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# 1/28/2021
# computational methods
# hw 1
# question 3
# newtons method
# q3_nm
# create variable
import sympy as sym
x = sym.Symbol('x')
# define function, initial guess, and tol
f = sym.exp(6*x)+3*sym.ln(2)**2*sym.exp(2*x)-sym.exp(4*x)*sym.ln(8)-sym.ln(2)**3
t_0 = -1
tol = 10**-5
# lambdify funtion and its derivative
fp = sym.diff(f)
f = sym.lambdify(x, f)
fp = sym.lambdify(x, fp)
# get next iteration for t and declare lists
t_1 = t_0 - f(t_0)/fp(t_0)
tl = [t_0, t_1]
fl = []
dtl = []
# newtons method
n = 0
while (abs(tl[n+1]-tl[n])/abs(tl[n])) > tol:
    t_np1 = tl[n+1] - f(tl[n+1])/fp(tl[n+1])
    tl.append(t_np1)
    n += 1
# define fl and dtl
for j in range(len(tl)):
    fl.append(f(tl[j]))
for k in range(len(tl)-1):
    dtl.append(tl[k+1]-tl[k])
data_fl = open("fl.txt", "a")
data_tl = open("tl.txt", "a")
for i in range(len(tl)):
    data_tl.write(str(tl[i]) + "\n")
    data_fl.write(str(fl[i]) + "\n")
data_tl.close()
data_fl.close()
i = 0
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data_dtl = open("dtl.txt", "a")
for i in range(len(dtl)):
    data_dtl.write(str(dtl[i]) + "\n")
data_dtl.close()

print("t = " + str(t_np1))
print("total iterations = " + str(n))
print("final delta t = " + str(dtl[n-1]))

# keeps python console up; for non-IDE use
i = 1
while i == 1:
    i = input("Press enter to continue.\n")
```