

Program Summary - Homework 5.sas

Execution Environment

Author: chwang10
File: /home/chwang10/Homework 5.sas
SAS Platform: Linux LIN X64 3.10.0-1062.9.1.el7.x86_64
SAS Host: ODAWS01-USW2.ODA.SAS.COM
SAS Version: 9.04.01M6P11072018
SAS Locale: en_US
Submission Time: 11/3/2020, 12:15:24 AM
Browser Host: ASTOUND-66-234-210-119.CA.ASTOUND.NET
User Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/86.0.4240.111 Safari/537.36
Application Server: ODAMID01-USW2.ODA.SAS.COM

Code: Homework 5.sas

```
* Programmed by Charles Hwang *
* Coded in SAS OnDemand *
* Monday, November 2, 2020 *
* Course: STAT 403 *
* Title: Homework 5 *;

/* 1a */ Proc Import out=MLB datafile="/home/chwang10/BASEBALL2018.xlsx" dbms=xlsx;
Run;

/* 1b */ Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix (nvar=ALL) nosimple; * Because the Proc Corr function only
allows a maximum of ten variables, two separate correlation matrices are needed. I chose to separate
the matrices into offensive and defensive variables. ;
Title "1b. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables";
Var WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG;
Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix nosimple;
Title "1b. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables";
Var WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP;
Run;

/* 1c(i) */ * The Runs Scored (R) variable had the strongest positive correlation to win
percentage (WINLOSSPER) at r = 0.83789. This means that win percentage has the greatest direct
correlation with runs scored. ;
/* 1c(ii) */ * The Earned Run Average (ERA) variable had the strongest negative correlation to win
percentage (WINLOSSPER) at r = -0.87328. This means that win percentage has the greatest inverse
correlated with earned run average.;
/* 1c(iii) */ * The Earned Run Average (ERA) variable had the strongest overall correlation to win
percentage (WINLOSSPER) at r = -0.87328. ;

/* 1d */ Proc Sort data=MLB;
By League;
Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix (nvar=ALL) nosimple; * Specifying that all variables be displayed in
the correlation matrix (default is nvar=5) ;
Title "1d. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables by League";
By League;
Var WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG; * There is an error for each pair of matrices but they do not
appear to affect the data or output in any way. ;
Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix nosimple;
Title "1d. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables by League";
By League;
Var WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP;
Run; * The Earned Runs Average (ERA) variable had the strongest correlation to win
percentage (WINLOSSPER) in the American League at r = -0.92775, and The Runs Scored (R) variable had
the strongest correlation to win percentage (WINLOSSPER) in the National League at r = 0.85717. The
American League had the same variable with the strongest correlation, but the National League had a
different variable with the strongest correlation. This suggests that the American League may have a
slightly higher emphasis on pitching, while the National League have a slightly higher emphasis on
simply scoring runs. ;
```

```

/* 2a */ Proc Import out=BCH datafile="/home/chwang10/Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data.xlsx" dbms=xlsx;
Proc Reg data=BCH;
Title "2a. Linear Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
Model SEJ=MA; * Linear model: SEJ = -2.76054 + 31.81161*MA ;
Run;

/* 2b */ * Although r = 0.7486, the residual plot shows a lack of homoscedasticity, indicating that a
linear regression may not be the best model. Additionally, the studentized residual plot indicates some
outliers and both the studentized residual plot and Cook's D indicates some high leverage points. ;

/* 2c */ Data BCH2;
Set BCH;
MASQ=MA**2;
Proc Reg data=BCH2 plots=predictions (x=MA);
Title "2c. Quadratic Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
Model SEJ=MA MASQ; * Quadratic model: SEJ=8.60935-73.35032*MA+236.05951*MA^2, r=0.8006, TSS=64.76180 ;
Run; * There is a megaphone effect in the residual plot and studentized residual plot, indicating a
lack of homoscedasticity. Additionally, the studentized residual plot indicates some outliers and some
high leverage points. ;

/* 2d */ Data BCHL;
Set BCH;
lnSEJ=log(SEJ);
Proc Reg data=BCHL;
Title "2d. Exponential Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
Model lnSEJ=MA; * Exponential model: SEJ = e^(-0.16884 + 7.14161*MA), r = 0.8004, TSS = 3.06007 ;
Output out=BCHLO predicted=SEJP; * Both the residual plot and studentized residual plot appear to
indicate homoscedasticity. The studentized residual plot indicates some high leverage points. ;
Data BCHLU; * Untransforming model ;
Set BCHLO;
SEJU=exp(SEJP);
Proc Print data=BCHLU;
Title "2d. Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data with Untransformed Regression Output (SEJ vs. SEJU)";
Run;

/* 2e */ Proc Transreg data=BCH;
Title "2e. Box-Cox Transformation of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
Model Boxcox(SEJ)=identity(MA);
Run; *  $\lambda = -0.75$  ;
Data BCHBC;
Set BCH;
SEJ $\lambda$ =SEJ**-0.75;
Proc Reg data=BCHBC;
Title "2e. Power Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
Model SEJ $\lambda$ =MA; * Power model: SEJ = (0.75444 - 1.80577*MA)^4/3, r = 0.8207, TSS = 0.19097 ;
Run; * Looking at the residual plot and studentized residual plot, it appears there may be a lack of
homoscedasticity. Additionally, the studentized residual plot indicates some outliers and both the
studentized residual plot and Cook's D indicates some high leverage points. ;

/* 2f */ * I believe the exponential model has the best fit. The adjusted-r^2 is the highest of the
three nonlinear models and the total sum of squares (TSS) is by far the lowest. The Box-Cox
Transformation also assures we have the best value of  $\lambda$  for the power model. ;

/* 3a */ Proc Import out=Res datafile="/home/chwang10/Response.xlsx" dbms=xlsx;
Run;

/* 3b */ Symbol value=circle;
Proc Gplot data=Res;
Title "3b. Scatterplot of Response Data";
Plot y*x;
Run;

/* 3c */ Proc Nlin data=Res plots=all;
Title "3c. Nonlinear Model of Response Data (y = a*e^(bx))";
Parameters a=1 b=1; * Arbitrary median choice of parameters ;
Model y=a*exp(b*x);
Run; * The sum of squares when convergence is met (a = 111.9, b = -0.7352) is 1011.3. Additionally,
the residual histogram indicates the data may not be normal, and there is a megaphone effect in the

```

residual plot and studentized residual plot, indicating a lack of homoscedasticity. ;

```
/* 3d */ Proc Nlin data=Res plots=all;
Title "3d. Nonlinear Model of Response Data (y = e^(ax)/(b + cx))";
Parameters a=.1 b=.1 c=.1;
Model y=exp(a*x)/(b+c*x);
Run; * The sum of squares when convergence is met (a = -0.1665, b = 0.00516, c = 0.0122) is 515.1.
This is better than the model in problem 3c. Additionally, there is a megaphone effect in the residual
plot and studentized residual plot, indicating a lack of homoscedasticity. ;
```

Log: Homework 5.sas

Errors (2)

Notes (51)

```
1      OPTIONS NONOTES NOSTIMER NOSOURCE NOSYNTAXCHECK;
70
71      * Programmed by Charles Hwang *
72      * Coded in SAS OnDemand      *
73      * Monday, November 2, 2020   *
74      * Course: STAT 403           *
75      * Title: Homework 5         *;
76
77      /* 1a */
77      !      Proc Import out=MLB datafile="/home/chwang10/BASEBALL2018.xlsx" dbms=xlsx;
78      Run;

NOTE: Import cancelled.  Output dataset WORK.MLB already exists.  Specify REPLACE option to overwrite it.
NOTE: The SAS System stopped processing this step because of errors.
NOTE: PROCEDURE IMPORT used (Total process time):
      real time           0.00 seconds
      user cpu time       0.00 seconds
      system cpu time     0.00 seconds
      memory              799.31k
      OS Memory           40852.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:17 AM
      Step Count          707  Switch Count  0
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       138
      Page Swaps           0
      Voluntary Context Switches 1
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 0

79
80      /* 1b */

80      !      Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix (nvar=ALL) nosimple; * Because the Proc Corr function only
81      allows a maximum of ten variables, two separate correlation matrices are needed. I chose to separate
82      the matrices into offensive and defensive variables. ;
83      Title "1b. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables";
84      Var WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG;

NOTE: PROCEDURE CORR used (Total process time):
      real time           0.81 seconds
      user cpu time       0.27 seconds
      system cpu time     0.01 seconds
      memory              18304.40k
      OS Memory           48552.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:17 AM
      Step Count          708  Switch Count  1
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       2667
      Page Swaps           0
      Voluntary Context Switches 533
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 832

85      Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix nosimple;
86      Title "1b. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables";
87      Var WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP;
88      Run;
```

NOTE: PROCEDURE CORR used (Total process time):

real time	0.27 seconds
user cpu time	0.13 seconds
system cpu time	0.00 seconds
memory	3573.84k
OS Memory	49756.00k
Timestamp	11/03/2020 08:15:18 AM
Step Count	709 Switch Count 1
Page Faults	0
Page Reclaims	702
Page Swaps	0
Voluntary Context Switches	303
Involuntary Context Switches	1
Block Input Operations	0
Block Output Operations	768

```
89
90      /* lc(i) */ * The Runs Scored (R) variable had the strongest positive correlation to win
91      percentage (WINLOSSPER) at r = 0.83789. This means that win percentage has the greatest direct
92      correlation with runs scored. ;
93      /* lc(ii) */ * The Earned Run Average (ERA) variable had the strongest negative correlation to win
94      percentage (WINLOSSPER) at r = -0.87328. This means that win percentage has the greatest inverse
95      correlated with earned run average.;
96      /* lc(iii) */ * The Earned Run Average (ERA) variable had the strongest overall correlation to win
97      percentage (WINLOSSPER) at r = -0.87328. ;
98
99      /* ld */
99      !          Proc Sort data=MLB;
100      By League;
```

NOTE: Input data set is already sorted, no sorting done.

NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used (Total process time):

real time	0.00 seconds
user cpu time	0.00 seconds
system cpu time	0.00 seconds
memory	427.12k
OS Memory	48808.00k
Timestamp	11/03/2020 08:15:18 AM
Step Count	710 Switch Count 0
Page Faults	0
Page Reclaims	49
Page Swaps	0
Voluntary Context Switches	0
Involuntary Context Switches	0
Block Input Operations	0
Block Output Operations	0

```
101      Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix (nvar=ALL) nosimple; * Specifying that all variables be displayed in
102      the correlation matrix (default is nvar=5) ;
103      Title "ld. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables by League";
104      By League;
105      Var WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG; * There is an error for each pair of matrices but they do not
106      appear to affect the data or output in any way. ;
```

ERROR: All variables have missing values for all observations in the input data set.

NOTE: The above message was for the following BY group:

League=

NOTE: PROCEDURE CORR used (Total process time):

real time	1.45 seconds
user cpu time	0.44 seconds
system cpu time	0.01 seconds
memory	5418.15k
OS Memory	51548.00k
Timestamp	11/03/2020 08:15:19 AM
Step Count	711 Switch Count 1
Page Faults	0
Page Reclaims	1145
Page Swaps	0
Voluntary Context Switches	996
Involuntary Context Switches	3
Block Input Operations	0
Block Output Operations	1104

```
107      Proc Corr data=MLB plots=Matrix nosimple;
108      Title "ld. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables by League";
109      By League;
110      Var WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP;
```

```

111      Run;

ERROR: All variables have missing values for all observations in the input data set.
NOTE: The above message was for the following BY group:
      League=
NOTE: PROCEDURE CORR used (Total process time):
      real time           0.44 seconds
      user cpu time       0.19 seconds
      system cpu time     0.00 seconds
      memory              4234.18k
      OS Memory           51548.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:20 AM
      Step Count          712  Switch Count  1
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       889
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches 561
      Involuntary Context Switches 4
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 792

111      !      * The Earned Runs Average (ERA) variable had the strongest correlation to win
112      percentage (WINLOSSPER) in the American League at r = -0.92775, and The Runs Scored (R) variable had
113      the strongest correlation to win percentage (WINLOSSPER) in the National League at r = 0.85717. The
114      American League had the same variable with the strongest correlation, but the National League had a
115      different variable with the strongest correlation. This suggests that the American League may have a
116      slightly higher emphasis on pitching, while the National League have a slightly higher emphasis on
117      simply scoring runs. ;
118
119      /* 2a */
119      !      Proc Import out=BCH datafile="/home/chwang10/Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data.xlsx" dbms=xlsx;

NOTE: Import cancelled. Output dataset WORK.BCH already exists. Specify REPLACE option to overwrite it.
NOTE: The SAS System stopped processing this step because of errors.
NOTE: PROCEDURE IMPORT used (Total process time):
      real time           0.00 seconds
      user cpu time       0.00 seconds
      system cpu time     0.00 seconds
      memory              687.28k
      OS Memory           50580.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:20 AM
      Step Count          713  Switch Count  0
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       138
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches 3
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 0

120      Proc Reg data=BCH;
121      Title "2a. Linear Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
122      Model SEJ=MA; * Linear model: SEJ = -2.76054 + 31.81161*MA ;
123      Run;

124
125      /* 2b */ * Although r = 0.7486, the residual plot shows a lack of homoscedasticity, indicating that a
126      linear regression may not be the best model. Additionally, the studentized residual plot indicates some
127      outliers and both the studentized residual plot and Cook's D indicates some high leverage points. ;
128
129      /* 2c */

NOTE: PROCEDURE REG used (Total process time):
      real time           0.53 seconds
      user cpu time       0.25 seconds
      system cpu time     0.04 seconds
      memory              11323.96k
      OS Memory           58340.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:20 AM
      Step Count          714  Switch Count  23
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       12505
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches 991
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 1168

```

```

129      !           Data BCH2;
130      Set BCH;
131      MASQ=MA**2;

NOTE: There were 36 observations read from the data set WORK.BCH.
NOTE: The data set WORK.BCH2 has 36 observations and 10 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
      real time           0.00 seconds
      user cpu time       0.01 seconds
      system cpu time     0.00 seconds
      memory              961.18k
      OS Memory           52652.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:20 AM
      Step Count          715   Switch Count   2
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       124
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches 14
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 264

132      Proc Reg data=BCH2 plots=predictions (x=MA);
133      Title "2c. Quadratic Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
134      Model SEJ=MA MASQ; * Quadratic model: SEJ=8.60935-73.35032*MA+236.05951*MA^2, r=0.8006, TSS=64.76180 ;
135      Run;

135      !           * There is a megaphone effect in the residual plot and studentized residual plot, indicating a
136      lack of homoscedasticity. Additionally, the studentized residual plot indicates some outliers and some
137      high leverage points. ;
138
139      /* 2d */

NOTE: PROCEDURE REG used (Total process time):
      real time           0.61 seconds
      user cpu time       0.25 seconds
      system cpu time     0.03 seconds
      memory              11225.46k
      OS Memory           60132.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:21 AM
      Step Count          716   Switch Count   23
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       12235
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches 1026
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 1616

139      !           Data BCHL;
140      Set BCH;
141      lnSEJ=log(SEJ);

NOTE: There were 36 observations read from the data set WORK.BCH.
NOTE: The data set WORK.BCHL has 36 observations and 10 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
      real time           0.00 seconds
      user cpu time       0.01 seconds
      system cpu time     0.00 seconds
      memory              950.40k
      OS Memory           53164.00k
      Timestamp           11/03/2020 08:15:21 AM
      Step Count          717   Switch Count   2
      Page Faults         0
      Page Reclaims       122
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches 12
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations 0
      Block Output Operations 264

142      Proc Reg data=BCHL;
143      Title "2d. Exponential Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
144      Model lnSEJ=MA; * Exponential model: SEJ = e^(-0.16884 + 7.14161*MA), r = 0.8004, TSS = 3.06007 ;
145      Output out=BCHLO predicted=SEJP; * Both the residual plot and studentized residual plot appear to
146      indicate homoscedasticity. The studentized residual plot indicates some high leverage points. ;

```

NOTE: The data set WORK.BCHLO has 36 observations and 11 variables.

NOTE: PROCEDURE REG used (Total process time):

real time	0.49 seconds
user cpu time	0.23 seconds
system cpu time	0.04 seconds
memory	11230.21k
OS Memory	60644.00k
Timestamp	11/03/2020 08:15:21 AM
Step Count	718 Switch Count 25
Page Faults	0
Page Reclaims	12141
Page Swaps	0
Voluntary Context Switches	1003
Involuntary Context Switches	0
Block Input Operations	0
Block Output Operations	1440

147 Data BCHLU; * Untransforming model ;

148 Set BCHLO;

149 SEJU=exp(SEJP);

NOTE: There were 36 observations read from the data set WORK.BCHLO.

NOTE: The data set WORK.BCHLU has 36 observations and 12 variables.

NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):

real time	0.00 seconds
user cpu time	0.00 seconds
system cpu time	0.00 seconds
memory	959.93k
OS Memory	53676.00k
Timestamp	11/03/2020 08:15:21 AM
Step Count	719 Switch Count 2
Page Faults	0
Page Reclaims	121
Page Swaps	0
Voluntary Context Switches	13
Involuntary Context Switches	0
Block Input Operations	0
Block Output Operations	272

150 Proc Print data=BCHLU;

151 Title "2d. Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data with Untransformed Regression Output (SEJ vs. SEJU)";

152 Run;

NOTE: There were 36 observations read from the data set WORK.BCHLU.

NOTE: PROCEDURE PRINT used (Total process time):

real time	0.09 seconds
user cpu time	0.10 seconds
system cpu time	0.00 seconds
memory	1047.96k
OS Memory	53672.00k
Timestamp	11/03/2020 08:15:21 AM
Step Count	720 Switch Count 1
Page Faults	0
Page Reclaims	110
Page Swaps	0
Voluntary Context Switches	7
Involuntary Context Switches	4
Block Input Operations	0
Block Output Operations	40

153

154 /* 2e */

154 ! Proc Transreg data=BCH;

155 Title "2e. Box-Cox Transformation of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";

156 Model Boxcox(SEJ)=identity(MA);

157 Run;

NOTE: There were 36 observations read from the data set WORK.BCH.

NOTE: PROCEDURE TRANSREG used (Total process time):

real time	0.14 seconds
user cpu time	0.06 seconds
system cpu time	0.01 seconds
memory	2952.59k
OS Memory	54836.00k
Timestamp	11/03/2020 08:15:22 AM
Step Count	721 Switch Count 1
Page Faults	0
Page Reclaims	334

```

Page Swaps                                0
Voluntary Context Switches                356
Involuntary Context Switches              0
Block Input Operations                     0
Block Output Operations                    496

```

```

157      !      *  $\lambda = -0.75$  ;
158      Data BCHBC;
159      Set BCH;
160      SEJ $\lambda$ =SEJ** $-0.75$ ;

```

NOTE: There were 36 observations read from the data set WORK.BCH.
NOTE: The data set WORK.BCHBC has 36 observations and 10 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):

```

real time          0.00 seconds
user cpu time      0.00 seconds
system cpu time    0.00 seconds
memory             951.59k
OS Memory          53932.00k
Timestamp          11/03/2020 08:15:22 AM
Step Count         722  Switch Count  2
Page Faults        0
Page Reclaims      123
Page Swaps         0
Voluntary Context Switches  14
Involuntary Context Switches 0
Block Input Operations  0
Block Output Operations  264

```

```

161      Proc Reg data=BCHBC;
162      Title "2e. Power Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data";
163      Model SEJ $\lambda$ =MA; * Power model: SEJ = (0.75444 - 1.80577*MA)4/3, r = 0.8207, TSS = 0.19097 ;
164      Run;

```

```

164      !      * Looking at the residual plot and studentized residual plot, it appears there may be a lack of
165      homoscedasticity. Additionally, the studentized residual plot indicates some outliers and both the
166      studentized residual plot and Cook's D indicates some high leverage points. ;
167
168      /* 2f */ * I believe the exponential model has the best fit. The adjusted-r2 is the highest of the
169      three nonlinear models and the total sum of squares (TSS) is by far the lowest. The Box-Cox
170      Transformation also assures we have the best value of  $\lambda$  for the power model. ;
171
172      /* 3a */

```

NOTE: PROCEDURE REG used (Total process time):

```

real time          0.49 seconds
user cpu time      0.24 seconds
system cpu time    0.04 seconds
memory             11227.81k
OS Memory          61668.00k
Timestamp          11/03/2020 08:15:22 AM
Step Count         723  Switch Count  23
Page Faults        0
Page Reclaims      12031
Page Swaps         0
Voluntary Context Switches  1000
Involuntary Context Switches 1
Block Input Operations  0
Block Output Operations  1200

```

```

172      !      Proc Import out=Res datafile="/home/chwang10/Response.xlsx" dbms=xlsx;
173      Run;

```

NOTE: Import cancelled. Output dataset WORK.RES already exists. Specify REPLACE option to overwrite it.
NOTE: The SAS System stopped processing this step because of errors.

NOTE: PROCEDURE IMPORT used (Total process time):

```

real time          0.00 seconds
user cpu time      0.00 seconds
system cpu time    0.00 seconds
memory             800.28k
OS Memory          54164.00k
Timestamp          11/03/2020 08:15:22 AM
Step Count         724  Switch Count  0
Page Faults        0
Page Reclaims      138
Page Swaps         0
Voluntary Context Switches  1
Involuntary Context Switches 0

```



```

Block Input Operations          0
Block Output Operations         0

174
175      /* 3b */ Symbol value=circle;

176      Proc Gplot data=Res;
177      Title "3b. Scatterplot of Response Data";
178      Plot y*x;
179      Run;

180
181      /* 3c */

NOTE: There were 54 observations read from the data set WORK.RES.
NOTE: PROCEDURE GLOT used (Total process time):
      real time          0.16 seconds
      user cpu time      0.16 seconds
      system cpu time    0.01 seconds
      memory             7857.31k
      OS Memory          57368.00k
      Timestamp          11/03/2020 08:15:22 AM
      Step Count         725   Switch Count   1
      Page Faults        0
      Page Reclaims      766
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches  8
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations  0
      Block Output Operations 296

181      !      Proc Nlin data=Res plots=all;
182      Title "3c. Nonlinear Model of Response Data (y = a*e^(bx))";
183      Parameters a=1 b=1; * Arbitrary median choice of parameters ;
184      Model y=a*exp(b*x);
185      Run;

NOTE: DER.a not initialized or missing. It will be computed automatically.
NOTE: DER.b not initialized or missing. It will be computed automatically.
NOTE: PROC NLIN grid search time was 0: 0: 0.
NOTE: Convergence criterion met.
NOTE: PROCEDURE NLIN used (Total process time):
      real time          0.62 seconds
      user cpu time      0.33 seconds
      system cpu time    0.03 seconds
      memory             5913.18k
      OS Memory          56880.00k
      Timestamp          11/03/2020 08:15:23 AM
      Step Count         726   Switch Count   2
      Page Faults        0
      Page Reclaims      1946
      Page Swaps          0
      Voluntary Context Switches 1303
      Involuntary Context Switches 0
      Block Input Operations  0
      Block Output Operations 1576

185      !      * The sum of squares when convergence is met (a = 111.9, b = -0.7352) is 1011.3. Additionally,
186      the residual histogram indicates the data may not be normal, and there is a megaphone effect in the
187      residual plot and studentized residual plot, indicating a lack of homoscedasticity. ;
188
189      /* 3d */
189      !      Proc Nlin data=Res plots=all;
190      Title "3d. Nonlinear Model of Response Data (y = e^(ax)/(b + cx))";
191      Parameters a=.1 b=.1 c=.1;
192      Model y=exp(a*x)/(b+c*x);
193      Run;

NOTE: DER.a not initialized or missing. It will be computed automatically.
NOTE: DER.b not initialized or missing. It will be computed automatically.
NOTE: DER.c not initialized or missing. It will be computed automatically.
NOTE: PROC NLIN grid search time was 0: 0: 0.
NOTE: Convergence criterion met.
NOTE: PROCEDURE NLIN used (Total process time):
      real time          0.63 seconds
      user cpu time      0.35 seconds

```

```

system cpu time    0.02 seconds
memory            5289.46k
OS Memory         56924.00k
Timestamp         11/03/2020 08:15:24 AM
Step Count              727  Switch Count  2
Page Faults           0
Page Reclaims        1696
Page Swaps           0
Voluntary Context Switches 1312
Involuntary Context Switches 0
Block Input Operations 0
Block Output Operations 1608

```

```

193      !      * The sum of squares when convergence is met (a = -0.1665, b = 0.00516, c = 0.0122) is 515.1.
194      This is better than the model in problem 3c. Additionally, there is a megaphone effect in the residual
195      plot and studentized residual plot, indicating a lack of homoscedasticity. ;
196
197      OPTIONS NONOTES NOSTIMER NOSOURCE NOSYNTAXCHECK;
208

```

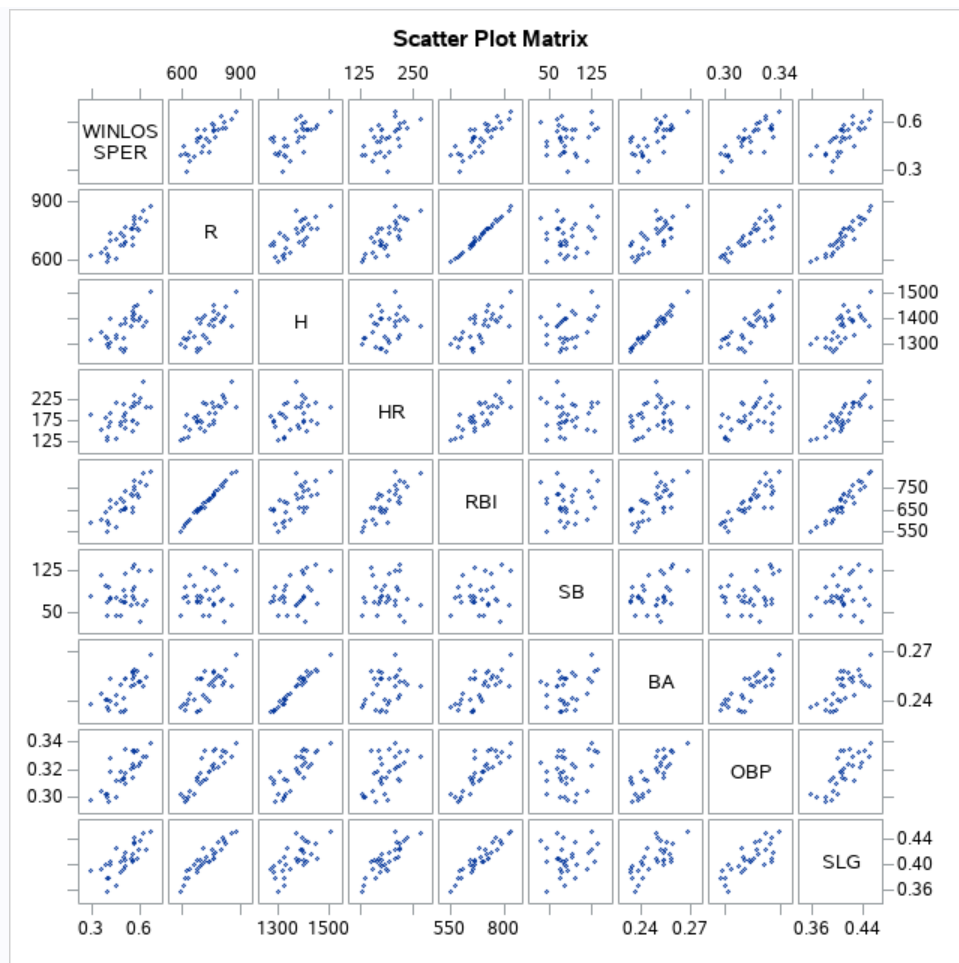
Results: Homework 5.sas

1b. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables

The CORR Procedure

9 Variables: WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, N = 30 Prob > r under H0: Rho=0									
	WINLOSSPER	R	H	HR	RBI	SB	BA	OBP	SLG
WINLOSSPER	1.00000	0.83789 <.0001	0.67245 <.0001	0.53724 0.0022	0.82353 <.0001	0.12400 0.5139	0.68859 <.0001	0.79834 <.0001	0.74983 <.0001
R	0.83789 <.0001	1.00000	0.71663 <.0001	0.77367 <.0001	0.99588 <.0001	0.16094 0.3956	0.72054 <.0001	0.87978 <.0001	0.93532 <.0001
H	0.67245 <.0001	0.71663 <.0001	1.00000	0.29945 0.1079	0.69289 <.0001	0.36757 0.0457	0.98345 <.0001	0.79259 <.0001	0.68697 <.0001
HR	0.53724 0.0022	0.77367 <.0001	0.29945 0.1079	1.00000	0.79485 <.0001	0.02118 0.9116	0.29698 0.1110	0.51680 0.0035	0.85806 <.0001
RBI	0.82353 <.0001	0.99588 <.0001	0.69289 <.0001	0.79485 <.0001	1.00000	0.13758 0.4685	0.69814 <.0001	0.85792 <.0001	0.93899 <.0001
SB	0.12400 0.5139	0.16094 0.3956	0.36757 0.0457	0.02118 0.9116	0.13758 0.4685	1.00000	0.36838 0.0452	0.25749 0.1695	0.19081 0.3125
BA	0.68859 <.0001	0.72054 <.0001	0.98345 <.0001	0.29698 0.1110	0.69814 <.0001	0.36838 0.0452	1.00000	0.81488 <.0001	0.69425 <.0001
OBP	0.79834 <.0001	0.87978 <.0001	0.79259 <.0001	0.51680 0.0035	0.85792 <.0001	0.25749 0.1695	0.81488 <.0001	1.00000	0.77304 <.0001
SLG	0.74983 <.0001	0.93532 <.0001	0.68697 <.0001	0.85806 <.0001	0.93899 <.0001	0.19081 0.3125	0.69425 <.0001	0.77304 <.0001	1.00000

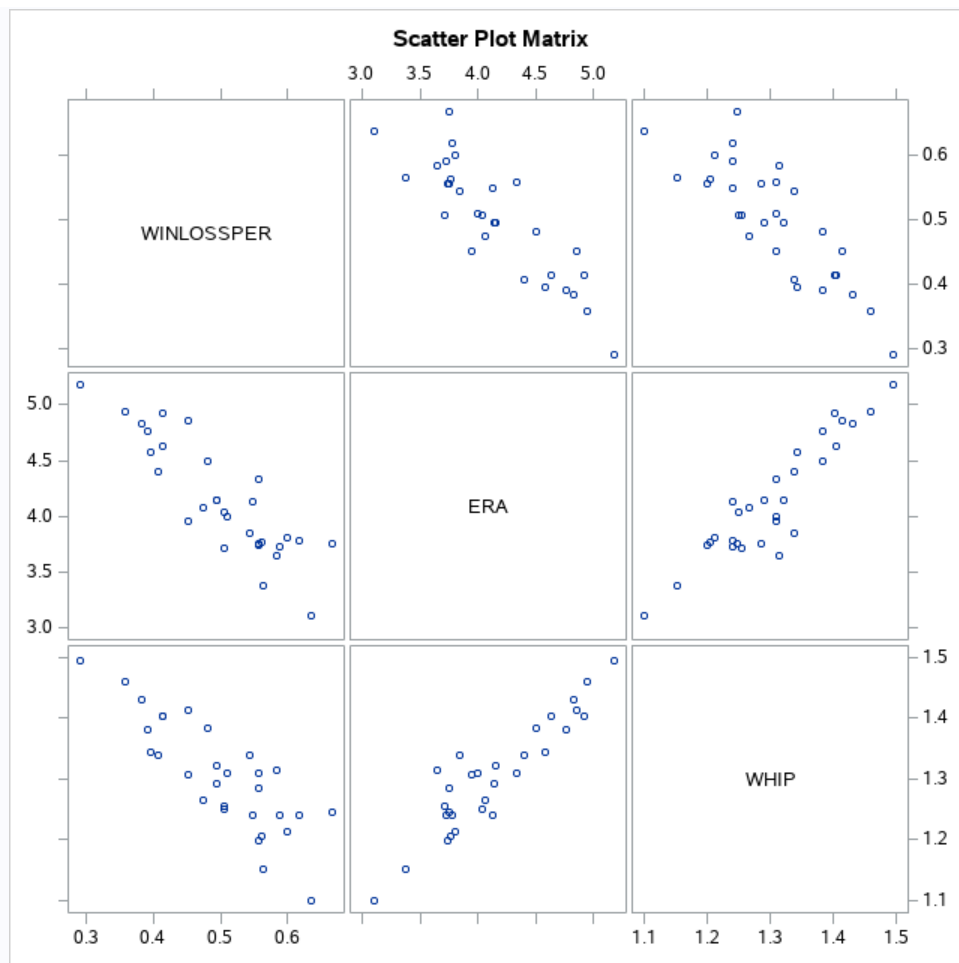


1b. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables

The CORR Procedure

3 Variables: WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, N = 30 Prob > r under H0: Rho=0			
	WINLOSSPER	ERA	WHIP
WINLOSSPER	1.00000	-0.87328 <.0001	-0.83325 <.0001
ERA	-0.87328 <.0001	1.00000	0.91950 <.0001
WHIP	-0.83325 <.0001	0.91950 <.0001	1.00000



1d. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables by League

The CORR Procedure

League=' '

9 Variables: WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG

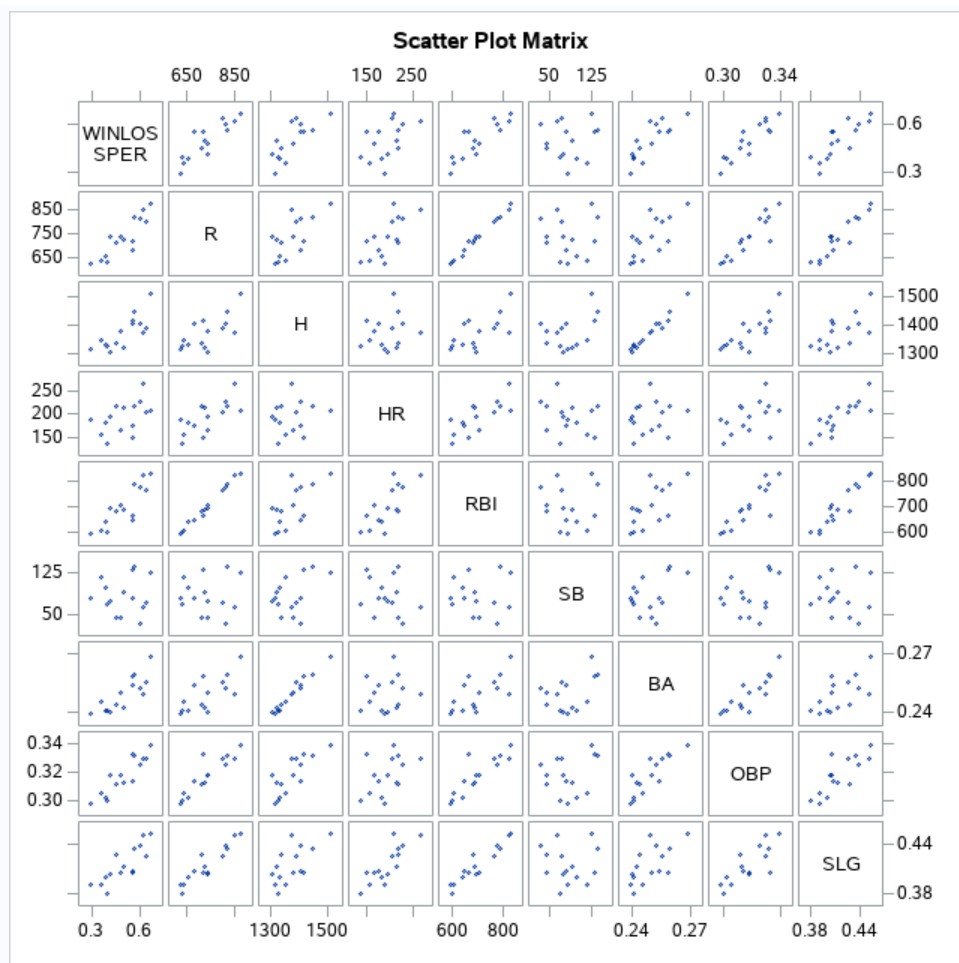
1d. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables by League

The CORR Procedure

League=AL

9 Variables: WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, N = 15 Prob > r under H0: Rho=0									
	WINLOSSPER	R	H	HR	RBI	SB	BA	OBP	SLG
WINLOSSPER	1.0000	0.87471 <.0001	0.78507 0.0005	0.50558 0.0545	0.85765 <.0001	0.04611 0.8704	0.83003 0.0001	0.90413 <.0001	0.82759 0.0001
R	0.87471 <.0001	1.0000	0.70131 0.0036	0.71396 0.0028	0.99549 <.0001	0.01859 0.9476	0.70288 0.0035	0.90008 <.0001	0.93159 <.0001
H	0.78507 0.0005	0.70131 0.0036	1.0000	0.18836 0.5014	0.67061 0.0062	0.41782 0.1212	0.98232 <.0001	0.80832 0.0003	0.66215 0.0072
HR	0.50558 0.0545	0.71396 0.0028	0.18836 0.5014	1.0000	0.75567 0.0011	-0.25260 0.3637	0.16399 0.5592	0.45038 0.0921	0.83358 0.0001
RBI	0.85765 <.0001	0.99549 <.0001	0.67061 0.0062	0.75567 0.0011	1.0000	-0.01219 0.9656	0.66529 0.0068	0.86440 <.0001	0.94204 <.0001
SB	0.04611 0.8704	0.01859 0.9476	0.41782 0.1212	-0.25260 0.3637	-0.01219 0.9656	1.0000	0.41401 0.1250	0.24501 0.3788	-0.02731 0.9230
BA	0.83003 0.0001	0.70288 0.0035	0.98232 <.0001	0.16399 0.5592	0.66529 0.0068	0.41401 0.1250	1.0000	0.85764 <.0001	0.64598 0.0093
OBP	0.90413 <.0001	0.90008 <.0001	0.80832 0.0003	0.45038 0.0921	0.86440 <.0001	0.24501 0.3788	0.85764 <.0001	1.0000	0.79635 0.0004
SLG	0.82759 0.0001	0.93159 <.0001	0.66215 0.0072	0.83358 0.0001	0.94204 <.0001	-0.02731 0.9230	0.64598 0.0093	0.79635 0.0004	1.0000



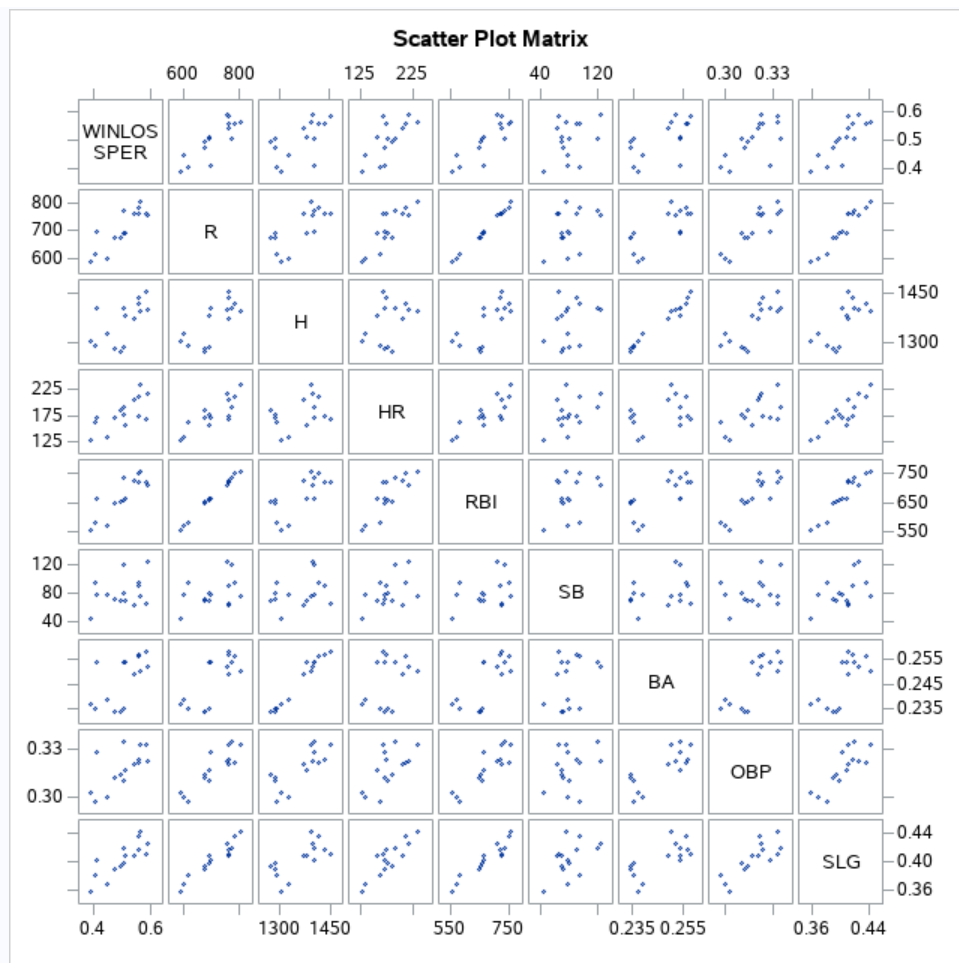
1d. Correlation Matrices of Offensive MLB Variables by League

The CORR Procedure

League=NL

9 Variables: WINLOSSPER R H HR RBI SB BA OBP SLG

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, N = 15 Prob > r under H0: Rho=0									
	WINLOSSPER	R	H	HR	RBI	SB	BA	OBP	SLG
WINLOSSPER	1.00000	0.85717 <.0001	0.61361 0.0150	0.70249 0.0035	0.84882 <.0001	0.33782 0.2181	0.60035 0.0180	0.65904 0.0075	0.81829 0.0002
R	0.85717 <.0001	1.00000	0.73839 0.0017	0.83976 <.0001	0.99633 <.0001	0.40110 0.1384	0.74236 0.0015	0.89053 <.0001	0.95974 <.0001
H	0.61361 0.0150	0.73839 0.0017	1.00000	0.38178 0.1603	0.72262 0.0023	0.31841 0.2474	0.98437 <.0001	0.79940 0.0003	0.70229 0.0035
HR	0.70249 0.0035	0.83976 <.0001	0.38178 0.1603	1.00000	0.83339 0.0001	0.46086 0.0838	0.39122 0.1493	0.63855 0.0104	0.87689 <.0001
RBI	0.84882 <.0001	0.99633 <.0001	0.72262 0.0023	0.83339 0.0001	1.00000	0.39273 0.1476	0.73636 0.0017	0.89059 <.0001	0.95621 <.0001
SB	0.33782 0.2181	0.40110 0.1384	0.31841 0.2474	0.46086 0.0838	0.39273 0.1476	1.00000	0.32679 0.2345	0.28955 0.2952	0.48920 0.0642
BA	0.60035 0.0180	0.74236 0.0015	0.98437 <.0001	0.39122 0.1493	0.73636 0.0017	0.32679 0.2345	1.00000	0.80310 0.0003	0.72161 0.0024
OBP	0.65904 0.0075	0.89053 <.0001	0.79940 0.0003	0.63855 0.0104	0.89059 <.0001	0.28955 0.2952	0.80310 0.0003	1.00000	0.81872 0.0002
SLG	0.81829 0.0002	0.95974 <.0001	0.70229 0.0035	0.87689 <.0001	0.95621 <.0001	0.48920 0.0642	0.72161 0.0024	0.81872 0.0002	1.00000



1d. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables by League

The CORR Procedure

League=

3 Variables: WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP

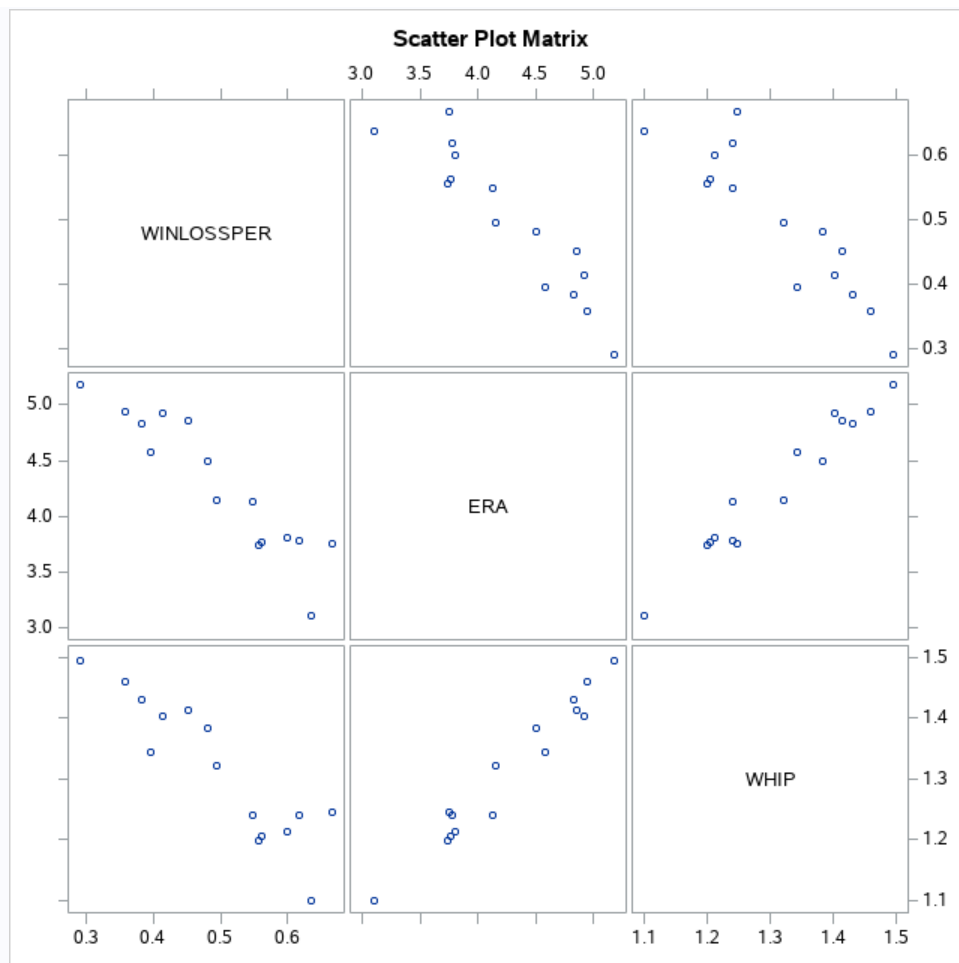
1d. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables by League

The CORR Procedure

League=AL

3 Variables: WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, N = 15 Prob > r under H0: Rho=0			
	WINLOSSPER	ERA	WHIP
WINLOSSPER	1.00000	-0.92775 <.0001	-0.90347 <.0001
ERA	-0.92775 <.0001	1.00000	0.97746 <.0001
WHIP	-0.90347 <.0001	0.97746 <.0001	1.00000



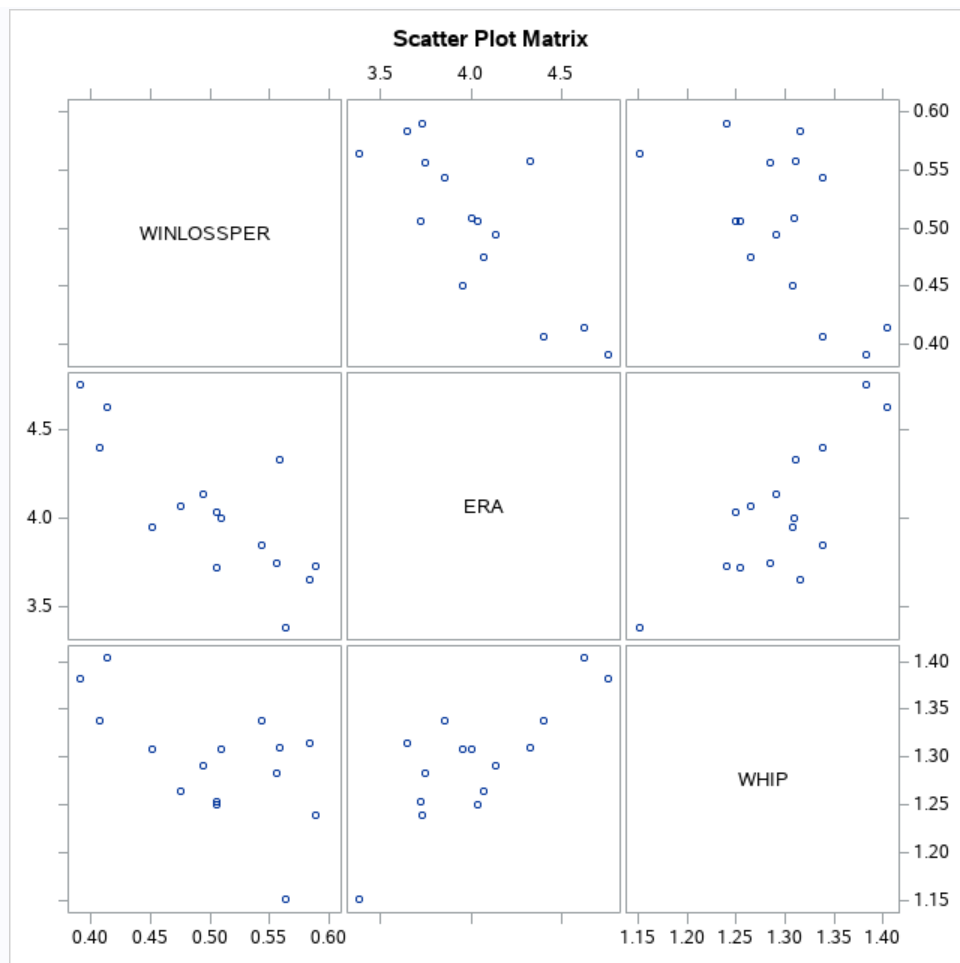
1d. Correlation Matrices of Defensive MLB Variables by League

The CORR Procedure

League=NL

3 Variables: WINLOSSPER ERA WHIP

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, N = 15 Prob > r under H0: Rho=0			
	WINLOSSPER	ERA	WHIP
WINLOSSPER	1.00000	-0.79333 0.0004	-0.60558 0.0167
ERA	-0.79333 0.0004	1.00000	0.78948 0.0005
WHIP	-0.60558 0.0167	0.78948 0.0005	1.00000



2a. Linear Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: SEJ SEJ

Number of Observations Read	36
Number of Observations Used	36

Analysis of Variance					
Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	1	48.94323	48.94323	105.20	<.0001
Error	34	15.81857	0.46525		
Corrected Total	35	64.76180			

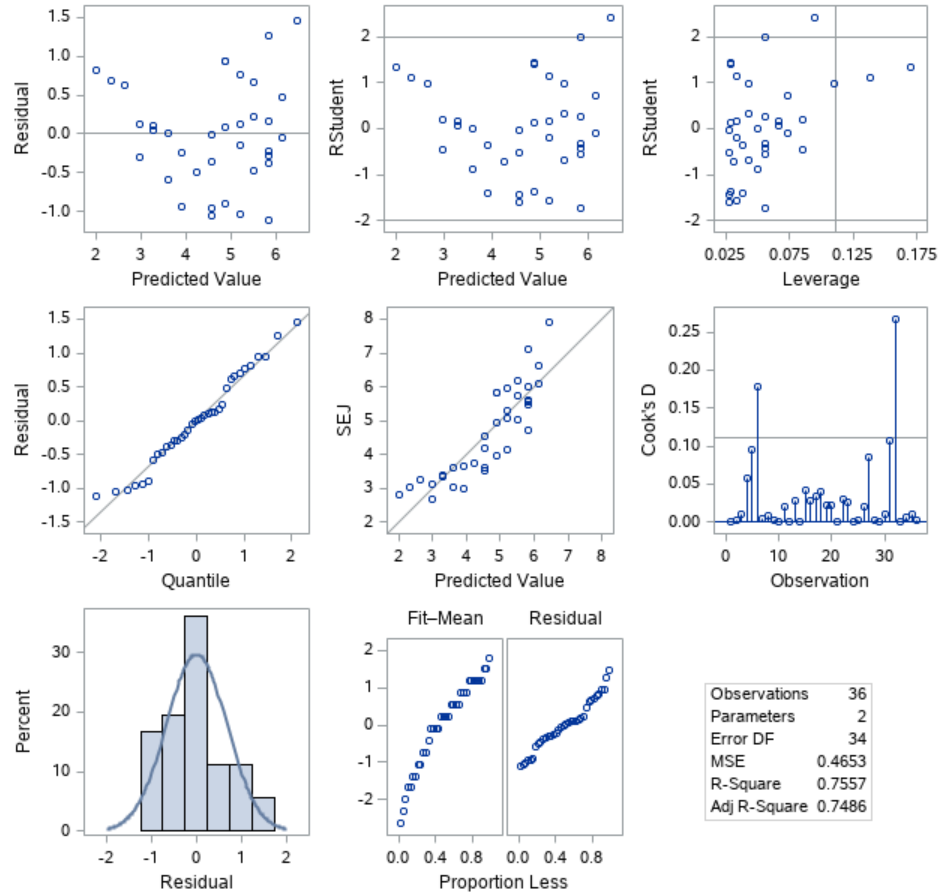
Root MSE	0.68209	R-Square	0.7557
Dependent Mean	4.65333	Adj R-Sq	0.7486
Coeff Var	14.65818		

Parameter Estimates						
Variable	Label	DF	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr > t
Intercept	Intercept	1	-2.76054	0.73173	-3.77	0.0006
MA	MA	1	31.81161	3.10158	10.26	<.0001

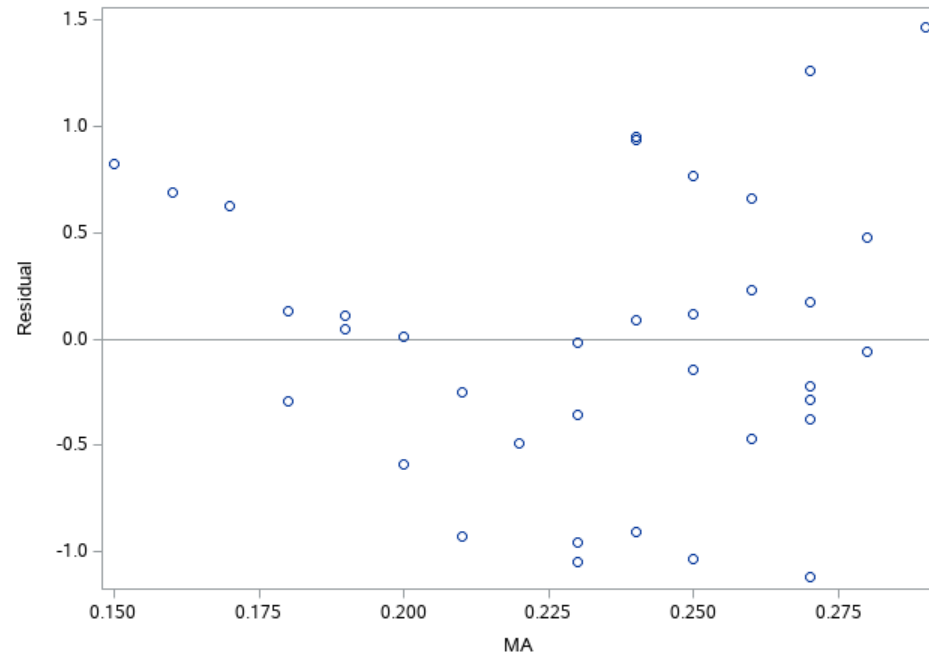
2a. Linear Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

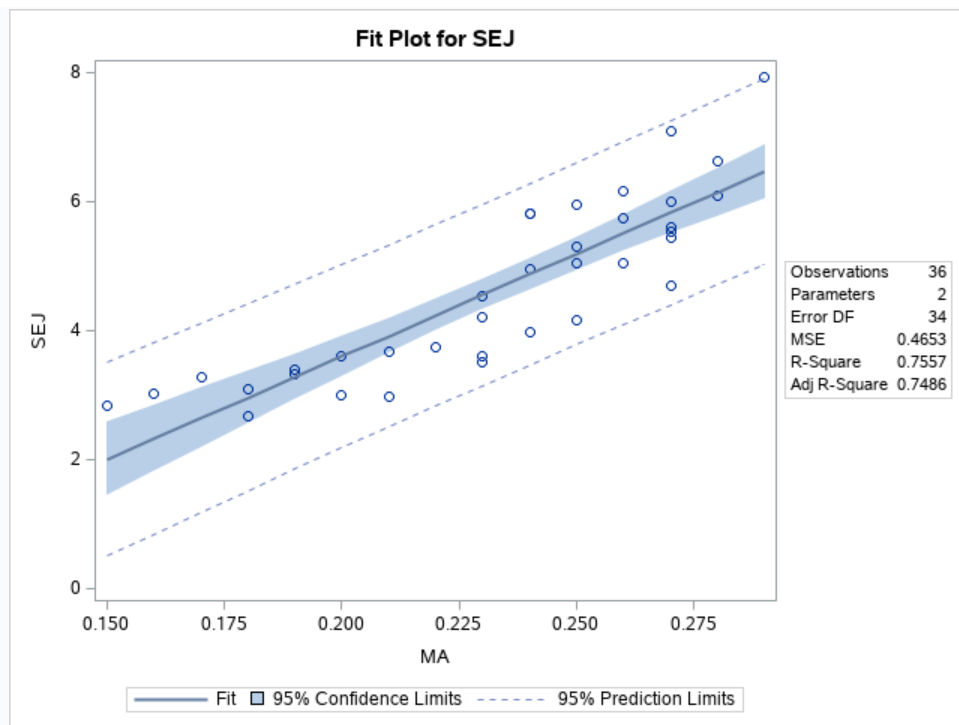
The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: SEJ SEJ

Fit Diagnostics for SEJ



Residuals for SEJ





2c. Quadratic Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: SEJ SEJ

Number of Observations Read	36
Number of Observations Used	36

Analysis of Variance					
Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	2	52.58568	26.29284	71.26	<.0001
Error	33	12.17612	0.36897		
Corrected Total	35	64.76180			

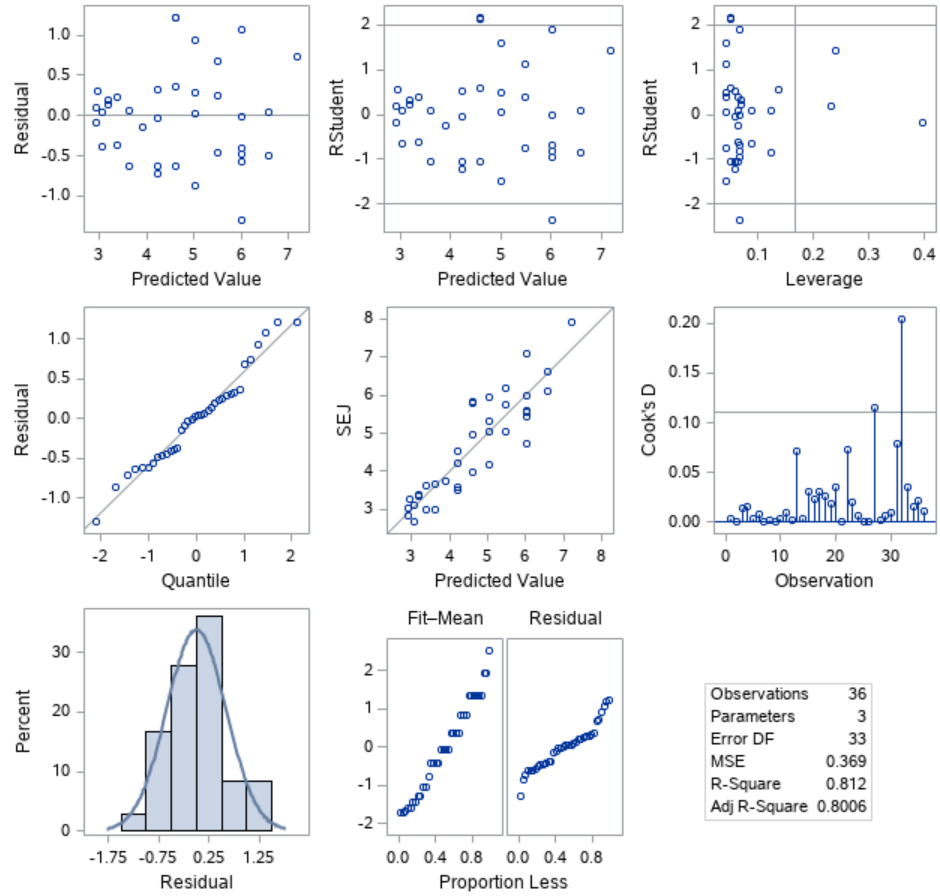
Root MSE	0.60743	R-Square	0.8120
Dependent Mean	4.65333	Adj R-Sq	0.8006
Coeff Var	13.05369		

Parameter Estimates						
Variable	Label	DF	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr > t
Intercept	Intercept	1	8.60935	3.67694	2.34	0.0254
MA	MA	1	-73.35032	33.58403	-2.18	0.0362
MASQ		1	236.05951	75.13149	3.14	0.0035

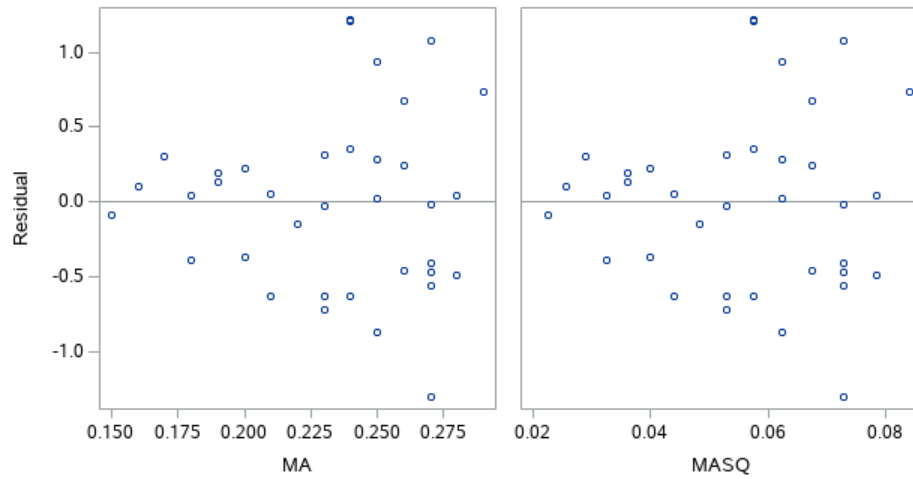
2c. Quadratic Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

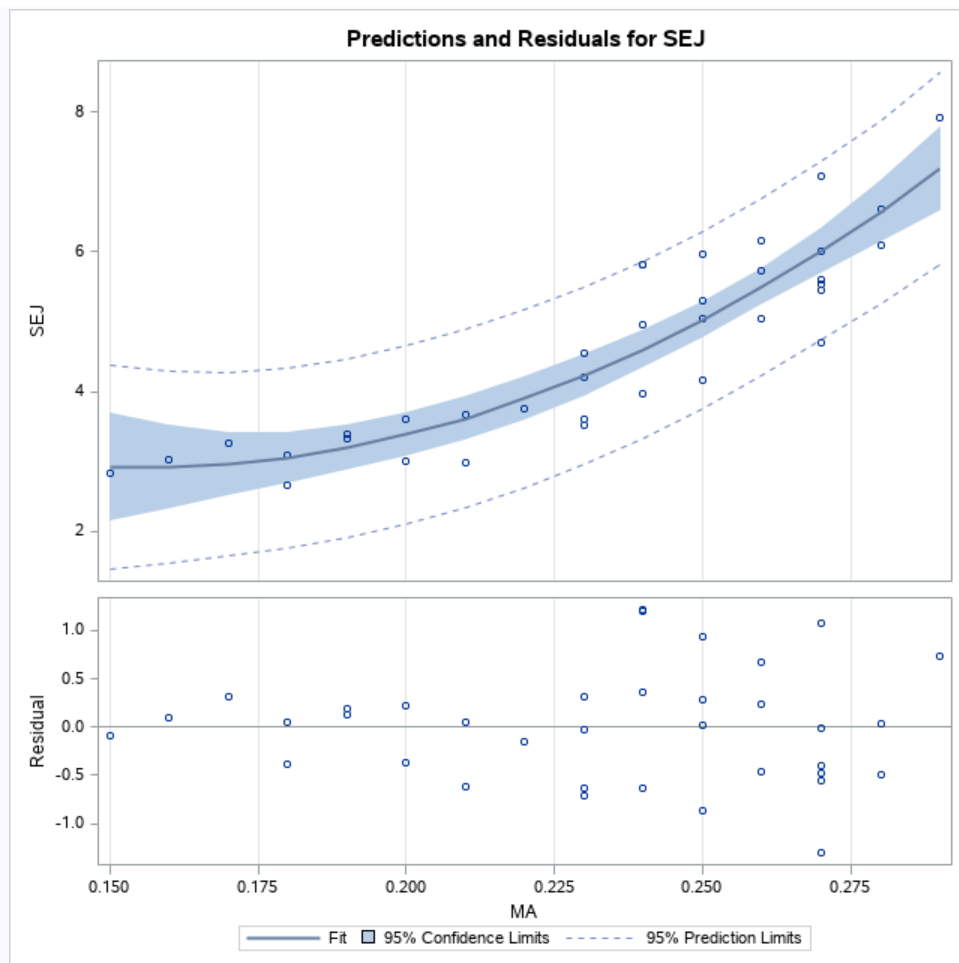
The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: SEJ SEJ

Fit Diagnostics for SEJ



Residual by Regressors for SEJ





2d. Exponential Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: InSEJ

Number of Observations Read	36
Number of Observations Used	36

Analysis of Variance					
Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	1	2.46668	2.46668	141.34	<.0001
Error	34	0.59339	0.01745		
Corrected Total	35	3.06007			

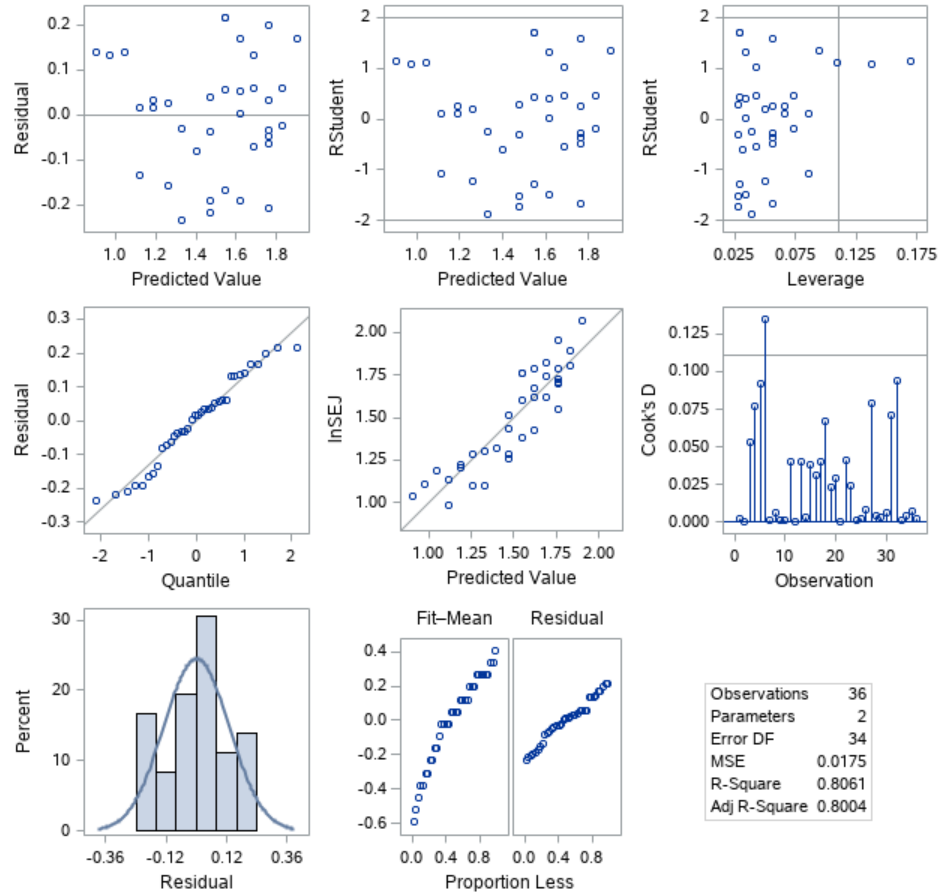
Root MSE	0.13211	R-Square	0.8061
Dependent Mean	1.49555	Adj R-Sq	0.8004
Coeff Var	8.83340		

Parameter Estimates						
Variable	Label	DF	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr > t
Intercept	Intercept	1	-0.16884	0.14172	-1.19	0.2418
MA	MA	1	7.14161	0.60072	11.89	<.0001

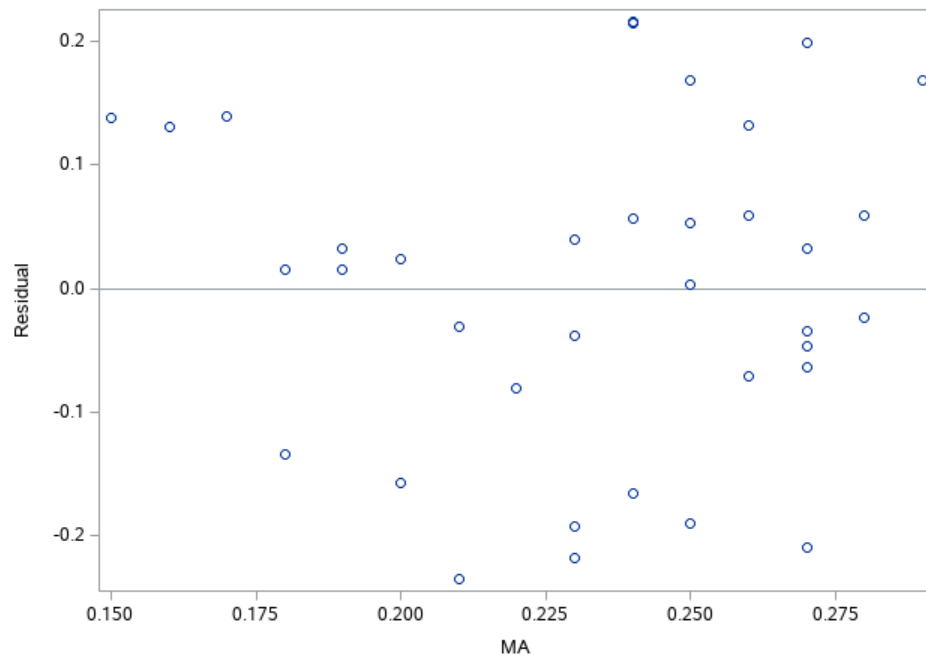
2d. Exponential Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

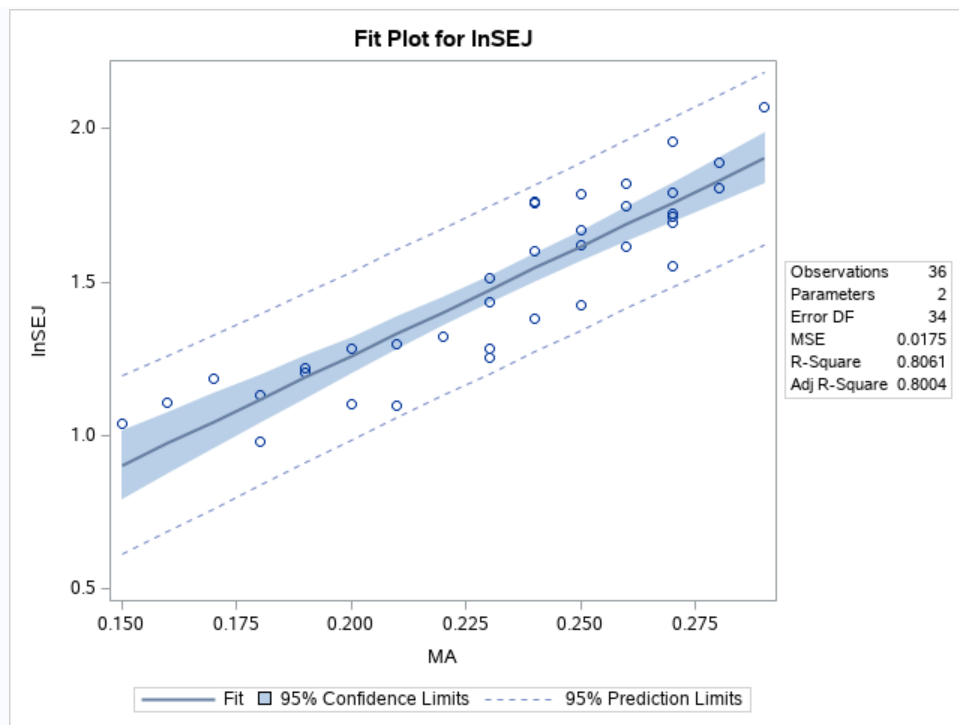
The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: InSEJ

Fit Diagnostics for InSEJ



Residuals for InSEJ

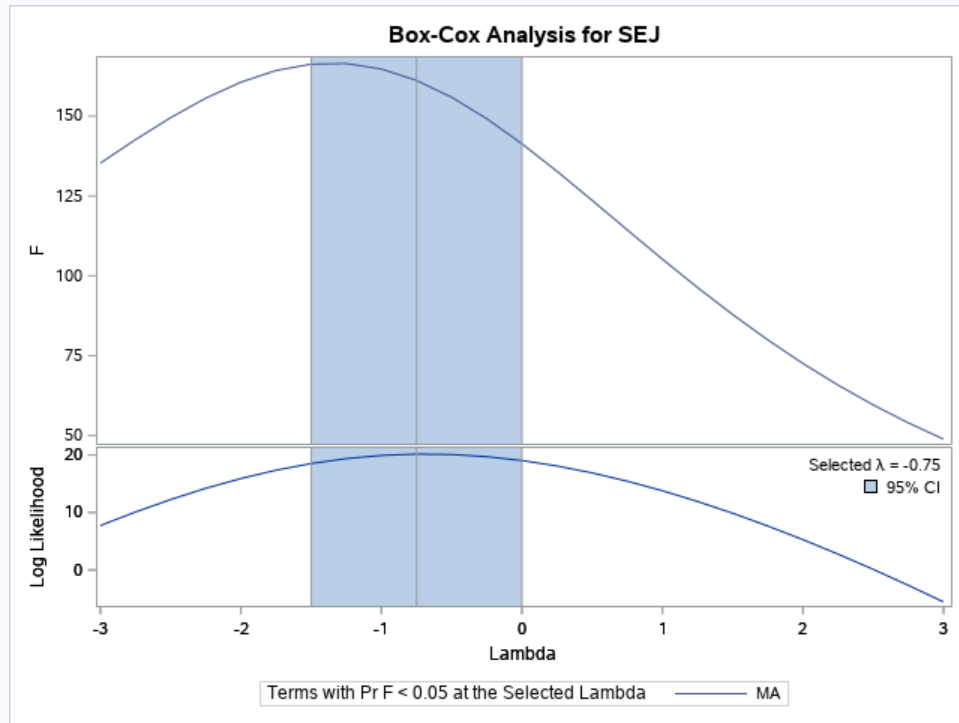




2d. Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data with Untransformed Regression Output (SEJ vs. SEJU)

Obs	Model name	DL	WL	Elements	SEJ	adjSEJ	FOUTN	MA	ST_Min	InSEJ	SEJP	SEJU
1	J022611T38	0.33	0.42	1139265	3.39	3.3	7653.53	0.19	63	1.22083	1.18807	3.28073
2	J022611T39	0.33	0.55	1177734	3.1	3.05	7347.61	0.18	90	1.13140	1.11665	3.05461
3	J022611T40	0.33	0.69	1138486	2.67	2.63	6999.04	0.18	73	0.98208	1.11665	3.05461
4	J022611T41	0.33	0.83	1086419	3.27	3.21	6737.5	0.17	78	1.18479	1.04523	2.84407
5	J022611T42	0.33	0.97	1047996	3.02	2.93	6442.83	0.16	65	1.10526	0.97382	2.64804
6	J022611T43	0.33	1.11	1007072	2.83	2.72	5932.73	0.15	43	1.04028	0.90240	2.46552
7	J022611T33	0.38	0.42	1146486	4.2	4.1	8960	0.23	108	1.43508	1.47373	4.36549
8	J021411T01	0.38	0.55	1203707	3.75	3.75	8635.51	0.22	97	1.32176	1.40232	4.06460
9	J030211T48	0.38	0.69	1153383	3.67	3.7	8313.37	0.21	70	1.30019	1.33090	3.78444
10	J021511T03	0.38	0.83	1103659	3.61	3.64	7966.53	0.2	57	1.28371	1.25948	3.52360
11	J021711T08	0.38	0.97	1072618	3.01	3.02	7768.39	0.2	64	1.10194	1.25948	3.52360
12	J021711T09	0.38	1.11	1044292	3.33	3.32	7401.19	0.19	44	1.20297	1.18807	3.28073
13	J022611T34	0.51	0.42	1095971	5.81	5.62	9436.23	0.24	77	1.75958	1.54515	4.68866
14	J021711T10	0.51	0.55	1124466	5.31	5.32	9919.35	0.25	69	1.66959	1.61656	5.03576
15	J021811T14	0.51	0.69	1108403	4.16	4.22	9768.02	0.25	66	1.42552	1.61656	5.03576
16	J021811T15	0.51	0.83	1095138	3.6	3.67	9275.19	0.23	72	1.28093	1.47373	4.36549
17	J021811T16	0.51	0.97	1094398	3.51	3.57	9116.86	0.23	72	1.25562	1.47373	4.36549
18	J021811T17	0.51	1.11	1069458	2.99	3.03	8496.61	0.21	47	1.09527	1.33090	3.78444
19	J022611T35	0.59	0.42	1030327	6.17	5.91	10263.06	0.26	67	1.81970	1.68798	5.40854
20	J021711T11	0.59	0.55	1077924	5.96	5.94	10127.58	0.25	67	1.78507	1.61656	5.03576
21	J030211T46	0.59	0.69	1081675	5.05	5.13	10029.38	0.25	70	1.61939	1.61656	5.03576
22	J022011T21	0.59	0.83	1103739	5.82	5.95	9428.57	0.24	74	1.76130	1.54515	4.68866
23	J030211T47	0.59	0.97	1129459	3.97	4.06	9717.49	0.24	68	1.37877	1.54515	4.68866
24	J021911T18	0.59	1.11	1096699	4.54	4.64	9269.83	0.23	75	1.51293	1.47373	4.36549
25	J030311T49	0.65	0.42	995611	6	5.68	10898.32	0.27	56	1.79176	1.75940	5.80893
26	J021811T12	0.65	0.55	1049741	6.62	6.53	11338.75	0.28	48	1.89010	1.83081	6.23895
27	J022111T26	0.65	0.69	1085106	4.71	4.74	10571.1	0.27	63	1.54969	1.75940	5.80893
28	J022111T25	0.65	0.83	1127189	5.74	5.85	10200.98	0.26	81	1.74746	1.68798	5.40854
29	J022011T23	0.65	0.97	1182948	4.96	5.07	9366.17	0.24	86	1.60141	1.54515	4.68866
30	J022011T19	0.65	1.11	1134838	5.04	5.16	10320.85	0.26	74	1.61741	1.68798	5.40854
31	J030211T45	0.73	0.42	962202	7.09	6.63	10939.08	0.27	45	1.95869	1.75940	5.80893
32	J021811T13	0.73	0.55	1032173	7.93	7.76	11725.13	0.29	49	2.07065	1.90223	6.70081
33	J022111T28	0.73	0.69	1092655	6.09	6.1	11245.83	0.28	62	1.80665	1.83081	6.23895
34	J022111T27	0.73	0.83	1167406	5.54	5.63	10570.2	0.27	80	1.71199	1.75940	5.80893
35	J030211T44	0.73	0.97	1248480	5.45	5.56	10679.1	0.27	100	1.69562	1.75940	5.80893
36	J021611T06	0.73	1.11	1186504	5.61	5.74	10949	0.27	90	1.72455	1.75940	5.80893

2e. Box-Cox Transformation of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data



2e. Power Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: SEJA

Number of Observations Read	36
Number of Observations Used	36

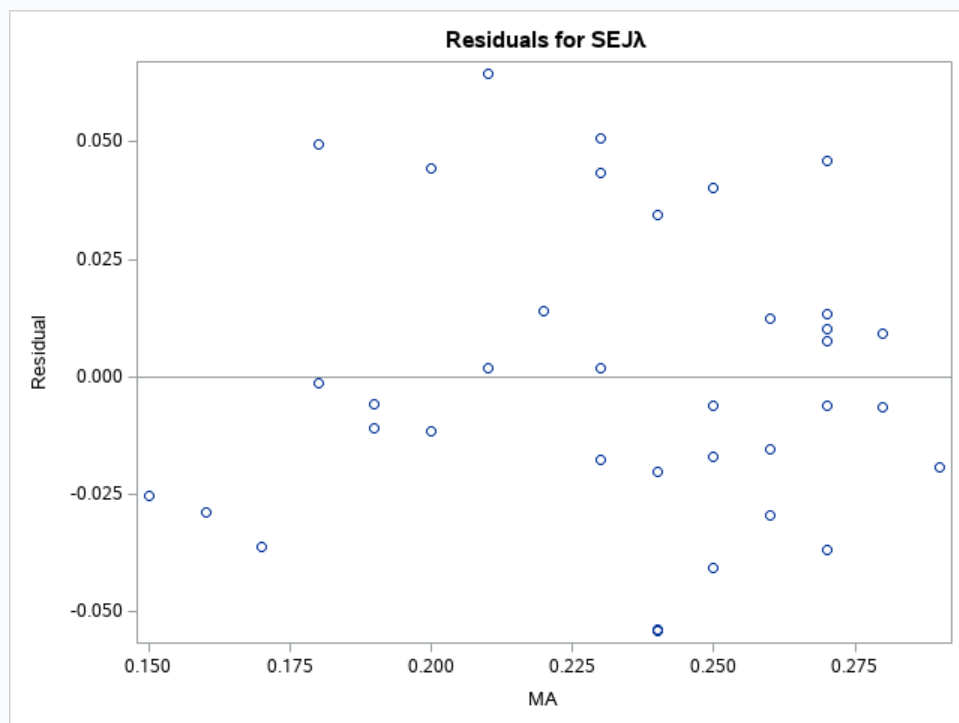
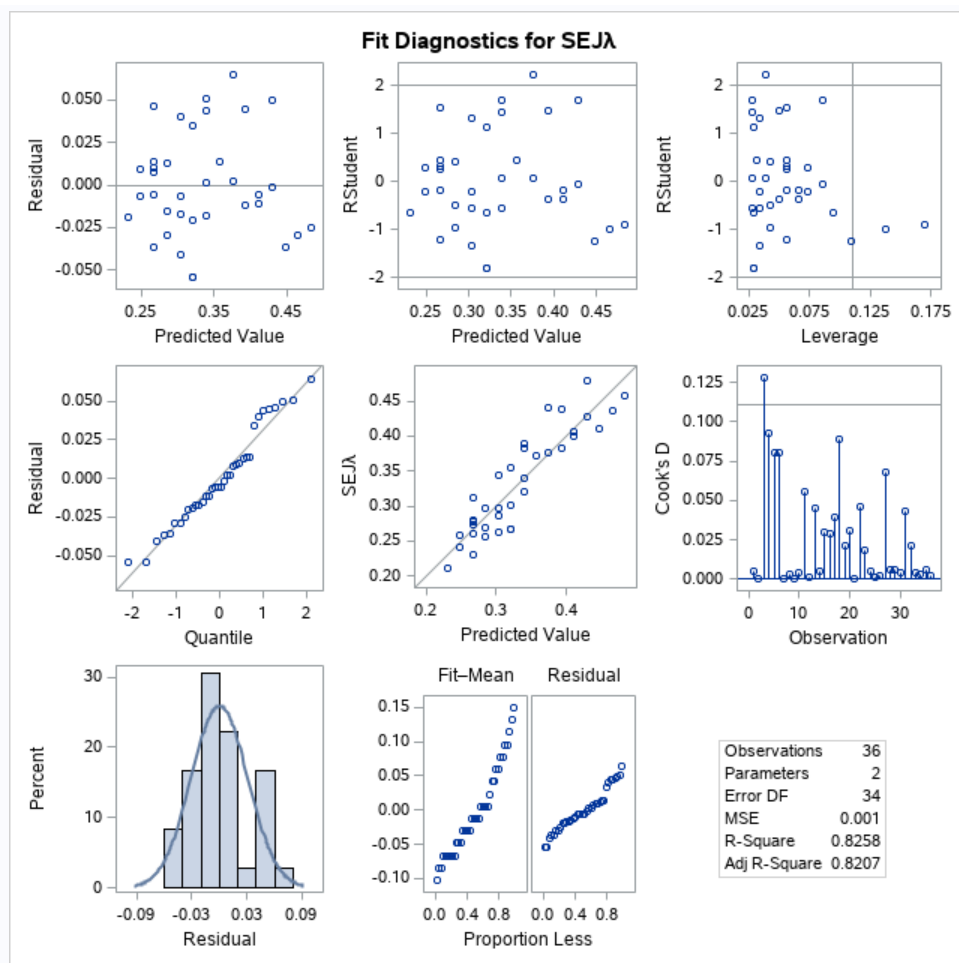
Analysis of Variance					
Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	1	0.15771	0.15771	161.17	<.0001
Error	34	0.03327	0.00097852		
Corrected Total	35	0.19097			

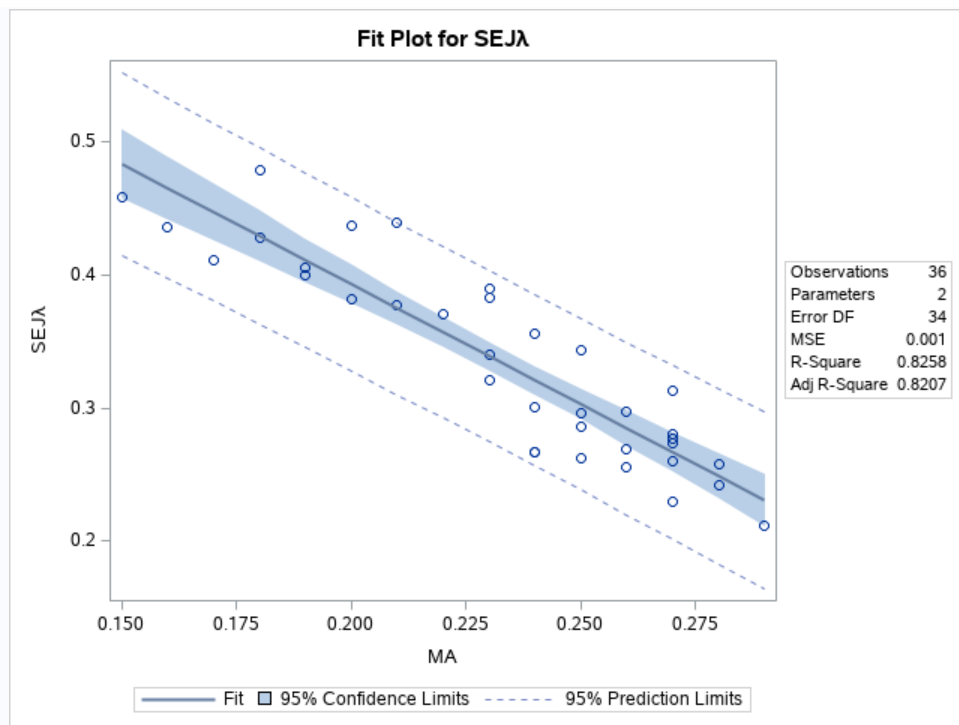
Root MSE	0.03128	R-Square	0.8258
Dependent Mean	0.33360	Adj R-Sq	0.8207
Coeff Var	9.37695		

Parameter Estimates						
Variable	Label	DF	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr > t
Intercept	Intercept	1	0.75444	0.03356	22.48	<.0001
MA	MA	1	-1.80577	0.14224	-12.70	<.0001

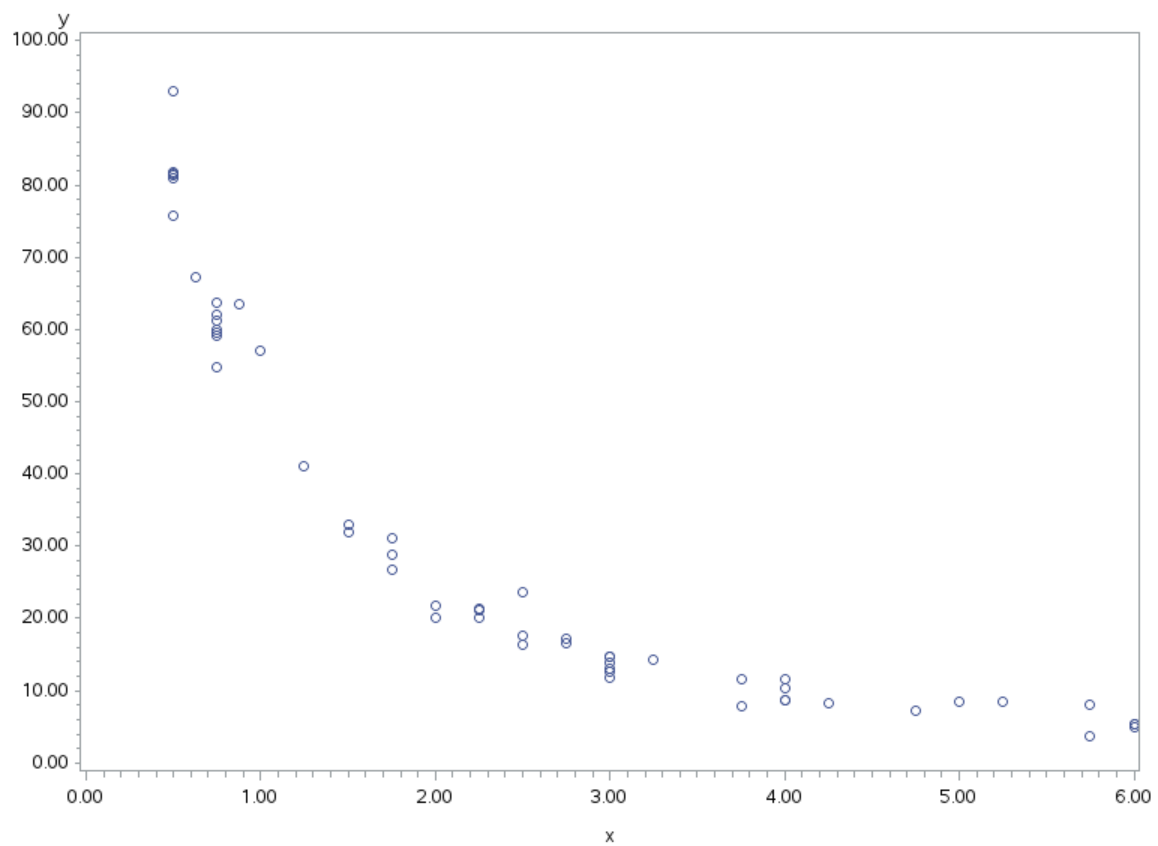
2e. Power Regression of Bone Cracking Hypercarnivores Data

The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: SEJA





3b. Scatterplot of Response Data



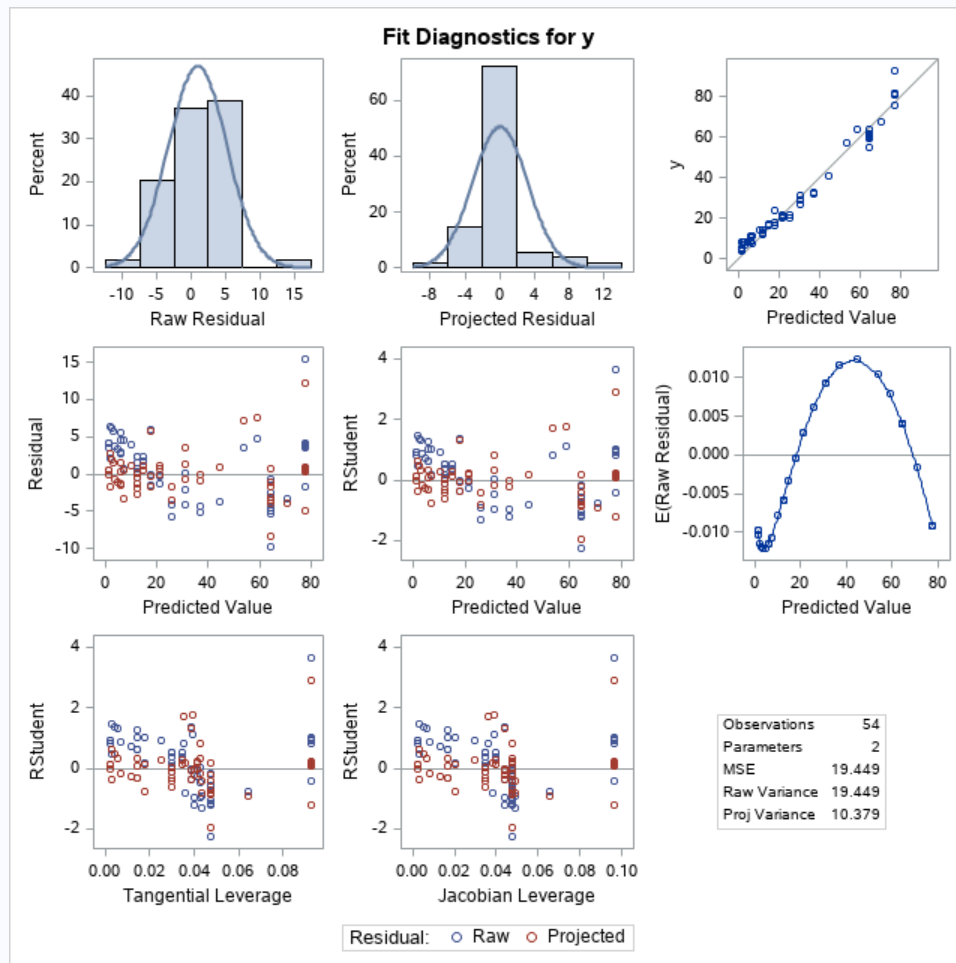
3c. Nonlinear Model of Response Data ($y = a \cdot e^{(bx)}$)

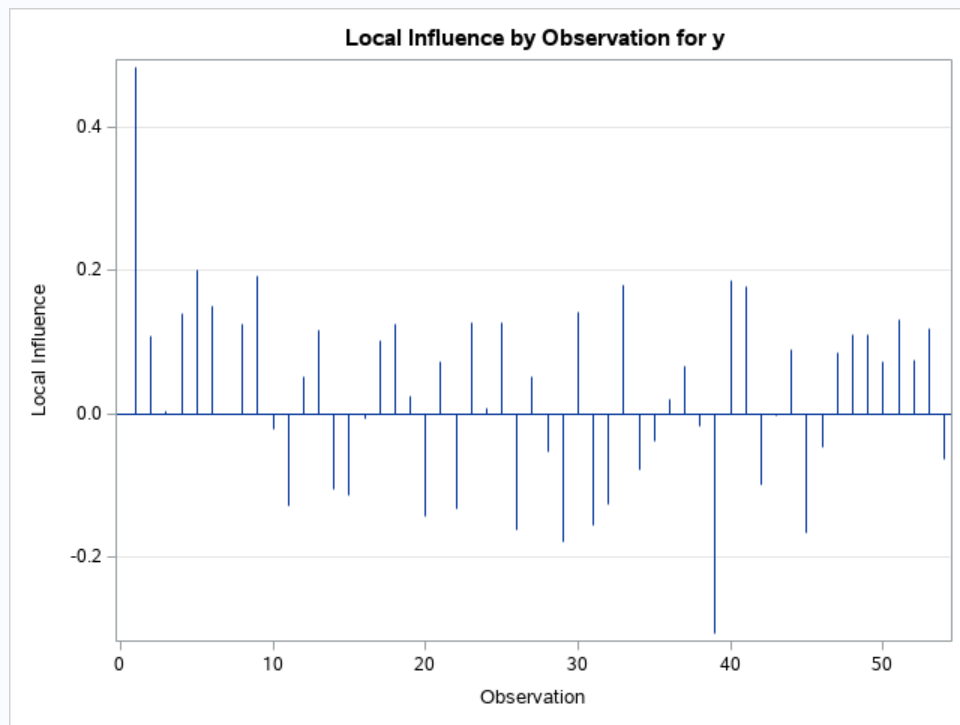
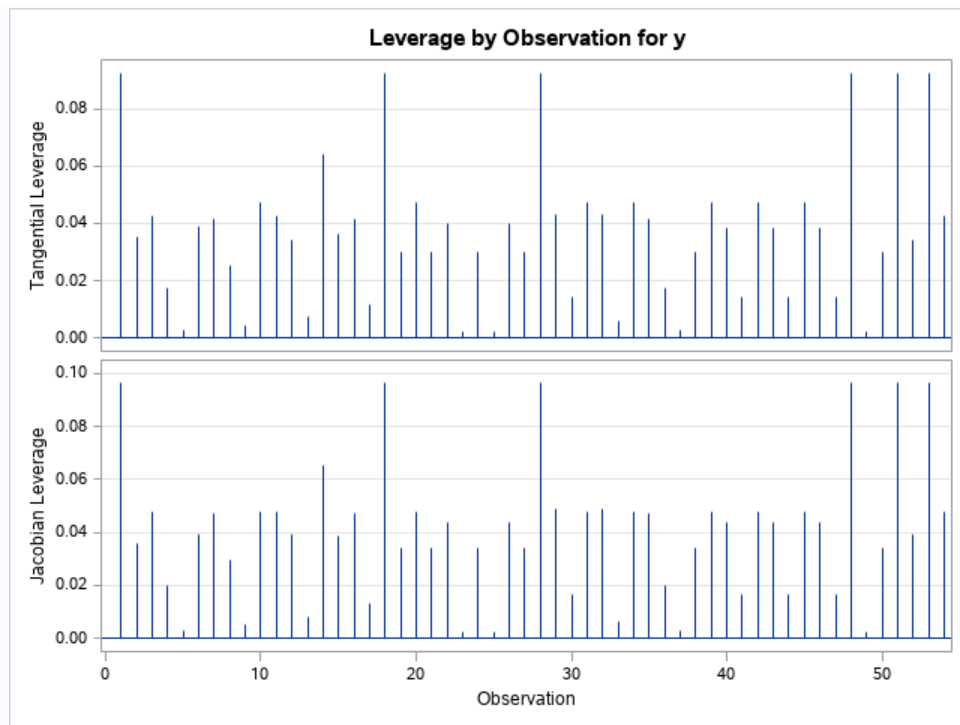
The NLIN Procedure
Dependent Variable y
Method: Gauss-Newton

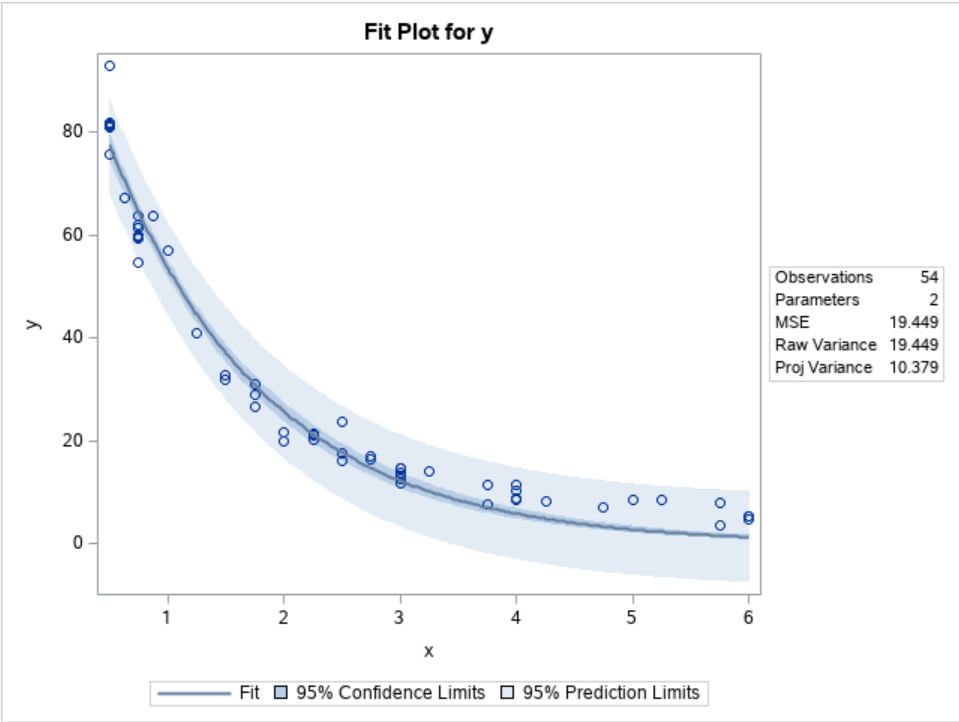
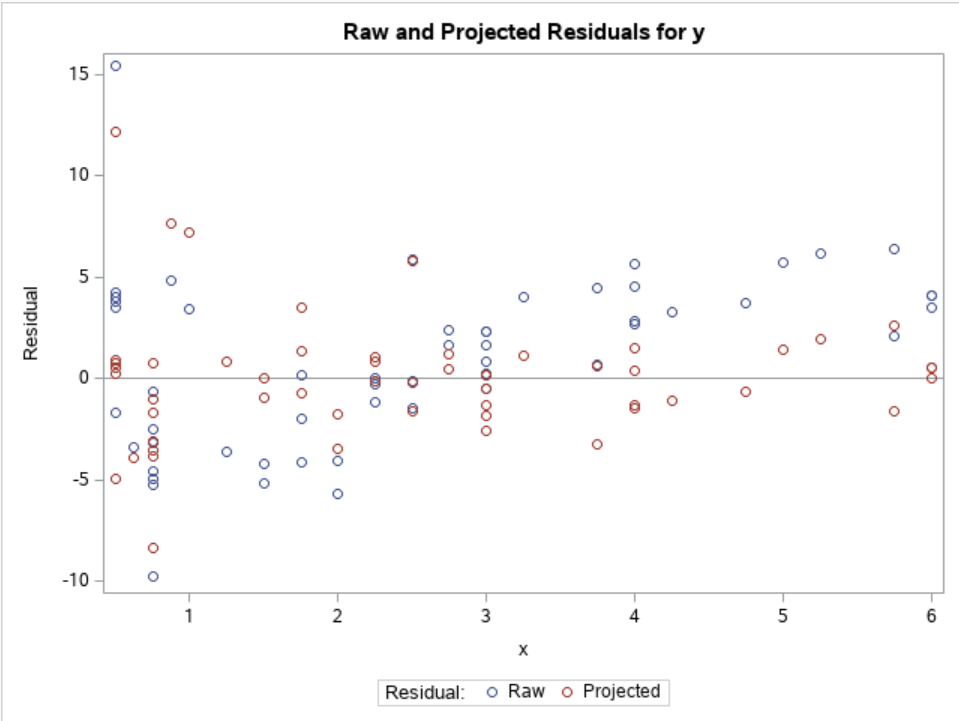
Iterative Phase			
Iter	a	b	Sum of Squares
0	1.0000	1.0000	823971

Iterative Phase			
Iter	a	b	Sum of Squares
1	1.2503	0.7892	173575
2	4.0202	0.2414	74795.0
3	38.3037	-1.5341	60007.0
4	46.9574	-0.3251	17464.2
5	87.7890	-0.6597	3518.6
6	110.4	-0.7330	1024.1
7	111.9	-0.7350	1011.3
8	111.9	-0.7352	1011.3
9	111.9	-0.7352	1011.3
10	111.9	-0.7352	1011.3

NOTE: Convergence criterion met.







Estimation Summary	
Method	Gauss-Newton
Iterations	10
Subiterations	2
Average Subiterations	0.2
R	3.179E-6
PPC(b)	8.62E-7
RPC(b)	6.283E-6
Object	6.11E-10
Objective	1011.327
Observations Read	54
Observations Used	54
Observations Missing	0

Note: An intercept was not specified for this model.

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Approx Pr > F
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Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Approx Pr > F
Model	2	89484.3	44742.1	2300.53	<.0001
Error	52	1011.3	19.4486		
Uncorrected Total	54	90495.6			

Parameter	Estimate	Approx Std Error	Approximate 95% Confidence Limits	
a	111.9	3.0488	105.8	118.0
b	-0.7352	0.0276	-0.7907	-0.6798

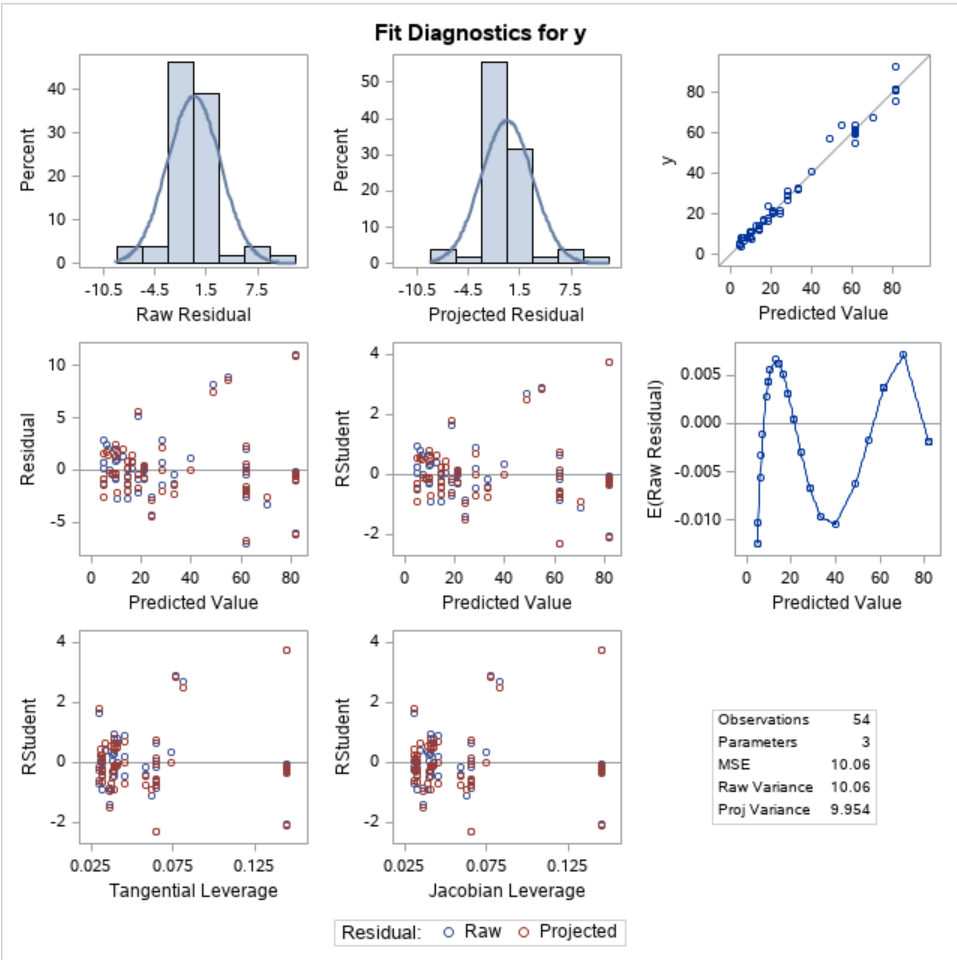
Approximate Correlation Matrix		
	a	b
a	1.0000000	-0.8409169
b	-0.8409169	1.0000000

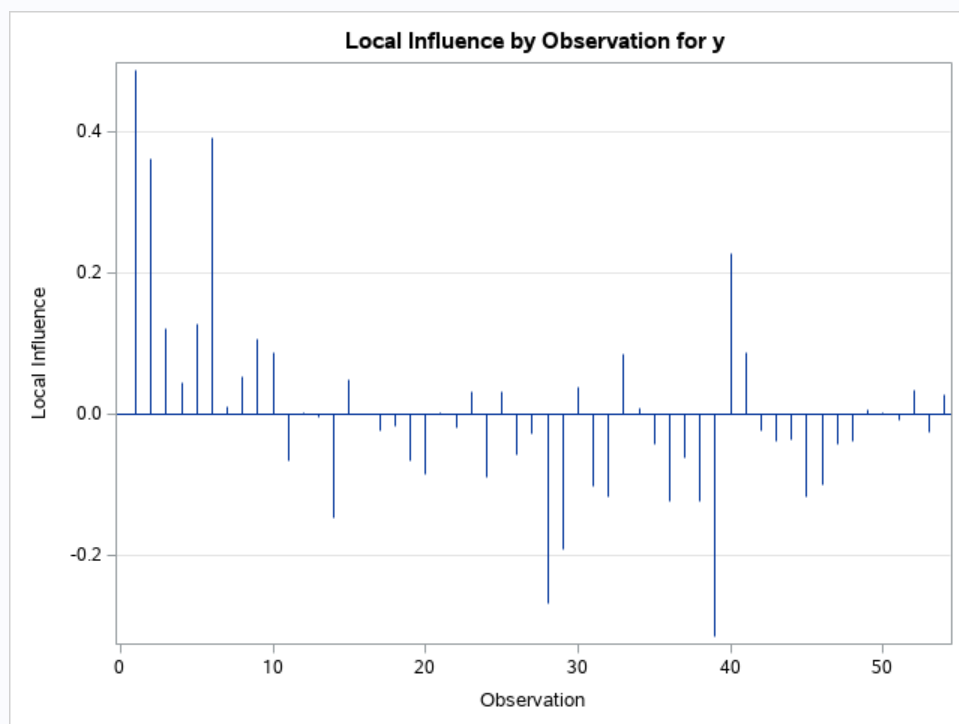
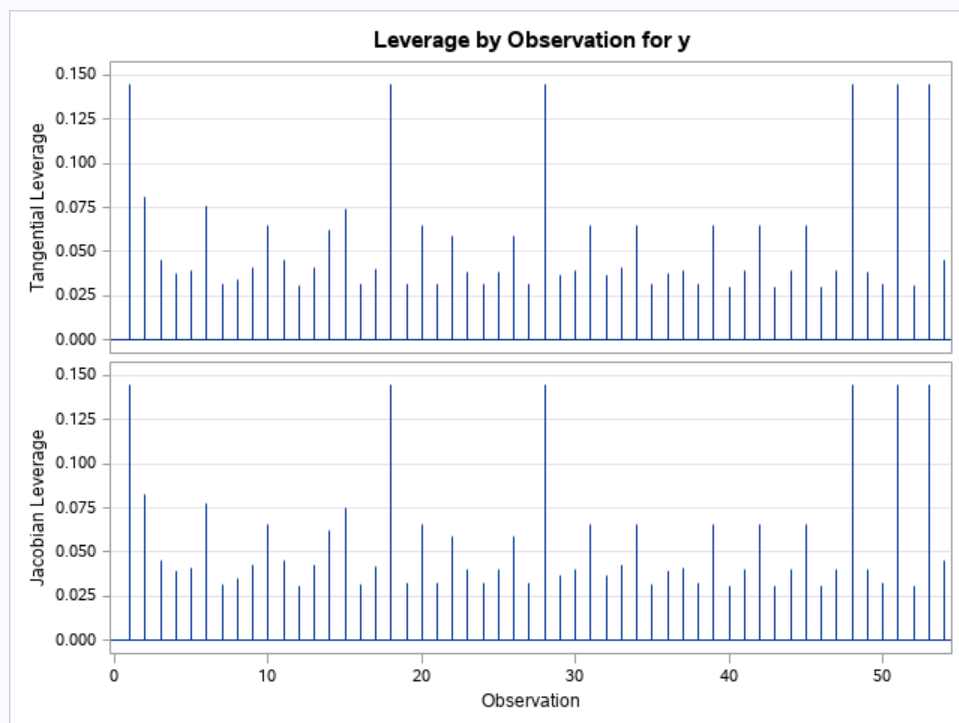
3d. Nonlinear Model of Response Data ($y = e^{(ax)/(b + cx)}$)

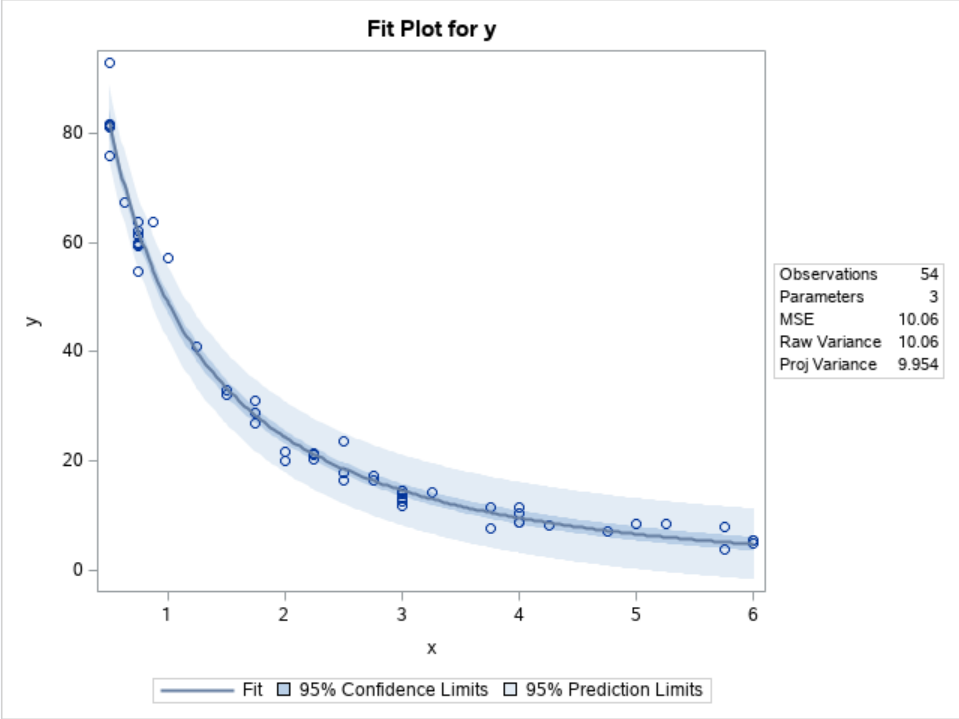
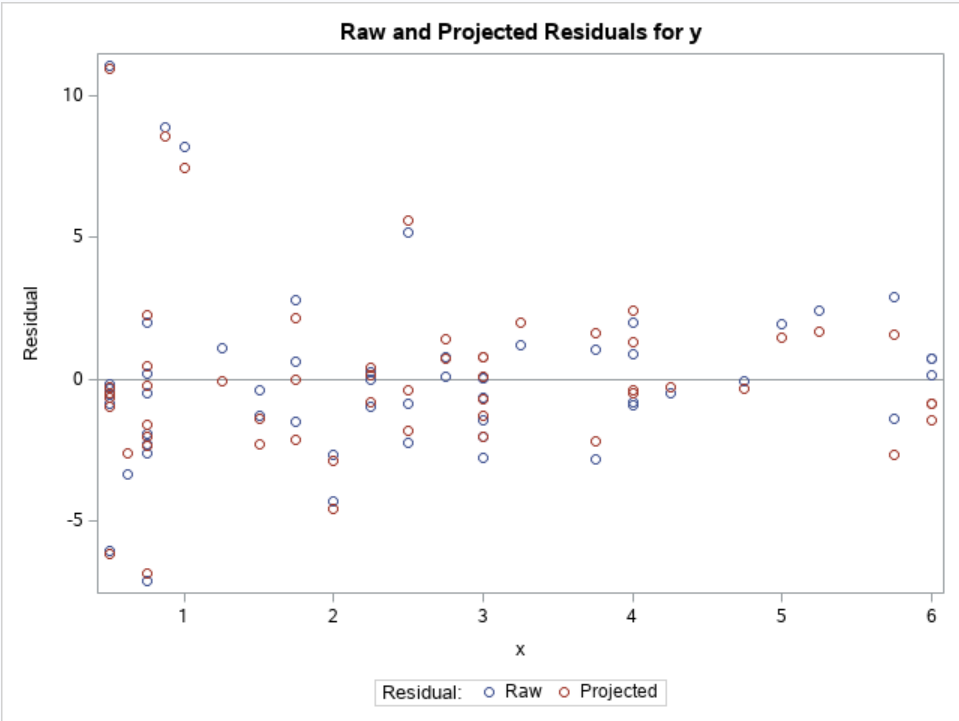
The NLIN Procedure
Dependent Variable y
Method: Gauss-Newton

Iterative Phase				
Iter	a	b	c	Sum of Squares
0	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	72705.2
1	0.0880	-0.00177	0.1015	51310.0
2	-0.0305	0.0139	0.0196	18614.2
3	-0.0656	0.00580	0.0183	4151.1
4	-0.1607	0.00496	0.0112	1004.2
5	-0.1656	0.00515	0.0121	515.1
6	-0.1665	0.00516	0.0122	513.0
7	-0.1666	0.00517	0.0122	513.0
8	-0.1666	0.00517	0.0122	513.0

NOTE: Convergence criterion met.







Estimation Summary	
Method	Gauss-Newton
Iterations	8
Subiterations	6
Average Subiterations	0.75
R	4.722E-7
PPC(a)	7.723E-7
RPC(a)	0.000017
Object	1.14E-10
Objective	513.048
Observations Read	54
Observations Used	54
Observations Missing	0

Note: An intercept was not specified for this model.

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Approx Pr > F
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Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Approx Pr > F
Model	3	89982.5	29994.2	2981.60	<.0001
Error	51	513.0	10.0598		
Uncorrected Total	54	90495.6			

Parameter	Estimate	Approx Std Error	Approximate 95% Confidence Limits	
a	-0.1666	0.0383	-0.2435	-0.0897
b	0.00517	0.000666	0.00383	0.00650
c	0.0122	0.00153	0.00908	0.0152

Approximate Correlation Matrix			
	a	b	c
a	1.0000000	-0.8441931	0.9397393
b	-0.8441931	1.0000000	-0.9620080
c	0.9397393	-0.9620080	1.0000000