

Growth Models Fitted

Loïc Pages

2025-06-20

Introduction

```
rm(list=ls())  
library(knitr)  
library(spaMM)
```

```
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'registry':  
##   method                from  
##   print.registry_field proxy  
##   print.registry_entry proxy  
  
## spaMM (Rousset & Ferdy, 2014, version 4.5.35) is loaded.  
## Type 'help(spaMM)' for a short introduction,  
## 'news(package='spaMM')' for news,  
## and 'citation('spaMM')' for proper citation.  
## Further infos, slides, etc. at https://gitlab.mbb.univ-montp2.fr/francois/spamm-ref.
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --  
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5  
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr    1.5.1  
## v ggplot2    3.5.1      v tibble     3.2.1  
## v lubridate  1.9.4      v tidyr      1.3.1  
## v purrr      1.0.2
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --  
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()  
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()  
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(splines)  
library(foreach)
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'foreach'  
##  
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':  
##  
##   accumulate, when
```

```
library(doParallel)
```

```
## Loading required package: iterators  
## Loading required package: parallel
```

```
library(patchwork)
```

```
setwd("/media/loic/Commun/OTravail/Stage 2025 ISEM/Code")
```

```
IPM_data <- read.csv("newdata.csv")
```

```
centauree_data <- IPM_data[!is.na(IPM_data$Size0Mars) & !is.na(IPM_data$Age),]  
centauree_data$Age[centauree_data$Age > 8] <- 8
```

```
spaMM.options(separation_max=70)
```

```
annees <- 1995:2022
```

```
populations <- c("E2", "E1", "Au", "Po", "Pe", "Cr")
```

```
taille_range <- seq(0.5, 25, by = 0.5)
```

```
age_range <- 1:8
```

```
fake_data <- expand.grid(  
  year = annees,  
  Pop = populations,  
  Size0Mars = taille_range,  
  Age = age_range  
)
```

```
fake_data <- fake_data %>%  
  mutate(Nrw = row_number())
```

BIC

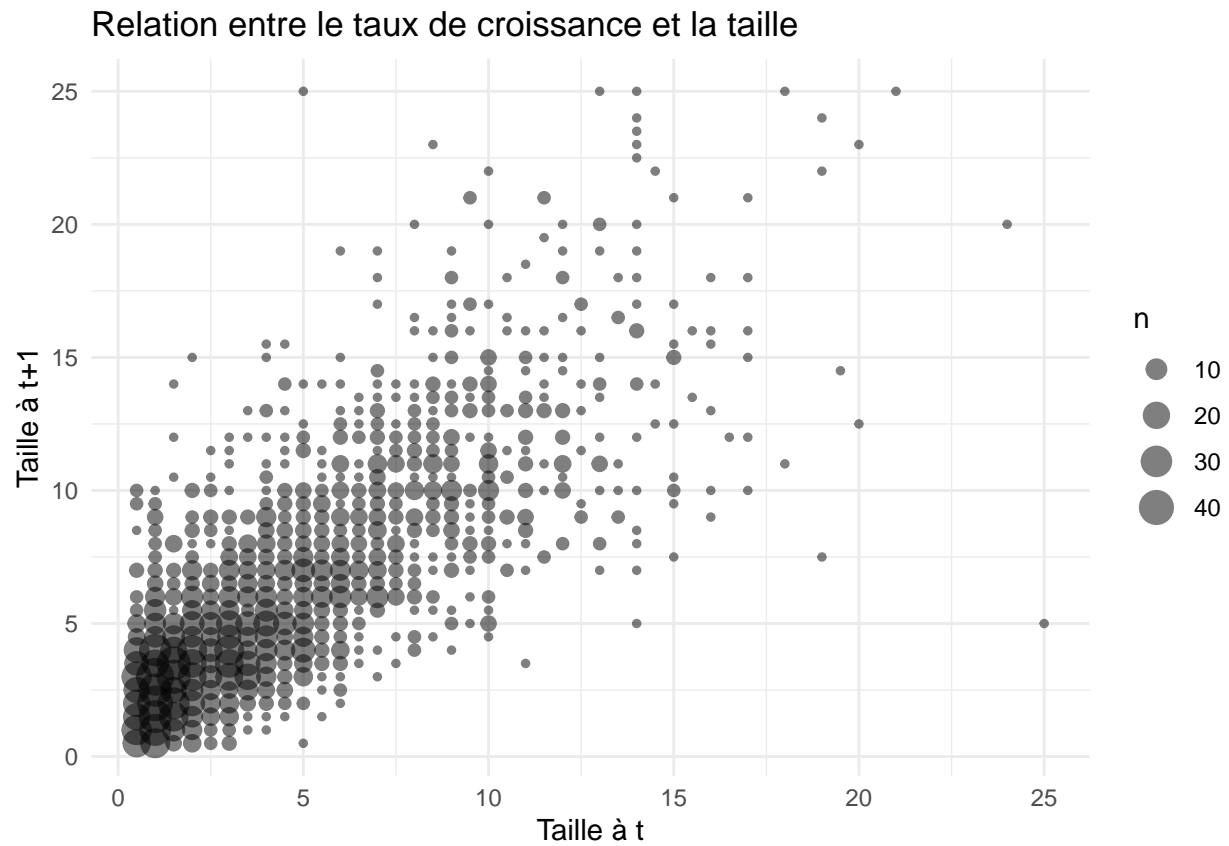
```
# N the number of subjects  
# ntot the total number of observations  
extractBIC <- function(fit, ntot, N){  
  extractAIC(fit)[[2]] + (log(ntot)-2)*DoF(fit)[[3]] + log(N)*DoF(fit)[[1]]  
}
```

Croissance

```
growthdata <- centauree_data[!is.na(centauree_data$Size1Mars), ]  
growthdata <- growthdata[growthdata$Size1Mars != 0, ]
```

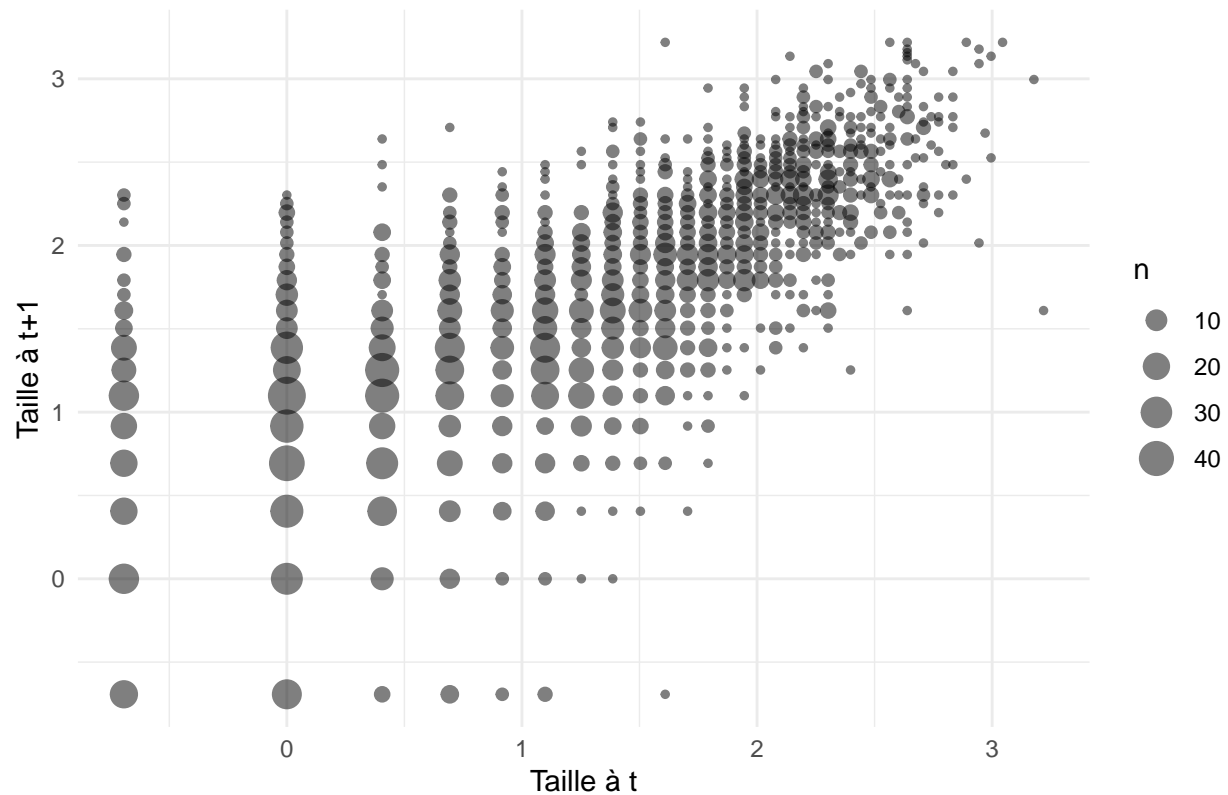
```
growthdata %>%  
  ggplot(aes(y = Size1Mars, x = Size0Mars)) +  
  geom_count(alpha=0.5) +  
  labs(title = "Relation entre le taux de croissance et la taille",  
        y = "Taille à t+1",
```

```
x = "Taille à t") +  
theme_minimal()
```



```
growthdata %>%  
  ggplot(aes(y = log(Size1Mars), x = log(Size0Mars))) +  
  geom_count(alpha=0.5) +  
  labs(title = "Relation entre le taux de croissance et la taille",  
        y = "Taille à t+1",  
        x = "Taille à t") +  
  theme_minimal()
```

Relation entre le taux de croissance et la taille



Variable : taille à $t+1$

AIC

```
AGrowthglm1 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars,3) + bs(Age,degree=2,knots=6.5) + (Size0Mars+Age|year),
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

AGrowthglm2 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars,3) + bs(Age,degree=2,knots=6.5) + (Size0Mars+Age|year),
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

AGrowthglm3 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars,3) + bs(Age,degree=2,knots=6.5) + (Size0Mars+Age|year),
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

AGrowthglm4 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars,df=5,degree=3) + bs(Age,degree=2,knots=6.5) + (Size0Mars+Age|year),
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

AGrowthglm5 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars,df=5,degree=3) + bs(Age,degree=2,knots=6.5) + (Size0Mars+Age|year),
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)
```

BIC

```

BGrowthglm1 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars,3) + poly(Age,2) + (Size0Mars+Age|year) + (1|Pop),
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

BGrowthglm2 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars,3) + poly(Age,2) + (Size0Mars+Age|year) + (Size0Mars
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

BGrowthglm3 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars,df=3,degree=2) + poly(Age,2) + (Size0Mars+Age|year) +
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

BGrowthglm4 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars,df=3,degree=2) + poly(Age,2) + (Size0Mars+Age|year) +
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

BGrowthglm5 <- fitme(Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars,df=3,degree=2) + poly(Age,2) + (Size0Mars+Age|year) +
  resid.model = ~ log(Size0Mars)+log(Age),
  data=growthdata)

```

```
summary(AGrowthglm1)
```

```

## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars, 3) + bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5) +
##      (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (1 | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of lambda, ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##
##              Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)          6.8681  0.3254 21.107
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)1    175.3943  7.9729 21.999
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)2   -27.1381  3.6562 -7.422
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)3   -14.0231  3.2240 -4.350
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)1  -2.1796  0.3670 -5.939
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)2  -0.7758  0.5123 -1.514
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)3  -1.6608  0.5824 -2.851
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.  Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept) 0.3225
## year  Size0Mars 0.03617  0.4012
## year      Age 0.0579 -0.5788 -0.6466
##      --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
## Pop : 0.3307
##      --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
## Group      Term Estimate Cond.SE
## Pop (Intercept) -1.106      0.6
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):

```

```
##      (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
##      1.1013346      0.5553254      -0.1231723
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                      logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5373.672
```

```
summary(AGrowthglm2)
```

```
## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars, 3) + bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5) +
##      (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (Size0Mars | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##                                     Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)                        6.8557   0.3269  20.970
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)1                  173.4030   8.8739  19.541
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)2                 -27.5269   3.7105  -7.419
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)3                 -14.5190   3.2482  -4.470
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)1   -2.1614   0.3681  -5.873
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)2   -0.7182   0.5163  -1.391
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)3   -1.6535   0.5854  -2.825
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.    Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept)    0.3111
## year  Size0Mars    0.03749  0.3567
## year      Age    0.05897 -0.5292 -0.6511
## Pop (Intercept)    0.4227
## Pop  Size0Mars    0.002421 -0.4581
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
##      (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
##      1.1002590      0.5487968      -0.1177191
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                      logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5371.931
```

```
summary(AGrowthglm3)
```

```
## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars, 3) + bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5) +
##      (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (Size0Mars + Age | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##                                     Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)                        6.7909   0.3216  21.1182
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)1                  169.8463  10.3203  16.4576
```

```

## poly(Size0Mars, 3)2          -27.0214   3.7069 -7.2895
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)3          -14.1233   3.2407 -4.3581
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)1 -2.0146   0.4071 -4.9492
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)2 -0.3801   0.6493 -0.5853
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)3 -1.1438   0.7335 -1.5594
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.  Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept)  0.3044
## year  Size0Mars  0.03769  0.3497
## year      Age  0.06018 -0.4798 -0.6621
## Pop (Intercept)  0.3457
## Pop  Size0Mars  0.007327 -0.3799
## Pop      Age  0.02162  0.4513 -0.8924
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
##      (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
##      1.1018776      0.5529610      -0.1335205
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                      logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5368.948

```

```
summary(AGrowthglm4)
```

```

## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3) + bs(Age, degree = 2,
##      knots = 6.5) + (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (1 | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of lambda, ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##                      Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)          2.9951   0.2817 10.6304
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)1  0.1898   0.2021  0.9393
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)2  2.0137   0.2319  8.6838
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)3 11.5301   0.7767 14.8446
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)4 18.4791   1.6136 11.4519
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)5  9.6559   2.8508  3.3871
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)1  -2.2395   0.3726 -6.0110
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)2  -0.8167   0.5127 -1.5929
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)3  -1.6982   0.5823 -2.9165
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.  Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept)  0.3157
## year  Size0Mars  0.03521  0.4125
## year      Age  0.05676 -0.587 -0.6374
##      --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##      Pop : 0.3325
##      --- Coefficients for log(lambda):

```

```
## Group          Term Estimate Cond.SE
## Pop (Intercept) -1.101 0.5997
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
## (Intercept) log(Size0Mars) log(Age)
## 1.0977436 0.5530660 -0.1162531
## ----- Likelihood values -----
## logLik
## logL (p_v(h)): -5371.908
```

```
summary(AGrowthglm5)
```

```
## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3) + bs(Age, degree = 2,
## knots = 6.5) + (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (Size0Mars | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
## Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 3.0394 0.3072 9.8945
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)1 0.1631 0.2029 0.8039
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)2 1.9682 0.2372 8.2966
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)3 11.4357 0.8095 14.1274
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)4 18.2805 1.6658 10.9740
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 5, degree = 3)5 9.0784 2.9213 3.1077
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)1 -2.2218 0.3736 -5.9466
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)2 -0.7635 0.5170 -1.4768
## bs(Age, degree = 2, knots = 6.5)3 -1.6931 0.5854 -2.8923
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
## --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group Term Var. Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept) 0.3026
## year Size0Mars 0.03646 0.37
## year Age 0.05783 -0.5384 -0.6414
## Pop (Intercept) 0.4342
## Pop Size0Mars 0.002599 -0.4807
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
## (Intercept) log(Size0Mars) log(Age)
## 1.0961953 0.5459654 -0.1096202
## ----- Likelihood values -----
## logLik
## logL (p_v(h)): -5369.948
```

```
summary(BGrowthglm1)
```

```
## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars, 3) + poly(Age, 2) + (Size0Mars +
## Age | year) + (1 | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of lambda, ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
```



```

##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##              Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)      6.204   0.2943  21.081
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)1 175.238  8.0186  21.854
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)2 -26.783  3.6566  -7.324
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)3 -14.597  3.2153  -4.540
## poly(Age, 2)1      -24.454  5.8905  -4.151
## poly(Age, 2)2       13.247  3.1211   4.244
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.   Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept)  0.3258
## year  Size0Mars  0.0366  0.4169
## year      Age 0.06767 -0.5861 -0.6402
##      --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
## Pop : 0.3333
##      --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
## Group      Term Estimate Cond.SE
## Pop (Intercept) -1.099  0.5998
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
## (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
## 1.1005961      0.5550940      -0.1207695
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##              logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5375.646

```

```
summary(BGrowthglm2)
```

```

## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + poly(Size0Mars, 3) + poly(Age, 2) + (Size0Mars +
##      Age | year) + (Size0Mars + Age | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##              Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)      6.222   0.3161  19.684
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)1 169.652 10.3213  16.437
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)2 -26.512  3.7000  -7.165
## poly(Size0Mars, 3)3 -14.585  3.2316  -4.513
## poly(Age, 2)1      -18.885  8.1322  -2.322
## poly(Age, 2)2       13.616  3.1115   4.376
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.   Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept)  0.306

```

```
##   year   Size0Mars  0.03791  0.3702
##   year           Age  0.06945 -0.5009 -0.652
##   Pop (Intercept)  0.3445
##   Pop   Size0Mars  0.007243 -0.397
##   Pop           Age  0.02488  0.445 -0.8937
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
##   (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
##      1.1013469      0.5536565      -0.1329799
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                               logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5370.716
```

```
summary(BGrowthglm3)
```

```
## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2) + poly(Age,
##   2) + (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (1 | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of lambda, ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##   Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##                                     Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)                        2.3035  0.2962  7.776
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)1  0.8622  0.1814  4.754
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)2 16.9987  0.7567 22.465
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)3 14.1734  1.6955  8.359
## poly(Age, 2)1                      -25.6615  5.8234 -4.407
## poly(Age, 2)2                      13.7731  3.1191  4.416
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
## --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.  Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept) 0.3226
## year   Size0Mars 0.03285  0.4383
## year      Age 0.06484 -0.5954 -0.6164
## --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##   Pop : 0.3352
## --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
## Group      Term Estimate Cond.SE
## Pop (Intercept) -1.093  0.5996
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
##   (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
##      1.0939827      0.5525519      -0.1057685
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                               logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5376.037
```

```
summary(BGrowthglm4)
```

```
## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2) + poly(Age,
##      2) + (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (Size0Mars | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##
##                                Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)                    2.3587   0.3262   7.230
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)1  0.8198   0.1844   4.446
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)2 16.8865   0.8111  20.820
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)3 13.8051   1.7810   7.752
## poly(Age, 2)1                   -25.2920   5.8676  -4.310
## poly(Age, 2)2                    13.5650   3.1255   4.340
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.  Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept)  0.3089
## year  Size0Mars  0.03393  0.4029
## year      Age  0.06602 -0.5576 -0.6184
## Pop (Intercept)  0.4541
## Pop  Size0Mars  0.002262 -0.559
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
##      (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
##      1.0919372      0.5463953      -0.0990932
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                                logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5374.325
```

```
summary(BGrowthglm5)
```

```
## formula: Size1Mars ~ 1 + bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2) + poly(Age,
##      2) + (Size0Mars + Age | year) + (Size0Mars + Age | Pop)
## ML: Estimation of ranCoefs, rdisPars and phi by ML.
##      Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##
##                                Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)                    2.4441   0.3896   6.274
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)1  0.8288   0.1875   4.420
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)2 16.5176   0.9027  18.298
## bs(Size0Mars, df = 3, degree = 2)3 13.6225   1.9119   7.125
## poly(Age, 2)1                   -20.2866   8.0725  -2.513
## poly(Age, 2)2                    14.1127   3.1105   4.537
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
```

```
##          --- Random-coefficients Cov matrices:
## Group      Term      Var.   Corr. Corr..1
## year (Intercept)  0.3031
## year  Size0Mars  0.03404  0.3906
## year      Age  0.06608 -0.5158 -0.6268
## Pop (Intercept)  0.3599
## Pop  Size0Mars  0.007014 -0.4838
## Pop      Age  0.02489  0.4903 -0.898
## # of obs: 2389; # of groups: year, 27; Pop, 6
## ----- Residual variance -----
## Estimates for log(phi) ~log(Size0Mars) + log(Age):
## (Intercept) log(Size0Mars)      log(Age)
##      1.0946807      0.5512137      -0.1174473
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                      logLik
## logL      (p_v(h)): -5371.355
```

```
AGrowthpredict1 <- predict(AGrowthglm1, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
AGrowthpredict2 <- predict(AGrowthglm2, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
AGrowthpredict3 <- predict(AGrowthglm3, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
AGrowthpredict4 <- predict(AGrowthglm4, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
AGrowthpredict5 <- predict(AGrowthglm5, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
```

```
BGrowthpredict1 <- predict(BGrowthglm1, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
BGrowthpredict2 <- predict(BGrowthglm2, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
BGrowthpredict3 <- predict(BGrowthglm3, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
BGrowthpredict4 <- predict(BGrowthglm4, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
BGrowthpredict5 <- predict(BGrowthglm5, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
```

```
plot_growth1 <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, c1, c2, valc1=1, fact) {
  data %>%
    mutate(size1predi = prediction) %>%
    group_by(!sym(var), !sym(fact)) %>%
    filter(!sym(c1) == valc1) %>%
    summarise(size1predi = mean(size1predi),
              .groups = "drop") %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = size1predi)) +
    geom_line(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]])), show.legend = FALSE) +
    geom_abline()+
    theme_minimal()
}
```

```
plot_growth2 <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, c1, c2, valc1=1, fact) {
  data %>%
    mutate(size1predi = prediction) %>%
    group_by(!sym(var), !sym(fact)) %>%
    filter(!sym(c1) == valc1) %>%
    summarise(size1predi = mean(size1predi),
              .groups = "drop") %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = size1predi)) +
    geom_line(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]])), show.legend = FALSE) +
    geom_abline()+
    theme_minimal()+
    scale_color_viridis_d(option = "plasma")
}
```

```

}

plot_growth3 <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, c1, c2, valc1=1, fact) {
  data %>% mutate(sdgrow = prediction) %>%
  group_by(Size0Mars, Age) %>%
  summarise(sd_predi = mean(sdgrow),
            .groups = "drop") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Size0Mars, y = sd_predi)) +
  geom_line(aes(color = as.factor(Age))) +
  theme_bw() +
  labs(x = "Size(t)",
       y = "Growth residual variance",
       fill = "Age",
       color = "Age") +
  scale_color_brewer(palette = "Spectral", direction = -1)
}

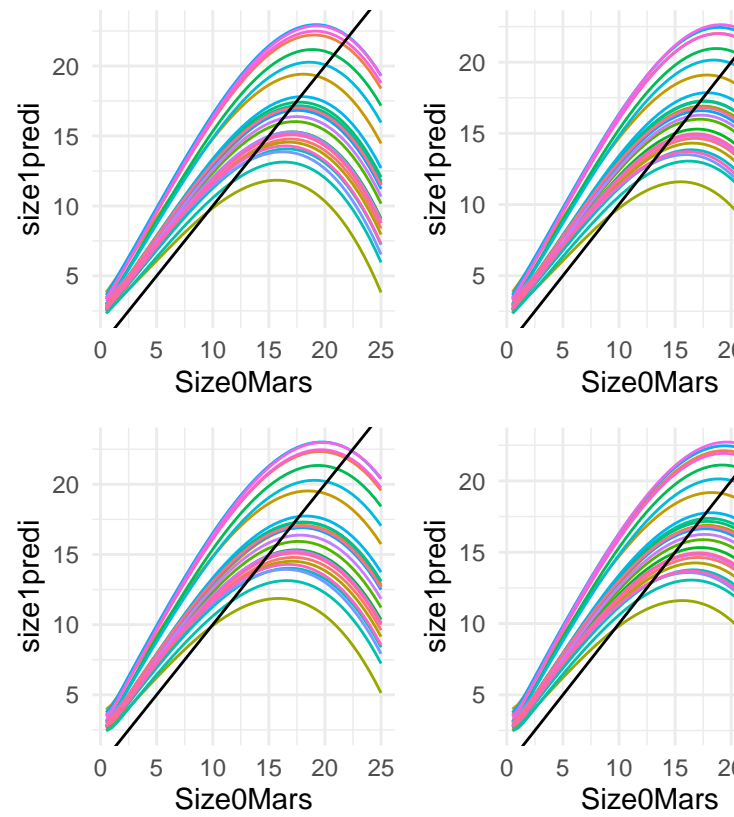
```

Taille à $t+1$ en fonction de taille à t

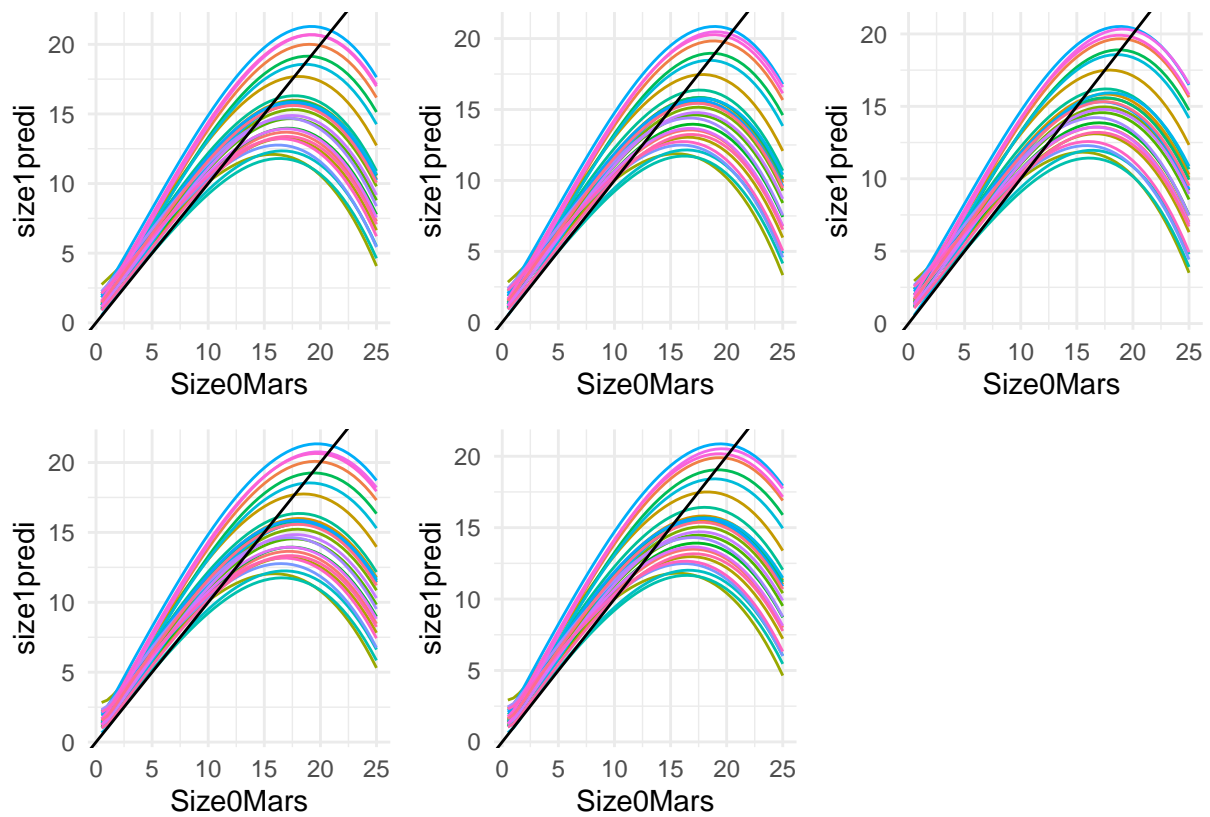
```

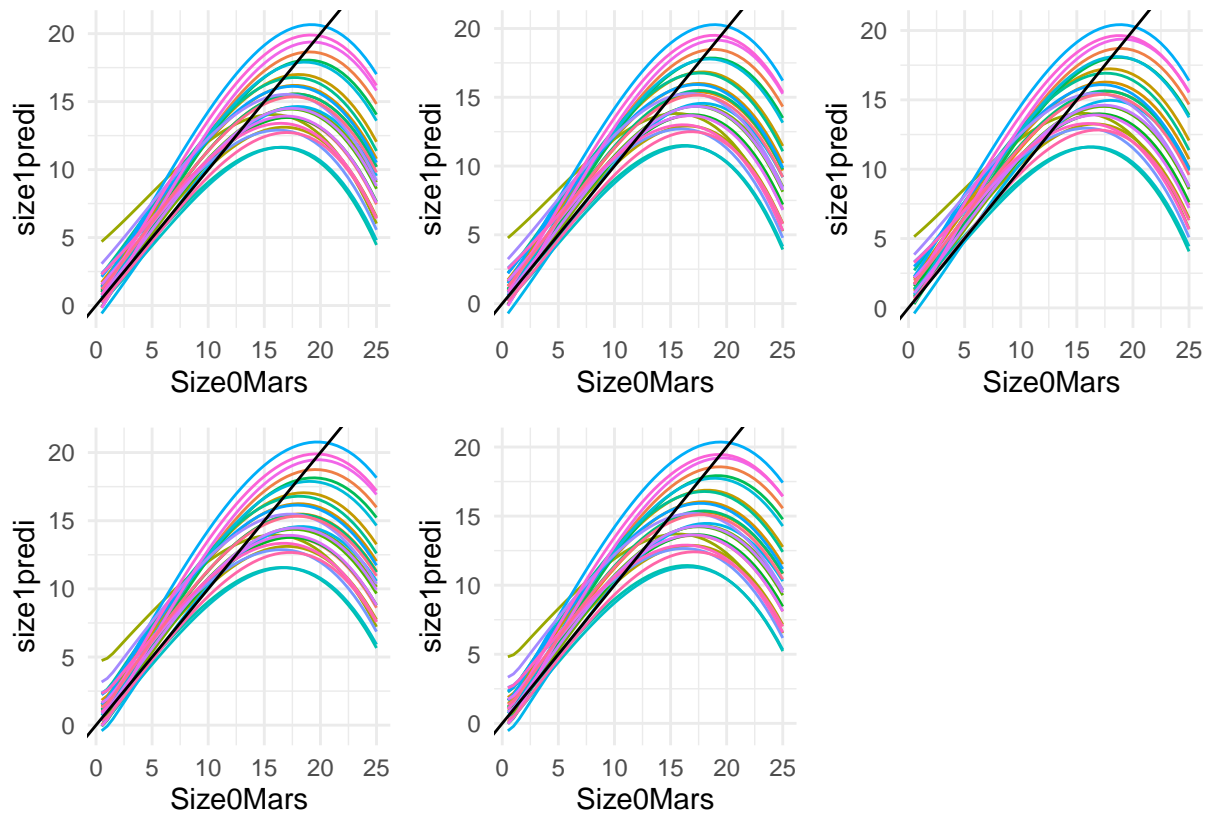
var <- "Size0Mars"
c1 <- "Age"
c2 <- "Pop"
fact <- "year"

```

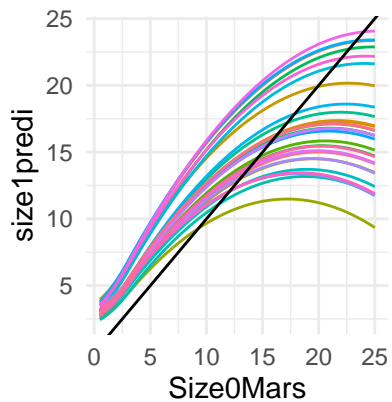
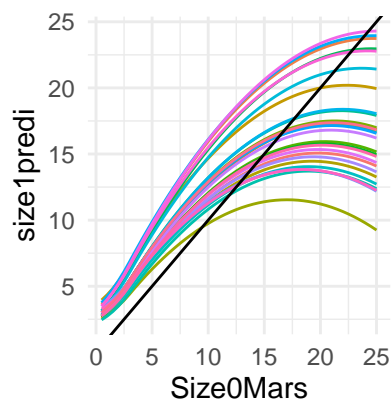
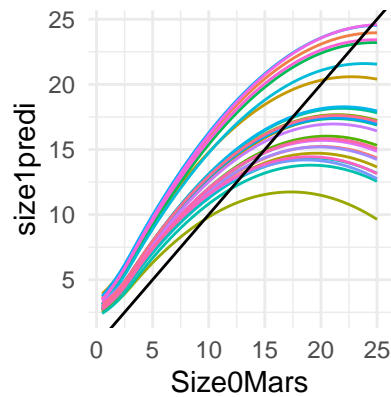
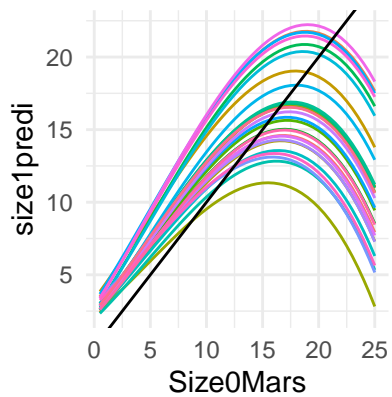
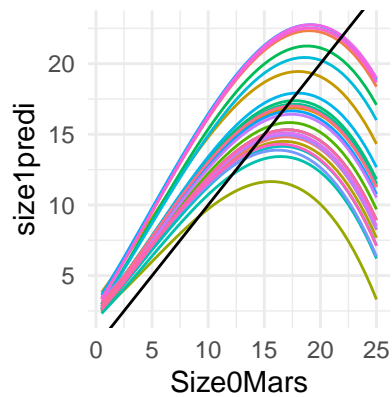


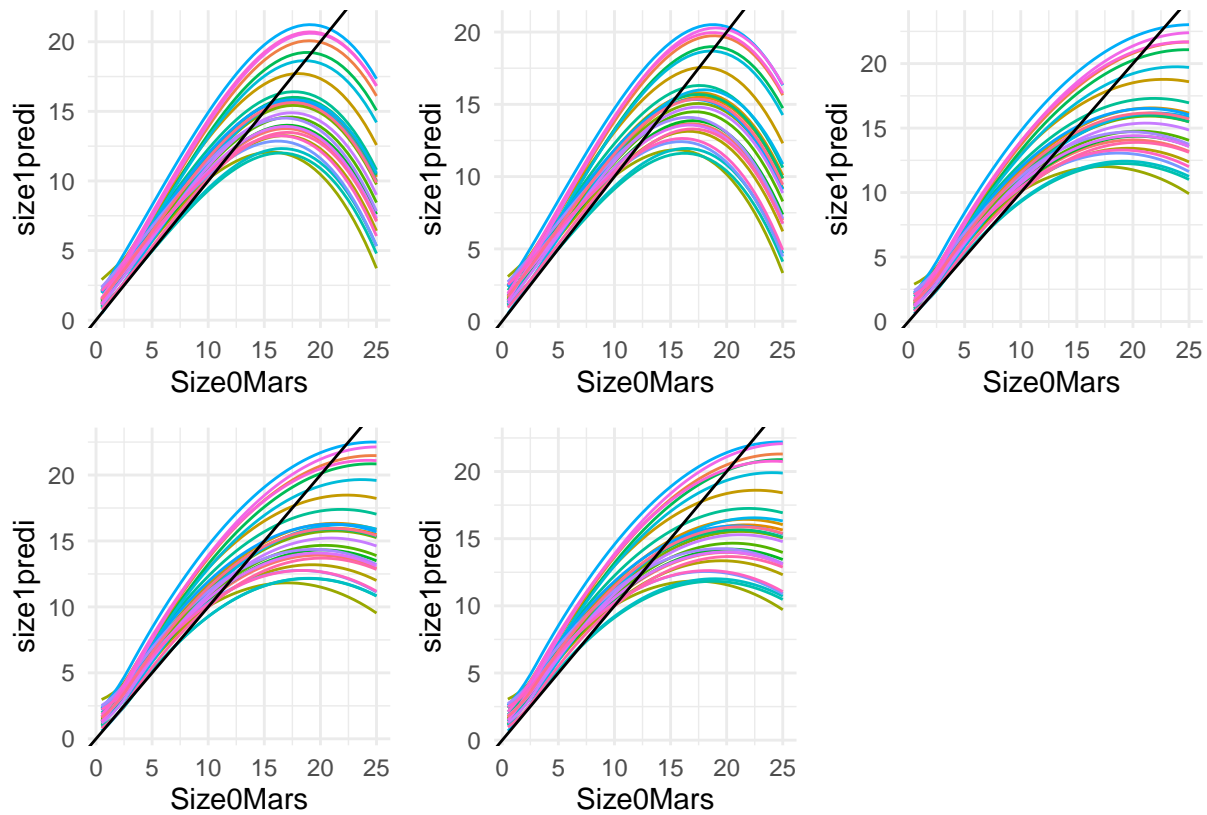
En fixant la population : voir l'effet année Age 1, 4, 8

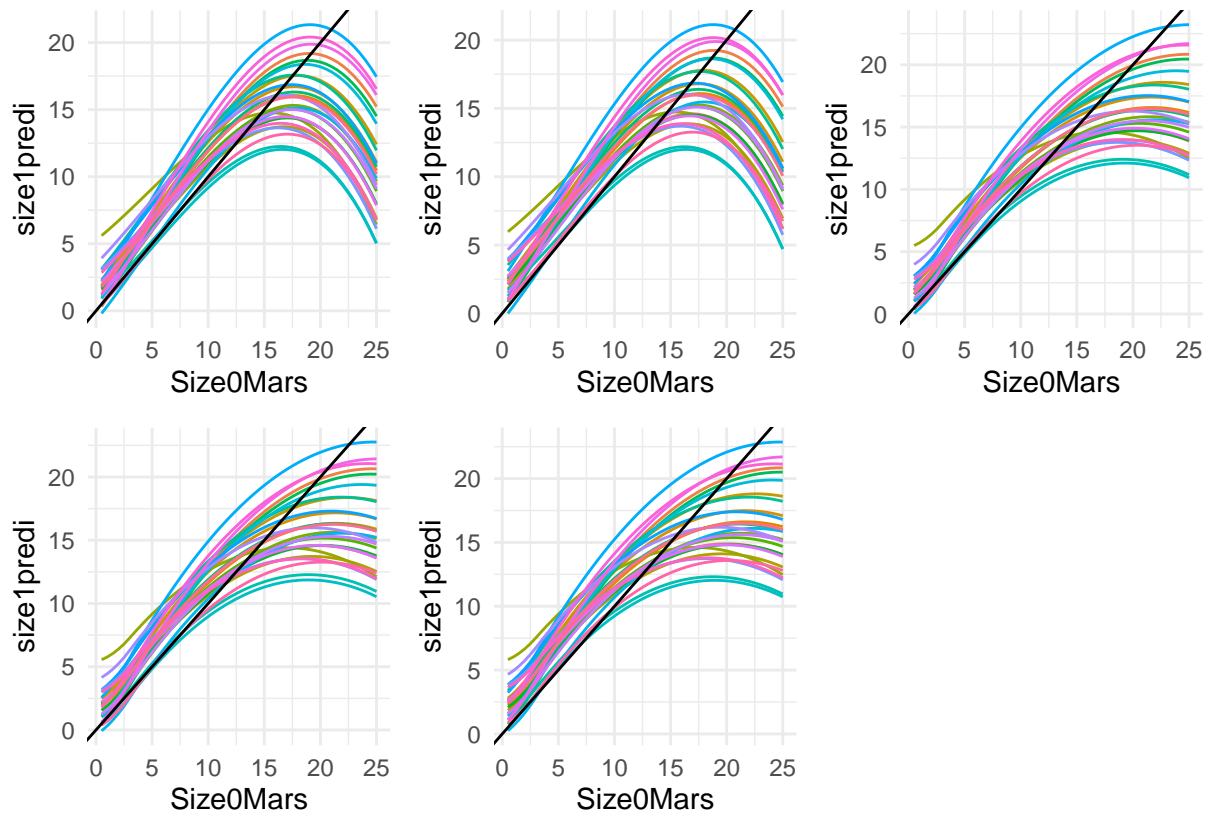




Age 1, 4, 8

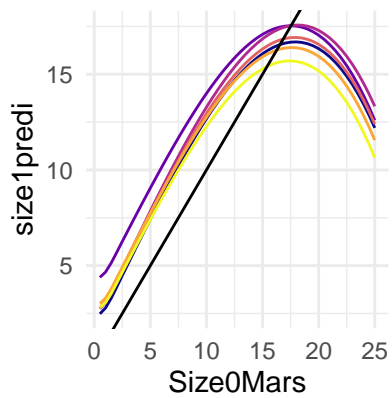
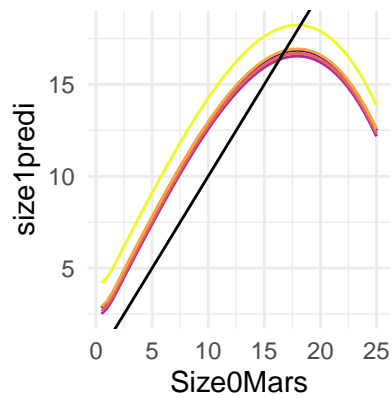
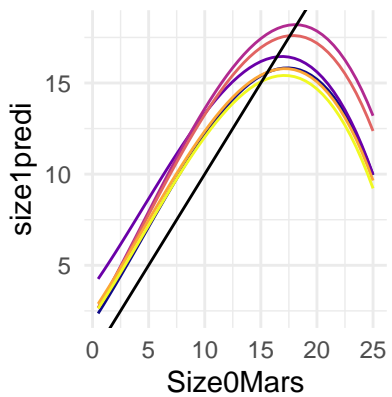
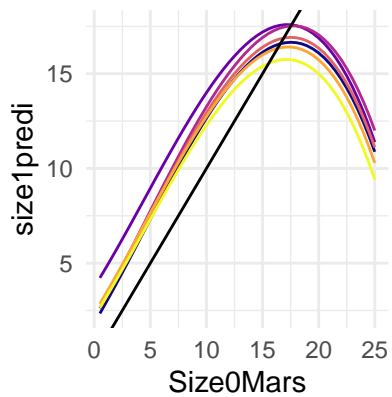
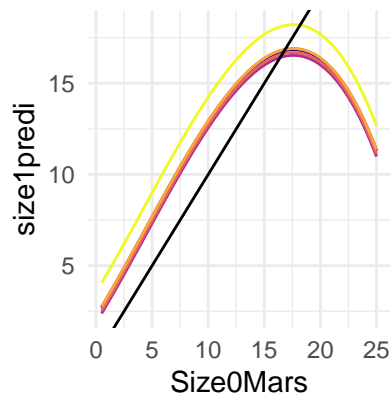


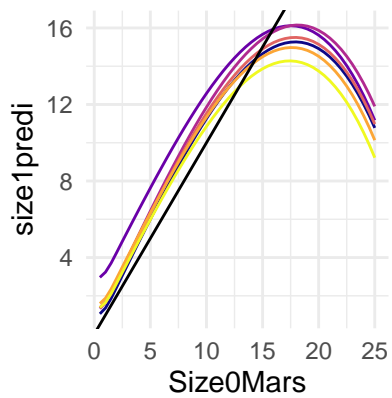
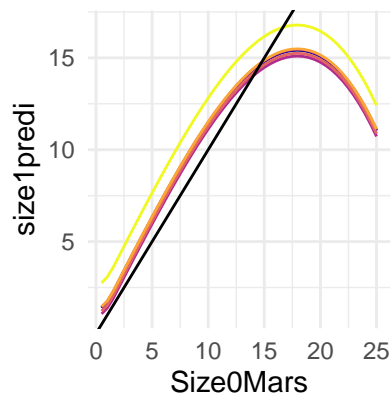
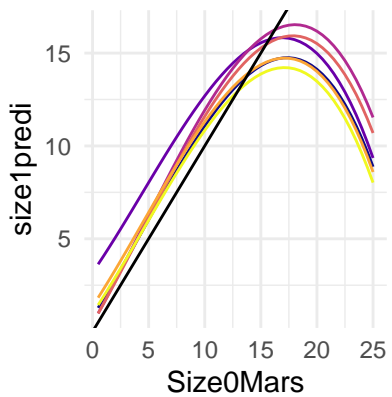
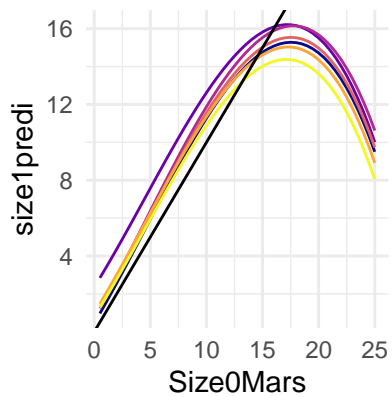
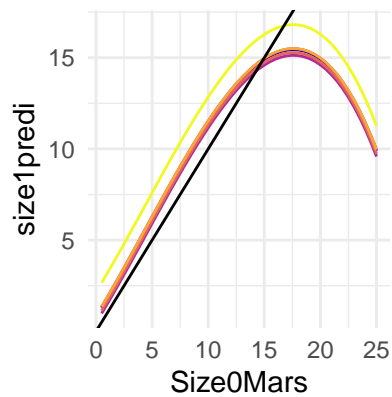


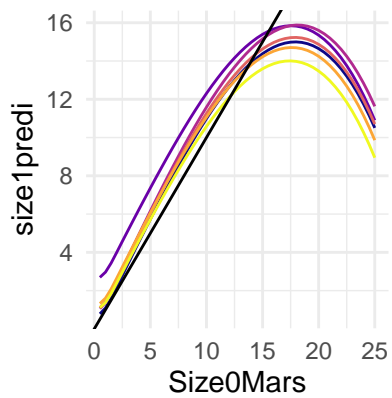
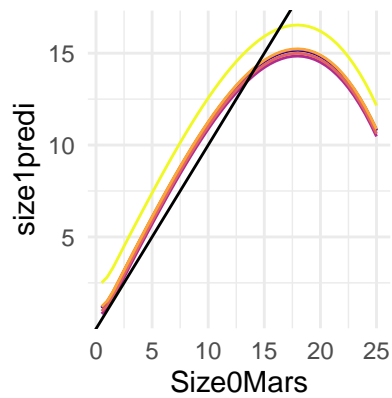
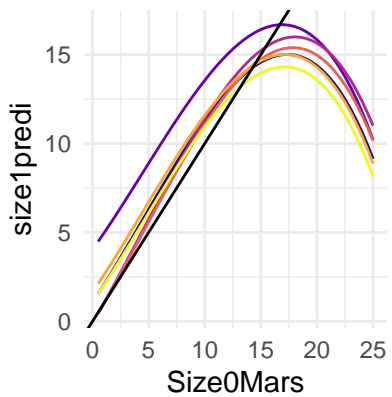
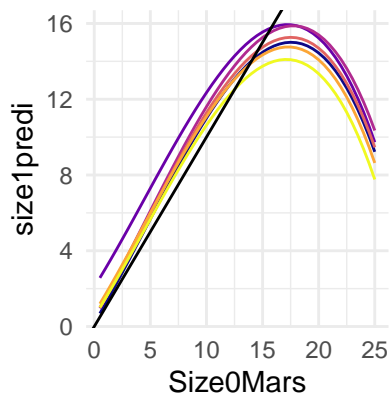
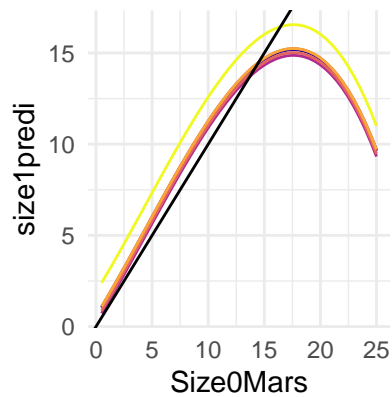


```
var <- "Size0Mars";
c1 <- "Age";
c2 <- "year";
fact <- "Pop"
```

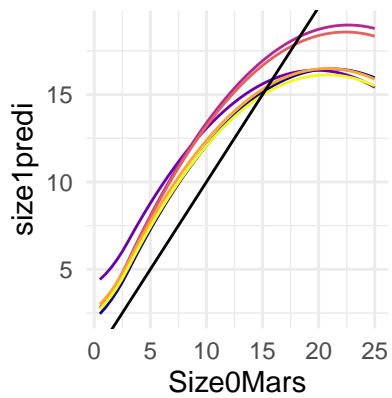
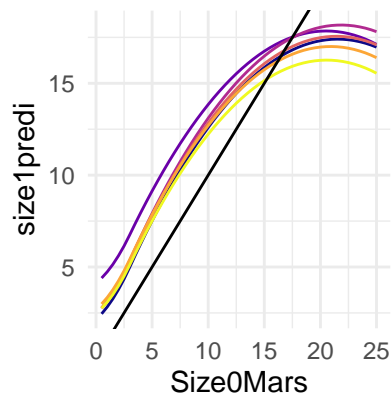
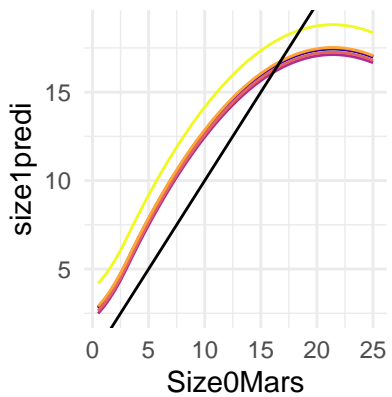
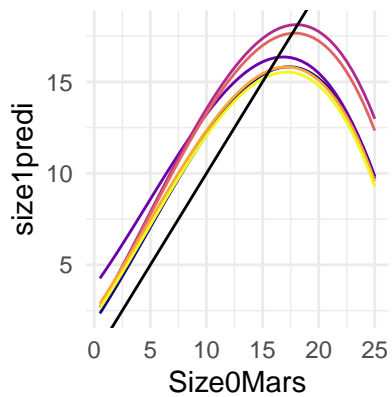
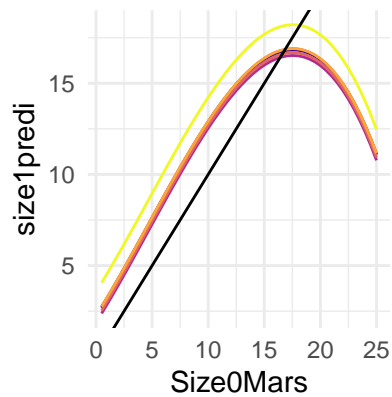
En fixant l'année : voir l'effet population Age 1, 4, 8

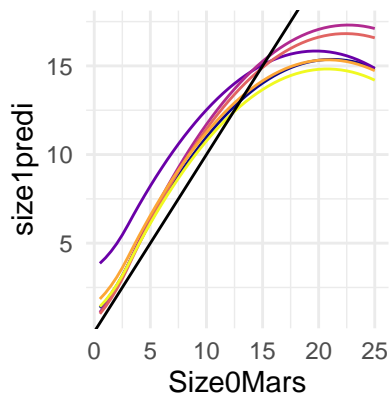
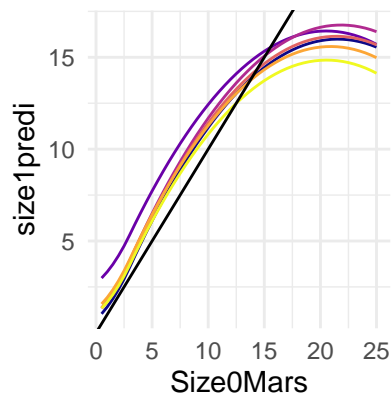
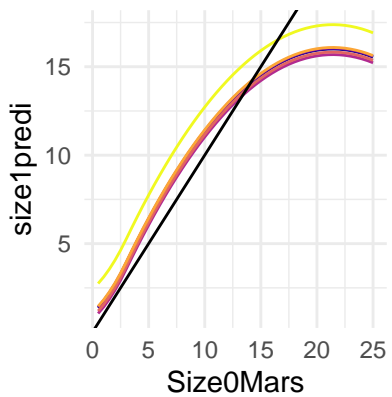
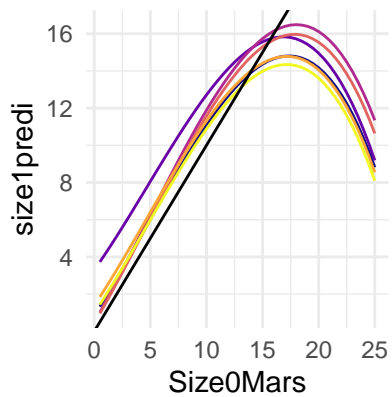
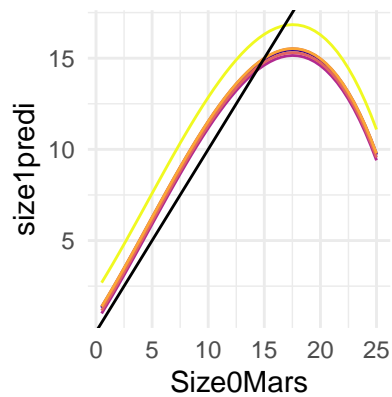


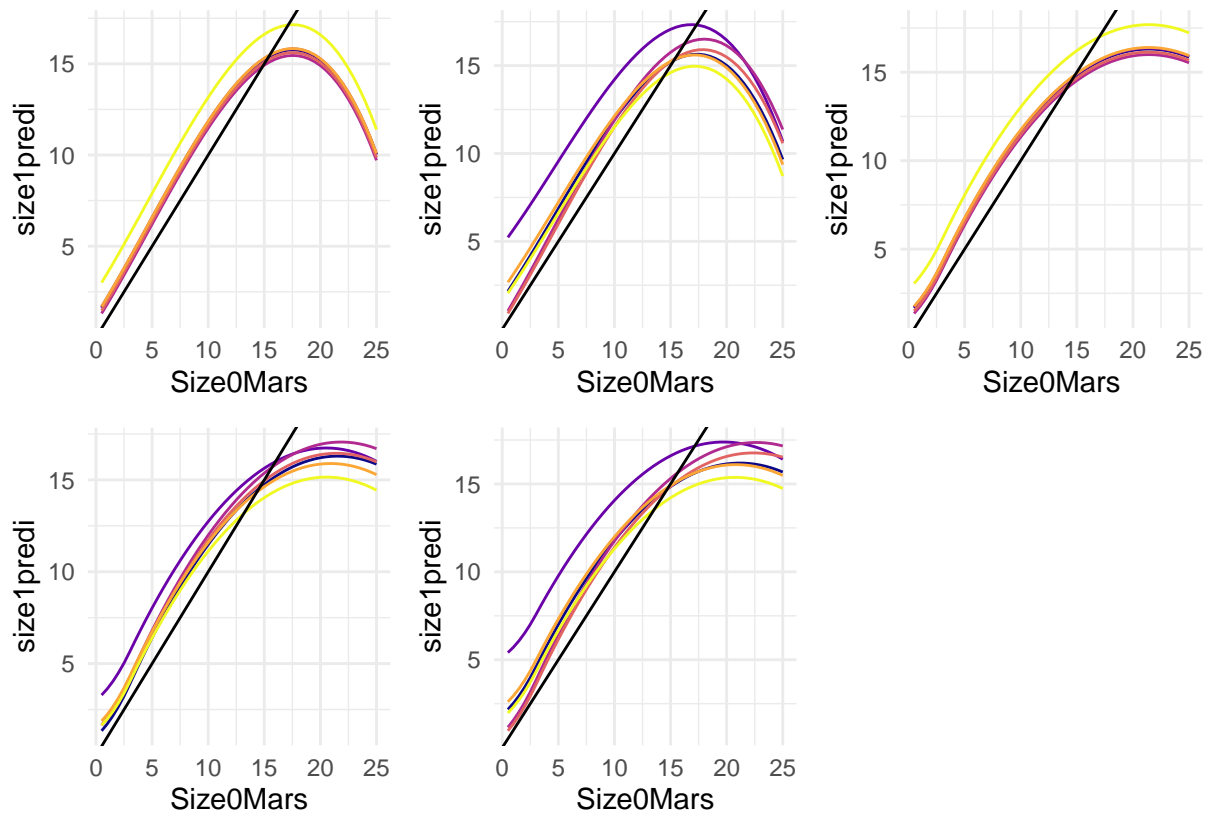




Age 1, 4, 8







###Residual variance

```
Arespred1 <- get_residVar(AGrowthglm1,newdata=fake_data)
Arespred2 <- get_residVar(AGrowthglm2,newdata=fake_data)
Arespred3 <- get_residVar(AGrowthglm3,newdata=fake_data)
Arespred4 <- get_residVar(AGrowthglm4,newdata=fake_data)
Arespred5 <- get_residVar(AGrowthglm5,newdata=fake_data)

Brespred1 <- get_residVar(BGrowthglm1,newdata=fake_data)
Brespred2 <- get_residVar(BGrowthglm2,newdata=fake_data)
Brespred3 <- get_residVar(BGrowthglm3,newdata=fake_data)
Brespred4 <- get_residVar(BGrowthglm4,newdata=fake_data)
Brespred5 <- get_residVar(BGrowthglm5,newdata=fake_data)
```