Establishment Models Fitted

Loïc Pages

28/02/2025

Introduction

```
rm(list=ls())
library(knitr)
library(spaMM)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'registry':
##
    method
##
    print.registry_field proxy
    print.registry_entry proxy
## spaMM (Rousset & Ferdy, 2014, version 4.5.30) is loaded.
## Type 'help(spaMM)' for a short introduction,
## 'news(package='spaMM')' for news,
## and 'citation('spaMM')' for proper citation.
## Further infos, slides, etc. at https://gitlab.mbb.univ-montp2.fr/francois/spamm-ref.
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.4 v readr 2.1.5
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.1
## v ggplot2 3.5.1 v tibble 3.2.1
                      v tidyr
## v lubridate 1.9.4
                                  1.3.1
## v purrr
             1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(splines)
library(patchwork)
library(SplinesUtils)
setwd("/media/loic/Commun/OTravail/Stage 2025 ISEM/Models")
```

```
centauree_data <- read.csv("donnesIPM_short.csv")</pre>
centauree_data_complet <- read.csv("donnesIPM.csv")</pre>
#Supprimer plantes dont l'age est inconnu
centauree_data <- centauree_data[!is.na(centauree_data$age0), ]</pre>
centauree_data$age1 <- ifelse(centauree_data$Stage1=="V",centauree_data$age0+1,NA)
#Forcer l'age maximal à 8
length(centauree_data$age0[centauree_data$age0 >= 8])
## [1] 93
centauree_data$age0[centauree_data$age0 > 8] <- 8</pre>
spaMM.options(separation_max=70)
annees <- 1995:2022
populations <- c("Po","Au","Pe","E1","E2","Cr")</pre>
taille_range \leftarrow seq(0.5, 25, by = 0.5)
age_range <- 1:8
fake_data <- expand.grid(</pre>
  year = annees,
  Pop = populations,
  SizeOMars = taille_range,
  age0 = age_range
fake_data <- fake_data %>%
mutate(Nrw = row_number())
BIC
extractBIC <- function(fit, n){</pre>
  extractAIC(fit)[[2]]+(log(n)-2)*DoF(fit)[[3]]
}
Test Splines -> poly
survdata <- centauree_data[centauree_data$Flowering0!=1,]</pre>
survdata <- survdata[!is.na(survdata$SurvieMars),]</pre>
library(nlme)
##
## Attaching package: 'nlme'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       collapse
```

```
library(SplinesUtils)
spline_model <- lme(SurvieMars ~ bs(age0, degree=3, knots=6.5)+bs(SizeOMars,df=5), data = survdata, ran-
 year = pdSymm(~ SizeOMars),
 Pop = pdSymm(~ age0)))
spl <- RegSplineAsPiecePoly(spline_model, "bs(SizeOMars, df = 5)")</pre>
spl2 <- RegSplineAsPiecePoly(spline_model, "bs(age0, degree = 3, knots = 6.5)")</pre>
spl$PiecePoly$coef
                 [,1]
                             [,2]
## [1,] -1.040834e-17 0.06889436 0.1911940010
## [2,] 4.934356e-02 0.16645927 0.0961884958
## [3,] 2.964395e-01 -0.06220810 -0.0080626749
## [4,] -2.390984e-01 0.01804847 0.0002194813
spl
## 3 piecewise polynomials of degree 3 are constructed!
## Use 'summary' to export all of them.
## The first 3 are printed below.
## -1.04e-17 + 0.0493 * (x - 0.5) + 0.296 * (x - 0.5) ^ 2 - 0.239 * (x - 0.5) ^ 3
## 0.0689 + 0.166 * (x - 1) - 0.0622 * (x - 1) ^ 2 + 0.018 * (x - 1) ^ 3
## 0.191 + 0.0962 * (x - 2) - 0.00806 * (x - 2) ^ 2 + 0.000219 * (x - 2) ^ 3
```

Establishment rate

Remplir les données manquantes de nombres de capitules avec des prédictions.

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Quadrat', 'year'. You can override using
## the '.groups' argument.
Estb <- inner_join(plt,cptl, by=join_by(Quadrat,year,Pop))</pre>
summary(Estb)
                                                   NombrePlantules
##
      Quadrat
                       year
                                    Pop
## Min. : 1.0 Min. :1995
                                Length: 162
                                                   Min. : 1.0
                                                   1st Qu.: 2.0
## 1st Qu.: 6.0 1st Qu.:1997
                                Class :character
## Median :26.5 Median :2000
                               Mode :character
                                                   Median: 8.0
## Mean
         :22.5 Mean
                       :2002
                                                   Mean : 17.7
## 3rd Qu.:34.0
                  3rd Qu.:2004
                                                   3rd Qu.: 19.0
## Max.
          :80.0
                 Max. :2021
                                                   Max. :203.0
## NombresCapitules
## Min. : 1.00
## 1st Qu.: 20.25
## Median : 34.50
## Mean : 50.10
## 3rd Qu.: 60.75
## Max. :214.00
Estb <- Estb %>% mutate(EstbRate=rep(NA)) %>%
  arrange(Quadrat)
for (i in 2:length(Estb$Quadrat)){
  if (Estb$Quadrat[i]!=Estb$Quadrat[i-1]){next}
  if (Estb$year[i]!=Estb$year[i-1]+1){next}
  Estb$EstbRate[i] <- Estb$NombrePlantules[i]/Estb$NombresCapitules[i-1]
}
Estbglm1 <- fitme(EstbRate ~ 1 + (1|Pop:year), data=Estb)</pre>
Estbglm2 <- fitme(EstbRate ~ 1 +(1|year), data=Estb)</pre>
Estbglm3 <- fitme(EstbRate ~ 1 + (1|year) + (1|Pop:year), data=Estb)
Estbglm4 <- fitme(EstbRate ~ 1, data=Estb)</pre>
Estbglm5 <- fitme(EstbRate ~ 1 + (1|Pop) + (1|Pop:year), data=Estb)</pre>
Estbglm1
## formula: EstbRate ~ 1 + (1 | Pop:year)
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of lambda and phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##
              Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 0.4852 0.05292 9.169
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
             --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
     Pop:year : 0.04924
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: Pop:year, 58
## ----- Residual variance -----
```

```
## phi estimate was 0.173107
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -62.26091
Estbglm2
## formula: EstbRate ~ 1 + (1 | year)
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of lambda and phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
            Estimate Cond. SE t-value
##
## (Intercept) 0.486 0.06047 8.036
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##
           --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
## year : 0.01659
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.206833
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                       logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -62.8351
Estbglm3
## formula: EstbRate ~ 1 + (1 | year) + (1 | Pop:year)
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of lambda and phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##
            Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 0.4839 0.05963 8.116
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
           --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
     year : 0.01134
##
##
     Pop:year : 0.03626
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: year, 16; Pop:year, 58
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.174002
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##
                        logLik
## logL
          (p_v(h)): -61.91014
Estbglm4
## formula: EstbRate ~ 1
## ML: Estimation of phi by ML.
```

```
Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
   ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
            Estimate Cond. SE t-value
##
## (Intercept) 0.4912 0.04868 10.09
  ----- Residual variance
##
## Coefficients for log(phi) ~ 1 :
##
             Estimate Cond. SE
## (Intercept) -1.491
                       0.1451
## Estimate of phi=residual var: 0.2251
  ----- Likelihood values ------
##
                        logLik
                    : -63.96959
## logL
Estbglm5
## formula: EstbRate ~ 1 + (1 | Pop) + (1 | Pop:year)
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML.
## Estimation of lambda and phi by 'outer' ML, maximizing logL.
## family: gaussian( link = identity )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
##
## (Intercept) 0.4852 0.05292 9.169
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
          --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
     Pop : 1.98e-07
##
##
     Pop:year : 0.04924
## # of obs: 95; # of groups: Pop, 6; Pop:year, 58
## ----- Residual variance -----
## phi estimate was 0.173107
   ----- Likelihood values -----
##
##
                        logLik
## logL
            (p_v(h)): -62.26092
n <- length(Estb$Quadrat)</pre>
extractAIC(Estbglm1) ; extractBIC(Estbglm1, n)
##
       edf
##
    1.0000 130.5218
## [1] 133.6094
extractAIC(Estbglm2) ; extractBIC(Estbglm2, n)
##
       edf
               AIC
##
    1.0000 131.6702
## [1] 134.7578
```

```
extractAIC(Estbglm3) ; extractBIC(Estbglm3, n)
##
        edf
                  AIC
##
     1.0000 131.8203
## [1] 134.9079
extractAIC(Estbglm4) ; extractBIC(Estbglm4, n)
##
        edf
                  AIC
##
     1.0000 131.9392
## [1] 135.0268
extractAIC(Estbglm5) ; extractBIC(Estbglm5, n)
##
        edf
                  AIC
##
     1.0000 132.5218
## [1] 135.6094
Estbpredict1 <- predict(Estbglm1, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
Estbpredict2 <- predict(Estbglm2, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
Estbpredict3 <- predict(Estbglm3, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
Estbpredict4 <- predict(Estbglm4, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
Estbpredict5 <- predict(Estbglm5, newdata = fake_data)[,1]</pre>
plot_estb <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, fact) {</pre>
  data %>%
    mutate(plt_predi = prediction) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = plt_predi)) +
    geom_line(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]]))) +
    labs(y="Establishment rate")+
    theme_minimal()
}
plot_estb2 <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, fact) {</pre>
  data %>%
    mutate(plt_predi = prediction) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = plt_predi)) +
    geom_point(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]]))) +
    labs(y="Establishment rate")+
    theme_minimal()
}
```

Establishment rate en fonction de l'année

```
var <- "year"; fact <- "Pop"
```

Establishment rate en fonction de la population

```
var <- "Pop"; fact <- "year"
```