Fecundity Models Fitted

Loïc Pages

2025-06-18

Introduction

##

accumulate, when

```
rm(list=ls())
library(knitr)
library(spaMM)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'registry':
    method
                         from
##
    print.registry_field proxy
    print.registry_entry proxy
## spaMM (Rousset & Ferdy, 2014, version 4.5.35) is loaded.
## Type 'help(spaMM)' for a short introduction,
## 'news(package='spaMM')' for news,
## and 'citation('spaMM')' for proper citation.
## Further infos, slides, etc. at https://gitlab.mbb.univ-montp2.fr/francois/spamm-ref.
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.4 v readr 2.1.5
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.1
## v ggplot2 3.5.1
                     v tibble
                                 3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.4
                        v tidyr
                                    1.3.1
## v purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(splines)
library(foreach)
##
## Attaching package: 'foreach'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
```

```
library(doParallel)
## Loading required package: iterators
## Loading required package: parallel
library(patchwork)
setwd("/media/loic/Commun/OTravail/Stage 2025 ISEM/Code")
IPM_data <- read.csv("newdata.csv")</pre>
centauree_data <- IPM_data[!is.na(IPM_data$SizeOMars) & !is.na(IPM_data$Age),]
centauree_data$Age[centauree_data$Age > 8] <- 8</pre>
spaMM.options(separation_max=70)
annees <- 1995:2022
populations <- c("E2","E1","Au","Po","Pe","Cr")</pre>
taille_range \leftarrow seq(0.5, 25, by = 0.5)
age_range <- 1:8
fake_data <- expand.grid(</pre>
  year = annees,
  Pop = populations,
 SizeOMars = taille_range,
  Age = age_range
fake_data <- fake_data %>%
  mutate(Nrw = row_number())
BIC
# N the number of subjects
# ntot the total number of observations
extractBIC <- function(fit, ntot, N){</pre>
  extractAIC(fit)[[2]] + (log(ntot)-2)*DoF(fit)[[3]] + log(N)*DoF(fit)[[1]]
}
```

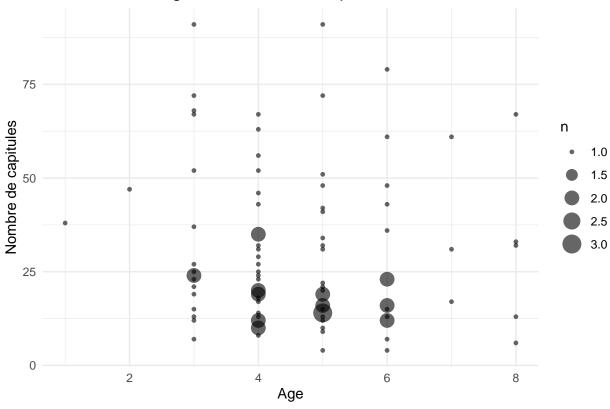
Nombre de capitules

```
cptldata <- centauree_data[centauree_data$Flowering!=0,]

# Nombre de capitules moyen / age
capidata <- cptldata %>%
    group_by(Age) %>%
    mutate(meancptl=mean(Capitule))
capidata%>%
```

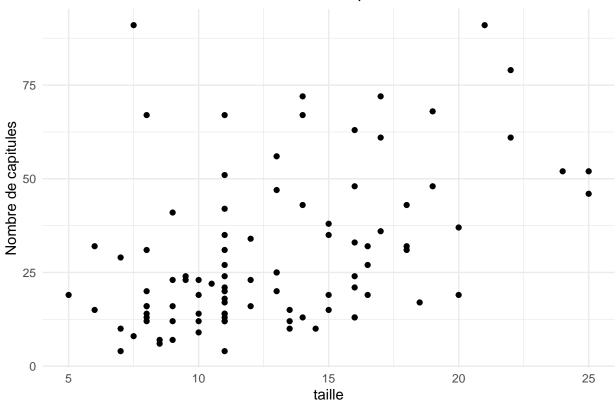
Warning: Removed 126 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
('stat_sum()').

Relation entre l'age et le nombre de capitules



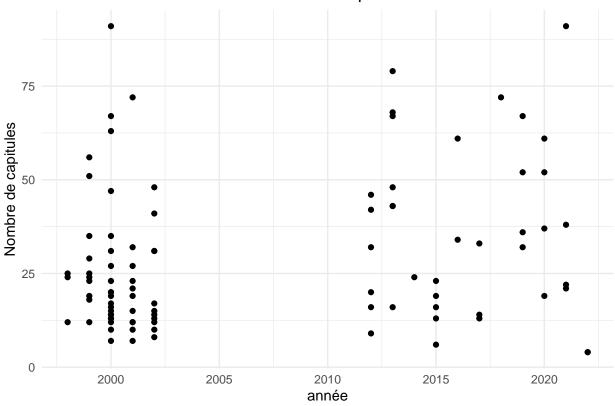
Warning: Removed 126 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
('geom_point()').

Relation entre la taille et le nombre de capitules



Warning: Removed 126 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
('geom_point()').

Relation entre l'année et le nombre de capitules



summary(ACptlglm1)

```
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + (Age | year)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs and phi by ML.
      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
  ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
            Estimate Cond. SE t-value
##
## (Intercept) 2.32734 0.2001 11.633
            0.06752
                       0.0136 4.963
## SizeOMars
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
          --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
##
               Term Var. Corr.
  Group
##
   year (Intercept) 0.2127
##
    year
              Age 0.0238
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.282245
##
   ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -82.96256
```

summary(ACptlglm2)

```
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + (Age | year) + (1 | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of lambda, ranCoefs and phi by ML.
      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
  ----- Fixed effects (beta) ------
##
##
             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.30931 0.20576 11.223
## SizeOMars
              0.06989 0.01349 5.181
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
           --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
##
               Term Var. Corr.
   Group
##
    year (Intercept) 0.2146
##
                Age 0.02458
                               -1
##
             --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##
     Pop : 0.018
##
               --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
               Term Estimate Cond.SE
##
  Group
     Pop (Intercept) -4.018 0.8667
##
```

```
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.265943
  ----- Likelihood values -----
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -82.50057
summary(ACptlglm3)
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + poly(SizeOMars, 2) + (Age | year)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs and phi by ML.
      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
  ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
                   Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)
                      3.1950 0.07642 41.8074
## poly(SizeOMars, 2)1 2.9216 0.58956 4.9555
## poly(SizeOMars, 2)2 0.1495 0.57139 0.2616
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
          --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
##
              Term
                      Var. Corr.
##
    year (Intercept) 0.2052
##
               Age 0.02343
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.28185
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -82.92893
summary(ACptlglm4)
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + Age + (Age | year)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs and phi by ML.
      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.38266 0.32556 7.319
## SizeOMars 0.06715 0.01373 4.892
            -0.01310 0.06124 -0.214
  ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
          --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
  Group
              Term Var. Corr.
    year (Intercept) 0.1994
##
```

##

year

Age 0.0229

----- Residual variance -----

of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16

phi estimate was 0.282392

```
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -82.94076
summary(ACptlglm5)
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + (1 | year)
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of lambda and phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) ---
##
            Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.28701 0.21297 10.739
## SizeOMars
            0.06886 0.01446 4.763
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
    --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
## year : 0.07845
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.312307
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -86.00139
summary(BCptlglm1)
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + (Age | year)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs and phi by ML.
      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##
            Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.32734 0.2001 11.633
             0.06752 0.0136 4.963
## SizeOMars
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
          --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
              Term Var. Corr.
## Group
##
   year (Intercept) 0.2127
##
               Age 0.0238
   year
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.282245
   ----- Likelihood values -----
                        logLik
            (p_v(h)): -82.96256
## logL
summary(BCptlglm2)
```

```
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + (Age | year) + (1 | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of lambda, ranCoefs and phi by ML.
      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
   ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.30931 0.20576 11.223
            0.06989 0.01349 5.181
## SizeOMars
  ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
           --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
##
##
               Term
                      Var. Corr.
  Group
##
    year (Intercept) 0.2146
##
    year
                Age 0.02458
##
             --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##
     Pop : 0.018
              --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
##
##
  Group
               Term Estimate Cond.SE
##
     Pop (Intercept)
                     -4.018 0.8667
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.265943
   ----- Likelihood values -----
                        logLik
## logL
             (p_v(h)): -82.50057
summary(BCptlglm3)
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + (1 | year)
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of lambda and phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##
             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.28701 0.21297 10.739
            0.06886 0.01446 4.763
## SizeOMars
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
            --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
   year : 0.07845
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.312307
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -86.00139
summary(BCptlglm4)
```

formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars

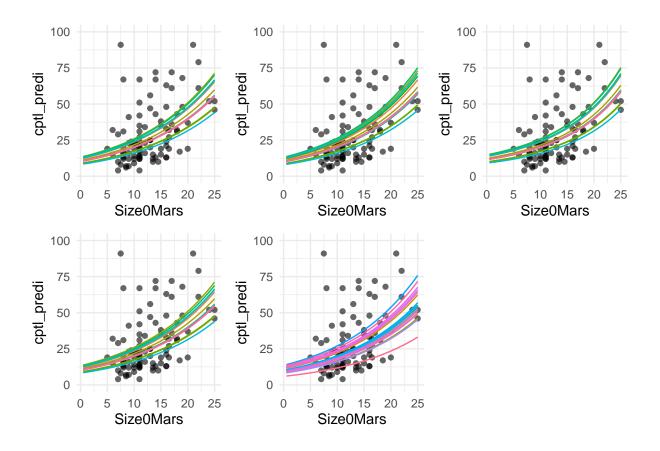
```
## ML: Estimation of phi by ML.
##
      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.20224 0.18997 11.592
             0.07455 0.01398 5.331
## SizeOMars
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Coefficients for log(phi) ~ 1 :
             Estimate Cond. SE
##
## (Intercept) -1.003 0.1451
## Estimate of phi=residual var: 0.3669
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                         logLik
## logL
                     : -87.17642
summary(BCptlglm5)
## formula: log(Capitule) ~ 1 + SizeOMars + (1 | year) + (1 | Pop)
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of lambda and phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) ------
##
             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 2.24781 0.22148 10.149
## SizeOMars 0.07159 0.01439 4.974
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
            --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
## year : 0.09097
##
     Pop : 0.01864
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.29351
## ----- Likelihood values -----
                         logLik
            (p_v(h)): -85.62765
## logL
ACptlpredict1 <- predict(ACptlglm1, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
ACptlpredict2 <- predict(ACptlglm2, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
ACptlpredict3 <- predict(ACptlglm3, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
ACptlpredict4 <- predict(ACptlglm4, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
ACptlpredict5 <- predict(ACptlglm5, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
BCptlpredict1 <- predict(BCptlglm1, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
BCptlpredict2 <- predict(BCptlglm2, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
BCptlpredict3 <- predict(BCptlglm3, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
BCptlpredict4 <- predict(BCptlglm4, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
BCptlpredict5 <- predict(BCptlglm5, newdata = fake data)[,1]</pre>
```

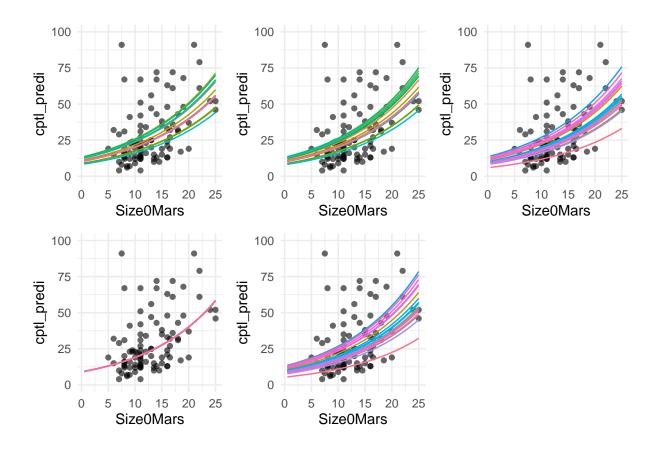
```
plot_capitule <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, fact) {</pre>
  data %>%
    mutate(cptl_predi = exp(prediction)) %>%
    group_by(!!sym(var),!!sym(fact)) %>%
    summarise(cptl_predi = mean(cptl_predi)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = cptl_predi)) +
    geom_point(data = cptldata, aes(y = Capitule), alpha=0.6)+
    geom_line(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]])),show.legend = FALSE) +
    theme_minimal() +
    ylim(0,100)
}
plot_capitule2 <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, fact) {</pre>
  data %>%
    mutate(cptl_predi = exp(prediction)) %>%
    group_by(!!sym(var),!!sym(fact)) %>%
    summarise(cptl_predi = mean(cptl_predi)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = cptl_predi)) +
    geom_point(data = cptldata, aes(y = Capitule), alpha=0.6)+
    geom_line(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]])),show.legend = FALSE) +
    theme_minimal() +
    scale_color_viridis_d(option = "plasma")+
    ylim(0,100)
}
```

Nombre de capitules en fonction de la taille

voir l'effet année

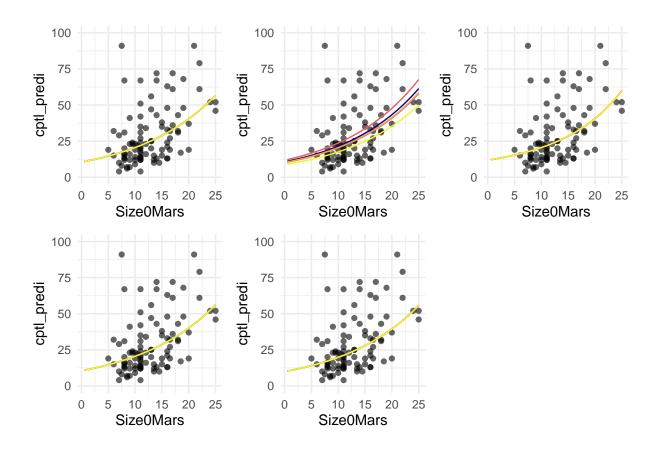
```
var <- "SizeOMars"
fact <- "year"</pre>
```

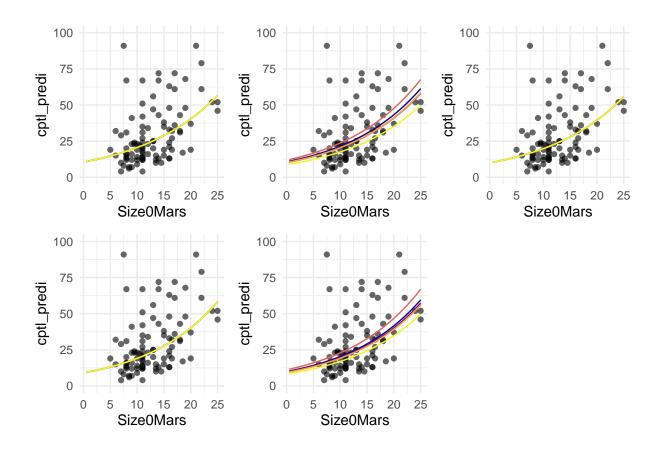




voir l'effet pop

```
var <- "SizeOMars"
fact <- "Pop"</pre>
```





Nombre de capitules en fonction de l'age

En fixant la population : voir l'effet année

```
var <- "Age"
fact <- "year"</pre>
```

