Chinook OLTP → Snowflake Data Warehouse Integration using Azure Data Factory

1. Objective

The goal of this project is to replicate the *Chinook OLTP to Data Warehouse* data integration workflow using **Azure Data Factory (ADF)**, **Azure SQL Database**, **Azure Blob Storage**, and **Snowflake**.

The deliverable demonstrates an end-to-end ETL process that extracts data from the Chinook transactional database hosted in Azure SQL, stages it in Azure Blob Storage as Parquet files, and then loads it into Snowflake's STAGE and DW schemas using ADF pipelines and data flows.

2. Architecture Overview

The architecture follows a layered ELT approach:

- 1. Extract Layer (ADF Pipeline 1)
 - Source: Azure SQL Database (Chinook OLTP)
 - Destination: Azure Blob Storage (Parquet format)
- 2. Stage Layer (ADF Pipeline 2)
 - Reads Parquet data from Blob Storage
 - Loads into Snowflake STAGE schema tables
- 3. Transformation Layer (ADF Data Flow)
 - Performs transformation logic (hashing, deduplication, merge updates)
 - Loads transformed data into Snowflake DW schema tables

4. Data Warehouse Layer

- Snowflake hosts final DATE_DIM, TIME_DIM, CUSTOMER_DIM, ARTIST_DIM, and SALES_FACT tables.
- These form a star schema suitable for business analytics.

3. Tools and Technologies Used

Component	Purpose
Azure SQL Database	Stores source Chinook OLTP tables (Customer, Invoice, Artist, Album)
Azure Data Factory (ADF)	Orchestrates extraction, staging, and loading via pipelines and data flows
Azure Blob Storage	Intermediate storage for Parquet files
Azure Key Vault	Secures Snowflake and SQL credentials
Snowflake	Target cloud data warehouse hosting STAGE and DW schemas
DBeaver / Snowflake UI	Used for running SQL DDL, validation, and testing

4. Azure Setup

Screenshot: Setup.png

Created the following resources:

• SQL Server: damg7370fall2025.database.windows.net

SQL Database: DAMG7370FALL2025

Storage Account: stgchinookdamg

Azure Data Factory: adfchinookdamg

• Azure Key Vault: AzureKeyVault1

Networking setup:

- Added client IP address to firewall
- Enabled "Allow Azure services to access server"
- Verified connection via SSMS and ADF

5. Datasets

Screenshots: Dataset1.png, Dataset2.png

Dataset Name	Туре	Linked Service	Purpose
sqlserverdb_chinook	Azure SQL Database	Sql_db_Chinook	Source dataset
Parquet_ds	Parquet (Blob)	Storage_Chinook	Staging Parquet output
SnowChinook_Ds	Snowflake	snow_chinook	Target dataset for loading into STAGE schema

6. Pipeline 1 — Extract SQL DB to Parquet

Screenshot: 1stpipeline.png

Pipeline Name: extract_SQLDB_PL

• Uses a **ForEach** activity looping through the array:

["Customer", "Artist", "Album", "Invoice"]

- Inside loop: Copy Activity (sql_2_parquet)
 - o Source: Azure SQL Database
 - Sink: Azure Blob Storage (Parquet)
- Managed identity access configured for Blob Storage.
- All activities succeeded with matching row counts.

8. Pipeline 2 — Parquet to Snowflake Stage

Screenshot: 2nd pipeline.png

Pipeline Name: Parquet_2_SnowStage_PL

- Reads Parquet files from Blob container / stage_data/
- Writes into Snowflake STAGE tables:
 - STAGE.CUSTOMER
 - STAGE.ARTIST
 - o STAGE.ALBUM
 - STAGE.INVOICE
- Connected using SAS-based Snowflake Linked Service for stage loading.

9. Data Flow — Load Customer Dimension

Screenshot: Dataflow.png

Data Flow Name: DF_Load_Customer_DIM

Steps:

1. **Source:** STAGE.CUSTOMER

- 2. **Derived Column:** Generate CUSTOMER_HASH using SHA-256 for change detection.
- 3. **Join:** Compare incoming vs existing customers.
- 4. Sink: Upsert into DW.CUSTOMER_DIM
 - Merge logic based on hash value.
 - Insert new and update changed records.

10. Snowflake Schemas and Tables

Screenshot: Dimtables.png

Executed SQL scripts in Snowflake:

- create_stage_schema.sql
- create_dw_schema.sql
- load_date_dim.sql
- 4. load_time_dim.sql
- 5. merge_artist_dim.sql
- 6. load_sales_fact.sql
- 7. validation_counts.sql

Final Star Schema Tables:

• Dimensions:

DATE_DIM, TIME_DIM, CUSTOMER_DIM, ARTIST_DIM

Fact Table:

SALES_FACT (references DATE_DIM_KEY and CUSTOMER_KEY)

11. SQL Script Summary

Script	Purpose
create_stage_schema.sql	Defines staging layer tables
create_dw_schema.sql	Creates DW layer (DIM & FACT)
<pre>load_date_dim.sql</pre>	Populates DATE_DIM
<pre>load_time_dim.sql</pre>	Populates TIME_DIM

merge_artist_dim.sql

Incremental load for ARTIST_DIM

load_sales_fact.sql

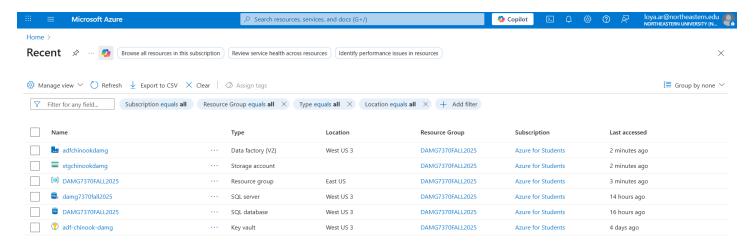
Inserts transactional data into SALES_FACT

validation_counts.sql

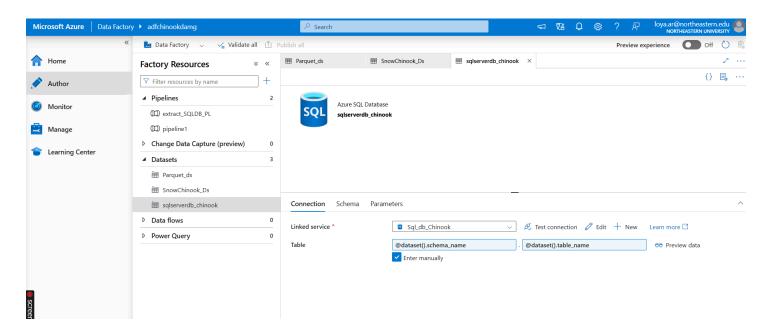
Validates record counts across all layers

All Screenshots

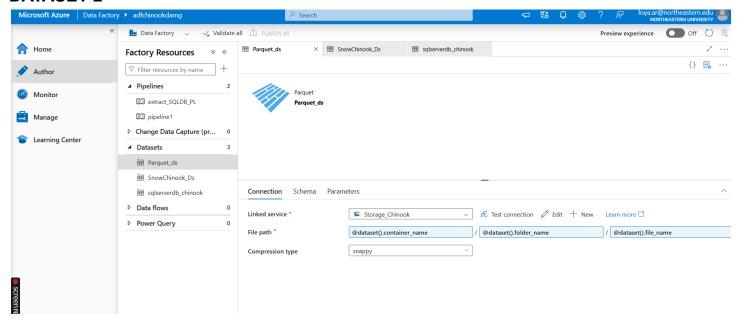
SETUP



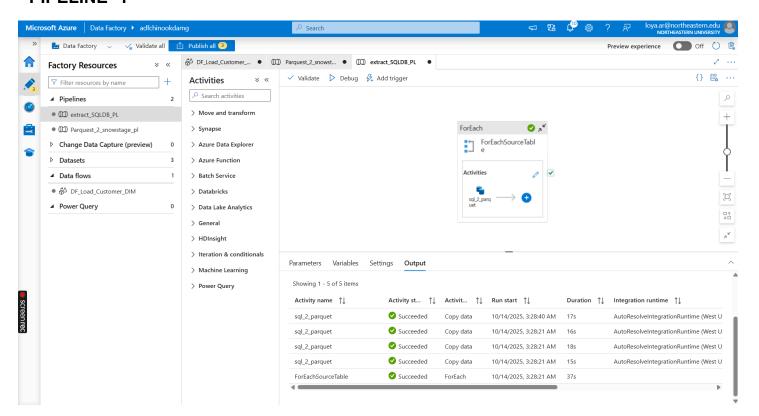
DATA SET 1



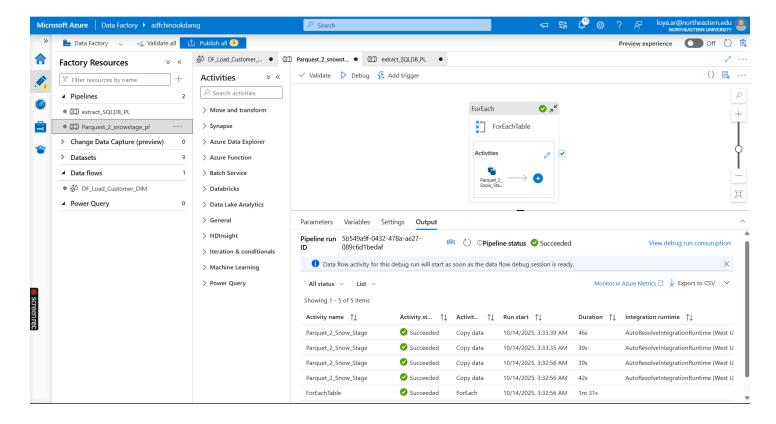
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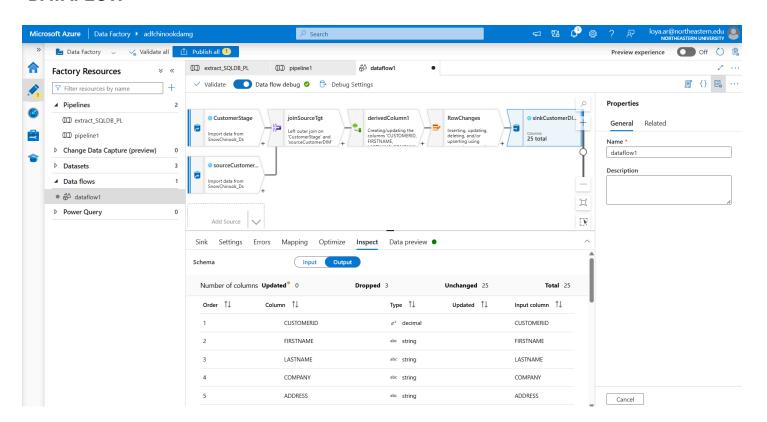
PIPELINE-1



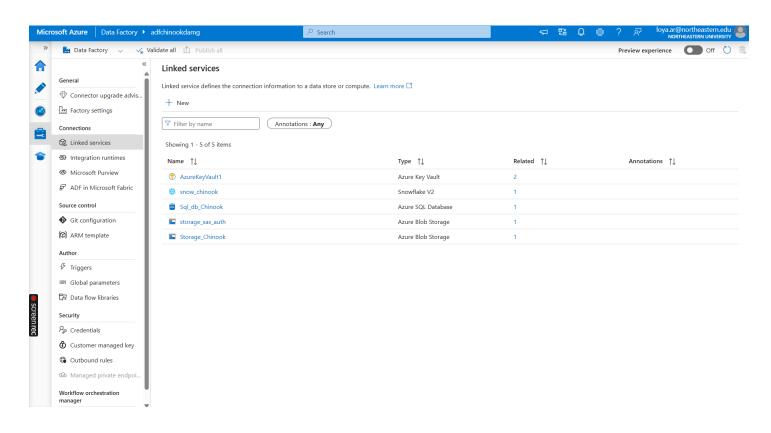
PIPELINE-2



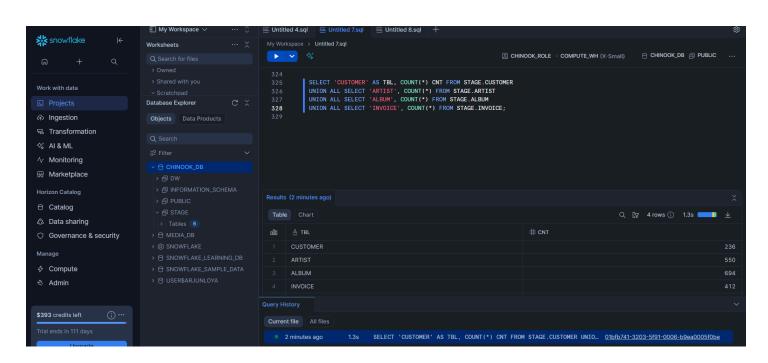
DATAFLOW



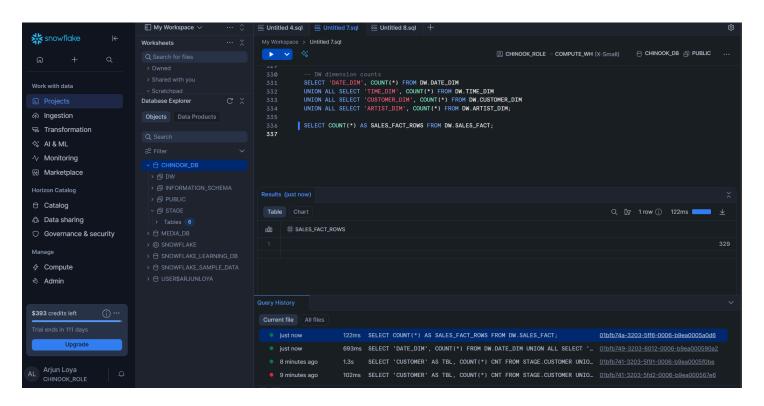
LINKED SERVICES



VALIDATION



DIMTABLES



FACT_TABLE_VALIDATION

