmdArrayData::clockState

Required clock state to access this array.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

#### $\bullet$ ecmdStructs.H

### 4.2 ecmdArrayEntry Struct Reference

Used by the getArrayMultiple function to pass data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

#### Public Attributes

#### • ecmdDataBuffer address

Array address/element to access.

#### • ecmdDataBuffer buffer

Array data from address.

• uint32\_t rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

#### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Used by the getArrayMultiple function to pass data.

#### 4.2.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.2.2.1 ecmdDataBuffer ecmdArrayEntry::address

Array address/element to access.

#### ${\bf 4.2.2.2} \quad {\bf ecmdDataBuffer} \ {\bf ecmdArrayEntry::buffer}$

Array data from address.

#### 4.2.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdArrayEntry::rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• ecmdStructs.H

### 4.3 ecmdCageData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return cage data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

#### Public Attributes

• uint32\_t cageId

(Detail: Low) Cage number of this entry

• std::list < ecmdNodeData > nodeData

(Detail: Low) List of all nodes requested in this cage - in numerical order by nodeId

#### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return cage data.

Operators Supported : <

#### 4.3.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.3.2.1 uint32\_t ecmdCageData::cageId

(Detail: Low) Cage number of this entry

#### $\bf 4.3.2.2 \quad std:: list < ecmdNodeData > ecmdCageData:: nodeData$

(Detail: Low) List of all nodes requested in this cage - in numerical order by nodeId The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• ecmdStructs.H

#### 4.4 ecmdChipData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return chip data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

#### Public Attributes

• std::string chipType

(Detail: Low) actual name of chip, ie. gr, ent (should be 3chars or less)

• std::string chipCommonType

(Detail: Low) common name of chip, ie. pu, riohub

• uint32\_t pos

(Detail: Low) Position of this entry

• uint8\_t numProcCores

(Detail: Low) Number of cores this entry supports - only valid for Processor compute cores

• uint32\_t chipEc

(Detail: High) EC level of this chip, usually 0-F (ec read from 'jtag' chip id or CFAM id)

• uint32\_t simModelEc

(Detail: High) Model EC level of this chip

• ecmdChipInterfaceType\_t interfaceType

(Detail: High) Interface Macro used by the chip

• uint32\_t chipFlags

(Detail: High) Various additional info about the chip - bitmask of defines

• std::list< ecmdCoreData > coreData

(Detail: Low) List of all cores requested in this chip - only valid for Processor compute cores - in numerical order by coreId

#### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return chip data.

Operators Supported : <

#### 4.4.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 std::string ecmdChipData::chipType

(Detail: Low) actual name of chip, ie. gr, ent (should be 3chars or less)

#### 4.4.2.2 std::string ecmdChipData::chipCommonType

(Detail: Low) common name of chip, ie. pu, riohub

#### 4.4.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdChipData::pos

(Detail: Low) Position of this entry

#### 4.4.2.4 uint8\_t ecmdChipData::numProcCores

(Detail: Low) Number of cores this entry supports - only valid for Processor compute cores

#### 4.4.2.5 uint32\_t ecmdChipData::chipEc

(Detail: High) EC level of this chip, usually 0-F (ec read from 'jtag' chip id or CFAM id)

#### 4.4.2.6 uint $32_{-}$ t ecmdChipData::simModelEc

(Detail: High) Model EC level of this chip

#### 4.4.2.7 ecmdChipInterfaceType\_t ecmdChipData::interfaceType

(Detail: High) Interface Macro used by the chip

#### 4.4.2.8 uint32\_t ecmdChipData::chipFlags

(Detail: High) Various additional info about the chip - bitmask of defines

#### 4.4.2.9 std::list<ecmdCoreData> ecmdChipData::coreData

(Detail: Low) List of all cores requested in this chip - only valid for Processor compute cores - in numerical order by coreId

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

#### • ecmdStructs.H

### 4.5 ecmdChipTarget Struct Reference

Structure used to designate which cec object/chip you would like the function to operate on.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

#### Public Attributes

• uint32\_t cage

cage that contains node with chip

• uint32\_t node

node that contains chip

• uint32\_t slot

Card Slot/Fru to target.

• std::string chipType

name of chip to access, either actual or common name

• uint32\_t pos

position of chip within node

• uint8\_t core

which core on chip to access, if chip is multi-core

• uint8\_t thread

which thread on chip to access, if chip is multi-threaded

 $\bullet$  ecmdChipTargetState\_t cageState

cage field state

 $\bullet$  ecmdChipTargetState\_t nodeState

node field state

 $\bullet$  ecmdChipTargetState\_t slotState

slot field state

• ecmdChipTargetState\_t chipTypeState

 $chip\,Type\,\,field\,\,state$ 

 $\bullet \ ecmdChipTargetState\_t \ posState \\$ 

pos field state

• ecmdChipTargetState\_t coreState

core field state

 $\bullet \ ecmdChipTargetState\_t \ threadState \\$ 

 $thread\ field\ state$ 

#### • std::string unitId

This is an optional field if unitid's are used to specify the target, the above info still needs to be filled in.

#### • ecmdChipTargetState\_t unitIdState

 $unitId\ field\ state$ 

#### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Structure used to designate which cec object/chip you would like the function to operate on.

- The state bits are used by D/A functions to tell the calling function what level of granularity the function operates on Ex. putmem/getmem display memory through the processor, they are only dependent on cage/node/pos because they do not use the cores to perform their function However put/getspr display architected registers from the processor, they will signify that cage/node/pos/core and depending on the particular spr referenced threads may be valid
  - The state bits are used slightly differently for the queryFunctions they are used there to signify what data coming in is valid to refine a query

#### 4.5.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.5.2.1 uint32\_t ecmdChipTarget::cage

cage that contains node with chip

#### 4.5.2.2 uint32\_t ecmdChipTarget::node

node that contains chip

#### 4.5.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdChipTarget::slot

Card Slot/Fru to target.

#### 4.5.2.4 std::string ecmdChipTarget::chipType

name of chip to access, either actual or common name

#### 4.5.2.5 uint32\_t ecmdChipTarget::pos

position of chip within node

#### 4.5.2.6 uint8\_t ecmdChipTarget::core

which core on chip to access, if chip is multi-core

#### 4.5.2.7 uint8\_t ecmdChipTarget::thread

which thread on chip to access, if chip is multi-threaded

#### 4.5.2.8 ecmdChipTargetState\_t ecmdChipTarget::cageState

cage field state

#### 4.5.2.9 ecmdChipTargetState\_t ecmdChipTarget::nodeState

node field state

#### 4.5.2.10 ecmdChipTargetState\_t ecmdChipTarget::slotState

slot field state

#### 4.5.2.11 ecmdChipTargetState\_t ecmdChipTarget::chipTypeState

chipType field state

#### ${\bf 4.5.2.12} \quad ecmdChipTargetState\_t \ ecmdChipTarget::posState$

pos field state

#### 4.5.2.13 ecmdChipTargetState\_t ecmdChipTarget::coreState

core field state

#### 4.5.2.14 ecmdChipTargetState\_t ecmdChipTarget::threadState

thread field state

#### 4.5.2.15 std::string ecmdChipTarget::unitId

This is an optional field if unitid's are used to specify the target, the above info still needs to be filled in.

#### ${\bf 4.5.2.16} \quad ecmdChipTargetState\_t \ ecmdChipTarget::unitIdState$

unitId field state

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

#### $\bullet$ ecmdStructs.H

#### 4.6 ecmdCoreData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return core data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

#### Public Attributes

• uint8\_t coreId

(Detail: Low) core number of this entry

• uint8\_t numProcThreads

(Detail: Low) Number of threads per core this entry supports - only valid for Processors

• std::list< ecmdThreadData > threadData

(Detail: Low) List of all threads avaliable for this chip - only valid for Processor compute cores - in numerical order

#### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return core data.

Operators Supported : <

#### 4.6.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.6.2.1 uint8\_t ecmdCoreData::coreId

(Detail: Low) core number of this entry

#### 4.6.2.2 uint8\_t ecmdCoreData::numProcThreads

(Detail: Low) Number of threads per core this entry supports - only valid for Processors

#### $4.6.2.3 \quad std:: list < ecmdThreadData > ecmdCoreData:: threadData$

(Detail: Low) List of all threads avaliable for this chip - only valid for Processor compute cores - in numerical order

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• ecmdStructs.H

#### 4.7 ecmdDataBuffer Class Reference

Provides a means to handle data from the eCMD C API.

#include <ecmdDataBuffer.H>

#### **Public Methods**

#### ecmdDataBuffer Constructors

• ecmdDataBuffer ()

Default Constructor.

• ecmdDataBuffer (int i\_numWords)

Constructor.

• ecmdDataBuffer (const ecmdDataBuffer &other)

Copy Constructor.

• ~ecmdDataBuffer ()

Default Destructor.

#### **Buffer Size Function**

• int getWordLength () const Return the length of the buffer in words.

• int **getByteLength** () const

 ${\it Return \ the \ length \ of \ the \ buffer \ in \ bytes.}$ 

• int **getBitLength** () const

Return the length of the buffer in bits.

• int **getCapacity** () const

Return the actual capacity of the internal buffer in words.

• void **setWordLength** (int i\_newNumWords)

Reinitialize the Buffer to specified length.

• void **setBitLength** (int i\_newNumBits)

Reinitialize the Buffer to specified length.

• void **setCapacity** (int i\_newNumWords)

Reinitialize the internal buffer to specified length.

#### Bit/Word Manipulation Functions

• void **setBit** (int i\_bit)

Turn on a bit in buffer.

• void **setBit** (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

Turn on a bit in buffer.

- void writeBit (int i\_bit, int i\_value)

  Write a bit to specified value in buffer.
- void **setWord** (int i\_wordoffset, uint32\_t i\_value)

  Set a word of data in buffer.
- uint32\_t **getWord** (int i\_wordoffset)
  Fetch a word from ecmdDataBuffer.
- void **setByte** (int i\_byteoffset, uint8\_t i\_value)

  Set a byte of data in buffer.
- uint8\_t **getByte** (int i\_byteoffset)

  Fetch a byte from ecmdDataBuffer.
- void **clearBit** (int i\_bit)

  Clear a bit in buffer.
- void **clearBit** (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

  Clear multiple bits in buffer.
- void **flipBit** (int i\_bit)

  Invert bit.
- void **flipBit** (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

  Invert multiple bits.
- int isBitSet (int i\_bit)

  Test if bit is set.
- int isBitSet (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

  Test if multiple bits are set.
- int isBitClear (int i\_bit)

  Test if bit is clear.
- int isBitClear (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

  Test if multiple bits are clear.
- int getNumBitsSet (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

  Count number of bits set in a range.

#### **Buffer Manipulation Functions**

- void **shiftRight** (int i\_shiftnum)

  Shift data to right.
- void **shiftLeft** (int i\_shiftnum)

  Shift data to left.
- void **shiftRightAndResize** (int i\_shiftnum)

  Shift data to right resizing buffer.

- void **shiftLeftAndResize** (int i\_shiftnum)

  Shift data to left resizing buffer.
- void rotateRight (int i\_rotatenum)

  Rotate data to right.
- void rotateLeft (int i\_rotatenum)

  Rotate data to left.
- void flushTo0 ()

  Clear entire buffer to 0's.
- void flushTo1 ()

  Set entire buffer to 1's.
- void invert ()

  Invert entire buffer.
- void applyInversionMask (uint32\_t \*i\_invMask, int i\_invByteLen)

  Apply an inversion mask to data inside buffer.
- void **insert** (ecmdDataBuffer &i\_bufferIn, int i\_start, int i\_len)

  Insert part of another DataBuffer into this one.
- void insert (uint32\_t \*i\_datain, int i\_start, int i\_len)

  Insert a uint32\_t array into this DataBuffer.
- void insert (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_start, int i\_len)

  Insert a uint32\_t into the DataBuffer.
- void insertFromRight (uint32\_t \*i\_datain, int i\_start, int i\_len)

  Insert a right aligned (decimal) uint32\_t array into this DataBuffer.
- void insertFromRight (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_start, int i\_len)

  Insert a right aligned (decimal) uint32\_t into the DataBuffer.
- void **extract** (ecmdDataBuffer &o\_bufferOut, int i\_start, int i\_len)

  Copy data from this DataBuffer into another.
- void extract (uint32\_t \*o\_data, int i\_start, int i\_len)

  Copy data from this DataBuffer into another.
- void **setOr** (ecmdDataBuffer &i\_bufferIn, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)
  OR data into DataBuffer.
- void **setOr** (uint32\_t \*i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

  OR data into DataBuffer.
- void **setOr** (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)
  OR data into DataBuffer.
- void **merge** (ecmdDataBuffer &i\_bufferIn) OR data into DataBuffer.
- void **setXor** (ecmdDataBuffer &i\_bufferIn, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

XOR data into DataBuffer.

- void **setXor** (uint32\_t \*i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

  XOR data into DataBuffer.
- void **setXor** (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

  XOR data into DataBuffer.
- void **setAnd** (ecmdDataBuffer &i\_bufferIn, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

  AND data into DataBuffer.
- void **setAnd** (uint32\_t \*i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

  AND data into DataBuffer.
- void **setAnd** (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

  AND data into DataBuffer.
- void copy (ecmdDataBuffer &o\_copyBuffer)
   Copy entire contents of this ecmdDataBuffer into o\_copyBuffer.
- ecmdDataBuffer & **operator**= (const ecmdDataBuffer &i\_master)

  Copy Constructor.
- void **memCopyIn** (uint32\_t \*i\_buf, int i\_bytes)

  Copy buffer into this ecmdDataBuffer.
- void **memCopyOut** (uint32\_t \*o\_buf, int i\_bytes)

  Copy DataBuffer into supplied uint32\_t buffer.

#### **Parity Functions**

- int oddParity (int i\_start, int i\_stop)

  Generate odd parity over a range of bits.
- int evenParity (int i\_start, int i\_stop)

  Generate even parity over a range of bits.
- int oddParity (int i\_start, int i\_stop, int i\_insertpos)

  Generate odd parity over a range of bits and insert into DataBuffer.
- int evenParity (int i\_start, int i\_stop, int i\_insertpos)
   Generate even parity over a range of bits and insert into DataBuffer.

#### **Buffer Character Conversion Functions**

- std::string genHexLeftStr (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

  Return Data as a hex left aligned char string.
- std::string genHexRightStr (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

  Return Data as a hex right aligned char string.
- std::string **genBinStr** (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

  Return Data as a binary char string.

• std::string **genHexLeftStr** ()

Return entire buffer as a hex left aligned char string.

• std::string **genHexRightStr** ()

Return entire buffer as a hex right aligned char string.

• std::string **genBinStr** ()

Return entire buffer as a binary char string.

• std::string genXstateStr (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

Retrieve a section of the Xstate Data.

• std::string **genXstateStr** ()

Retrieve entire Xstate Data buffer.

#### String to Data conversion functions

- int insertFromHexLeft (const char \*i\_hexChars, int i\_start=0, int i\_length=0)

  Convert data from a hex left-aligned string and insert it into this data buffer.
- int insertFromHexRight (const char \*i\_hexChars, int i\_start=0, int i\_expected-Length=0)

Convert data from a hex right-aligned string and insert it into this data buffer.

• int insertFromBin (const char \*i\_binChars, int i\_start=0)

Convert data from a binary string and insert it into this data buffer.

#### Simulation Buffer Functions

• int hasXstate ()

Check Entire buffer for any X-state values.

• int hasXstate (int i\_start, int i\_length)

Check section of buffer for any X-state values.

• char **getXstate** (int i\_bit)

Retrieve an Xstate value from the buffer.

• void **setXstate** (int i\_bit, char i\_value)

Set an Xstate value in the buffer.

• void **setXstate** (int i\_bitoffset, const char \*i\_datastr)

Set a range of Xstate values in buffer.

• void **memCopyInXstate** (const char \*i\_buf, int i\_bytes)

Copy buffer into the Xstate data of this ecmdDataBuffer.

• void **memCopyOutXstate** (char \*o\_buf, int i\_bytes)

Copy DataBuffer into supplied char buffer from Xstate data.

#### Operator overloads

- int **operator**== (const ecmdDataBuffer &other) const Overload the == operator.
- int **operator!**= (const ecmdDataBuffer &other) const Overload the != operator.
- ecmdDataBuffer **operator** & (const ecmdDataBuffer &other) const Overload the & operator.
- ecmdDataBuffer operator| (const ecmdDataBuffer &other) const Overload the | operator.

#### 4.7.1 Detailed Description

Provides a means to handle data from the eCMD C API.

#### 4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.7.2.1 ecmdDataBuffer::ecmdDataBuffer()

Default Constructor.

#### Postcondition:

buffer is not allocated, can be allocated later with setWordLength, setCapacity or setBitLength

#### 4.7.2.2 ecmdDataBuffer::ecmdDataBuffer (int $i\_numWords$ )

Constructor.

#### Parameters:

i\_num Words Size of data to initialize in 32-bit words

#### Postcondition:

ecmdDataBuffer is initialzed with a buffer

#### 4.7.2.3 ecmdDataBuffer::ecmdDataBuffer (const ecmdDataBuffer & other)

Copy Constructor.

#### Parameters:

other Buffer to copy

#### 4.7.2.4 ecmdDataBuffer::~ecmdDataBuffer()

Default Destructor.

#### 4.7.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.7.3.1 int ecmdDataBuffer::getWordLength ()

Return the length of the buffer in words.

#### Return values:

Buffer length in words rounded up

#### 4.7.3.2 int ecmdDataBuffer::getByteLength ()

Return the length of the buffer in bytes.

#### Return values:

Buffer length in bytes rounded up

#### 4.7.3.3 int ecmdDataBuffer::getBitLength ()

Return the length of the buffer in bits.

#### Return values:

Buffer length in bits

#### 4.7.3.4 int ecmdDataBuffer::getCapacity ()

Return the actual capacity of the internal buffer in words.

#### Return values:

Actual capacity of internal buffer

#### 4.7.3.5 void ecmdDataBuffer::setWordLength (int i\_newNumWords)

Reinitialize the Buffer to specified length.

#### Parameters:

i\_newNumWords Length of new buffer in words

#### Postcondition:

Buffer is reinitialized

CAUTION : All data stored in buffer will be lost

#### 4.7.3.6 void ecmdDataBuffer::setBitLength (int i\_newNumBits)

Reinitialize the Buffer to specified length.

#### Parameters:

i\_newNumBits Length of new buffer in bits

#### Postcondition:

Buffer is reinitialized

CAUTION: All data stored in buffer will be lost

#### 4.7.3.7 void ecmdDataBuffer::setCapacity (int i\_newNumWords)

Reinitialize the internal buffer to specified length.

#### Parameters:

*i\_newNumWords* length of internal data buffer in words

#### Postcondition:

Internal buffer is reinitialzied

CAUTION: All data stored in buffer will be lost

#### 4.7.3.8 void ecmdDataBuffer::setBit (int i\_bit)

Turn on a bit in buffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_bit$  Bit in buffer to turn on

#### 4.7.3.9 void ecmdDataBuffer::setBit (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

Turn on a bit in buffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_bit$  start bit in buffer to turn on

*i\_len* Number of consecutive bits from start bit to turn on

#### 4.7.3.10 void ecmdDataBuffer::writeBit (int *i\_bit*, int *i\_value*)

Write a bit to specified value in buffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_bit$  Bit in buffer to turn on

i\_value Value to write

#### 4.7.3.11 void ecmdDataBuffer::setWord (int i\_wordoffset, uint32\_t i\_value)

Set a word of data in buffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_word of\!fset$  Offset of word to set

i\_value 32 bits of data to put into word

#### 4.7.3.12 uint32\_t ecmdDataBuffer::getWord (int i\_wordoffset)

Fetch a word from ecmdDataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_word offset$  Offset of word to fetch

#### Return values:

Value of word requested

#### 4.7.3.13 void ecmdDataBuffer::setByte (int i\_byteoffset, uint8\_t i\_value)

Set a byte of data in buffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_byteoffset$  Offset of byte to set

i\_value 8 bits of data to put into byte

#### 4.7.3.14 uint8\_t ecmdDataBuffer::getByte (int $i\_byteoffset$ )

Fetch a byte from ecmdDataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_byteoffset$  Offset of byte to fetch

#### Return values:

Value of byte requested

#### 4.7.3.15 void ecmdDataBuffer::clearBit (int $i\_bit$ )

Clear a bit in buffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_bit Bit in buffer to turn off

#### 4.7.3.16 void ecmdDataBuffer::clearBit (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

Clear multiple bits in buffer.

#### Parameters:

*i\_bit* Start bit in buffer to turn off

*i\_len* Number of consecutive bits from start bit to off

#### 4.7.3.17 void ecmdDataBuffer::flipBit (int i\_bit)

Invert bit.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_bit$  Bit in buffer to invert

#### 4.7.3.18 void ecmdDataBuffer::flipBit (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

Invert multiple bits.

#### Parameters:

*i\_bit* Start bit in buffer to invert

*i\_len* Number of consecutive bits to invert

#### 4.7.3.19 int ecmdDataBuffer::isBitSet (int $i\_bit$ )

Test if bit is set.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_bit$  Bit to test

#### Return values:

true if bit is set - false if bit is clear

#### 4.7.3.20 int ecmdDataBuffer::isBitSet (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

Test if multiple bits are set.

#### Parameters:

*i\_bit* Start bit to test

i\_len Number of consecutive bits to test

#### Return values:

true if all bits in range are set - false if any bit is clear

#### 4.7.3.21 int ecmdDataBuffer::isBitClear (int $i\_bit$ )

Test if bit is clear.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_bit$  Bit to test

#### Return values:

true if bit is clear - false if bit is set

#### 4.7.3.22 int ecmdDataBuffer::isBitClear (int $i\_bit$ , int $i\_len$ )

Test if multiple bits are clear.

#### Parameters:

i\_bit Start bit to test

i\_len Number of consecutive bits to test

#### Return values:

true if all bits in range are clear - false if any bit is set

#### 4.7.3.23 int ecmdDataBuffer::getNumBitsSet (int i\_bit, int i\_len)

Count number of bits set in a range.

#### Parameters:

*i\_bit* Start bit to test

*i\_len* Number of consecutive bits to test

#### Return values:

 ${\it Number}$  of bits set in range

#### 4.7.3.24 void ecmdDataBuffer::shiftRight (int i\_shiftnum)

Shift data to right.

#### Parameters:

i\_shiftnum Number of bits to shift

#### Postcondition:

Bits in buffer are shifted to right by specified number of bits - data is shifted off the end Buffer size is unchanged

#### 4.7.3.25 void ecmdDataBuffer::shiftLeft (int *i\_shiftnum*)

Shift data to left.

#### Parameters:

i\_shiftnum Number of bits to shift

#### Postcondition:

Bits in buffer are shifted to left by specified number of bits - data is shifted off the beginning Buffer size is unchanged

#### 4.7.3.26 void ecmdDataBuffer::shiftRightAndResize (int i\_shiftnum)

Shift data to right - resizing buffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_shiftnum Number of bits to shift

#### Postcondition:

Bits in buffer are shifted to right by specified number of bits Buffer size is resized to accommodate shift

#### 4.7.3.27 void ecmdDataBuffer::shiftLeftAndResize (int *i\_shiftnum*)

Shift data to left - resizing buffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_shiftnum Number of bits to shift

#### Postcondition:

Bits in buffer are shifted to left by specified number of bits - data is shifted off the beginning Buffer size is resized to accomodate shift

#### 4.7.3.28 void ecmdDataBuffer::rotateRight (int *i\_rotatenum*)

Rotate data to right.

#### Parameters:

i\_rotatenum Number of bits to rotate

#### Postcondition:

Bits in buffer are rotated to the right by specified number of bits - data is rotated to the beginning

### 4.7.3.29 void ecmdDataBuffer::rotateLeft (int *i\_rotatenum*)

Rotate data to left.

#### Parameters:

*i\_rotatenum* Number of bits to rotate

#### Postcondition:

Bits in buffer are rotated to the left by specified number of bits - data is rotated to the end

### 4.7.3.30 void ecmdDataBuffer::flushTo0 ()

Clear entire buffer to 0's.

### 4.7.3.31 void ecmdDataBuffer::flushTo1 ()

Set entire buffer to 1's.

### 4.7.3.32 void ecmdDataBuffer::invert ()

Invert entire buffer.

# 4.7.3.33 void ecmdDataBuffer::applyInversionMask (uint32\_t \* $i\_invMask$ , int $i\_invByteLen$ )

Apply an inversion mask to data inside buffer.

### Parameters:

i\_invMask Buffer that stores inversion maski\_invByteLen Buffer length provided in bytes

# 4.7.3.34 void ecmdDataBuffer::insert (ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_bufferIn$ , int $i\_start$ , int $i\_len$ )

Insert part of another DataBuffer into this one.

### Parameters:

i\_bufferIn DataBuffer to copy data from - data is taken left aligned
i\_start Start bit to insert to
i\_len Length of bits to insert

#### Postcondition:

Data is copied from bufferIn to this DataBuffer in specified location for length or to end of this DataBuffer size whichever is less

### 4.7.3.35 void ecmdDataBuffer::insert (uint32\_t \* i\_datain, int i\_start, int i\_len)

Insert a uint32\_t array into this DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_datain uint32\_t array to copy into this DataBuffer - data is taken left aligned
i\_start Start bit to insert into
i\_len Length of bits to insert

### Postcondition:

Data is copied from datain into this DataBuffer at specified location for length or to end of this DataBuffer size whichever is less

### 4.7.3.36 void ecmdDataBuffer::insert (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_start, int i\_len)

Insert a uint32\_t into the DataBuffer.

### Parameters:

i\_datain uint32\_t value to copy into DataBuffer - data is taken left aligned
i\_start Start bit to insert into
i\_len Length of bits to insert (must be <= 32)</li>

### Postcondition:

Data is copied from datain into this DataBuffer at specified location for length or to end of this DataBuffer size whichever is less

# 4.7.3.37 void ecmdDataBuffer::insertFromRight (uint32\_t \* $i\_datain$ , int $i\_start$ , int $i\_len$ )

Insert a right aligned (decimal) uint32\_t array into this DataBuffer.

### Parameters:

i\_datain uint32\_t array to copy into this DataBuffer - data is taken right aligned
i\_start Start bit to insert into
i\_len Length of bits to insert

### Postcondition:

Data is copied from datain into this DataBuffer at specified location for length or to end of this DataBuffer size whichever is less

NOTE: Data is assumed to be aligned on the word boundary of illen

# 4.7.3.38 void ecmdDataBuffer::insertFromRight (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_start, int i\_len)

Insert a right aligned (decimal) uint32\_t into the DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

```
i_datain uint32_t value to copy into DataBuffer - data is taken right aligned
i_start Start bit to insert into
i_len Length of bits to insert (must be <= 32)</li>
```

#### Postcondition:

Data is copied from datain into this DataBuffer at specified location for length or to end of this DataBuffer size whichever is less

# 4.7.3.39 void ecmdDataBuffer::extract (ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_bufferOut$ , int $i\_start$ , int $i\_len$ )

Copy data from this DataBuffer into another.

### Parameters:

```
o_bufferOut DataBuffer to copy into - data is placed left aligned
i_start Start bit of data in this DataBuffer to copy
i_len Length of consecutive bits to copy
```

#### Postcondition:

Data is copied from specified location in this DataBuffer to bufferOut for length or to end of bufferOut size whichever is less

### 4.7.3.40 void ecmdDataBuffer::extract (uint32\_t \* $o_data$ , int $i_start$ , int $i_len$ )

Copy data from this DataBuffer into another.

### Parameters:

```
    o_data uint32_t buffer to copy into - data is placed left aligned - must be pre-allocated
    i_start Start bit of data in DataBuffer to copy
    i_len Length of consecutive bits to copy
```

### Postcondition:

Data is copied from specified location in this Data Buffer to o\_data

# 4.7.3.41 void ecmdDataBuffer::setOr (ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_bufferIn$ , int $i\_startbit$ , int $i\_len$ )

OR data into DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

```
i_bufferIn DataBuffer to OR data from - data is taken left aligned
i_startbit Start bit to OR to
i_len Length of bits to OR
```

### Postcondition:

Data is ORed from i\_bufferIn to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.42 void ecmdDataBuffer::setOr (uint32\_t \* $i\_datain$ , int $i\_startbit$ , int $i\_len$ )

OR data into DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

```
i_datain uint32_t buffer to OR data from - data is taken left aligned
i_startbit Start bit to OR to
i_len Length of bits to OR
```

### Postcondition:

Data is ORed from datain to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.43 void ecmdDataBuffer::setOr (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

OR data into DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

```
i_datain uint32_t to OR data from - data is taken left aligned
i_startbit Start bit to OR to
i_len Length of bits to OR (must be <= 32)</li>
```

### Postcondition:

Data is ORed from datain to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.44 void ecmdDataBuffer::merge (ecmdDataBuffer & i\_bufferIn)

OR data into DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_bufferIn$  DataBuffer to OR data from - data is taken left aligned

### Postcondition:

Entire data is ORed from bufferIn to this DataBuffer

# 4.7.3.45 void ecmdDataBuffer::setXor (ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_bufferIn$ , int $i\_startbit$ , int $i\_len$ )

XOR data into DataBuffer.

### Parameters:

```
i_bufferIn DataBuffer to XOR data from - data is taken left aligned
i_startbit Start bit to XOR to
i_len Length of bits to XOR
```

#### Postcondition:

Data is XORed from i\_bufferIn to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.46 void ecmdDataBuffer::setXor (uint32\_t \* i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

XOR data into DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_datain uint32\_t buffer to XOR data from - data is taken left aligned
i\_startbit Start bit to XOR to
i\_len Length of bits to XOR

### Postcondition:

Data is XORed from datain to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.47 void ecmdDataBuffer::setXor (uint32\_t *i\_datain*, int *i\_startbit*, int *i\_len*)

XOR data into DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_datain uint32\_t to XOR data from - data is taken left aligned
i\_startbit Start bit to XOR to
i\_len Length of bits to XOR (must be <= 32)</li>

### Postcondition:

Data is XORed from datain to this DataBuffer in specified location

# 4.7.3.48 void ecmdDataBuffer::setAnd (ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_bufferIn$ , int $i\_startbit$ , int $i\_len$ )

AND data into DataBuffer.

### Parameters:

i\_bufferIn Bitvector to AND data from - data is taken left aligned
 i\_startbit Start bit to AND to
 i\_len Length of bits to AND

### Postcondition:

Data is ANDed from bufferIn to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.49 void ecmdDataBuffer::setAnd (uint32 $\pm$ \* i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

AND data into DataBuffer.

### Parameters:

i\_datain uint32\_t buffer to AND data from - data is taken left aligned
i\_startbit Start bit to AND to
i\_len Length of bits to AND

### Postcondition:

Data is ANDed from datain to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.50 void ecmdDataBuffer::setAnd (uint32\_t i\_datain, int i\_startbit, int i\_len)

AND data into DataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_datain uint32\_t to AND data from - data is taken left aligned
i\_startbit Start bit to AND to
i\_len Length of bits to AND (must be <= 32)</li>

### Postcondition:

Data is ANDed from datain to this DataBuffer in specified location

### 4.7.3.51 void ecmdDataBuffer::copy (ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_copyBuffer$ )

Copy entire contents of this ecmdDataBuffer into o\_copyBuffer.

### Parameters:

o\_copyBuffer DataBuffer to copy data into

### Postcondition:

copyBuffer is an exact duplicate of this DataBuffer

# 4.7.3.52 ecmdDataBuffer& ecmdDataBuffer::operator= (const ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_master$ )

Copy Constructor.

### Parameters:

i\_master DataBuffer to copy from

### 4.7.3.53 void ecmdDataBuffer::memCopyIn (uint32\_t \* $i\_buf$ , int $i\_bytes$ )

Copy buffer into this ecmdDataBuffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_buf Buffer to copy fromi\_bytes Byte length to copy

### Postcondition:

Xstate and Raw buffer are set to value in i\_buf for smaller of i\_bytes or buffer capacity

### 4.7.3.54 void ecmdDataBuffer::memCopyOut (uint32 $_{-}$ t \* $o_{-}$ buf, int $i_{-}$ bytes)

Copy DataBuffer into supplied uint32\_t buffer.

### Parameters:

 $o\_buf$  Buffer to copy into - must be pre-allocated  $i\_bytes$  Byte length to copy

### Postcondition:

o\_buf has contents of databuffer for smaller of i\_bytes or buffer capacity

### 4.7.3.55 int ecmdDataBuffer::oddParity (int *i\_start*, int *i\_stop*)

Generate odd parity over a range of bits.

### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit of rangei\_stop Stop bit of range

### Return values:

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$  or 1 depending on parity of range

### 4.7.3.56 int ecmdDataBuffer::evenParity (int i\_start, int i\_stop)

Generate even parity over a range of bits.

#### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit of rangei\_stop Stop bit of range

### Return values:

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$  or 1 depending on parity of range

### 4.7.3.57 int ecmdDataBuffer::oddParity (int i\_start, int i\_stop, int i\_insertpos)

Generate odd parity over a range of bits and insert into DataBuffer.

### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit of rangei\_stop Stop bit of rangei\_insertpos Bit position to insert parity

### Return values:

0 on success - nonzero on failure

### 4.7.3.58 int ecmdDataBuffer::evenParity (int i\_start, int i\_stop, int i\_insertpos)

Generate even parity over a range of bits and insert into DataBuffer.

### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit of range
i\_stop Stop bit of range
i\_insertpos Bit position to insert parity

### Return values:

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$  on success - nonzero on failure

### 4.7.3.59 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genHexLeftStr (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

Return Data as a hex left aligned char string.

#### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit of data to convert

i\_bitlen Number of consecutive bits to convert

#### Return values:

String containing requested data

### 4.7.3.60 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genHexRightStr (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

Return Data as a hex right aligned char string.

#### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit of data to convert

i\_bitlen Number of consecutive bits to convert

### Return values:

String containing requested data

### 4.7.3.61 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genBinStr (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

Return Data as a binary char string.

### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit of data to convert

*i\_bitlen* Number of consecutive bits to convert

#### Return values:

String containing requested data

### 4.7.3.62 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genHexLeftStr ()

Return entire buffer as a hex left aligned char string.

### Return values:

String containing requested data

### 4.7.3.63 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genHexRightStr ()

Return entire buffer as a hex right aligned char string.

### Return values:

String containing requested data

### 4.7.3.64 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genBinStr ()

Return entire buffer as a binary char string.

### Return values:

String containing requested data

### 4.7.3.65 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genXstateStr (int i\_start, int i\_bitlen)

Retrieve a section of the Xstate Data.

#### Parameters:

*i\_start* Start bit of data to retrieve

*i\_bitlen* Number of consecutive bits to retrieve

#### Return values:

String containing requested data

### 4.7.3.66 std::string ecmdDataBuffer::genXstateStr ()

Retrieve entire Xstate Data buffer.

### Return values:

String containing requested data

# 4.7.3.67 int ecmdDataBuffer::insertFromHexLeft (const char \* $i\_hexChars$ , int $i\_start = 0$ , int $i\_length = 0$ )

Convert data from a hex left-aligned string and insert it into this data buffer.

### Parameters:

*i\_hexChars* Hex Left-aligned string of data to insert

 $i\_start$  Starting position in data buffer to insert to, 0 by default

i\_length Length of data to insert, defaults to length of i\_hexChars, zeroes are padded or data dropped from right if necessary

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_DATA\_FORMAT$  if non-hex chars detected in i\_hexChars  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  on success

non-zero on failure

# 4.7.3.68 int ecmdDataBuffer::insertFromHexRight (const char \* $i\_hexChars$ , int $i\_start = 0$ , int $i\_expectedLength = 0$ )

Convert data from a hex right-aligned string and insert it into this data buffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_hexChars Hex Right-aligned string of data to insert

i\_expectedLength The expected length of the string data, zeros are padded or data dropped from the left if necessary

*i\_start* Starting position in data buffer to insert to, 0 by default

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_DATA\_FORMAT$  if non-hex chars detected in i\_hexChars  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  on success

non-zero on failure

# 4.7.3.69 int ecmdDataBuffer::insertFromBin (const char \* $i\_binChars$ , int $i\_start = 0$ )

Convert data from a binary string and insert it into this data buffer.

### Return values:

0 on success- non-zero on failure

#### Parameters:

*i\_binChars* String of 0's and 1's to insert

i\_start Starting position in data buffer to insert to, 0 by default

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_DATA\_FORMAT$  if non-binary chars detected in i\_binChars  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  on success

non-zero on failure

### 4.7.3.70 int ecmdDataBuffer::hasXstate ()

Check Entire buffer for any X-state values.

### Return values:

1 if xstate found 0 if none

### 4.7.3.71 int ecmdDataBuffer::hasXstate (int i\_start, int i\_length)

Check section of buffer for any X-state values.

### Parameters:

i\_start Start bit to test

i\_length Number of consecutive bits to test

### Return values:

1 if xstate found 0 if none

### 4.7.3.72 char ecmdDataBuffer::getXstate (int $i\_bit$ )

Retrieve an Xstate value from the buffer.

#### Parameters:

*i\_bit* Bit to retrieve

NOTE - To retrieve multiple bits use genXstateStr

### 4.7.3.73 void ecmdDataBuffer::setXstate (int *i\_bit*, char *i\_value*)

Set an Xstate value in the buffer.

### Parameters:

 $i\_bit$  Bit to set

i\_value Xstate value to set

### 4.7.3.74 void ecmdDataBuffer::setXstate (int i\_bitoffset, const char \* i\_datastr)

Set a range of Xstate values in buffer.

#### Parameters:

i\_bitoffset bit in buffer to start inserting

i\_datastr Character value to set bit - can be "0XX0", "1", "X"

### 4.7.3.75 void ecmdDataBuffer::memCopyInXstate (const char \* $i\_buf$ , int $i\_bytes$ )

Copy buffer into the Xstate data of this ecmdDataBuffer.

### Parameters:

 $i\_buf$  Buffer to copy from

*i\_bytes* Byte length to copy (char length)

### Postcondition:

Xstate and Raw buffer are set to value in i\_buf for smaller of i\_bytes or buffer capacity

### 4.7.3.76 void ecmdDataBuffer::memCopyOutXstate (char \* $o_buf$ , int $i_bytes$ )

Copy DataBuffer into supplied char buffer from Xstate data.

### Parameters:

o\_buf Buffer to copy into - must be pre-allocated

*i\_bytes* Byte length to copy (char length)

### Postcondition:

o\_buf has contents of databuffer for smaller of i\_bytes or buffer capacity

4.7.3.77 int ecmdDataBuffer::operator== (const ecmdDataBuffer & other) const

Overload the == operator.

4.7.3.78 int ecmdDataBuffer::operator!= (const ecmdDataBuffer & other) const

Overload the != operator.

4.7.3.79 ecmdDataBuffer ecmdDataBuffer::operator & (const ecmdDataBuffer & other) const

Overload the & operator.

4.7.3.80 ecmdDataBuffer ecmdDataBuffer::operator | (const ecmdDataBuffer & other) const

Overload the | operator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

 $\bullet$  ecmdDataBuffer.H

### 4.8 ecmdDllInfo Struct Reference

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return info to the client about what Dll instance they are actually running with.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• ecmdDllType\_t dllType

Dll instance type running.

• ecmdDllProduct\_t dllProduct

 $Dll\ product\ supported.$ 

• ecmdDllEnv\_t dllEnv

Dll environment (Simulation vs Hardware).

• std::string dllBuildDate

Date the Dll was built.

• std::string dllCapiVersion

should be set to ECMD\_CAPI\_VERSION

• std::string dllBuildInfo

Any additional info the Dll/Plugin would like to pass.

### 4.8.1 Detailed Description

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return info to the client about what Dll instance they are actually running with.

### 4.8.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.8.2.1 ecmdDllType\_t ecmdDllInfo::dllType

Dll instance type running.

### $\mathbf{4.8.2.2} \quad ecmdDllProduct\_t \ ecmdDllInfo::dllProduct$

Dll product supported.

### 4.8.2.3 ecmdDllEnv\_t ecmdDllInfo::dllEnv

Dll environment (Simulation vs Hardware).

### ${\bf 4.8.2.4}\quad {\bf std::string}\ {\bf ecmdDllInfo::dllBuildDate}$

Date the Dll was built.

### ${\bf 4.8.2.5}\quad {\bf std::string}\ {\bf ecmdDllInfo::dllCapiVersion}$

should be set to ECMD\_CAPI\_VERSION

### 4.8.2.6 std::string ecmdDllInfo::dllBuildInfo

Any additional info the Dll/Plugin would like to pass.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### $\bullet$ ecmdStructs.H

### 4.9 ecmdGroupData Struct Reference

Used by get/putspy function to create the return data from a group. #include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

ullet ecmdDataBuffer extractBuffer

The data read from the ring buffer.

• ecmdDataBuffer deadbitsMask

A mask of the bits that were deadbits in that buffer.

### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

Used by get/putspy function to create the return data from a group.

### 4.9.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.9.2.1 ecmdDataBuffer ecmdGroupData::extractBuffer

The data read from the ring buffer.

### 4.9.2.2 ecmdDataBuffer ecmdGroupData::deadbitsMask

A mask of the bits that were deadbits in that buffer.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.10 ecmdIndexEntry Struct Reference

Used by get/put Gpr/Fpr Multiple function to pass data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• int index

Index of entry.

• ecmdDataBuffer buffer

Data to/from entry.

• uint32\_t rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

### 4.10.1 Detailed Description

Used by get/put Gpr/Fpr Multiple function to pass data.

### 4.10.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.10.2.1 int ecmdIndexEntry::index

Index of entry.

### 4.10.2.2 ecmdDataBuffer ecmdIndexEntry::buffer

Data to/from entry.

### 4.10.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdIndexEntry::rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.11 ecmdLatchEntry Struct Reference

Used by getlatch function to return data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

 $\bullet$  std::string latchName

Latch name of entry.

• std::string ringName

Ring that latch came from.

• ecmdDataBuffer buffer

Latch data.

• int latchStartBit

Start bit of data inside latch.

• int latchEndBit

End bit of data inside latch.

• uint32\_t rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

### 4.11.1 Detailed Description

Used by getlatch function to return data.

### 4.11.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.11.2.1 std::string ecmdLatchEntry::latchName

Latch name of entry.

### 4.11.2.2 std::string ecmdLatchEntry::ringName

Ring that latch came from.

### 4.11.2.3 ecmdDataBuffer ecmdLatchEntry::buffer

Latch data.

### 4.11.2.4 int ecmdLatchEntry::latchStartBit

Start bit of data inside latch.

### ${\bf 4.11.2.5} \quad int~ecmdLatchEntry:: latchEndBit$

End bit of data inside latch.

### $\bf 4.11.2.6 \quad uint 32\_t \ ecmdLatchEntry::rc$

Error code in retrieving this entry.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

 $\bullet$  ecmdStructs.H

### 4.12 ecmdLooperData Struct Reference

Used internally by ecmdConfigLooper to store looping state information.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• ecmdQueryData ecmdSystemConfigData

Config data queried from the system.

 $\bullet \ \, \mathrm{std::list} < \mathbf{ecmdCageData} > :: \mathrm{iterator} \ \, \mathbf{ecmdCurCage}$ 

Pointer to current Cage.

• std::list< ecmdNodeData >::iterator ecmdCurNode

Pointer to current Node.

• std::list< ecmdSlotData >::iterator ecmdCurSlot

Pointer to current Slot.

• std::list< ecmdChipData >::iterator ecmdCurChip

Pointer to current Chip.

• std::list< ecmdCoreData >::iterator ecmdCurCore

Pointer to current Core.

• std::list< ecmdThreadData >::iterator ecmdCurThread

Pointer to current Thread.

ecmdChipTarget prevTarget

Pointer to previous target.

• bool ecmdLooperInitFlag

Is fresh ?

### 4.12.1 Detailed Description

Used internally by ecmdConfigLooper to store looping state information.

### 4.12.2 Member Data Documentation

### $4.12.2.1 \quad ecmd Query Data \ ecmd Looper Data:: ecmd System Config Data$

Config data queried from the system.

### 4.12.2.2 std::list<ecmdCageData>::iterator ecmdLooperData::ecmdCurCage

Pointer to current Cage.

 $4.12.2.3 \quad std:: list < ecmdNodeData > :: iterator\ ecmdLooperData:: ecmdCurNode$ 

Pointer to current Node.

 $4.12.2.4 \quad std:: list < ecmdSlotData > :: iterator\ ecmdLooperData:: ecmdCurSlotData > :: iterator\ ecmdCurSlotData > ::$ 

Pointer to current Slot.

 $\bf 4.12.2.5 \quad std:: list < ecmdChipData > :: iterator\ ecmdLooperData:: ecmdCurChipData > :: iterator\ ecmd$ 

Pointer to current Chip.

Pointer to current Core.

4.12.2.7 std::list<ecmdThreadData>::iterator ecmdLooperData::ecmdCurThread

Pointer to current Thread.

4.12.2.8 ecmdChipTarget ecmdLooperData::prevTarget

Pointer to previous target.

4.12.2.9 bool ecmdLooperData::ecmdLooperInitFlag

Is fresh?

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.13 ecmdNameEntry Struct Reference

Used by get/putSprMultiple function to pass data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

- std::string **name**Name of entry.
- ecmdDataBuffer buffer

Data to/from entry.

• uint32\_t rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

### 4.13.1 Detailed Description

Used by get/putSprMultiple function to pass data.

### 4.13.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.13.2.1 std::string ecmdNameEntry::name

Name of entry.

### ${\bf 4.13.2.2} \quad ecmdDataBuffer \ ecmdNameEntry::buffer$

Data to/from entry.

### 4.13.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdNameEntry::rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.14 ecmdNameVectorEntry Struct Reference

Used by getTraceArrayMultiple function to pass data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

- $\bullet$  std::string **name** 
  - Name of entry.
- std::vector< ecmdDataBuffer > buffer

Vector of data to/from entry.

• uint32\_t rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

### 4.14.1 Detailed Description

Used by getTraceArrayMultiple function to pass data.

### 4.14.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.14.2.1 std::string ecmdNameVectorEntry::name

Name of entry.

### $4.14.2.2 \quad std:: vector < ecmdDataBuffer > ecmdNameVectorEntry:: buffer$

Vector of data to/from entry.

### 4.14.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdNameVectorEntry::rc

Error code in retrieving this entry.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.15 ecmdNodeData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return node data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• uint32\_t nodeId

(Detail: Low) Node number of this entry

• std::list < ecmdSlotData > slotData

(Detail: Low) List of all slots requested in this node - in numerical order by slotId

### 4.15.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return node data.

Operators Supported : <

### 4.15.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.15.2.1 uint32\_t ecmdNodeData::nodeId

(Detail: Low) Node number of this entry

### 4.15.2.2 std::list<ecmdSlotData> ecmdNodeData::slotData

(Detail: Low) List of all slots requested in this node - in numerical order by slotId The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.16 ecmdProcRegisterInfo Struct Reference

Used by ecmdQueryProcRegisterInfo function to return data about a Architected register. #include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• int bitLength

Bit length of each entry.

• int totalEntries

Total number of entries available.

### 4.16.1 Detailed Description

Used by ecmdQueryProcRegisterInfo function to return data about a Architected register.

### 4.16.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.16.2.1 int ecmdProcRegisterInfo::bitLength

Bit length of each entry.

### 4.16.2.2 int ecmdProcRegisterInfo::totalEntries

Total number of entries available.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.17 ecmdQueryData Struct Reference

Used by the ecmdQueryConfig function to return data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• ecmdQueryDetail\_t detailLevel

(Detail: Low) This is set to the detail level of the data contained within

• std::list< ecmdCageData > cageData

(Detail: Low) List of all cages in the system - in nummerical order by cageId

### 4.17.1 Detailed Description

Used by the ecmdQueryConfig function to return data.

### 4.17.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.17.2.1 ecmdQueryDetail\_t ecmdQueryData::detailLevel

(Detail: Low) This is set to the detail level of the data contained within

### 4.17.2.2 std::list<ecmdCageData> ecmdQueryData::cageData

(Detail: Low) List of all cages in the system - in nummerical order by cageId The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.18 ecmdRingData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryRing function to return ring info.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• std::list< std::string > ringNames

Names used to reference this ring.

### • uint32\_t address

Address modifier.

### • int bitLength

length of ring

### • bool hasInversionMask

Ring has an inversion mask applied before scanning.

### • bool supportsBroadsideLoad

This ring supports broadside load in simulation.

### • bool isCheckable

This ring can be run through the check-rings command.

### • ecmdClockState\_t clockState

Required clock state to access this ring.

### 4.18.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryRing function to return ring info.

### 4.18.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.18.2.1 std::list<std::string> ecmdRingData::ringNames

Names used to reference this ring.

### 4.18.2.2 uint32\_t ecmdRingData::address

Address modifier.

### 4.18.2.3 int ecmdRingData::bitLength

length of ring

### ${\bf 4.18.2.4}\quad bool\ ecmdRingData:: has Inversion Mask$

Ring has an inversion mask applied before scanning.

### ${\bf 4.18.2.5}\quad bool\ ecmd Ring Data:: supports Broad side Load$

This ring supports broadside load in simulation.

### 4.18.2.6 bool ecmdRingData::isCheckable

This ring can be run through the check\_rings command.

### 4.18.2.7 ecmdClockState\_t ecmdRingData::clockState

Required clock state to access this ring.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### $\bullet$ ecmdStructs.H

### 4.19 ecmdSlotData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return slot data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• uint32\_t slotId

(Detail: Low) Slot number of this entry

• std::list< ecmdChipData > chipData

(Detail: Low) List of all chips requested in this slot - in order by chipType and pos

### 4.19.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return slot data.

Operators Supported : <

### 4.19.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.19.2.1 uint32\_t ecmdSlotData::slotId

(Detail: Low) Slot number of this entry

### $4.19.2.2 \quad std:: list < ecmdChipData > ecmdSlotData:: chipData$

(Detail: Low) List of all chips requested in this slot - in order by chipType and pos The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### 4.20 ecmdSpyData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQuerySpy function to return spy info.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

• std::string spyName

Names used to reference this spy.

• int bitLength

length of spy

 $\bullet \ \mathbf{ecmdSpyType\_t \ spyType} \\$ 

Type of spy.

ullet bool is EccChecked

This spy affects some ECC groupings.

• bool isEnumerated

This spy has enumerated values.

• ecmdClockState\_t clockState

Required clock state to access this spy.

• std::list< std::string > enums

Possible enum values for Spy - I/P Can only provide this on a client, not on the FSP.

• std::list< std::string > eccGroups

Possible ecc groups names affected by this Spy.

### 4.20.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQuerySpy function to return spy info.

### 4.20.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.20.2.1 std::string ecmdSpyData::spyName

Names used to reference this spy.

### 4.20.2.2 int ecmdSpyData::bitLength

length of spy

### 4.20.2.3 ecmdSpyType\_t ecmdSpyData::spyType

Type of spy.

### 4.20.2.4 bool ecmdSpyData::isEccChecked

This spy affects some ECC groupings.

### 4.20.2.5 bool ecmdSpyData::isEnumerated

This spy has enumerated values.

### ${\bf 4.20.2.6} \quad ecmdClockState\_t \ ecmdSpyData::clockState$

Required clock state to access this spy.

### 4.20.2.7 std::list<std::string> ecmdSpyData::enums

Possible enum values for Spy - I/P Can only provide this on a client, not on the FSP.

### 4.20.2.8 std::list<std::string> ecmdSpyData::eccGroups

Possible ecc groups names affected by this Spy.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

### $\bullet$ ecmdStructs.H

### 4.21 ecmdThreadData Struct Reference

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return thread data.

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

### Public Attributes

 $\bullet$  uint8\_t **threadId** 

(Detail: Low) Thread number of this entry

### 4.21.1 Detailed Description

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return thread data.

Operators Supported : <

### 4.21.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.21.2.1 uint8\_t ecmdThreadData::threadId

(Detail: Low) Thread number of this entry

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

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## Chapter 5

# eCMD C/C++ Dll File Documentation

### 5.1 cipClientCapi.H File Reference

```
Cronus & IP eCMD Extension.

#include <ecmdReturnCodes.H>

#include <ecmdStructs.H>

#include <ecmdDataBuffer.H>

#include <cipStructs.H>
```

### **Processor Functions**

• uint32\_t cipStartInstructions (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target)

Start Instructions.

• uint32\_t cipStopInstructions (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target)

 $Stop\ Instructions.$ 

• uint32\_t cipStepInstructions (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_steps)

Step Instructions.

• uint32\_t cipSetBreakpoint (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, ecmd-BreakpointType\_t &i\_type)

Set Breakpoint in Processor.

• uint32\_t cipClearBreakpoint (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, ecmd-BreakpointType\_t &i\_type)

Clear Breakpoint from Processor.

### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Cronus & IP eCMD Extension.

Extension Owner: Chris Engel

### 5.1.2 Function Documentation

### 5.1.2.1 uint32\_t cipStartInstructions (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target)

Start Instructions.

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information

### Return values:

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

### 5.1.2.2 uint32\_t cipStopInstructions (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target)

Stop Instructions.

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

### 5.1.2.3 uint32\_t cipStepInstructions (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint32\_t i\_steps)

Step Instructions.

### Parameters:

 $i\_target$  Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information  $i\_steps$  Number of steps to execute

#### Return values:

ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

# 5.1.2.4 uint32\_t cipSetBreakpoint (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, ecmdBreakpointType\_t & i\_type)

Set Breakpoint in Processor.

#### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information
 i\_address Address to set breakpoint at
 i\_type Type of breakpoint to set

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system
ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

# 5.1.2.5 uint32\_t cipClearBreakpoint (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint64\_t $i\_address$ , ecmdBreakpointType\_t & $i\_type$ )

Clear Breakpoint from Processor.

#### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information
 i\_address Address to clear breakpoint at
 i\_type Type of breakpoint to set

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system
 ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

### 5.2 ecmdClientCapi.H File Reference

```
eCMD C/C++ Client Interface
#include <ecmdReturnCodes.H>
#include <ecmdStructs.H>
#include <ecmdDataBuffer.H>
```

### Load/Unload Functions

• uint32\_t ecmdLoadDll (std::string i\_dllName)

Load the eCMD DLL.

• uint32\_t ecmdUnloadDll ()

Unload the eCMD DLL.

• uint32\_t ecmdCommandArgs (int \*i\_argc, char \*\*i\_argv[])

Pass any unknown command line parameters to the DLL for processing (ex. -p#, Cronus - debug).

### **Query Functions**

• uint32\_t ecmdQueryDllInfo (ecmdDllInfo &o\_dllInfo)

Query information about the Dll that is loaded.

• uint32\_t ecmdQueryConfig (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, ecmdQueryData &o\_query-Data, ecmdQueryDetail\_t i\_detail=ECMD\_QUERY\_DETAIL\_HIGH)

Query configuration information from the DLL.

• uint32\_t ecmdQuerySelected (ecmdChipTarget &io\_target, ecmdQueryData &o\_queryData)

Query User Selected Targeting information from the DLL, i.e (-p#,-c#,-t#).

• uint32\_t ecmdQueryRing (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdRingData > &o\_queryData, const char \*i\_ringName=NULL)

Query Ring information from the DLL.

• uint32\_t ecmdQueryArray (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, ecmdArrayData &o\_query-Data, const char \*i\_arrayName)

Query Array information from the DLL.

• uint32\_t ecmdQuerySpy (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, ecmdSpyData &o\_queryData, const char \*i\_spyName)

Query Spy information from the DLL.

• uint32\_t ecmdQueryFileLocation (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, ecmdFileType\_t i\_fileType, std::string &o\_fileLocation)

Query the location of a specific file type for the selected target.

• bool ecmdQueryTargetConfigured (ecmdChipTarget i\_target, ecmdQueryData \*i\_queryData=NULL)

Query if a particular target is configured in the system.

# Scan Functions

• uint32\_t getRing (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_ringName, ecmdData-Buffer &o\_data)

Scans the selected number of bits from the selected position in the selected ring into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t putRing (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_ringName, ecmdData-Buffer &i\_data)

Scans the selected number of bits from the data buffer into the selected position in the selected ring.

• uint32\_t getLatch (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_ringName, const char \*i\_latchName, std::list< ecmdLatchEntry > &o\_data, ecmdLatchMode\_t i\_mode)

Reads the selected spy into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t putLatch (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_ringName, const char \*i\_latchName, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, ecmdLatchMode\_t i\_mode)

Writes the data buffer into the all latches matching i\_latchName.

# **Scom Functions**

• uint32\_t getScom (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_address, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data)

Scoms bits from the selected address into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t putScom (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_address, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Scoms bits from the data buffer into the selected address.

# **Jtag Functions**

• uint32\_t sendCmd (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_instruction, uint32\_t i\_modifier, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_status)

Send a JTAG instruction and modifier to the specified chip.

# FSI Functions

• uint32\_t getCfamRegister (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_address, ecmdData-Buffer &o\_data)

Read data from the selected CFAM register address into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t putCfamRegister (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_address, ecmdData-Buffer &i\_data)

Write data into the selected CFAM register address.

# **Spy Functions**

• uint32\_t getSpy (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_spyName, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data)

Reads the selected spy into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t getSpyEnum (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_spyName, std::string &o\_enumValue)

Reads the selected spy and returns it's associated enum.

• uint32\_t getSpyEccGrouping (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_spyEccGroup-Name, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_groupData, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_eccData, ecmdData-Buffer &o\_eccErrorMask)

Read an ECC grouping and return the in and out bits as well as a error mask if any out bits are invalid.

• uint32\_t putSpy (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_spyName, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes the data buffer into the selected spy.

• uint32\_t putSpyEnum (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_spyName, const std::string i\_enumValue)

Writes the enum into the selected spy.

# Ring Cache Functions

• void ecmdEnableRingCache ()

 $Enables \ internal \ caching \ of \ read/writes \ of \ scan \ rings \ to \ the \ chip \ for \ functions \ like \ getring/getspy/getspr.$ 

• uint32\_t ecmdDisableRingCache ()

Disable internal caching of reads/writes of scan rings.

• uint32\_t ecmdFlushRingCache ()

Flush all modified data from the internal cache to the hardware, then remove all rings from cache.

• bool ecmdIsRingCacheEnabled ()

Returns true/false to signify if caching is currently enabled.

# **Array Functions**

• uint32\_t getArray (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_arrayName, ecmdData-Buffer &i\_address, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data)

Reads bits from the selected array into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t **getArrayMultiple** (**ecmdChipTarget** &i\_target, const char \*i\_arrayName, std::list< **ecmdArrayEntry** > &io\_entries)

Reads bits from multiple array addresses/elements into the list of data buffers.

• uint32\_t putArray (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_arrayName, ecmdData-Buffer &i\_address, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes bits from the data buffer into the selected array.

• uint32\_t putArrayMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_arrayName, std::list< ecmdArrayEntry > &i\_entries)

Writes bits from the list of entries into the selected array.

### Clock Functions

• uint32\_t ecmdQueryClockState (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_clock-Domain, ecmdClockState\_t o\_clockState)

Query the state of the clocks for a domain.

• uint32\_t startClocks (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_clockDomain, bool i\_forceState=false)

Start the clocks in the domain specified.

• uint32\_t **stopClocks** (**ecmdChipTarget** &i\_target, const char \*i\_clockDomain, bool i\_forceState=false)

Stop the clocks in the domain specified.

# iSteps Functions

• uint32\_t iSteps (ecmdDataBuffer &i\_steps)

Run iSteps.

# **Processor Functions**

• uint32\_t ecmdQueryProcRegisterInfo (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_name, ecmdProcRegisterInfo &o\_data)

Query Information about a Processor Register (SPR/GPR/FPR).

• uint32\_t getSpr (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_sprName, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data)

Reads the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR) into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t getSprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdNameEntry > &io\_entries)

Reads the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR) into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t putSpr (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_sprName, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR).

• uint32\_t putSprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdNameEntry > &i\_entries)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR).

• uint32\_t getGpr (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_gprNum, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_-data)

Reads the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR) into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t getGprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > &io\_entries)

Reads the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR) into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t putGpr (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_gprNum, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR).

• uint32\_t putGprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > &i\_entries)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR).

• uint32\_t getFpr (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_fprNum, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_-data)

Reads the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR) into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t getFprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > &io\_entries)

Reads the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR) into the data buffer.

• uint32\_t putFpr (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint32\_t i\_fprNum, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR).

• uint32\_t putFprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > &i\_entries)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR).

# Trace Array Functions

• uint32\_t getTraceArray (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, const char \*i\_name, std::vector< ecmdDataBuffer > &o\_data)

Dump all entries of specified trace array.

• uint32\_t getTraceArrayMultiple (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, std::list< ecmdName-VectorEntry > &o\_data)

Dump all entries of specified trace array.

# **Memory Functions**

• uint32\_t getMemProc (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data)

Reads System Mainstore through the processor chip.

• uint32\_t putMemProc (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes System Mainstore through the processor chip.

• uint32\_t getMemDma (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data)

Reads System Mainstore through the PSI or DMA interface (whichever is avialable).

• uint32\_t putMemDma (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes System Mainstore through the PSI or DMA interface (whichever is avialable).

• uint32\_t getMemMemCtrl (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data)

Reads System Mainstore through the memory controller.

• uint32\_t putMemMemCtrl (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data)

Writes System Mainstore through the memory controller.

# Simulation Functions

- uint32\_t simaet (const char \*i\_function)

  Enable/Disable Simulation AET Logging.
- uint32\_t simcheckpoint (const char \*i\_checkpoint)

Store a checkpoint to specified file.

• uint32\_t simclock (uint32\_t i\_cycles)

Clock the model.

• uint32\_t simecho (const char \*i\_message)

Echo message to stdout and sim log.

• uint32\_t simexit (uint32\_t i\_rc=0, const char \*i\_message=NULL)

Close down the simulation model.

• uint32\_t simEXPECTFAC (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdData-Buffer &i\_expect, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0)

Perform expect on facility using name.

• uint32\_t simexpecttcfac (const char \*i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_expect, uint32\_t i\_row=0)

Perform expect on TCFAC facility.

• uint32\_t simgetcurrentcycle (uint32\_t &o\_cyclecount)

Fetch current model cycle count.

• uint32\_t simGETFAC (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0)

Retrieve a Facility using a name.

• uint32\_t simGETFACX (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0)

Retrieve a Facility using a name - preserving Xstate.

• uint32\_t simgettcfac (const char \*i\_tcfacname, ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_startbit=0, uint32\_t i\_bitlength=0)

Retrieve a TCFAC facility.

• uint32\_t siminit (const char \*i\_checkpoint)

Initialize the simulation.

• uint32\_t simPOLLFAC (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_expect, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0, uint32\_t i\_maxcycles=1, uint32\_t i\_pollinterval=1)

Poll a facility waiting for expected valud.

• uint32\_t simPUTFAC (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0)

Write a Facility using a name.

• uint32\_t simPUTFACX (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0)

Write a Facility using a name - preserving Xstate.

• uint32\_t simputtcfac (const char \*i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_numrows=0)

Write a TCFAC facility.

• uint32\_t simrestart (const char \*i\_checkpoint)

Load a checkpoint into model.

• uint32\_t simSTKFAC (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0)

Stick a Facility using a name.

• uint32\_t simstktcfac (const char \*i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_numrows=0)

Stick a TCFAC facility.

• uint32\_t simSUBCMD (const char \*i\_command)

Run RTX SUBCMD.

• uint32\_t simtckinterval (uint32\_t i\_tckinterval)

Set TCK Interval setting in the model for JTAG Master.

• uint32\_t simUNSTICK (const char \*i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_offset=0)

Unstick a Facility using a name.

• uint32\_t simunsticktcfac (const char \*i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row=0, uint32\_t i\_numrows=0)

Unstick a TCFAC facility.

# **Error Handling Functions**

• std::string ecmdGetErrorMsg (uint32\_t i\_errorCode)

Retrieve additional error information for errorcode.

• uint32\_t ecmdRegisterErrorMsg (uint32\_t i\_errorCode, const char \*i\_whom, const char \*i\_message)

Register an Error Message that has occured.

# **Output Functions**

• void **ecmdOutputError** (const char \*i\_message)

Output a message related to an error.

• void **ecmdOutputWarning** (const char \*i\_message)

Output a message related to an warning.

• void ecmdOutput (const char \*i\_message)

Output a message to the screen or logs.

# **Misc Functions**

• uint32\_t ecmdGetGlobalVar (ecmdGlobalVarType\_t i\_type)

 $Retrieve\ the\ value\ of\ some\ ecmdGlobalVars.$ 

• void ecmdSetTraceMode (ecmdTraceType\_t i\_type, bool i\_enable)

Enable/Disable a trace mode.

• bool ecmdQueryTraceMode (ecmdTraceType\_t i\_type)

Query the state of a trace mode.

# **Configuration Functions**

- uint32\_t ecmdGetConfiguration (std::string i\_name, std::string &o\_value)

  Retrieve the value of a Configuration Setting.
- uint32\_t ecmdSetConfiguration (std::string i\_name, std::string i\_value)

  Set the value of a Configuration Setting.
- uint32\_t ecmdDeconfigureTarget (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target)

  Deconfigure a target in the system.
- uint32\_t ecmdConfigureTarget (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target)

  Configure a target in the system must be previously known to the system.

# 5.2.1 Detailed Description

eCMD C/C++ Client Interface

# 5.2.2 Function Documentation

# 5.2.2.1 uint32\_t ecmdLoadDll (std::string i\_dllName)

Load the eCMD DLL.

#### Parameters:

*i\_dllName* Specify the full path and name of the dll to load,

# Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful load

ECMD\_INVALID\_DLL\_VERSION if Dll version loaded doesn't match client version
ECMD\_INVALID\_DLL\_FILENAME if dllName and ECMD\_DLL\_FILE are not specified

 $ECMD\_DLL\_LOAD\_FAILURE$  if failure occurs on call to dlopen nonzero if unsuccessful

### Postcondition:

eCMD DLL is loaded into memory and initialized

### See also:

unloadDll

- This function loads the DLL based on dllName if specified, otherwise the env var ECMD\_-DLL\_FILE is used
- Name limit of 255 characters.
- Errors in loading are printed to STDERR.

# 5.2.2.2 uint32\_t ecmdUnloadDll ()

Unload the eCMD DLL.

#### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful unload

ECMD\_DLL\_LOAD\_FAILURE if failure occurs on call to dlclose

nonzero if failure on dll's unload

### See also:

loadDll

• Errors in unloading are printed to STDERR

# 5.2.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdCommandArgs (int \* $i\_argc$ , char \*\* $i\_argv[]$ )

Pass any unknown command line parameters to the DLL for processing (ex. -p#, Cronus -debug).

#### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

 $\it i\_argc$  Passed from Command line Arguments

i\_argv Passed from Command line Arguments

#### Precondition:

loadDll must have been called

# Postcondition:

Global options (ex. -debug, -p#, -c#) will be removed from arg list

# See also:

loadDll

- argc/argv get passed to the eCMD DLL.
- Global options such as -debug flags and -p#, -c# will be parsed out.
- Position flags can be queried later with functions like ????? NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.4 uint32\_t ecmdQueryDllInfo (ecmdDllInfo & o\_dllInfo)

Query information about the Dll that is loaded.

# Parameters:

o\_dllInfo Return data with data from the current dll loaded

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

This interface allows you to query what particular instance of the DLL is loaded (i.e Cronus/IP/Z), along with additional information. NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.5 uint32\_t ecmdQueryConfig (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , ecmdQueryData & $o\_queryData$ , ecmdQueryDetail\_t $i\_detail = ECMD\_QUERY\_DETAIL\_HIGH$ )

Query configuration information from the DLL.

#### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains partial information to limit query results
o\_queryData Return data from query
i\_detail Specify the level of detail that should be returned with the query

#### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

The Valid bits of the target are used to refine the query

The target paramater should be filled in with as much data as you know to limit the query, (including the chipType). When a field state is set to ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_WILDCARD the query function will iterate on all possible values for that entry and return the relevant data. When a field state is set to ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_IGNORE the query function will stop iterating at that level and below

Ex: to query what positions of the Nova chip are on cage 1, node 2:

cage = 1, node = 2, pos = 'wildcard', chipType = 'Nova', core = 'wildcard', thread = 'wildcard'

Ex: to query what positions of the Nova chip are in the entire system:

cage = 'wildcard', node = 'wildcard', pos = 'wildcard', chipType = 'Nova', core = 'wildcard', thread = 'wildcard'

Ex: to query all the chips on cage 3, node 0:

cage = 3, node = 0, pos = 'wildcard', chipType = 'wildcard', core = 'wildcard', thread = 'wildcard'

Ex: to guery all the chips in the entire system:

cage = 'wildcard', node = 'wildcard', pos = 'wildcard', chipType = 'wildcard', core = 'wildcard', thread = 'wildcard'

Ex: to query the total nodes in a system:

cage = 'wildcard', node = 'wildcard', pos = 'ignore', chipType = 'ignore', core = 'ignore', thread = 'ignore'

NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.6 uint32\_t ecmdQuerySelected (ecmdChipTarget & io\_target, ecmdQueryData & o\_queryData)

Query User Selected Targeting information from the DLL, i.e (-p#,-c#,-t#).

### Parameters:

 $io\_target$  Struct that contains partial information to limit query results - chipType is unused  $o\_queryData$  Return data from query

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

This function acts just like ecmdQueryConfig except it operates on what targets were selected by the user args -n#, -p#, -c#, -t#

Use of this function is the same as ecmdQueryConfig

When -talive is specified all threads configured will be returned in o\_queryData and io\_target.threadState will be set to ECMD\_TARGET\_THREAD\_ALIVE. NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.7 uint32\_t ecmdQueryRing (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, std::list< ecmdRingData > & o\_queryData, const char \* i\_ringName = NULL)

Query Ring information from the DLL.

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information of chip to use

o\_queryData Return list from query

*i\_ringName* if != NULL used to refine query to a single ring

### Return values:

ECMD\_INVALID\_RING if i\_ringName is not valid for target

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.8 uint32\_t ecmdQueryArray (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, ecmdArrayData & o\_queryData, const char \* i\_arrayName)

Query Array information from the DLL.

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information of chip to use

o\_queryData Return data from query

*i\_arrayName* array to access data for

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_ARRAY if i\_arrayName is not valid for target

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.9 uint32\_t ecmdQuerySpy (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, ecmdSpyData & o\_queryData, const char \* i\_spyName)

Query Spy information from the DLL.

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information of chip to use

o\_queryData Return data from query

*i\_spyName* Spy to access data for

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY if spy name is not valid for target

nonzero on failure

NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.10 uint32\_t ecmdQueryFileLocation (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, ecmdFileType\_t i\_fileType, std::string & o\_fileLocation)

Query the location of a specific file type for the selected target.

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information
 i\_file Type Enum that specifies which type of file you are looking for scandef/spydef/arraydef
 o\_file Location Return string with full path and filename to location

# Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_UNKNOWN\_FILE if unable to find requested file

nonzero if unsuccessful

NOTE: This function does not affect ring caching

# 5.2.2.11 bool ecmdQueryTargetConfigured (ecmdChipTarget $i\_target$ , ecmdQueryData \* $i\_queryData = NULL$ )

Query if a particular target is configured in the system.

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Target to query in system configuration

 $\it i\_queryData$  If specified this data will be used, otherwise a call to ecmdQueryConfig will be made

### Return values:

true if Target is configured in system

false if Target is not configured in system

NOTE : This function calls ecmdQueryConfig and searchs for the specified target NOTE : The target State fields must be filled in as either VALID or UNUSED

# 5.2.2.12 uint32\_t getRing (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_ringName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ )

Scans the selected number of bits from the selected position in the selected ring into the data buffer.

# Return values:

ECMD\_INVALID\_RING if ringname is not valid for target

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

#### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of ring to read

i\_ringName Name of ring to read from

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from ring

### See also:

putRing (p. 81)

# 5.2.2.13 uint32\_t putRing (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_ringName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Scans the selected number of bits from the data buffer into the selected position in the selected ring.

# Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_INVALID\_RING$  if ringname is not valid for target

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 ${\it ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED}$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of ring to write

i\_ringName Name of ring to write to

i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into ring

# See also:

getRing (p. 81)

5.2.2.14 uint32\_t getLatch (ecmdChipTarget &  $i\_target$ , const char \*  $i\_target$ , const char \*  $i\_target$ , const char \*  $i\_target$ , ecmdLatchEntry > &  $o\_data$ , ecmdLatchMode\_t  $i\_mode$ )

Reads the selected spy into the data buffer.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system
ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

 $ECMD\_UNABLE\_TO\_OPEN\_SCANDEF \text{ eCMD was unable to open the scandef} \\ ECMD\_INVALID\_RING \text{ if ringname is not valid for target}$ 

 $ECMD\_INVALID\_LATCHNAME$  if latchname not found in scandef nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information
i\_latchName Name of latch to read (can be a partial or full name based on i\_mode)
o\_data list of Entries containing all latches found matching i\_latchName
i\_ringName Name of ring to search for latch if == NULL, entire scandef is searched
i\_mode LatchName search mode

NOTE: This function is ring cache enabled

5.2.2.15 uint32\_t putLatch (ecmdChipTarget &  $i\_target$ , const char \*  $i\_ringName$ , const char \*  $i\_latchName$ , ecmdDataBuffer &  $i\_data$ , ecmdLatchMode\_t  $i\_mode$ )

Writes the data buffer into the all latches matching i\_latchName.

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 $ECMD\_UNABLE\_TO\_OPEN\_SCANDEF$  eCMD was unable to open the scandef  $ECMD\_INVALID\_RING$  if ringname is not valid for target

 $ECMD\_INVALID\_LATCHNAME$  if latch name not found in scandef nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information
i\_latchName Name of latch to write (can be a partial or full name based on i\_mode)
i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into latch
i\_ringName Name of ring to search for latch if == NULL, entire scandef is searched
i\_mode LatchName search mode

NOTE: This function is ring cache enabled

# 5.2.2.16 uint32\_t getScom (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint32\_t $i\_address$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ )

Scoms bits from the selected address into the data buffer.

#### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of scom address to read

i\_address Scom address to read from

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from address

### See also:

**putScom** (p. 83)

# 5.2.2.17 uint32\_t putScom (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint32\_t $i\_address$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Scoms bits from the data buffer into the selected address.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 $ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW$  Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of scom address to write

*i\_address* Scom address to write to

i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into address

### See also:

**getScom** (p. 83)

# 5.2.2.18 uint32\_t sendCmd (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint32\_t i\_instruction, uint32\_t i\_modifier, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_status)

Send a JTAG instruction and modifier to the specified chip.

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information of scom address to write

*i\_instruction* Right aligned instruction to send to chip

i\_modifier Right aligned instruction modifier to send

o\_status Instruction status register value retrieved

#### Return values:

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_NON\_JTAG\_CHIP Chip Target is a non-jtag attached chip

nonzero if unsuccessful

NOTE: Proper parity will be generated on the command and modifier

# 5.2.2.19 uint32\_t getCfamRegister (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint32\_t $i\_address$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ )

Read data from the selected CFAM register address into the data buffer.

# Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

# Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

*i\_address* CFAM address to read from

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from address

# 5.2.2.20 uint32\_t putCfamRegister (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint32\_t $i\_address$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Write data into the selected CFAM register address.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

i\_address CFAM address to write to

*i\_data* DataBuffer object that holds data to write into address

# 5.2.2.21 uint32\_t getSpy (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_spyName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ )

Reads the selected spy into the data buffer.

# Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SPY\_FAILED\_ECC\_CHECK if invalid ECC detected on Spy read

 ${\it ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY}$  Spy name is invalid or Spy is an ECC Grouping

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_SPY\_IS\_EDIAL Spy is an edial have to use getSpyEnum

 $ECMD\_SPY\_GROUP\_MISMATCH$  A mismatch was found reading a group spy not all groups set the same

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of spy to read

*i\_spyName* Name of spy to read from

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from spy

NOTE: This function is ring cache enabled

# 5.2.2.22 uint32\_t getSpyEnum (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, const char \* i\_spyName, std::string & o\_enumValue)

Reads the selected spy and returns it's assocaiated enum.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_SPY\_FAILED\_ECC\_CHECK$  if invalid ECC detected on Spy read - valid Spy Data still returned

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY Spy name is invalid or Spy is an ECC Grouping

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY\_ENUM if value in hardware doesn't map to a valid enum

ECMD\_SPY\_NOT\_ENUMERATED Spy is not enumerated must use getSpy

 $ECMD\_SPY\_GROUP\_MISMATCH$  A mismatch was found reading a group spy not all groups set the same

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of spy to read

*i\_spyName* Name of spy to read from

 $o\_enumValue$  Enum value read from the spy

NOTE: This function is ring cache enabled

5.2.2.23 uint32\_t getSpyEccGrouping (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, const char \* i\_spyEccGroupName, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_groupData, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_eccData, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_eccErrorMask)

Read an ECC grouping and return the in and out bits as well as a error mask if any out bits are invalid.

#### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY Spy name is invalid or Spy is not an ECC Grouping

 $ECMD\_SPY\_FAILED\_ECC\_CHECK$  if invalid ECC detected on Spy read - valid Spy Data still returned

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of spy to read

*i\_spyEccGroupName* Name of spy to read from

o\_group Data Return the data for the input to the eccGroup

o\_eccData Return the Ecc data associated with the outbits of the eccGroup

o\_eccErrorMask Return a mask for the Ecc data a 1 in the mask means the associated eccData was in error

### Return values:

nonzero if unsuccessful

NOTE: This function is ring cache enabled

# 5.2.2.24 uint32\_t putSpy (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_spyName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Writes the data buffer into the selected spy.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY Spy name is invalid or Spy is an ECC Grouping

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_SPY\_IS\_EDIAL Spy is an edial have to use putSpyEnum

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of spy to write

i\_spyName Name of spy to write to

i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into spy

NOTE: This function is ring cache enabled

# 5.2.2.25 uint32\_t putSpyEnum (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, const char \* i\_spyName, const std::string i\_enumValue)

Writes the enum into the selected spy.

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY Spy name is invalid or Spy is an ECC Grouping 2retval ECMD\_-SPY\_NOT\_ENUMERATED Spy is not enumerated must use putSpy

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY\_ENUM if enum value specified is not valid

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core information of spy to write

i\_spyName Name of spy to write to

*i\_enum Value* String enum value to load into the spy

NOTE: This function is ring cache enabled

# 5.2.2.26 void ecmdEnableRingCache ()

Enables internal caching of read/writes of scan rings to the chip for functions like getring/getspy/getspr.

# Postcondition:

Ring caching is enabled on cache enabled functions

- Functions that support caching are documented in the detailed description of the function
- Functions that do not affect the state of the cache are documented in the detailed description of the function
- Any non-cache enabled function will force a flush of the cache before performing the operation
- Some Dll's may not support ring caching, they will not fail on these functions but you will not see the performance gains

# 5.2.2.27 uint32\_t ecmdDisableRingCache ()

Disable internal caching of reads/writes of scan rings.

### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

NOTE: A Flush of the cache is performed before disabling the cache

# 5.2.2.28 uint32\_t ecmdFlushRingCache ()

Flush all modified data from the internal cache to the hardware, then remove all rings from cache.

### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

# 5.2.2.29 bool ecmdIsRingCacheEnabled ()

Returns true/false to signify if caching is currently enabled.

### Return values:

true if ring caching is enabled

false if ring caching is disabled

# 5.2.2.30 uint32\_t getArray (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_arrayName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_address$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ )

Reads bits from the selected array into the data buffer.

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_ARRAY if i\_arrayName is not valid for target

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information of array to read
 i\_arrayName Name of array to read from

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from address

i\_address Array Address to read from - length of DataBuffer should be set to length of valid address data

### See also:

putArray (p. 90), getArrayMultiple (p. 89)

# 5.2.2.31 uint32\_t getArrayMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, const char \* i\_arrayName, std::list< ecmdArrayEntry > & io\_entries)

Reads bits from multiple array addresses/elements into the list of data buffers.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_ARRAY if i\_arrayName is not valid for target

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 ${\it ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED}$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information of array to read

*i\_arrayName* Name of array to read from

io\_entries list of array entries to fetch

# See also:

putArray (p. 90), getArray (p. 88)

NOTE : To use this function the io\_entries list should be pre-loaded with the addresses to fetch, the associated dataBuffers will be loaded upon return

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.32 uint32\_t putArray (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_arrayName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_address$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Writes bits from the data buffer into the selected array.

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_ARRAY if i\_arrayName is not valid for target

 ${\it ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW}$  Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

 ${\it ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW}$  Too much data was provided for a write

#### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information of array to write
 i\_arrayName Name of array to write to

i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into array

 $\it i\_address$  Array Address to write to - length of DataBuffer should be set to length of valid address data

#### See also:

getArray (p. 88)

# 5.2.2.33 uint32\_t putArrayMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, const char \* i\_arrayName, std::list< ecmdArrayEntry > & i\_entries)

Writes bits from the list of entries into the selected array.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_ARRAY if i\_arrayName is not valid for target

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information of array to write
 i\_arrayName Name of array to write to

*i\_entries* List of addresses and data to write to chip

### See also:

getArray (p. 88)

NOTE: i\_entries should be pre-loaded with address and data

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.34 uint32\_t ecmdQueryClockState (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_clockDomain$ , ecmdClockState\_t $o\_clockState$ )

Query the state of the clocks for a domain.

### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_INVALID\_CLOCK\_DOMAIN An invalid clock domain name was specified

### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

 $i\_clockDomain$  Clock domain to query - as defined in scandef - use "ALL" to check all domains

o\_clockState State of clocks for that domain

# 5.2.2.35 uint32\_t startClocks (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, const char \* i\_clockDomain, bool i\_forceState = false)

Start the clocks in the domain specified.

### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_INVALID\_CLOCK\_DOMAIN An invalid clock domain name was specified

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_ALREADY\_ON The clocks in the specified domain are already on

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE The clock in the specified domain are in an unknown state (not all on/off)

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

*i\_clockDomain* Clock domain to start - as defined in scandef - use "ALL" to start all domains

*i\_forceState* Force the clocks into the appropriate state - ignore if not in correct state to start

NOTE: i\_clockDomain has to be "ALL" unless i\_target refers to a specific chip if i\_target refers to a Node or Cage then an individual clockDomain cannot be specified

# 5.2.2.36 uint32\_t stopClocks (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, const char \* i\_clockDomain, bool i\_forceState = false)

Stop the clocks in the domain specified.

#### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

ECMD\_INVALID\_CLOCK\_DOMAIN An invalid clock domain name was specified

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_ALREADY\_OFF The clocks in the specified domain are already off

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE The clock in the specified domain are in an unknown state (not all on/off)

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

### Parameters:

 $\it i\_target$  Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

 $\it i\_clockDomain$  Clock domain to stop - as defined in scandef - use "ALL" to stop all domains

 $\it i\_forceState$  Force the clocks into the appropriate state - ignore if not in correct state to start

NOTE: i\_clockDomain has to be "ALL" unless i\_target refers to a specific chip if i\_target refers to a Node or Cage then an individual clockDomain cannot be specified

# 5.2.2.37 uint32\_t iSteps (ecmdDataBuffer & i\_steps)

Run iSteps.

# Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Postcondition:

iSteps are complete

# Parameters:

*i\_steps* Bit mask defining which steps to run

# 5.2.2.38 uint32\_t ecmdQueryProcRegisterInfo (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_name$ , ecmdProcRegisterInfo & $o\_data$ )

Query Information about a Processor Register (SPR/GPR/FPR).

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information
 i\_name Name of the Register to fetch data about
 o\_data Data retrieved about the register

# 5.2.2.39 uint32\_t getSpr (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_sprName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ )

Reads the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR) into the data buffer.

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system  $ECMD\_INVALID\_SPR$  Spr name is invalid

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information
 i\_sprName Name of spr to read from
 o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from spr

# 5.2.2.40 uint32\_t getSprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , std::list< ecmdNameEntry > & $io\_entries$ )

Reads the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR) into the data buffer.

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system ECMD\_INVALID\_SPR Spr name is invalid

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information

io\_entries List of entries to fetch ecmdNameEntry.name field must be filled in

- NOTE: There are special keywords that can be specified to fetch groups of entries, they are used by adding only an entry to io\_entries and setting ecmdNameEntry.name = <keyword>
  - "ALLTHREADED": To fetch all threaded (replicated) SPR's for particular target
  - "ALLSHARED": To fetch all non-threaded SPR's for particular target

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.41 uint32\_t putSpr (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_sprName$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR).

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPR Spr name is invalid

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

 $\it i\_target$  Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information

i\_sprName Name of spr to write to

i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into spr

# 5.2.2.42 uint32\_t putSprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, std::list< ecmdNameEntry > & i\_entries)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Special Purpose Register (SPR).

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_INVALID\_SPR Spr name is invalid

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information *i\_entries* List of entries to write all **ecmdNameEntry** (p. 53) fields must be filled in

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.43 uint32\_t getGpr (ecmdChipTarget & *i\_target*, uint32\_t *i\_gprNum*, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_data)

Reads the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR) into the data buffer.

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_GPR Gpr number is invalid

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information

*i\_gprNum* Number of gpr to read from

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from gpr

# 5.2.2.44 uint32\_t getGprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > & $io\_entries$ )

Reads the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR) into the data buffer.

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_GPR Gpr number is invalid

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 ${\it ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED}$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information *io\_entries* List of entries to fetch ecmdIndexEntry.index field must be filled in

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.45 uint32\_t putGpr (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint32\_t $i\_gprNum$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR).

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_GPR Gpr number is invalid

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information

*i\_gprNum* Number of gpr to write to

*i\_data* DataBuffer object that holds data to write into gpr

# 5.2.2.46 uint32\_t putGprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > & i\_entries)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected General Purpose Register (GPR).

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_GPR Gpr number is invalid

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 ${\it ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW}$  Too much data was provided for a write

 $ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW$  Too little data was provided to a write function

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information *i\_entries* List of entries to write all **ecmdIndexEntry** (p. 48) fields must be filled in

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.47 uint32\_t getFpr (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint32\_t i\_fprNum, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_data)

Reads the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR) into the data buffer.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system
ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_INVALID\_FPR Fpr number is invalid

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 ${\it ECMD\_SUCCESS}$  if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information
 i\_fprNum Number of fpr to read from
 o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from fpr

# 5.2.2.48 uint32\_t getFprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > & io\_entries)

Reads the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR) into the data buffer.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system ECMD\_INVALID\_FPR Fpr number is invalid

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information *io\_entries* List of entries to fetch ecmdIndexEntry.index field must be filled in

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.49 uint32\_t putFpr (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint32\_t $i\_fprNum$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ )

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR).

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_INVALID\_FPR$  Fpr number is invalid

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

 $ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW$  Too little data was provided to a write function

ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

 $i\_target$  Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information

*i\_fprNum* Number of fpr to write to

*i\_data* DataBuffer object that holds data to write into fpr

# 5.2.2.50 uint32\_t putFprMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, std::list< ecmdIndexEntry > & i\_entries)

Writes the data buffer into the selected Processor Architected Floating Point Register (FPR).

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_INVALID\_FPR Fpr number is invalid

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW Too much data was provided for a write

ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW Too little data was provided to a write function

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position/core/thread information *i\_entries* List of entries to write all **ecmdIndexEntry** (p. 48) fields must be filled in

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

# 5.2.2.51 uint32\_t getTraceArray (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , const char \* $i\_name$ , std::vector< ecmdDataBuffer > & $o\_data$ )

Dump all entries of specified trace array.

### Parameters:

i\_target Target info to specify what to configure (target states must be set)
 i\_name Name of trace array - names may vary for each product/chip
 o\_data Vector of trace array data retrieved

#### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

# 5.2.2.52 uint32\_t getTraceArrayMultiple (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, std::list< ecmdNameVectorEntry > & o\_data)

Dump all entries of specified trace array.

### Parameters:

i\_target Target info to specify what to configure (target states must be set)o\_data List of trace array data retrieved

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

The return value of this function is set to the first non-zero return code found when retrieving multiple entries. The function will still continue through all entries requested. You must walk through the list returned to find out which entry caused the failure.

• NOTE : to fetch all Trace Arrays available add only one entry to io\_entries and set ecmd-NameVectorEntry.name = "ALL"

# 5.2.2.53 uint32\_t getMemProc (ecmdChipTarget & $i\_target$ , uint64\_t $i\_address$ , uint32\_t $i\_bytes$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ )

Reads System Mainstore through the processor chip.

# Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

i\_address Starting address to read from

i\_bytes Number of bytes to write

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from memory

# 5.2.2.54 uint32\_t putMemProc (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_data)

Writes System Mainstore through the processor chip.

#### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

*i\_address* Starting address to write to

*i\_bytes* Number of bytes to write

*i\_data* DataBuffer object that holds data to write into memory

# 5.2.2.55 uint32\_t getMemDma (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_data)

Reads System Mainstore through the PSI or DMA interface (whichever is avialable).

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE$  Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains cage/node information

*i\_address* Starting address to read from

i\_bytes Number of bytes to write

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from memory

# 5.2.2.56 uint32\_t putMemDma (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_data)

Writes System Mainstore through the PSI or DMA interface (whichever is avialable).

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

# Parameters:

i\_target Struct that contains cage/node information

*i\_address* Starting address to write to

*i\_bytes* Number of bytes to write

i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into memory

# 5.2.2.57 uint32\_t getMemMemCtrl (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_data)

Reads System Mainstore through the memory controller.

# Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful read

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

*i\_address* Starting address to read from

i\_bytes Number of bytes to write

o\_data DataBuffer object that holds data read from memory

WARNING: This operation is typically not cache-coherent

# 5.2.2.58 uint32\_t putMemMemCtrl (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, uint64\_t i\_address, uint32\_t i\_bytes, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_data)

Writes System Mainstore through the memory controller.

### Return values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED if target is not available in the system

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation

nonzero if unsuccessful

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Struct that contains chip and cage/node/slot/position information

*i\_address* Starting address to write to

*i\_bytes* Number of bytes to write

i\_data DataBuffer object that holds data to write into memory

WARNING: This operation is typically not cache-coherent

# 5.2.2.59 uint32\_t simaet (const char \* i\_function)

Enable/Disable Simulation AET Logging.

#### Parameters:

*i\_function* Should be either 'on'/'off'/'flush'

# Return values:

 ${\it ECMD\_SUCCESS}$  if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

nonzero on failure

# $5.2.2.60 \quad uint32\_t \quad simcheckpoint \quad (const \quad char * i\_checkpoint)$

Store a checkpoint to specified file.

### Parameters:

*i\_checkpoint* Name of checkpoint to write to

# Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.61 uint32\_t simclock (uint32\_t i\_cycles)

Clock the model.

#### Parameters:

*i\_cycles* Number of cycles to clock model

### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 ${\it ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED}$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.62 uint32\_t simecho (const char \* $i\_message$ )

Echo message to stdout and sim log.

# Parameters:

 $i\_message$  Message to echo

### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.63 uint32\_t simexit (uint32\_t $i\_rc = 0$ , const char \* $i\_message = NULL$ )

Close down the simulation model.

# Parameters:

 $\it i\_rc$  [Optional] Send a test case failure return code to the simulation

*i\_message* [Optional] Send a testcase failure message to the simulation

# Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.64 uint32\_t simEXPECTFAC (const char \* i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_expect, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_offset = 0)

Perform expect on facility using name.

### Parameters:

*i\_facname* Facility name

*i\_expect* Value to expect on facility

i\_bitlength Length of data to expect

 $\boldsymbol{i\_row}$  Optional: Array Facility row

*i\_offset* Optional: Facility offset

# Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.65 uint32\_t simexpecttcfac (const char \* i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_expect, uint32\_t i\_row = 0)

Perform expect on TCFAC facility.

# Parameters:

*i\_tcfacname* Facility name

i\_expect Value to expect on facility

i\_bitlength Length of data to expect

i\_row Optional: Array Facility row

# Return values:

 ${\it ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED}$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.66 uint32\_t simgetcurrentcycle (uint32\_t & o\_cyclecount)

Fetch current model cycle count.

# Parameters:

o\_cyclecount Current model cycle count

### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.67 uint32\_t simGETFAC (const char \* $i\_facname$ , uint32\_t $i\_bitlength$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ , uint32\_t $i\_row = 0$ , uint32\_t $i\_offset = 0$ )

Retrieve a Facility using a name.

#### Parameters:

*i\_facname* Facility name

i\_bitlength Bit length to read from facility

 $o\_data$  Data read from facility

*i\_row* Optional: Array row

*i\_offset* Optional : Facility offset

## Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.68 uint32\_t simGETFACX (const char \* i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & o\_data, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_offset = 0)

Retrieve a Facility using a name - preserving Xstate.

#### Parameters:

 $\it i\_facname$  Facility name

*i\_bitlength* Bit length to read from facility

o\_data Data read from facility

*i\_row* Optional: Array row

*i\_offset* Optional : Facility offset

#### Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.69 uint32\_t simgettcfac (const char \* $i\_tcfacname$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ , uint32\_t $i\_row = 0$ , uint32\_t $i\_startbit = 0$ , uint32\_t $i\_bitlength = 0$ )

Retrieve a TCFAC facility.

## Parameters:

*i\_tcfacname* TCFAC name

 $o\_data$  Value read

i\_row Optional: Array Facility rowi\_startbit Optional: Startbit to read

i\_bitlength Optional: Length of data to read

#### Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

## 5.2.2.70 uint32\_t siminit (const char \* i\_checkpoint)

Initialize the simulation.

## Parameters:

*i\_checkpoint* Checkpoint to load: 'none' to skip

## Return values:

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

5.2.2.71 uint32\_t simPOLLFAC (const char \* i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_expect, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_offset = 0, uint32\_t i\_maxcycles = 1, uint32\_t i\_pollinterval = 1)

Poll a facility waiting for expected valud.

#### Parameters:

*i\_facname* Facility name

*i\_bitlength* Bit length to expect

*i\_expect* Data to expect in facility

*i\_row* Optional: Array row

i\_offset Optional : Facility offset

*i\_maxcycles* Optional: Maximum number of cycles to run

*i\_pollinterval* Option: Number of clock cycles to run between each poll

## Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_POLLING\_FAILURE Polling completed without reaching expected value

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.72 uint32\_t simPUTFAC (const char \* $i\_facname$ , uint32\_t $i\_bitlength$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ , uint32\_t $i\_row = 0$ , uint32\_t $i\_offset = 0$ )

Write a Facility using a name.

#### Parameters:

*i\_facname* Facility name

i\_bitlength Bit length to write to facility

i\_data Data to write

*i\_row* Optional: Array row

i\_offset Optional : Facility offset

## Return values:

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.73 uint32\_t simPUTFACX (const char \* i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_offset = 0)

Write a Facility using a name - preserving Xstate.

#### Parameters:

*i\_facname* Facility name

*i\_bitlength* Bit length to write to facility

i\_data Data to write

*i\_row* Optional: Array row

*i\_offset* Optional : Facility offset

#### Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.74 uint32\_t simputtcfac (const char \* i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_numrows = 0)

Write a TCFAC facility.

## Parameters:

 $i\_tcfacname$  TCFAC name

i\_data Value to write

i\_row Optional: Array Facility row

i\_numrows Optional: Number of rows to write

*i\_bitlength* Bit length to write to facility

#### Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

## 5.2.2.75 uint32\_t simrestart (const char \* i\_checkpoint)

Load a checkpoint into model.

#### Parameters:

*i\_checkpoint* Name of checkpoint

#### Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.76 uint32\_t simSTKFAC (const char \* $i\_facname$ , uint32\_t $i\_bitlength$ , ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ , uint32\_t $i\_row = 0$ , uint32\_t $i\_offset = 0$ )

Stick a Facility using a name.

## Parameters:

*i\_facname* Facility name

i\_bitlength Bit length to stick to facility

 $i\_data$  Data to stick

*i\_row* Optional: Array row

*i\_offset* Optional : Facility offset

## Return values:

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.77 uint32\_t simstktcfac (const char \* i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_numrows = 0)

Stick a TCFAC facility.

#### Parameters:

*i\_tcfacname* TCFAC name

*i\_data* Value to stick

i\_row Optional: Array Facility row

*i\_numrows* Optional: Number of rows to stick

i\_bitlength Bit length to write to facility

## Return values:

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

 $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

## 5.2.2.78 uint32\_t simSUBCMD (const char \* i\_command)

Run RTX SUBCMD.

#### Parameters:

i\_command Command

#### Return values:

 ${\it ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED}$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

## 5.2.2.79 uint32\_t simtckinterval (uint32\_t i\_tckinterval)

Set TCK Interval setting in the model for JTAG Master.

#### Parameters:

*i\_tckinterval* new setting for tck interval when using JTAG

#### Return values:

**ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED** Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.80 uint32\_t simUNSTICK (const char \* i\_facname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_offset = 0)

Unstick a Facility using a name.

## Parameters:

*i\_facname* Facility name

*i\_bitlength* Bit length to unstick to facility

*i\_row* Optional: Array row

 $i\_offset$  Optional : Facility offset

#### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

nonzero on failure

# 5.2.2.81 uint32\_t simunsticktcfac (const char \* i\_tcfacname, uint32\_t i\_bitlength, ecmdDataBuffer & i\_data, uint32\_t i\_row = 0, uint32\_t i\_numrows = 0)

Unstick a TCFAC facility.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_tcfacname$  TCFAC name

i\_data Value to unstick to

*i\_row* Optional: Array Facility row

*i\_numrows* Optional: Number of rows to unstick

i\_bitlength Bit length to unstick to facility

#### Return values:

 $ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED$  Ring Cache enabled function - must be disabled to use this function

ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

nonzero on failure

## 5.2.2.82 std::string ecmdGetErrorMsg (uint32\_t i\_errorCode)

Retrieve additional error information for errorcode.

#### Parameters:

*i\_errorCode* Error code to lookup up message for

#### Return values:

point to NULL terminated string containing error data, NULL if error occurs

# 5.2.2.83 uint32\_t ecmdRegisterErrorMsg (uint32\_t *i\_errorCode*, const char \* *i\_whom*, const char \* *i\_message*)

Register an Error Message that has occured.

## 5.2.2.84 void ecmdOutputError (const char \* $i\_message$ )

Output a message related to an error.

#### Parameters:

i\_message String to output

## 5.2.2.85 void ecmdOutputWarning (const char \* i\_message)

Output a message related to an warning.

#### Parameters:

*i\_message* String to output

## 5.2.2.86 void ecmdOutput (const char \* i\_message)

Output a message to the screen or logs.

#### Parameters:

*i\_message* String to output

## 5.2.2.87 uint32\_t ecmdGetGlobalVar (ecmdGlobalVarType\_t i\_type)

Retrieve the value of some ecmdGlobalVars.

#### Parameters:

 $i\_type$  Specifies which global var you are looking for

## Return values:

Value of global var

## 5.2.2.88 void ecmdSetTraceMode (ecmdTraceType\_t i\_type, bool i\_enable)

Enable/Disable a trace mode.

## Parameters:

 $\it i\_type$  Specifies which trace mode to enable

 $\it i\_enable$  Enable or disable

## 5.2.2.89 bool ecmdQueryTraceMode (ecmdTraceType\_t $i\_type$ )

Query the state of a trace mode.

## Parameters:

i\_type Specifies which trace mode to query

#### Return values:

Value of trace mode enable

## 5.2.2.90 uint32\_t ecmdGetConfiguration (std::string i\_name, std::string & o\_value)

Retrieve the value of a Configuration Setting.

#### Parameters:

i\_name Name of setting as defined by eCMD Apio\_value Value of setting

#### Return values:

ECMD\_INVALID\_CONFIG\_NAME Name specified is not valid ECMD\_SUCCESS if successful

## 5.2.2.91 uint32\_t ecmdSetConfiguration (std::string i\_name, std::string i\_value)

Set the value of a Configuration Setting.

#### Parameters:

i\_name Name of setting as defined by eCMD Apii\_value Value to apply to setting

## Return values:

 $ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_DATA\_FORMAT$  Value is not in correct format for specified configuration setting

 $ECMD\_INVALID\_CONFIG\_NAME$  Name specified is not valid  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

## 5.2.2.92 uint32\_t ecmdDeconfigureTarget (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target)

Deconfigure a target in the system.

## Parameters:

*i\_target* Target info to specify what to deconfigure (target states must be set)

### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

#### 5.2.2.93 uint32\_t ecmdConfigureTarget (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target)

Configure a target in the system - must be previously known to the system.

#### Parameters:

*i\_target* Target info to specify what to configure (target states must be set)

#### Return values:

 $ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED$  if target is not available in the system  $ECMD\_SUCCESS$  if successful

nonzero on failure

## 5.3 ecmdDataBuffer.H File Reference

Provides a means to handle data from the eCMD C API.

```
#include <string>
#include <inttypes.h>
```

## Compounds

 $\bullet$  class ecmdDataBuffer

Provides a means to handle data from the eCMD C API.

## 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Provides a means to handle data from the eCMD C API.

DataBuffers handle and store data in a Big Endian fashion with Bit 0 being the MSB

## 5.4 ecmdReturnCodes.H File Reference

All Return Codes for the eCmd Capi.

## **Defines**

• #define **ECMD\_SUCCESS** 0x0

API Returned Successfully.

• #define ECMD\_INVALID\_DLL\_VERSION 0x1000

Dll Version didn't match the Client version detected.

• #define **ECMD\_INVALID\_DLL\_FILENAME** 0x1001

Unable to find filename to load or file doesn't exist.

• #define **ECMD\_DLL\_LOAD\_FAILURE** 0x1002

Error occured on call to dlopen.

• #define ECMD\_DLL\_UNLOAD\_FAILURE 0x1003

Error occurred on call to dlclose.

• #define ECMD\_DLL\_UNINITIALIZED 0x1004

A function was called before ecmdLoadDll was called.

• #define **ECMD\_DLL\_INVALID** 0x1005

If we are unable to lookup a function in the Dll.

• #define **ECMD\_FAILURE** 0x1010

General Failure occurred in eCMD.

• #define ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED 0x1011

Chip target provided was not configured in the system.

• #define ECMD\_FUNCTION\_NOT\_SUPPORTED 0x1012

Returned if a specific Dll instance doesn't support the function you called.

• #define ECMD\_UNKNOWN\_FILE 0x1013

ecmdQueryFileLocation was unable to find the file you requested

• #define **ECMD\_INVALID\_ARGS** 0x1020

Not enough arguments provided to the function.

• #define **ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY\_ENUM** 0x1021

 $getSpyEnum\ or\ putSpyEnum\ used\ an\ invalid\ enum$ 

• #define ECMD\_SPY\_FAILED\_ECC\_CHECK 0x1022

getSpy or getSpyEnum failed with invalid ECC detected in the hardware

• #define ECMD\_SPY\_NOT\_ENUMERATED 0x1023

getSpyEnum or putSpyEnum was called on a non-enumerated spy

- #define ECMD\_SPY\_IS\_EDIAL 0x1024 getSpy or Putspy was called on an edial
- #define ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY 0x1025

  Spy functions found an invalid Spy name or type.
- #define **ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW** 0x1026

  Too much data was provided to a write function.
- #define **ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW** 0x1027

  Too little data was provided to a write function.
- #define **ECMD\_INVALID\_RING** 0x1028

  Invalid ring name was provided.
- #define ECMD\_INVALID\_ARRAY 0x1029

  Invalid array name was provided.
- #define **ECMD\_INVALID\_CONFIG** 0x1030

  There was an error processing the configuration information.
- #define ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE 0x1031 Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation.
- #define ECMD\_NON\_JTAG\_CHIP 0x1032
   JTag function called on non-jtag attached chip.
- #define **ECMD\_NON\_FSI\_CHIP** 0x1033

  Fsi function called on non-fsi attached chip.
- #define ECMD\_INVALID\_SPR 0x1034
   Invalid SPR was specified to get/put spr functions.
- #define ECMD\_INVALID\_GPR 0x1035

  Invalid GPR number was specified to get/put gpr functions.
- #define ECMD\_INVALID\_FPR 0x1036
   Invalid FPR number was specified to get/put fpr functions.
- #define ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED 0x1037

  Ring Cache enabled during call non-cache enabled function.
- #define ECMD\_INVALID\_CONFIG\_NAME 0x1038
   An Invalid name was used to set/get a configuation setting.
- #define ECMD\_SPY\_GROUP\_MISMATCH 0x1039
   A mismatch was found reading a group spy not all groups set the same.

## • #define ECMD\_INVALID\_CLOCK\_DOMAIN 0x1040

An invalid clock domain name was specified.

#### • #define ECMD\_CLOCKS\_ALREADY\_OFF 0x1041

A stopclocks was requested when clocks are already off.

## • #define ECMD\_CLOCKS\_ALREADY\_ON 0x1042

A startclocks was requested when clocks are already on.

## • #define ECMD\_UNABLE\_TO\_OPEN\_SCANDEF 0x1043

eCMD was unable to open the scandef

#### • #define ECMD\_INVALID\_LATCHNAME 0x1044

eCMD was unable to find the specified latch in the scandef

## • #define **ECMD\_POLLING\_FAILURE** 0x1045

eCMD failed waiting for a poll to match expected value

#### • #define ECMD\_INT\_UNKNOWN\_COMMAND 0x1900

Command interpreter didn't understand command.

## • #define ECMD\_EXPECT\_FAILURE 0x1901

An expect was performed and a miscompare was found.

## • #define ECMD\_SCANDEF\_LOOKUP\_FAILURE 0x1902

An Error occurred trying to process the scandef file.

## • #define ECMD\_DATA\_BOUNDS\_OVERFLOW 0x1903

The user specified to get/put data that was larger then ECMD\_MAX\_DATA\_BITS.

## • #define ECMD\_DBUF\_SUCCESS 0x0

DataBuffer returned successfully.

## • #define **ECMD\_DBUF\_INIT\_FAIL** 0x2000

Initialization of the DataBuffer failed.

### • #define ECMD\_DBUF\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW 0x2010

Attempt to read/write data beyond the length of the DataBuffer.

## • #define ECMD\_DBUF\_XSTATE\_ERROR 0x2020

An 'X' character occured where it was not expected.

#### • #define ECMD\_DBUF\_UNDEFINED\_FUNCTION 0x2030

Function not included in this version of DataBuffer.

#### • #define ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_ARGS 0x2040

Args provided to dataBuffer were invalid.

## • #define ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_DATA\_FORMAT 0x2041

String data didn't match expected input format.

## 5.4.1 Detailed Description

All Return Codes for the eCmd Capi.

## 5.4.2 Define Documentation

## 5.4.2.1 #define ECMD\_SUCCESS 0x0

API Returned Successfully.

## 5.4.2.2 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_DLL\_VERSION 0x1000

Dll Version didn't match the Client version detected.

#### 5.4.2.3 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_DLL\_FILENAME 0x1001

Unable to find filename to load or file doesn't exist.

## 5.4.2.4 #define ECMD\_DLL\_LOAD\_FAILURE 0x1002

Error occured on call to dlopen.

## 5.4.2.5 #define ECMD\_DLL\_UNLOAD\_FAILURE 0x1003

Error occurred on call to dlclose.

## 5.4.2.6 #define ECMD\_DLL\_UNINITIALIZED 0x1004

A function was called before ecmdLoadDll was called.

## 5.4.2.7 #define ECMD\_DLL\_INVALID 0x1005

If we are unable to lookup a function in the Dll.

## 5.4.2.8 #define ECMD\_FAILURE 0x1010

General Failure occurred in eCMD.

## 5.4.2.9 #define ECMD\_TARGET\_NOT\_CONFIGURED 0x1011

Chip target provided was not configured in the system.

## 5.4.2.10 #define ECMD\_FUNCTION\_NOT\_SUPPORTED 0x1012

Returned if a specific Dll instance doesn't support the function you called.

## ${\bf 5.4.2.11 \quad \# define \ ECMD\_UNKNOWN\_FILE \ 0x1013}$

ecmdQueryFileLocation was unable to find the file you requested

## 5.4.2.12 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_ARGS 0x1020

Not enough arguments provided to the function.

## 5.4.2.13 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY\_ENUM 0x1021

getSpyEnum or putSpyEnum used an invalid enum

## 5.4.2.14 #define ECMD\_SPY\_FAILED\_ECC\_CHECK 0x1022

getSpy or getSpyEnum failed with invalid ECC detected in the hardware

## 5.4.2.15 #define ECMD\_SPY\_NOT\_ENUMERATED 0x1023

getSpyEnum or putSpyEnum was called on a non-enumerated spy

## 5.4.2.16 #define ECMD\_SPY\_IS\_EDIAL 0x1024

getSpy or Putspy was called on an edial

## 5.4.2.17 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_SPY 0x1025

Spy functions found an invalid Spy name or type.

## 5.4.2.18 #define ECMD\_DATA\_OVERFLOW 0x1026

Too much data was provided to a write function.

## 5.4.2.19 #define ECMD\_DATA\_UNDERFLOW 0x1027

Too little data was provided to a write function.

## 5.4.2.20 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_RING 0x1028

Invalid ring name was provided.

## ${\bf 5.4.2.21 \quad \# define \ ECMD\_INVALID\_ARRAY \ 0x1029}$

Invalid array name was provided.

## 5.4.2.22 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_CONFIG 0x1030

There was an error processing the configuration information.

## 5.4.2.23 #define ECMD\_CLOCKS\_IN\_INVALID\_STATE 0x1031

Chip Clocks were in an invalid state to perform the operation.

## 5.4.2.24 #define ECMD\_NON\_JTAG\_CHIP 0x1032

JTag function called on non-jtag attached chip.

## 5.4.2.25 #define ECMD\_NON\_FSI\_CHIP 0x1033

Fsi function called on non-fsi attached chip.

## 5.4.2.26 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_SPR 0x1034

Invalid SPR was specified to get/put spr functions.

## 5.4.2.27 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_GPR 0x1035

Invalid GPR number was specified to get/put gpr functions.

## 5.4.2.28 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_FPR 0x1036

Invalid FPR number was specified to get/put fpr functions.

## 5.4.2.29 #define ECMD\_RING\_CACHE\_ENABLED 0x1037

Ring Cache enabled during call non-cache enabled function.

## 5.4.2.30 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_CONFIG\_NAME 0x1038

An Invalid name was used to set/get a configuation setting.

## 5.4.2.31 #define ECMD\_SPY\_GROUP\_MISMATCH 0x1039

A mismatch was found reading a group spy not all groups set the same.

## 5.4.2.32 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_CLOCK\_DOMAIN 0x1040

An invalid clock domain name was specified.

## ${\bf 5.4.2.33 \quad \# define \; ECMD\_CLOCKS\_ALREADY\_OFF \; 0x1041}$

A stopclocks was requested when clocks are already off.

## 5.4.2.34 #define ECMD\_CLOCKS\_ALREADY\_ON 0x1042

A startclocks was requested when clocks are already on.

## 5.4.2.35 #define ECMD\_UNABLE\_TO\_OPEN\_SCANDEF 0x1043

eCMD was unable to open the scandef

## 5.4.2.36 #define ECMD\_INVALID\_LATCHNAME 0x1044

eCMD was unable to find the specified latch in the scandef

## 5.4.2.37 #define ECMD\_POLLING\_FAILURE 0x1045

eCMD failed waiting for a poll to match expected value

## 5.4.2.38 #define ECMD\_INT\_UNKNOWN\_COMMAND 0x1900

Command interpreter didn't understand command.

## 5.4.2.39 #define ECMD\_EXPECT\_FAILURE 0x1901

An expect was performed and a miscompare was found.

## 5.4.2.40 #define ECMD\_SCANDEF\_LOOKUP\_FAILURE 0x1902

An Error occurred trying to process the scandef file.

## 5.4.2.41 #define ECMD\_DATA\_BOUNDS\_OVERFLOW 0x1903

The user specified to get/put data that was larger then ECMD\_MAX\_DATA\_BITS.

## 5.4.2.42 #define ECMD\_DBUF\_SUCCESS 0x0

DataBuffer returned successfully.

## 5.4.2.43 #define ECMD\_DBUF\_INIT\_FAIL 0x2000

Initialization of the DataBuffer failed.

## 5.4.2.44 #define ECMD\_DBUF\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW 0x2010

Attempt to read/write data beyond the length of the DataBuffer.

## 5.4.2.45 #define ECMD\_DBUF\_XSTATE\_ERROR 0x2020

An 'X' character occured where it was not expected.

## 5.4.2.46 #define ECMD\_DBUF\_UNDEFINED\_FUNCTION 0x2030

Function not included in this version of DataBuffer.

## $5.4.2.47 \quad \# define \ ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_ARGS \ 0x2040$

Args provided to dataBuffer were invalid.

## ${\bf 5.4.2.48} \quad \# define \ ECMD\_DBUF\_INVALID\_DATA\_FORMAT \ 0x2041$

String data didn't match expected input format.

## 5.5 ecmdStructs.H File Reference

All the Structures required for the eCMD Capi.

```
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <list>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <ecmdDataBuffer.H>
```

## Compounds

#### • struct ecmdDllInfo

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return info to the client about what Dll instance they are actually running with.

## • struct ecmdChipTarget

Structure used to designate which cee object/chip you would like the function to operate on.

#### • struct ecmdThreadData

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return thread data.

#### • struct ecmdCoreData

 ${\it Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return\ core\ data}.$ 

## • struct ecmdChipData

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return chip data.

## • struct ecmdSlotData

Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return slot data.

## $\bullet$ struct ecmdNodeData

 ${\it Used for the ecmdQuery Config function to return \ node \ data}.$ 

## $\bullet$ struct ecmdCageData

 ${\it Used for the ecmdQueryConfig function to return \ cage \ data}.$ 

#### • struct ecmdQueryData

Used by the ecmdQueryConfig function to return data.

## $\bullet$ struct ecmdRingData

Used for the ecmdQueryRing function to return ring info.

#### • struct ecmdArrayData

Used for the ecmdQueryArray function to return array info.

## • struct ecmdArrayEntry

 $Used\ by\ the\ getArray Multiple\ function\ to\ pass\ data.$ 

• struct ecmdGroupData

Used by get/putspy function to create the return data from a group.

• struct ecmdNameEntry

Used by get/putSprMultiple function to pass data.

• struct ecmdNameVectorEntry

Used by getTraceArrayMultiple function to pass data.

• struct ecmdIndexEntry

Used by get/put Gpr/Fpr Multiple function to pass data.

• struct ecmdLatchEntry

Used by getlatch function to return data.

• struct ecmdProcRegisterInfo

Used by ecmdQueryProcRegisterInfo function to return data about a Architected register.

• struct ecmdSpyData

Used for the ecmdQuerySpy function to return spy info.

• struct ecmdLooperData

Used internally by ecmdConfigLooper to store looping state information.

#### Defines

• #define **ECMD\_CAPI\_VERSION** "1.2d"

eCMD API Version

- #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_BUSMASK 0xC0000000
- #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_RSVDBUS1 0x000000000

This is reserved for later expansion (should not be used).

- #define **ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_JTAG** 0x40000000
- #define  $ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_FSI 0x80000000$
- #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_RSVDBUS2 0xC0000000

This is reserved for later expansion (should not be used).

## **Enumerations**

• enum ecmdDllType\_t { ECMD\_DLL\_UNKNOWN, ECMD\_DLL\_STUB, ECMD\_DLL\_CRONUS, ECMD\_DLL\_IPSERIES, ECMD\_DLL\_ZSERIES, ECMD\_DLL\_SCAND }

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return who's dll you are actually running against.

 enum ecmdDllProduct\_t { ECMD\_DLL\_PRODUCT\_UNKNOWN, ECMD\_DLL\_-PRODUCT\_ECLIPZ } This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return what product the dll supports.

• enum ecmdDllEnv\_t { ECMD\_DLL\_ENV\_HW, ECMD\_DLL\_ENV\_SIM }

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return what environment the dll is designed to run in (i.e Simulation vs Hardware).

enum ecmdChipTargetState\_t { ECMD\_TARGET\_UNKNOWN\_STATE, ECMD\_TARGET\_FIELD\_VALID, ECMD\_TARGET\_FIELD\_UNUSED, ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_FIELD\_VALID, ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_WILDCARD, ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_IGNORE, ECMD\_TARGET\_THREAD\_ALIVE }

Used by ecmdChipTarget (p.17) to describe the value in the state fields - The ECMD\_-TARGET\_FIELD\_\* states are used for functions to return applicable values - The ECMD\_-TARGET\_QUERY\_\* states are used by the ecmdQueryConfig and ecmdQuerySelected functions to refine the query.

• enum ecmdChipInterfaceType\_t { ECMD\_INTERFACE\_ACCESS, ECMD\_-INTERFACE\_CFAM, ECMD\_INTERFACE\_UNKNOWN }

Used in ecmdChipData (p. 15) to describe the interface macro used by the chip.

enum ecmdQueryDetail\_t { ECMD\_QUERY\_DETAIL\_LOW, ECMD\_QUERY\_DETAIL\_HIGH }

Used by ecmdQueryConfig to specify detail level of query.

 enum ecmdClockState\_t { ECMD\_CLOCKSTATE\_UNKNOWN, ECMD\_-CLOCKSTATE\_ON, ECMD\_CLOCKSTATE\_OFF, ECMD\_CLOCKSTATE\_NA }

Used by Ring/Array/Spy Query functions to return a required clock state.

• enum ecmdSpyType\_t { ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_ALIAS, ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_IDIAL, ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_EDIAL, ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_ECCGROUP }

Used for the ecmdQuerySpy function to specify which type of spy we have See also:
ecmdSpyData (p.61).

• enum ecmdFileType\_t { ECMD\_FILE\_SCANDEF, ECMD\_FILE\_SPYDEF, ECMD\_FILE\_ARRAYDEF, ECMD\_FILE\_HELPTEXT, ECMD\_FILE\_SCOMDATA }

Used for the ecmdQueryFileLocation function to specify the file type you are looking for.

 enum ecmdConfigLoopType\_t { ECMD\_SELECTED\_TARGETS\_LOOP, ECMD\_-ALL\_TARGETS\_LOOP }

Used by ecmdConfigLooperInit function to specify what type of data to loop on.

enum ecmdGlobalVarType\_t { ECMD\_GLOBALVAR\_DEBUG, ECMD\_-GLOBALVAR\_QUIETMODE }

Used by ecmdGetGlobalVar to specify what variable you are looking for.

 $Used\ by\ ecmdSetTraceMode\ to\ specify\ which\ trace\ to\ control.$ 

## enum ecmdLatchMode\_t { ECMD\_LATCHMODE\_FULL, ECMD\_-LATCHMODE\_PARTIAL }

Used by get/putLatch functions to specify what mode should be used to find latches in the scandef.

## 5.5.1 Detailed Description

All the Structures required for the eCMD Capi.

## 5.5.2 Define Documentation

## 5.5.2.1 #define ECMD\_CAPI\_VERSION "1.2d"

eCMD API Version

## 5.5.2.2 #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_BUSMASK 0xC0000000

Defines for the ecmdChipData (p. 15) chipFlags field

## 5.5.2.3 #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_RSVDBUS1 0x00000000

This is reserved for later expansion (should not be used).

## 5.5.2.4 #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_JTAG 0x40000000

## 5.5.2.5 #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_FSI 0x80000000

## 5.5.2.6 #define ECMD\_CHIPFLAG\_RSVDBUS2 0xC0000000

This is reserved for later expansion (should not be used).

## 5.5.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.5.3.1 enum ecmdDllType\_t

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return who's dll you are actually running against.

#### Enumeration values:

ECMD\_DLL\_UNKNOWN This should never be encountered.

ECMD\_DLL\_STUB This is a stub version of the dll for client testing.

ECMD\_DLL\_CRONUS Running against the Cronus Dll.

ECMD\_DLL\_IPSERIES Running against I/P Series HOM.

ECMD\_DLL\_ZSERIES Running against Z Series HOM.

ECMD\_DLL\_SCAND Running against the ScanD dll owned by Meghna Paruthi.

## 5.5.3.2 enum ecmdDllProduct\_t

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return what product the dll supports.

#### Enumeration values:

ECMD\_DLL\_PRODUCT\_UNKNOWN Unknown product.

ECMD\_DLL\_PRODUCT\_ECLIPZ Eclipz.

#### 5.5.3.3 enum ecmdDllEnv\_t

This is used by ecmdQueryDllInfo to return what environment the dll is designed to run in (i.e Simulation vs Hardware).

#### **Enumeration values:**

ECMD\_DLL\_ENV\_HW Hardware Environment.

ECMD\_DLL\_ENV\_SIM Simulation Environment.

## 5.5.3.4 enum ecmdChipTargetState\_t

Used by **ecmdChipTarget** (p. 17) to describe the value in the state fields - The ECMD\_-TARGET\_FIELD\_\* states are used for functions to return applicable values - The ECMD\_-TARGET\_QUERY\_\* states are used by the ecmdQueryConfig and ecmdQuerySelected functions to refine the query.

#### Enumeration values:

ECMD\_TARGET\_UNKNOWN\_STATE State field has not been initialized.

ECMD\_TARGET\_FIELD\_VALID Associated State Field is valid for this function.

ECMD\_TARGET\_FIELD\_UNUSED Associated State Field is unused for this function.

ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_FIELD\_VALID Associated State Field is valid for the query.

**ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_WILDCARD** Associated State Field should be itterated on and all valid results returned.

**ECMD\_TARGET\_QUERY\_IGNORE** Query should be limited to data above this field, ignoring data.

**ECMD\_TARGET\_THREAD\_ALIVE** Used when calling thread dependent functions tell the function to check for the thread to be alive before running.

## 5.5.3.5 enum ecmdChipInterfaceType\_t

Used in **ecmdChipData** (p. 15) to describe the interface macro used by the chip.

## Enumeration values:

ECMD\_INTERFACE\_ACCESS Standard Jtag Access Macro.

ECMD\_INTERFACE\_CFAM CommonFirmwareAccessMacro - Fsi interface.

ECMD\_INTERFACE\_UNKNOWN Unknown Interface.

## 5.5.3.6 enum ecmdQueryDetail\_t

Used by ecmdQueryConfig to specify detail level of query.

## Enumeration values:

ECMD\_QUERY\_DETAIL\_LOW Only config info is returned.

ECMD\_QUERY\_DETAIL\_HIGH All info is returned.

## 5.5.3.7 enum ecmdClockState\_t

Used by Ring/Array/Spy Query functions to return a required clock state.

#### Enumeration values:

ECMD\_CLOCKSTATE\_UNKNOWN Unable to determine a required clock state.

ECMD\_CLOCKSTATE\_ON Chip clocks must be on to access.

ECMD\_CLOCKSTATE\_OFF Chip clocks must be off to access.

ECMD\_CLOCKSTATE\_NA Chip clocks can be in any state to access.

#### 5.5.3.8 enum ecmdSpyType\_t

Used for the ecmdQuerySpy function to specify which type of spy we have

#### See also:

ecmdSpyData (p. 61).

## Enumeration values:

ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_ALIAS Spy is an alias.

**ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_IDIAL** Spy is an iDial.

ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_EDIAL Spy is an eDial.

ECMD\_SPYTYPE\_ECCGROUP Spy is an eccGrouping.

## 5.5.3.9 enum ecmdFileType\_t

Used for the ecmdQueryFileLocation function to specify the file type you are looking for.

## Enumeration values:

ECMD\_FILE\_SCANDEF Scandef file type.

ECMD\_FILE\_SPYDEF Spy Definition file.

ECMD\_FILE\_ARRAYDEF Array Definition file.

**ECMD\_FILE\_HELPTEXT** eCMD Help Text file - target field of ecmdQueryFileLocation is not used for this and just a path is returned

**ECMD\_FILE\_SCOMDATA** eCMD ScanComm Parse data files, used by getscom - target field of ecmdQueryFileLocation is not used for this and just a path is returned

## 5.5.3.10 enum ecmdConfigLoopType\_t

Used by ecmdConfigLooperInit function to specify what type of data to loop on.

#### Enumeration values:

**ECMD\_SELECTED\_TARGETS\_LOOP** Loop on only targets in the system the user specified with -p# -c# -n#, etc.

ECMD\_ALL\_TARGETS\_LOOP Loop on all valid targets in the system.

## 5.5.3.11 enum ecmdGlobalVarType\_t

Used by ecmdGetGlobalVar to specify what variable you are looking for.

#### Enumeration values:

ECMD\_GLOBALVAR\_DEBUG Retrieve the value of the ecmd debug flag set by ECMD\_DEBUG env var.

**ECMD\_GLOBALVAR\_QUIETMODE** Retrieve the value of the quiet mode debug flag = set by -quiet default = 0.

## 5.5.3.12 enum ecmdTraceType\_t

Used by ecmdSetTraceMode to specify which trace to control.

#### Enumeration values:

ECMD\_TRACE\_SCAN Scan Trace.

ECMD\_TRACE\_PROCEDURE Procedure Trace.

## 5.5.3.13 enum ecmdLatchMode\_t

Used by get/putLatch functions to specify what mode should be used to find latches in the scandef.

## Enumeration values:

ECMD\_LATCHMODE\_FULL Latch must match exactly.

ECMD\_LATCHMODE\_PARTIAL Latch can be a partial match.

## 5.5.4 Function Documentation

## 5.5.4.1 bool operator< (const ecmdCageData & lhs, const ecmdCageData & rhs)

Used to sort Cage entries in an ecmdCageData (p. 14) list.

#### 5.5.4.2 bool operator< (const ecmdNodeData & lhs, const ecmdNodeData & rhs)

Used to sort Node entries in an ecmdNodeData (p. 55) list.

5.5.4.3 bool operator < (const ecmdSlotData & lhs, const ecmdSlotData & rhs)

Used to sort Slot entries in an ecmdSlotData (p. 60) list.

5.5.4.4 bool operator< (const ecmdChipData & lhs, const ecmdChipData & rhs)

Used to sort Chip entries (based on Pos) in an ecmdChipData (p. 15) list.

5.5.4.5 bool operator< (const ecmdCoreData & lhs, const ecmdCoreData & rhs)

Used to sort Core entries in an ecmdCoreData (p. 20) list.

5.5.4.6 bool operator< (const ecmdThreadData & lhs, const ecmdThreadData & rhs)

Used to sort Thread entries in an ecmdThreadData (p. 63) list.

5.5.4.7 std::string ecmdGetSharedLibVersion ()

Returns the version of the shared lib so it can be compared with the other versions.

## 5.6 ecmdUtils.H File Reference

Useful functions for use throughout the ecmd C API.

```
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <ecmdClientCapi.H>
```

## **Functions**

• uint32\_t ecmdConfigLooperInit (ecmdChipTarget &io\_target, ecmdConfigLoop-Type\_t i\_looptype, ecmdLooperData &io\_state)

Initializes data structures and code to loop over configured and selected elements of the system.

uint32\_t ecmdConfigLooperNext (ecmdChipTarget &io\_target, ecmdLooperData &io\_state)

Loops over configured and selected elements of the system, updating target to point to them.

• uint32\_t ecmdReadDataFormatted (ecmdDataBuffer &o\_data, const char \*i\_dataStr, std::string &i\_format, int i\_expectedLength=0)

Reads data from data string into data buffer based on a format type.

• std::string ecmdWriteDataFormatted (ecmdDataBuffer &i\_data, std::string &i\_format, int address=0)

Formats data from data buffer into a string according to format flag and returns the string.

• std::string ecmdBitsHeader (int i\_initCharOffset, int i\_blockSize, int i\_numCols, int i\_max-BitWidth)

Print the bits header used in the output formats.

• std::string ecmdWriteTarget (ecmdChipTarget &i\_target)

Returns a formatted string containing the data in the given ecmdChipTarget (p. 17).

- $\bullet \ \ \text{uint32\_t} \ \ \mathbf{ecmdGetChipData} \ \ (\mathbf{ecmdChipTarget} \ \& \text{i\_target}, \ \mathbf{ecmdChipData} \ \& \text{o\_data})$ 
  - Fetch the detailed chip data structure for the selected target.
- uint32\_t ecmdDisplayDllInfo ()

Function calls ecmdQueryDllInfo and displays the output to stdout.

## 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Useful functions for use throughout the ecmd C API.

## 5.6.2 Function Documentation

## 5.6.2.1 uint32\_t ecmdConfigLooperInit (ecmdChipTarget & io\_target, ecmdConfigLoopType\_t i\_looptype, ecmdLooperData & io\_state)

Initializes data structures and code to loop over configured and selected elements of the system.

#### Parameters:

io\_target Initial ecmdChipTarget (p. 17) that may contain information used in building the struct to loop over

*i\_looptype* Specify type of all, all chips in system or all chips selected by user

io\_state Used internally by ConfigLooper to keep track of state, unique instance must be passed into each loop and must be passed to ecmdConfigLooperNext

#### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if initialization succeeded, error code if otherwise

#### See also:

ecmdConfigLooperNext (p. 131)

## 5.6.2.2 uint32\_t ecmdConfigLooperNext (ecmdChipTarget & io\_target, ecmdLooperData & io\_state)

Loops over configured and selected elements of the system, updating target to point to them.

#### Parameters:

io\_target ecmdChipTarget (p. 17) that contains info about next target to process
io\_state Used internally to keep track of state, must be passed from output of ecmdConfig-LooperInit

#### Return values:

1 if io\_target is valid, 0 if it is not

#### See also:

ecmdConfigLooperInit (p. 131)

# 5.6.2.3 uint32\_t ecmdReadDataFormatted (ecmdDataBuffer & $o\_data$ , const char \* $i\_dataStr$ , std::string & $i\_format$ , int $i\_expectedLength = 0$ )

Reads data from data string into data buffer based on a format type.

## Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if data is well-formatted, non-zero otherwise

## Parameters:

o\_data ecmdDataBuffer (p. 21) where data from data string is placed.

i\_dataStr string of characters containing data

*i\_format* Flag that tells how to parse the data string, e.g., "b" = binary, "x" = hex left

i\_expectedLength If length of data is known before hand, should be passed is necessary for right aligned data that is not byte aligned lengths

# 5.6.2.4 std::string ecmdWriteDataFormatted (ecmdDataBuffer & $i\_data$ , std::string & $i\_format$ , int address = 0)

Formats data from data buffer into a string according to format flag and returns the string.

#### Returns:

String of formatted data

#### Parameters:

i\_data ecmdDataBuffer (p. 21) where data to format is stored

*i\_format* Flag that tells how to parse the data into a string, e.g., "b" = binary, "x" = hex left

address A base address value that can be used in formating certain data- i.e., data from memory

## 5.6.2.5 std::string ecmdBitsHeader (int *i\_initCharOffset*, int *i\_blockSize*, int *i\_numCols*, int *i\_maxBitWidth*)

Print the bits header used in the output formats.

#### Parameters:

*i\_initCharOffset* char offset on screen to start printing

*i\_blockSize* Binary block size (ie. column char size)

i\_numCols Number of columns to display

i\_maxBit Width Maximum number of bits to display - this is actual data valid so we don't display more columns then we need

#### Returns:

String of formatted data

## 5.6.2.6 std::string ecmdWriteTarget (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target)

Returns a formatted string containing the data in the given **ecmdChipTarget** (p. 17).

## Returns:

String with formatted target data

#### Parameters:

i\_target ecmdChipTarget (p. 17) containing data to format into string

# 5.6.2.7 uint32\_t ecmdGetChipData (ecmdChipTarget & i\_target, ecmdChipData & o\_data)

Fetch the detailed chip data structure for the selected target.

#### Return values:

ECMD\_SUCCESS if chip data for target is found, non-zero otherwise

## Parameters:

i\_target ecmdChipTarget (p. 17) that information is requested for

o\_data ecmdChipData (p. 15) struct that contains detailed info on chip ec level, etc.

## 5.6.2.8 uint32\_t ecmdDisplayDllInfo ()

Function calls ecmdQueryDllInfo and displays the output to stdout.

## Return values:

 ${\it ECMD\_SUCCESS}$  if successful

nonzero on failure

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