Version .3

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1 Introduction

This document has been created using OpenOffice, a copy of the OpenOffice Suite can be obtained from: http://mcweb.boeblingen.de.ibm.com/OpenOffice/

This document describes the eCMD command line set. These commands are all written in C code against the eCMD C-Api and as such can run against any implementation of the eCMD C-Api. Currently this means scripts written to use the eCMD command line will be able to run against GFW for I/P/Z Series or Cronus without any modification.

2 Usage Instructions

2.1 Environment Setup

To run the eCMD command line interface requires a few environment variables be setup prior to executing any commands. The exact method to setup these variables may be different depending on which implementation of the C-Api you plan on running but will be documented here in the future.

2.2 Error Handling

All errors encountered running an eCMD command will display a message to the screen and will return a non-zero return code to the calling shell.

2.3 Required Input Files

eCMD queries all required files (ie scandefs/help text) from the dll that it is using. In the case of IP Series when running on the FSP commands requiring external input files may not run unless a NFS mount is setup to source these files.

2.4 Optional Arguments

All eCMD optional arguments start with a '-' character, these arguments can be specified in any order on the command line.

3 eCMD Common Commands

These are the core command line functions available through the eCMD interface and the syntax of the command. The help text is commented with the text 'Core Common Function' for all commands that are part of the core eCMD subset. Other Series or Cronus specific commands will be specified uniquely as well.

3.1 Common Command Arguments

These are common arguments that are supported on most of the eCMD commands.

3.1.1 Targeting Options

Most eCMD functions use the following commands to specify which chip/node/cage you are trying to target in the system. How these options map to physical hardware will be defined by the eCMD team and documented in a separate document for each product.

The valid targeting options:

- -k# (cage)
- -n# (node)
- -s# (slot)
- -p# (position)
- -c# (core)
- -t# (thread)

These options accept the following number strings:

- -p0 Single digit
- -p1,5,10 Comma separated list
- -p2..7 Range of positions
- -p1,2..5,9 Mixture of single and ranges
- -pall Target all possible configured positions

The -t (thread) argument takes a special option -talive to specify all alive threads.

3.1.2 Data Output Formatting (-o<format>)

The -o argument is used by eCMD to decide how the data should be displayed to the user. The -o argument takes a format string, the available formats are displayed below:

Left-aligned Hex: -ox

Left-aligned Hex Words: -oxw

```
FORMAT: XW
gr k0:n0:s0:p00:c0 00000000 00000000
gr k0:n0:s0:p01:c0 00000000 00000000
gr k0:n0:s0:p02:c0 00000000 00000000
```

Left-aligned Hex Word Columns: -oxw2

```
FORMAT: XW2
gr k0:n0:s0:p00:c0
0: 00000000 000000000
2: 00000000
gr k0:n0:s0:p01:c0
0: 00000000 00000000
2: 00000000
```

Right-aligned Hex: -oxr

Right-aligned Hex Words: -oxrw

```
FORMAT: XRW

gr k0:n0:s0:p00:c0 00000000 00000000

gr k0:n0:s0:p01:c0 00000000 00000000

gr k0:n0:s0:p02:c0 00000000 00000000
```

Right-aligned Hex Word Columns: -oxrw2

```
FORMAT: XRW2
gr k0:n0:s0:p00:c0
0: 00000000 00000000
2: 00000000
gr k0:n0:s0:p01:c0
0: 00000000 00000000
2: 00000000
```

Binary: -ob

FORMAT	': B		
gr	k0:n0:s0:p00:c0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
gr	k0:n0:s0:p01:c0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
gr	k0:n0:s0:p02:c0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	

Binary Nibbles: -obn

Binary Nibble Columns: -obn8

Binary Words: -obw

Binary Word Columns: -obw1

Simulation Outputs: X-States are simulation states that aren't valid on real, choosing one of the following X-State in a hardware environment will just be equivalent to the binary output.

X-State Binary: -obX

X-State Binary Nibbles: -obXn

FC	RMAT: BXN												
gr	k0:n0:s0:p00:c0	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
gr	k0:n0:s0:p01:c0	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
gr	k0:n0:s0:p02:c0	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000

X-State Binary Nibble Columns: -obXn8

X-State Binary Words: -obXw

X-State Binary Word Columns: -obXw1

Memory Output: -omem

```
FORMAT: MEM
gr k0:n0:s0:p00
0000000000000100: FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF
00000000000110: FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF
```

Memory Output – Ascii Decode : -omema

```
FORMAT: MEMA
gr k0:n0:s0:p00
00000000000000000: FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF [THISisTHEasciiTE]
00000000000000110: FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF FEEDBEEF [XT......]
```

Memory Output – Ebcedic Decode : -omeme

Memory Output - Dcard Format : -odcard

```
FORMAT: DCARD
gr k0:n0:s0:p00
D 000000000000100 FEEDBEEFFEEDBEEF 0
D 00000000000108 FEEDBEEFFEEDBEEF 1
D 00000000000110 FEEDBEEFFEEDBEEF 0
D 0000000000118 FEEDBEEFFEEDBEEF 1
```

Spy Enum Output – Only valid with getspy command: -oenum

```
FORMAT: ENUM
gr k0:n0:s0:p00:c0 OFF
gr k0:n0:s0:p00:c1 ON
```

3.1.3 Data Input Formatting (-i<format>)

The -i argument is used by eCMD to determine how to read the data provided by the user.

Left-aligned Hex:-iX

Right-aligned Hex: -iXR

Binary: -iB

Spy Enum – Only valid with putspy command: -ienum

3.1.4 Data Input Bit Modifiers (-b<modifier>)

The -b argument allows the user to specify a bit operation to perform on the data, this forces eCMD to do a read-modify-write on the data to perform the operation.

Or:-bor

Read data from hardware, or in data specified, write data back to hardware.

And:-band

Read data from hardware, and with data specified, write data back to hardware.

3.2 Command Help (-h)

All commands accept the '-h' argument, when specified eCMD will echo back the help text for the command. This text is the same as shown below in this document.

3.3 Quiet Mode (-quiet)

This tells eCMD to run in quiet mode affecting the following things:

- Full command will not be echoed upon completion
- Target will not be echoed on write operations (ie putspy).

3.4 Trace Options (-trace)

All commands accept the -trace argument which allows the user to turn on different traces. The format of the trace is common between all major eCMD plugins but the mechanism for displaying the trace may be different. For example Cronus displays traces to stdout in the shell you are running, where as IP GFW writes traces to logs on the FSP.

The trace option syntax is : -trace=<mode1>[,<mode2>]

Example: -trace=scan,prcd

Trace Options:

-trace=scan

Scan tracing: Displays all ring/scom/spy accesses to the hardware

-trace=prcd

Procedure tracing: Displays the procedure trace as defined by the "HW control procedure" specification.

3.5 Chip Display/Alter Commands

3.5.1 checkrings

Syntax:

```
Syntax: checkrings <ChipSelect> <RingSelect> [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
                       Core Common Function
                     checks for stuck bits and verifies scanring length by scanning
       Function:
                       ones and zeros to scan chain.
       Parameters:
       ChipSelect
                      Specifies the chip to operate on.
       RingSelect
                     Specifies chip ring to operate on. Use "all" for all rings.
                       For a list of available rings, use the query command.
                       Ex: ecmdquery rings memctrl
                            ecmdquery rings pu
       -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                       to act on all cages.
       -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                       to act on all nodes.
       -s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                       to act on all slots.
       -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -pall to act on all chips.
       -c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -call to act on all cores.
       Example:
                     checkrings pu all -p0,1 -c0
                       checkrings memctrl int -pall
```

Examples:

```
> checkrings test all
Performing 1's test on testring ...
Performing 0's test on testring ...
Performing 1's test on sgxbs ...
Performing 0's test on sgxbs ...
ecmd.exe checkrings test all
```

3.5.2 getarray

```
Syntax: getarray <ChipSelect> <ArrayName> <ArrayIndex> [NumEntries] [-o<format>]
                               [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
       ECMD:
                     Core Common Function
       Function:
                    Read the specified chip array.
       Parameters:
                ______
                     Chip to read array data from.
       ChipSelect
       ArrayName
                     Name of array to read from.
                     Array Index in right aligned hex.
       ArrayIndex
       NumEntries[opt] Number of consecutive entries to display
                      Address is incremented by 1
       -o<format>[opt] Output Format : default 'xl'
                      Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                      to act on all cages.
            [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
       -n#
                      to act on all nodes.
       -s#
           [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                      to act on all slots.
       -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                      -pall to act on all chips.
       -c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                      -call to act on all cores.
                    > getarray pu xgpr0 deadbeef80000000 -p0,1 -c1
```

3.5.3 getbits

```
rings, use the ecmdquery command.
                Ex: ecmdquery rings memctrl
                    ecmdquery rings pu
StartPos
               Specifies starting bit position in Decimal.
NumBits
                Specifies number of bits to get from starting position (Decimal)
                Specify the keyword 'end' to fetch from startPos to end of ring.
-exp [optional] Provide expected data. Returns error if expected != actual. No
                error/no data returned if expected == actual.
                Format specified by -i<format>
-o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'b'
               Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of expect data : default 'b'
                Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
    [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                to act on all cages.
-n#
    [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                to act on all nodes.
    [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
-s#
               to act on all slots.
   [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
-p#
                -pall to act on all chips.
    [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                -call to act on all cores.
Examples:
               getbits pu stat 0 15
               getbits pu cp_fxu 0 32 -oxw -exp feedbeef
               getbits memctrl idreg 16 all
```

```
> getbits test idreg 0 32
test k0:n0:s0:p00 idreg(0:31)
0b1111111011101101111110111111
ecmd.exe getbits test idreg 0 32

> getbits test idreg 0 16 -ox
test k0:n0:s0:p00 idreg(0:15)
0xFEED
ecmd.exe getbits test idreg 0 16 -ox
```

3.5.4 getcfam

```
Syntax: getcfam <ChipSelect> <CFAMAddr> [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#]
                               [-o<format>] [-i<format>] [-exp <data> [-mask <data>]]
       ECMD:
                      Core Common Function
       Function:
                      Gets CFAM Registers through FSI
       Parameters:
        ______
       ChipSelect
                     Chip to get CFAM data from.
       CFAMAddr
                      Address in hex.
       -exp [optional] Provide expected data. Returns error if expected != actual. No
                      error/no data returned if expected == actual.
                [opt] Register data is AND'ed with the mask bits.
       -mask
                      Only for use with -exp.
       -o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'xl'
                      Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of expect and mask data : default 'xl'
                      Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
           [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                      to act on all cages.
           [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                      to act on all nodes.
           [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                      to act on all slots.
       -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                      -pall to act on all chips.
                      > getcfam pu 6 -p0,1
                      > getcfam memctrl 800009 -exp feed0000 -mask ffff0000
```

3.5.5 getlatch

Syntax:

substring LatchName for a match. Each register containing the

pattern-matched substring will be printed to the screen.

With the -exact option, eCMD searches for an exact match, and will return only the first latch that exactly matches (excluding any parentheses).

The -nocompress flag turns off concatenation of all latches of a register in the scandef and displays on seperate lines as they appear in the scandef.

Parameters:

ChipSelect Chip to get data from.

RingName Specifies chip ring to operate on. For a list of available rings, use the ecmdquery command.

Ex: ecmdquery rings memctrl ecmdquery rings pu

LatchName Desired latch to find in the ring. (case insensitive)

Start [opt] Starting bit position within the latch. Specify with Numbits. NOTE: Not allowed when using -nocompress

Numbits [opt] Number of bits to get. Specify along with Start. If out of range, and -exact not selected, prints a warning message instead of the data. If -exact is selected, immediately return an error.

NOTE: Not allowed when using -nocompress

-exact [opt] No pattern matching. Instead, search for exact latch name.

-o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of both the output and the expect-value

Defaults to 'b' for < 8 bits and 'xl' for >= 8 bits.

Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of expect data Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

-k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall to act on all cages.

-n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall to act on all nodes.

-s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots.

-p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -pall to act on all chips.

-c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify -call to act on all cores.

Examples: getlatch pu cp_abist LATCHO getlatch pu cp_fpu GCP.PFPU.FP_UNITO.FP_REG -ox -exact

```
-nocompress -expect feed -ix
```

```
> getlatch test sgxbs ACCESS
test k0:n0:s0:p00
ACCESS.SNPBUF 0b0
ecmd.exe getlatch test sgxbs ACCESS
```

3.5.6 getringdump

Syntax:

```
Syntax: getringdump <ChipSelect> <RingName1> [<RingName2> ...]
                                            [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
        ECMD:
                       Core Common Function
        Function:
                       Gets values for all latchs in the entire scan ring.
        Parameters:
                       Chip to get data from.
        ChipSelect
                       Specifies one or multiple chip rings to operate on. For a list
        RingName
                       of available rings, use the ecmdquery command.
                       Ex: ecmdquery rings memctrl
                            ecmdquery rings pu
           [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
        -k#
                       to act on all cages.
            [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
        -n#
                       to act on all nodes.
        -s#
           [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                       to act on all slots.
            [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -pall to act on all chips.
        -c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                        -call to act on all cores.
        Notes:
                       Output is binary for latches <= 8 bits in length and xl for > 8.
        Examples:
                       getringdump memctrl int
                       getringdump pu gps_fuse
                       getringdump pu gps_fuse gps_abist cp_ras
```

Examples:

```
> getringdump test sgxbs
test k0:n0:s0:p00
* ECMD Dump scan ring contents, Tue Nov 25 12:58:44 2003
* Position 0:0, test sgxbs Ring
* Chip EC 9999
* Ring length: 573 bits
USE_ENT_IOS.ERR_SET_GX_BOUNDARY.RECEIVER_LATCH.L2 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.ERR_SET_GX_BOUNDARY.DRIVER_LATCH.L2 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.ERR_SET_GX_BOUNDARY.ENABLE_LATCH.L2 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.SYSTEM_ERR_BOUNDARY.RECEIVER_LATCH.L2 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.SYSTEM_ERR_BOUNDARY.DRIVER_LATCH.L2 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.SYSTEM_ERR_BOUNDARY.ENABLE_LATCH.L2 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.DBUGX_OUT_123_BOUNDARY.MXM.BDYRML.L2Q 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.DBUGX_OUT_123_BOUNDARY.MXM.BDYDML.L2Q 0b0
USE_ENT_IOS.DBUGX_OUT_123_BOUNDARY.MXM.BDYEML.L2Q 0b0
ACCESS.SNPBUF 0b0
ecmd.exe getringdump test sgxbs
```

3.5.7 getscom

```
Syntax: getscom <ChipSelect> <ScanCommAddr> [-v] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
                                [-o<format>] [-i<format>] [-exp <data> [-mask <data>]]
                       Core Common Function
       ECMD:
       Function:
                       Gets Scan Communications registers.
       Parameters:
       ChipSelect
                     Chip to get scancomm data from.
       ScanCommAddr
                       Address in hex.
       -exp [optional] Provide expected data. Returns error if expected != actual. No
                       error/no data returned if expected == actual.
                 [opt] Scom data is AND'ed with the mask bits. Only for use with -exp.
        -mask
       -o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'xl'
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of expect and mask data : default 'xl'
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
            [optional] Print out Scan Comm bit meaning if available
            [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
       -k#
                       to act on all cages.
       -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                       to act on all nodes.
       -s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
```

3.5.8 getspy

```
Syntax: getspy <ChipSelect> <SpyName> [<Start> <Numbits>] [-exp <value>]
                         [-o<format>] [-i<format>] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
       ECMD:
                       Core Common Function
       Function:
                       Display specified spy, works for edials, idials and aliases.
                       If a spy ecc error is detected all the ecc groupings will be
                       displayed along with a mask showing which bits are in error.
       Parameters:
       ChipSelect
                      Chip to get data from.
                       Desired spy name. (case insensitive)
       SpyName
                 [opt] Starting bit position within the spy. Specify with Numbits.
       Start
                       Only valid with non-enumerated spy's
       Numbits [opt] Number of bits to get. Specify along with Start.
                       Only valid with non-enumerated spy's
       -exp [optional] Provides an expected value as the last argument. Returns error
                       only if miscompare.
                       Format specified by -i<format>
```

```
-o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output
               Default format for non-enumerated spys : 'xl'
               Default format for enumerated spys : 'enum'
               Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of expect data
               Default format for non-enumerated spys : 'xl'
               Default format for enumerated spys : 'enum'
               Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
    [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
               to act on all cages.
    [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
-n#
                to act on all nodes.
    [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                to act on all slots.
    [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                -pall to act on all chips.
   [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
               -call to act on all cores.
Examples:
               getspy pu MYALIAS
               getspy pu REVERSE 16 64 -ox -exp aaaa5555
```

Examples:

3.5.9 pollscom

```
Syntax: pollscom <ChipSelect> <ScanCommAddr> [-exp <data> [-mask <data>]] [-o<format>]
                           [-i < format>] [-limit #[s|c]] [-interval #[s|c]] [-verbose]
                           [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
       ECMD:
                     Core Common Function
                     Repeatedly gets Scan Communications registers until expected data
       Function:
                     matches actual data or until polling limit is reached.
       Parameters:
                ______
       ChipSelect
                     Chip to get scancom data from.
       ScanCommAddr
                     Address in hex.
                [opt] Provide expected data. Returns error if expected != actual. No
       -exp
                      error/no data returned if expected == actual.
                [opt] Scom data is AND'ed with the mask bits before checking against
       -mask
                     expected value.
```

```
-o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'xl'
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
        -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of expect and mask data : default 'xl'
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
        -limit # [opt] Max polling number in iterations, seconds, or cycles. To specify
                       in seconds, append an 's' to #. To specify number of cycles for simulation, append a 'c' to #. If limit is not specified,
                       defaults to 1000 iterations. If limit = 0, polls indefinitely.
                       If limit = 0 and -interval is not specified, the interval defaults
                       to 5 seconds.
        -interval # [opt] Time between getscoms. To specify in seconds, append an 's'
                       to #. To specify number of cycles for simulation, append a
                        'c' to # (number of cycles must be > 1000). If -limit is not
                       specified with -interval, the limit defaults to \sim\!240 seconds
                       or 1 million cycles, depending on how -interval is specified.
                       If neither -limit or -interval are specified, limit defaults to
                       60 seconds and interval defaults to 5 seconds.
        -verbose [opt] Prints warning message after each getscom if actual != expected.
        -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                       to act on all cages.
        -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                       to act on all nodes.
        -s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                       to act on all slots.
        -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -pall to act on all chips.
        -c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -call to act on all cores.
        ______
                       pollscom pu 800009 -exp feed0000000001 -limit 30s -interval 10s
       Examples:
-verbose -p1
                       pollscom pu 800009 -exp feed0000000001 -mask ffff00000000ffff
-limit 10
                       pollscom memctrl 400020 -limit 100000c -interval 5000c
```

```
> pollscom test 800000 -exp FEED0000 -limit 5

test k0:n0:s0:p00:c0:t0 Polling address 800000...

ERROR: (ECMD): Data miscompare occured at address: 00800000

test k0:n0:s0:p00:c0:t0 Polling address 800000...

Actual : FEEDBEEF AAAAAAAA 00000000

Expected : FEED0000

ecmd.exe pollscom test 800000 -exp FEED0000 -limit 5
```

3.5.10 putarray

Syntax:

```
Syntax: putarray <ChipSelect> <ArrayName> <ArrayIndex> <ArrayData> [-i<format>]
                            [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
      ECMD:
                    Core Common Function
      Function:
                   Write the specified data to the specified chip array.
      Parameters:
        ______
      ChipSelect
                   Chip to put array data to.
      ArrayName
                   Name of array to write to.
                   Array Index in right aligned hex.
      ArrayIndex
      ArrayData
                    Data to write to array: default "x"
                    Format specified by -i<format>
      -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
                    Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
      -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                    to act on all cages.
      -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                    to act on all nodes.
      -s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                    to act on all slots.
      -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                    -pall to act on all chips.
      -c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                    -call to act on all cores.
       ______
      Examples:
                  > putarray pu xgpr0 deadbeef80000000 -p0,1 -c1
```

Examples:

3.5.11 putbits

Function:

Syntax:

Put bits to the specified chip ring.

Paramaters:	
ChipSelect	Specifies the chip to operate on.
RingName	Specifies chip ring to operate on. For a list of available rings, use the ecmdquery command.
	Ex: ecmdquery rings memctrl ecmdquery rings pu
StartPos	Specifies starting bit position in Decimal.
Data	Bits to insert into chip ring. Format specified by -i <format></format>
-i <format>[opt]</format>	Specifies the format type of input data : default 'b' Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
-b <mod>[opt]</mod>	Bit modifier to apply to current ring data. Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available modifiers
-k# [optional]	Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall to act on all cages.
-n# [optional]	Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall to act on all nodes.
-s# [optional]	Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots.
-p# [optional]	Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -pall to act on all chips.
-c# [optional]	Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify -call to act on all cores.
Example:	putbits pu int 567 ABAB -ix -p0,1 -c1 putbits pu int 23 011X001X -p0 -iX

3.5.12 putcfam

Syntax:	putcfam <chipse< th=""><th><pre>lect> <cfamaddr> [<start> <numbits>] <data> [-i<format>]</format></data></numbits></start></cfamaddr></pre></th></chipse<>	<pre>lect> <cfamaddr> [<start> <numbits>] <data> [-i<format>]</format></data></numbits></start></cfamaddr></pre>
	ECMD:	Core Common Function
	Function:	Write the specified data to the specified chip CFAM register
	Parameters:	
	ChipSelect	Chip to put CFAM data to

CFAMAddr		Address in right aligned hex.
Start	[opt]	Starting bit position within the register. Specify with numbits.
Numbits	[opt]	Number of bits to insert. Specify with Start. If Start and Numbits are not specified, start = 0 and numbits is calculated from length of data string, rest of cfam register is padded with zeros.
Data		Data to insert into Register. Format specified by -i <format></format>
-i <format< td=""><td>:>[opt]</td><td>Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl' Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats</td></format<>	:>[opt]	Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl' Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
-b <mod>[o</mod>	pt]	Bit modifier to apply to current ring data. Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available modifiers
-k# [opt	ional]	Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall to act on all cages.
-n# [opt	ional]	Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall to act on all nodes.
-s# [opt	ional]	Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots.
-p# [opt	ional]	Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -pall to act on all chips.
Examples:		> putcfam pu 600000 deadbeef -p0,1 > putcfam memctrl 2010 0010010110110 -ib > putcfam 13 40320 00008000 -bor -p12

3.5.13 putlatch

Syntax:

Function: Puts a value for a specified register into a ring. The first register in the scandef file that exactly matches the RegName (not including parenthesis) will be used. If the register is broken into multiple lines, the register lengths are

concatenated to form one complete register.

Parmeters:

ChipSelect Chip to put data to.

RingName Specifies chip ring to operate on. For a list of available

rings, use the ecmdquery command.

Ex: ecmdquery rings memctrl ecmdquery rings pu

LatchName	Desired latchs to put in the ring.
Start [opt]	Offset at which to begin writing data. Also specify Numbits.
Numbits [opt]	Number of bits to insert. If not specified, start = 0 and numbits is calculated from the length of the Data string.
Data	Data to be written to the register specified. Format specified by -i <format></format>
-i <format>[opt]</format>	Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl' Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
-k# [optional]	Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall to act on all cages.
-n# [optional]	Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall to act on all nodes.
-s# [optional]	Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots.
-p# [optional]	Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -pall to act on all chips.
-c# [optional]	Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify -call to act on all cores.
Example:	putlatch pu cp_fpu GCP.PFPU.FP_UNITO.FPA_LATCH -ix feed

3.5.14 putpattern

```
Syntax: putpattern <ChipSelect> <RingType> <Data> [-i<format>]
                                          [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
       ECMD:
                     Core Common Function
       Function:
                     Puts a repeated pattern to the entire specified chip ring.
       Parameters:
       ChipSelect
                       Specifies the chip to operate on.
       RingName
                       Specifies chip ring to operate on. For a list of available
                       rings, use the ecmdquery command.
                       Ex: ecmdquery rings memctrl
                            ecmdquery rings pu
                       32bit pattern to write.
       Data
                       Format specified by -i<format>
```

```
-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data: default 'xr'
Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

-k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
to act on all cages.

-n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
to act on all nodes.

-s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
to act on all slots.

-p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
-pall to act on all chips.

-c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
-call to act on all cores.

Example: putpattern pu int FEEDBEEF -p0,1
```

3.5.15 putscom

```
Syntax: putscom <ChipSelect> <ScanCommAddr> [<Start> <Numbits>] <Data> [-i<format>]
                            [-b<modifier>] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
        ECMD:
                       Core Common Function
        Function:
                       Write the specified data to the specified chip using scancom.
        Parameters:
        ChipSelect
                      Chip to put scancom data to.
        ScanCommAddr
                       Address in right aligned hex.
        Start
                 [opt] Starting bit position within the scom. Specify with numbits.
        Numbits
                 [opt] Number of bits to insert. Specify with Start. If Start and Numbits
                        are not specified, start = 0 and numbits is calculated from
                        length of data string, rest of Scom register is padded with zeros.
        Data
                       Data to insert into Scom Register.
                       Format specified by -i<format>
        -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
                       Bit modifier to apply to current ring data.
        -b<mod>[opt]
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available modifiers
        -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
```

3.5.16 putspy

```
Syntax: putspy <ChipSelect> <SpyName> [<Start> <Numbits>] <Data> [-i<format>]
                               [-b<modifier>] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#]
       ECMD:
                     Core Common Function
       Function:
                      Write data to a spy. Works with idial, edial and alias spy's.
       Parameters:
                ______
       ChipSelect
                     Chip to write data to.
       SpyName
                      Desired spy name, (case insensitive)
                [opt] Starting bit position within the spy. Specify with numbits.
       Start.
                      Only valid with non-enumerated spy's
       Numbits [opt] Number of bits to insert. Specify with Start. If Start and Numbits
                      are not specified, start = 0 and numbits is calculated from
                      length of data string.
                      Only valid with non-enumerated spy's
                      Data to put into spy, either raw data or enum name.
       Data
                      Format specified by -i<format>
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data
                      Default format for non-enumerated spys : 'xl'
                      Default format for enumerated spys : 'enum'
                      Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -b<mod>[opt]
                      Bit modifier to apply to current ring data.
                      Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available modifiers
```

[optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall to act on all cages. [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall -n# to act on all nodes. [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots. [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -p# -pall to act on all chips. -c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify -call to act on all cores. putspy pu MYALIAS -ixr feedbeeffeeedbeef Examples: putspy pu EVERYOTHER 16 4 -ib 1010 putspy pu MYEDIAL ENUMVALUE -ienum

Examples:

3.5.17 sendcmd

```
Syntax: sendcmd <ChipSelect> <ScanInstrCode> <ScanInstrMod> [-v] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#]
       ECMD:
                       Core Common Function
       Function:
                       Send a JTAG Instruction to the chip and display
                       instruction status from previous command
       Parameters:
       ChipSelect
                     Chip to send ScanInstrCode to.
       ScanInstrCode Scan instruction code to be sent (in hex).
       ScanInstrMod
                     Scan instruction modifier (for ACCESS/CFAM).
       -v [optional] Verbose mode. Displays the instruction
                       status in an easy-to-read format.
       -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                       to act on all cages.
       -s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                       to act on all slots.
       -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                       to act on all nodes.
       -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -pall to act on all chips.
```

Notes: Leading zeros ARE NECESSARY if the command is not a full 16 bits (e.g. ACCESS)
Only valid with JTAG attached chips

Example: sendcmd pu 12 C00008 -p0,1

Examples:

3.6 Processor Functions

3.6.1 getfpr

Syntax:

```
[-o<format>]
       ECMD:
                   Core Common Function
       Function:
                   Gets Processor Architected FPR (Floating Point Register).
      Parameters:
       ______
       FprNum
                   Fpr Entry to read (Decimal)
       numEntries
                   Specifies number of entries to get from starting entry (Decimal)
       -o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'xl'
                    Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                    to act on all cages.
       -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                    to act on all nodes.
       -s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                    to act on all slots.
          [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                    -pall to act on all chips.
       -c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                    -call to act on all cores.
       -t# [optional] Specify which processor thread to act on (0 is default). Specify
                    -tall to act on all threads, -talive to act on all alive threads.
      Examples:
                   > getfpr 6 -p0,1
                   > getfpr 0 32 -p10, -t1 -c1
```

3.6.2 getgpr

```
Syntax: getgpr <GprStartNum> [<numEntries>] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#] [-t#] [-o<format>]

ECMD: Core Common Function
```

```
Function:
              Gets Processor GPR (General Purpose Register).
Parameters:
             Gpr Entry to read (Decimal)
GprNum
             Specifies number of entries to get from starting entry (Decimal)
numEntries
-o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'xl'
              Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
-k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
              to act on all cages.
   [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
-n#
              to act on all nodes.
    [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
              to act on all slots.
   [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
              -pall to act on all chips.
   [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
              -call to act on all cores.
-t# [optional] Specify which processor thread to act on (0 is default). Specify
              -tall to act on all threads, -talive to act on all alive threads.
______
              > getgpr 6 -p0,1
Examples:
              > getgpr 0 32 -p10, -t1 -c1
```

3.6.3 getspr

```
-s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots.

-p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -pall to act on all chips.

-c# [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify -call to act on all cores.

-t# [optional] Specify which processor thread to act on (0 is default). Specify -tall to act on all threads, -talive to act on all alive threads.
```

Examples: > getspr pu nia msr -p0,1

3.6.4 putfpr

```
Syntax: putfpr <FprNum> <Data> [-i<format>] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#] [-t#]
       ECMD:
                       Core Common Function
       Function:
                      Write the specified data to a Processor FPR
                       (Floating Point Register)
       Parameters:
       FprNum
                       Fpr Entry to write (Decimal)
       Data
                       Data to insert into FPR.
                       Format specified by -i<format>
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                       to act on all cages.
           [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
       -n#
                       to act on all nodes.
            [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                       to act on all slots.
            [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
       -p#
                       -pall to act on all chips.
            [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -call to act on all cores.
       -t# [optional] Specify which processor thread to act on (0 is default). Specify
                       -tall to act on all threads, -talive to act on all alive threads.
                     > putfpr 10 deadbeef80000000 -p0,1 -c1
       Examples:
```

3.6.5 putgpr

Syntax:

```
Syntax: putgpr <GprNum> <Data> [-i<format>] [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#] [-c#] [-t#]
       ECMD:
                      Core Common Function
       Function:
                     Write the specified data to a Processor GPR
                      (General Purpose Register)
       Parameters:
       GprNum
                      Gpr Entry to write (Decimal)
       Data
                      Data to insert into GPR.
                      Format specified by -i<format>
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
                      Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
            [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                      to act on all cages.
            [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
       -n#
                      to act on all nodes.
            [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                      to act on all slots.
           [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                      -pall to act on all chips.
            [optional] Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify
                      -call to act on all cores.
       -t# [optional] Specify which processor thread to act on (0 is default). Specify
                      -tall to act on all threads, -talive to act on all alive threads.
       ______
       Examples:
                 > putgpr 10 deadbeef80000000 -p0,1 -c1
```

3.6.6 putspr

	Write the specified data to a Processor SPR (Special Purpose Register).
Parameters:	-
SprName :	Name of SPR to write
Start [opt]	Starting bit position. Specify with numbits.
	Number of bits to insert. Specify with Start. If Start and Numbits are not specified, start = 0 and numbits is calculated from length of data string, rest of register is padded with zeros.
	Data to insert into Register. Format specified by -i <format></format>
_	Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl' Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
	Bit modifier to apply to current ring data. Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available modifiers
_	Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall to act on all cages.
_	Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall to act on all nodes.
_	Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots.
	Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -pall to act on all chips.
_	Specify which processor core to act on (0 is default). Specify -call to act on all cores.
	Specify which processor thread to act on (0 is default). Specify -tall to act on all threads, -talive to act on all alive threads.

Examples: > putspr nia deadbeef80000000 -p0,1 -c1 -t1

3.7 Memory Display/Alter Functions

3.7.1 getmemdma

Syntax:

```
Syntax: getmemdma <MemAddress> <NumBytes> [-k#] [-n#] [-o<format>]
                    Core Common Function
      Function:
                   Display the contents of mainstore using either DMA's or PSI
       Parameters:
          ______
      MemAddress 64 Bit address to read from (Hex-Right)
                   Number of bytes to fetch (Decimal).
      NumBytes
       -o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'mem'
                    Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                    to act on all cages.
       -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                    to act on all nodes.
       Examples: > getmemdma 1000 128 -p0
```

3.7.2 getmemmemctrl

```
-n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall to act on all nodes.

-s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall to act on all slots.

-p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify -pall to act on all chips.

Examples: > getmemmement 1000 128 -p0
```

3.7.3 getmemproc

```
Syntax: putmemproc <MemAddress> <Data> | -f[d|b]<filename> [-i<format>]
                                                       [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#]
       ECMD:
                    Core Common Function
                    Write the specified data to mainstore using the Processor
       Function:
       Parameters:
          ______
       MemAddress
                    64 Bit address to write to (Hex-Right)
       -fd <filename> Specify full path and filename to file in D-Card format to load
       -fb <filename> Specify full path and filename to binary file to load
       Data
                     Data to write into mainstore. Not valid with -f option
                      Format specified by -i<format>
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
                      Not valid with -f option
                      Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
           [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                      to act on all cages.
       -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                      to act on all nodes.
          [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                     to act on all slots.
       -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
                     -pall to act on all chips.
       Examples: > putmemproc 10000 deadbeef80000000 -p0,1
```

3.7.4 putmemdma

Syntax:

```
ECMD:
                    Core Common Function
      Function:
                   Write the specified data to mainstore using either DMA's or PSI
       Parameters:
                   64 Bit address to write to (Hex-Right)
      MemAddress
       -fd <filename> Specify full path and filename to file in D-Card format to load
       -fb <filename> Specify full path and filename to binary file to load
                     Data to write into mainstore. Not valid with -f option
       Data
                     Format specified by -i<format>
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
                     Not valid with -f option
                     Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
       -k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
                     to act on all cages.
       -n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                    to act on all nodes.
       Examples: > putmemdma 10000 deadbeef80000000 -p0,1
```

3.7.5 putmemmemctrl

Format specified by -i<format>

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
Not valid with -f option
Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

-k# [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
to act on all cages.

-n# [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
to act on all nodes.

-s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
to act on all slots.

-p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
-pall to act on all chips.

Examples: > putmemmemctrl 10000 deadbeef80000000 -p0,1

3.7.6 putmemproc

```
Syntax: putmemproc <MemAddress> <Data> | -f[d|b]<filename> [-i<format>]
                                                           [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#]
       ECMD:
                       Core Common Function
       Function:
                       Write the specified data to mainstore using the Processor
                       64 Bit address to write to (Hex-Right)
       -fd <filename> Specify full path and filename to file in D-Card format to load
       -fb <filename> Specify full path and filename to binary file to load
                       Data to write into mainstore. Not valid with -f option
       Data
                       Format specified by -i<format>
       -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xl'
                       Not valid with -f option
                       Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
            [optional] Specify which cage to act on (0 is default). Specify -kall
       -k#
                       to act on all cages.
            [optional] Specify which node to act on (0 is default). Specify -nall
                       to act on all nodes.
       -s# [optional] Specify which slot to act on (0 is default). Specify -sall
                       to act on all slots.
       -p# [optional] Specify which chip position to act on (0 is default). Specify
```

	-pall to act on all chips.	
Examples:	> putmemproc 10000 deadbeef80000000	-p0,1

3.8 Miscellaneous Commands

3.8.1 ecmdquery

Syntax:

```
Syntax: ecmdquery <Mode> [Mode Options]
                   Core Common Function
      Function:
                   Query information from eCMD
      Parameters:
         ._____
                   Query type to perform
      Mode
      Mode Values
                    rings ChipSelect [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#]
                        - Display all rings available for chip
                     formats
                        - Display help text for all available input/output formats
                     chips [-ep]
                        - Display all the chips in the system
                        - Use '-ep' to display in an easier to parse format
                     chipinfo ChipSelect [-k#] [-n#] [-s#] [-p#]
                        - Display info about a particular chip (ex. EC level)
                    version
                        - Display version info about the eCMD Instance you are running
       Example:
                    ecmdquery rings pu -p0,1
```

ecmdquery formats

> ecmdquery version						
> ecmoquery version						
Dll Type : Cronus Dll Product : Unknown Dll Environment : Hardware Dll Build Date : Nov 24 20 Dll Capi Version : .1	003 14:19:14					
ecmd.exe ecmdquery version						
> ecmdquery rings test Available rings for test Ring Names	Address		ec 0: Mask	Chkable	BroadSide	ClockState
idreg	0x000100	32	 N	N	N	UNKNOWN
scancom	0x000040	64	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
scancomprint	0x000040	64	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
scancomstat	0x000080	32	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
bypass32	0x000010	32	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
access_ec	0x000200	32	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
crcreg	0x000020	32	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
gp1	0x001000	32	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
gp2	0x002000	32	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
gp3	0x004000	32	N	N	N	UNKNOWN
testring	0x800003	128	N	Y	N	UNKNOWN
sgxbs	0x800009	573	N	Y	N	UNKNOWN
ecmd.exe ecmdquery rings tes	st					

3.9 Simulation Commands

3.9.1 simaet

Syntax:

Syntax: simaet on \mid off \mid flush

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Start/Stop Simulation AET logging

Parameters:

on Enable AET off Disable AET

flush Flush AET to disk

Example: simaet on simaet off

Examples:

3.9.2 simcheckpoint

Syntax:

Syntax: simcheckpoint <checkpoint name>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Store a checkpoint to the specified file

Parameters:

checkpointname name to store checkpoint under

Example: simcheckpoint boot

Examples:

3.9.3 simclock

Syntax: simclock <cycles>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Clock the simulator

Parameters:

cycles Number of cycles to clock the simulator

Example: simclock 1000

Examples:

3.9.4 simecho

Syntax:

Syntax: simecho <message>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Echo a string to stdout as well as sim logs

Parameters:

message String to echo to sim

Example: simecho "Hello"

Examples:

3.9.5 simexit

Syntax:

Syntax: simexit [<rc> <message>]

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Close down a simulation

Parameters:

rc [opt] Testcase failure return code to pass to simulation

```
message [opt] Testcase failure message to pass to simulation

------

Example: simexit
```

Examples:

3.9.6 simEXPECTFAC

Syntax:

```
Syntax: simEXPECTFAC <facname> <data> <length> [<row> <offset>] [-i<format>]
      ECMD:
                  Core Common Function
      Function:
                  Perform expect on simulation facility using name
      Parameters:
      ______
                  Must be a facility name
      facname
      data
                   Data for expect on facility
                   Format specified by -i<format>
      length
                   Bit length of data
      row [optional] Facility row
      offset [opt] Facility offset
      -i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xr'
                   Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats
      Example: simEXPECTFAC TITAN.TCKFREQ C 4
```

Examples:

3.9.7 simexpecttcfac

```
Syntax: simexpecttcfac <facname> <data> [<row> | -subset <startbit> <numbits>]
-i<format>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Perform expect on a TCFAC Facility

Parameters:
```

facname Must be a facility name

data Data for expect
Format specified by -i<format>

row [optional] Facility row - not valid with -subset

startbit [opt] Facility offset - not valid with row

numbits [opt] Number of bits from startbit to read - not valid with row

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data: default 'xr'
Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simexpecttcfac TITAN.TCKFREQ F

Examples:

3.9.8 simgetcurrentcycle

Example: simgetcurrentcycle

Syntax:

Syntax: simgetcurrentcycle

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Retrieve the current cycle count

Parameters:

Examples:

3.9.9 simGETFAC

Syntax:

Syntax: simGETFAC <facname> <length> [<row> <offset>] [-o<format>]

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Read a Simulation Facility using a facility name

Parameters:

```
facname Must be a facility name

length Bit length of symbol to read

row [optional] Facility row

offset [opt] Facility offset

-o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output : default 'xr'
Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simGETFAC TITAN.TCKFREQ 4
```

Examples:

3.9.10 simGETFACX

Syntax:

```
Syntax: simGETFACX <facname> <length> [<row> <offset>]

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Read a Simulation Facility using a facility name Displaying Xstate data. format: 'bX'

Parameters:
facname Must be a facility name
length Bit length of symbol to read

row [optional] Facility row

offset [opt] Facility offset

Example: simGETFACX TITAN.TCKFREQ 4
```

Examples:

3.9.11 simgettcfac

```
Syntax: simgettcfac <facname> [<row> | -subset <startbit> <numbits>] [-o<format>]

ECMD: Core Common Function
```

Function: Read a TCFAC Facility

Parameters:

facname Must be a facility name

row [optional] Facility row - not valid with -subset

startbit [opt] Facility offset - not valid with row

numbits [opt] Number of bits from startbit to read - not valid with row

-o<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of the output: default 'xr'
Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simgettcfac TITAN.TCKFREQ

Examples:

3.9.12 siminit

Syntax:

Examples:

3.9.13 simPUTFAC

Syntax:

Syntax: simPUTFAC <facname> <data> <length> [<row> <offset>] [-i<format>]

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Write a simulation facility using a name

Parameters: ______ Must be a facility name facname

Data to write to facility data

Format specified by -i<format>

length Bit length of symbol to read

row [optional] Facility row offset [opt] Facility offset

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xr'

Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simPUTFAC TITAN.TCKFREQ C 4

Examples:

3.9.14 simPUTFACX

Syntax:

Syntax: simPUTFACX <facname> <data> [<row> <offset>]

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Write a simulation facility using a name. Write with Xstate data: format 'bX' $\,$

Parameters:

facname Must be a facility name

data X-State Data to write to facility

row [optional] Facility row

offset [opt] Facility offset

Example: simPUTFACX TITAN.TCKFREQ 11XX01

3.9.15 simputtcfac

Syntax:

Syntax: simputtcfac <facname> <data> [<row> <# of rows>] -i<format>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Put a TCFAC Facility

Parameters:

facname Must be a facility name

data Data to put

Format specified by -i<format>

row [optional] Facility row

of rows [opt] Number of rows to put

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xr' $\,$

Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simputtcfac TITAN.TCKFREQ F

Examples:

3.9.16 simrestart

Syntax:

Syntax: simrestart <checkpoint name>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Load a checkpoint from the specified file

Parameters:

 $\hbox{checkpointname} \quad \hbox{name to load checkpoint from} \\$

Example: simrestart boot

3.9.17 simSTKFAC

Syntax:

Syntax: simSTKFAC <facname> <data> <length> [<row> <offset>] [-i<format>]

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Stick a simulation facility using name

Parameters:

facname Must be a facility name

data Data for operation

Format specified by -i<format>

length Bit length of data

row [optional] Facility row

offset [opt] Facility offset

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xr'

Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simSTKFAC TITAN.TCKFREQ C 4

Examples:

3.9.18 simstktcfac

Syntax:

```
Syntax: simstktcfac <facname> <data> [<row> <# of rows>] -i<format>
```

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Stick a TCFAC Facility

Parameters:

facname Must be a facility name

data Data to stick

Format specified by -i<format>

row [optional] Facility row

of rows [opt] Number of rows to stick

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xr' Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simstktcfac TITAN.TCKFREQ F

Examples:

3.9.19 simSUBCMD

Syntax:

Syntax: simSUBCMD <command>

ECMD: Core Common Function
Function: Run an rtx SUBCMD

Parameters:

command rtx command to run

Example: simSUBCMD run left

Examples:

3.9.20 simtckinterval

Syntax:

Syntax: simtckinterval <interval>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Adjust the TCK Interval

Parameters:

interval New Interval

Example: simtckinterval 18

3.9.21 simUNSTICK

Syntax: simUNSTICK <facname> <length> [<row> <offset>]

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Unstick a Simulation Facility using a name

Parameters:

facname Must be a facility symbol name

length Bit length of symbol

row [optional] Facility row

offset [opt] Facility offset

Example: simUNSTICK TITAN.TCKFREQ 4

Examples:

3.9.22 simunsticktcfac

Syntax:

Syntax: simunsticktcfac <facname> <data> [<row> <# of rows>] -i<format>

ECMD: Core Common Function

Function: Unstick a TCFAC Facility

Parameters:

facname Must be a facility name

data Data to write with unstick

Format specified by -i<format>

row [optional] Facility row

of rows [opt] Number of rows to unstick

-i<format>[opt] Specifies the format type of input data : default 'xr'

Run 'ecmdquery formats' to view available formats

Example: simunsticktcfac TITAN.TCKFREQ F