

## **SOLOMON ISLANDS**

9.445638°S, 159.9729°E

TOTAL AID 2011-2016:

\$1.64B \$1.18B

COMMITTED

**PROJECTS** 

The Lowy Institute Pacific Aid Map is an analytical tool designed to enhance aid effectiveness in the Pacific by improving coordination, alignment and accountability of foreign aid through enhanced transparency of aid flows.

The Pacific Aid Map team has collected data on close to 13,000 projects in 14 countries from 63 donors from 2011 onwards.

Visit the website on pacificaidmap.lowyinstitute.org





2011 DFAT \$99m project: Regional Assistance Mission to Solomon Islands: Phase II Police Force

Contribution

2012 DFAT \$84m project: Regional Assistance Mission to Solomon Islands: Phase II Police Force Contribution

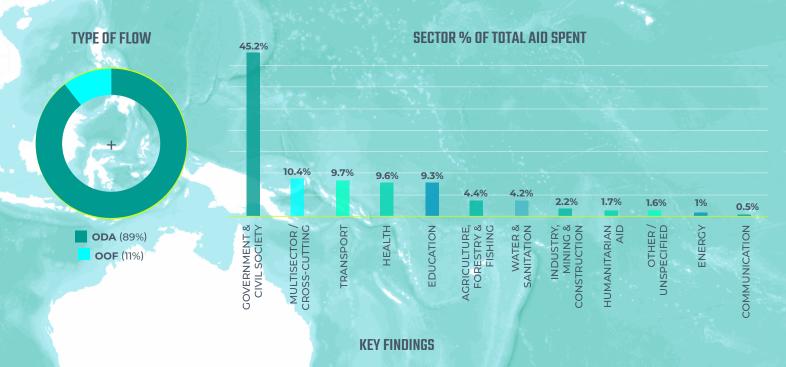
2013 8.0 magnitude earthquake set off a tsunami 2014 Tropical cyclone Ita

2015

DFAT \$40m project: Regional Assistance Mission to Solomon Islands: Phase Transition Solomon islands loses five islands due to rising seas

## TOP 10 AID PROJECTS SPENT (2011-2016)

DONOR	PROJECT TITLE	AMOUNT	IMPLMENTING PARTNER	SECTOR	LOCATION	
Australia	Regional Assistance Mission to Solomon Islands: Phase II Police Force Contribution	\$288,243,105.31	Unknown/ Unspecified Government & Civil Society		Honiara police station	
Australia	Regional Assistance Mission to Solomon Islands: Phase Transition	\$247,663,694.54	Unknown/ Unspecified	Government & Civil Society	Honiara police station	
Taiwan*	ROC support to Constituency Development (RSCD)	\$69,687,105.65	Ministry of Rural Development	Multisector/ Cross-cutting	Ministry of Finance and Treasury	
Australia	Solomon Islands Health Sector Support - Phase 2 - Health Sector Budget Support	\$42,813,569.80	Solomon Islands Government - Ministry of Finance And Treasury	Health	Ministry of Health and Medical Services	
Australia	Solomon Islands Transport Sector Based Approach - National Transport Fund	\$32,203,181.55	Internal Work Order	Transport	Ministry of Infrastructure Development	
Japan	The Project for Improvement of Water Supply System in Honiara and Auki	\$28,415,307.59	Government of Solomon Islands	Water & Sanitation	Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) Solomon Islands Office	
Australia	Economic and Public Sector Governance Program - Governance for Stability	\$27,362,118.38	Aecom Services Pty Ltd (Formerly Called: Urs Australia Pty Ltd)	Government & Civil Society	Ministry of Finance and Treasury	
Australia	Solomon Islands Health Sector Support Program - Health Sector - Budget Support	\$24,870,587.82	Ministry of Health And Medical Services (Solomon Islands)	Health	Ministry of Health and Medical Services	
New Zealand	Education Sector Support 2013-2015	\$24,508,182.97	Unknown/ Unspecified	Education	Ministry of Education Solomon Islands	
Australia	RAMSI - Law and Justice Program - RAMSI Law and Justice Program Delivery	\$21,967,994.65	Aecom Services Pty Ltd (Formerly Called: Urs Australia Pty Ltd)	Government & Civil Society	Ministry of Justice and Legal Affairs	



- Australia remains the Pacific's most important provider of aid.
  Despite cuts to the broader aid budget, the Pacific has been insulated and now makes up one third of Australia's aid program.
  Together, Australia and New Zealand are responsible for more than half (55%) of all aid to the Pacific region.
- The narrative of Chinese aid dominance in the Pacific Islands is overstated. China has only invested 8% of all aid to the Pacific over this period, though it has committed a lot more. China does operate distinctly, focusing on status projects and infrastructure lending that inflate its presence in the region. The average project size from Australia and New Zealand is one tenth that of China.
- Competition between China and Taiwan remains heated. China has invested \$108 per capita in the seven countries that support it. Taiwan has invested \$237 per capita in the six countries that support it. The average project size of Taiwan is 7% that of China.
- Aid to the Pacific is in decline, having shrunk by 20% between 2011 and 2016. The US, EU, and France, all valuable donors to the region, have significantly reduced their assistance.
- The Asian Development Bank and World Bank are honouring their commitments to scale-up their investment in the Pacific, with more to come as they aim to triple investments over the next five years.

## TOTAL ODA RECEIVED 2011-2016 (USD CURRENT, MILLIONS)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	TOTAL
COOK ISLANDS	\$30.22	\$28.51	\$21.77	\$30.45	\$31.41	\$35.61	\$177.96
FIJI	\$141.05	\$101.67	\$289.05	\$113.96	\$116.94	\$177.32	\$939.99
KIRIBATI	\$75.29	\$81.41	\$83.47	\$88.56	\$67.30	\$55.71	\$451.74
MARSHALL ISLANDS	\$86.98	\$93.15	\$121.06	\$65.43	\$69.17	\$29.75	\$465.53
FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA	\$165.50	\$145.06	\$123.78	\$129.13	\$83.51	\$77.45	\$724.45
NAURU	\$39.06	\$32.64	\$27.29	\$22.36	\$34.92	\$24.10	\$180.37
NIUE	\$22.49	\$21.74	\$18.12	\$14.24	\$19.30	\$14.15	\$110.05
OCEANIA, REGIONAL	\$338.25	\$298.35	\$327.64	\$291.30	\$268.71	\$239.22	\$1,763.48
PALAU	\$33.10	\$16.42	\$44.42	\$23.96	\$14.10	\$18.34	\$150.34
PAPUA NEW GUINEA	\$688.40	\$754.78	\$849.82	\$722.33	\$711.37	\$646.05	\$4,372.75
SAMOA	\$138.02	\$134.93	\$160.36	\$133.21	\$151.79	\$116.35	\$834.66
SOLOMON ISLANDS	\$347.38	\$325.72	\$323.40	\$229.84	\$219.86	\$189.23	\$1,635.44
TONGA	\$116.05	\$92.57	\$93.41	\$85.61	\$76.11	\$101.36	\$565.12
TUVALU	\$37.23	\$27.46	\$29.68	\$36.53	\$51.77	\$25.16	\$207.84
VANUATU	\$99.18	\$107.42	\$105.17	\$110.00	\$244.61	\$153.59	\$819.97
GRAND TOTAL	\$2,358.21	\$2,261.85	\$2,618.43	\$2,096.92	\$2,160.87	\$1,903.40	\$13,399.70