

# Plantules size Models Fitted

Loïc Pages

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## Introduction

```
rm(list=ls())
library(knitr)
library(spaMM)

## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'registry':
##   method           from
##   print.registry_field proxy
##   print.registry_entry proxy

## spaMM (Rousset & Ferdy, 2014, version 4.5.30) is loaded.
## Type 'help(spaMM)' for a short introduction,
## 'news(package='spaMM')' for news,
## and 'citation('spaMM')' for proper citation.
## Further infos, slides, etc. at https://gitlab.mbb.univ-montp2.fr/francois/spamm-ref.

library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr     1.1.4    v readr     2.1.5
## vforcats   1.0.0    v stringr   1.5.1
## v ggplot2   3.5.1    v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.4    v tidyrr    1.3.1
## v purrr    1.0.2

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()   masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

library(splines)
library(patchwork)
library(SplinesUtils)

setwd("/media/loic/Commun/OTravail/Stage 2025 ISEM/Models")
```

```

centauree_data <- read.csv("donneesIPM_short.csv")
centauree_data_complet <- read.csv("donneesIPM.csv")

#Supprimer plantes dont l'age est inconnu
centauree_data <- centauree_data[!is.na(centauree_data$age0), ]
centauree_data$age1 <- ifelse(centauree_data$Stage1=="V",centauree_data$age0+1,NA)

#Forcer l'age maximal à 8
length(centauree_data$age0[centauree_data$age0 >= 8])

## [1] 93

centauree_data$age0[centauree_data$age0 > 8] <- 8

spaMM.options(separation_max=70)

annees <- 1995:2022
populations <- c("Po","Au","Pe","E1","E2","Cr")
taille_range <- seq(0.5, 25, by = 0.5)
age_range <- 1:8

fake_data <- expand.grid(
  year = annees,
  Pop = populations,
  Size0Mars = taille_range,
  age0 = age_range
)

fake_data <- fake_data %>%
  mutate(Nrw = row_number())

```

BIC

```

extractBIC <- function(fit, n){
  extractAIC(fit)[[2]]+(log(n)-2)*DoF(fit)[[3]]
}

```

Test Splines -> poly

```

survdata <- centauree_data[centauree_data$Flowering0!=1,]
survdata <- survdata[!is.na(survdata$SurvieMars),]

```

```
library(nlme)
```

```

##
## Attaching package: 'nlme'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##      collapse

```

```

library(SplinesUtils)
spline_model <- lme(SurvieMars ~ bs(age0, degree=3, knots=6.5)+bs(Size0Mars,df=5), data = survdata, ran
  year = pdSymm(~ Size0Mars),
  Pop = pdSymm(~ age0))

spl <- RegSplineAsPiecePoly(spline_model, "bs(Size0Mars, df = 5)")
spl2 <- RegSplineAsPiecePoly(spline_model, "bs(age0, degree = 3, knots = 6.5)")

spl$PiecePoly$coef

##          [,1]      [,2]      [,3]
## [1,] -1.040834e-17  0.06889436  0.1911940010
## [2,]  4.934356e-02  0.16645927  0.0961884958
## [3,]  2.964395e-01 -0.06220810 -0.0080626749
## [4,] -2.390984e-01  0.01804847  0.0002194813

spl

## 3 piecewise polynomials of degree 3 are constructed!
## Use 'summary' to export all of them.
## The first 3 are printed below.
## -1.04e-17 + 0.0493 * (x - 0.5) + 0.296 * (x - 0.5) ^ 2 - 0.239 * (x - 0.5) ^ 3
## 0.0689 + 0.166 * (x - 1) - 0.0622 * (x - 1) ^ 2 + 0.018 * (x - 1) ^ 3
## 0.191 + 0.0962 * (x - 2) - 0.00806 * (x - 2) ^ 2 + 0.000219 * (x - 2) ^ 3

```

## Taille des plantules

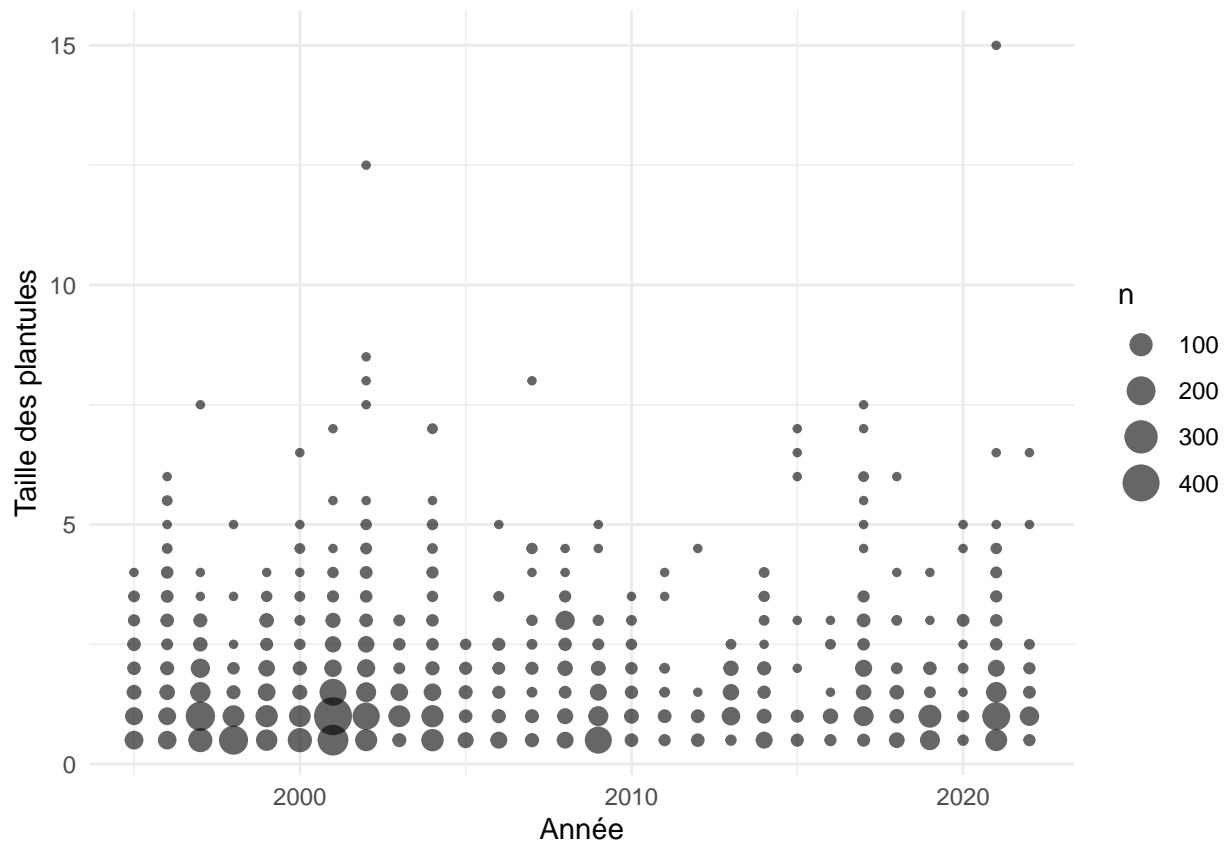
```

plantule_data <- centauree_data[centauree_data$age0==1,]

# Taille des plantules / année

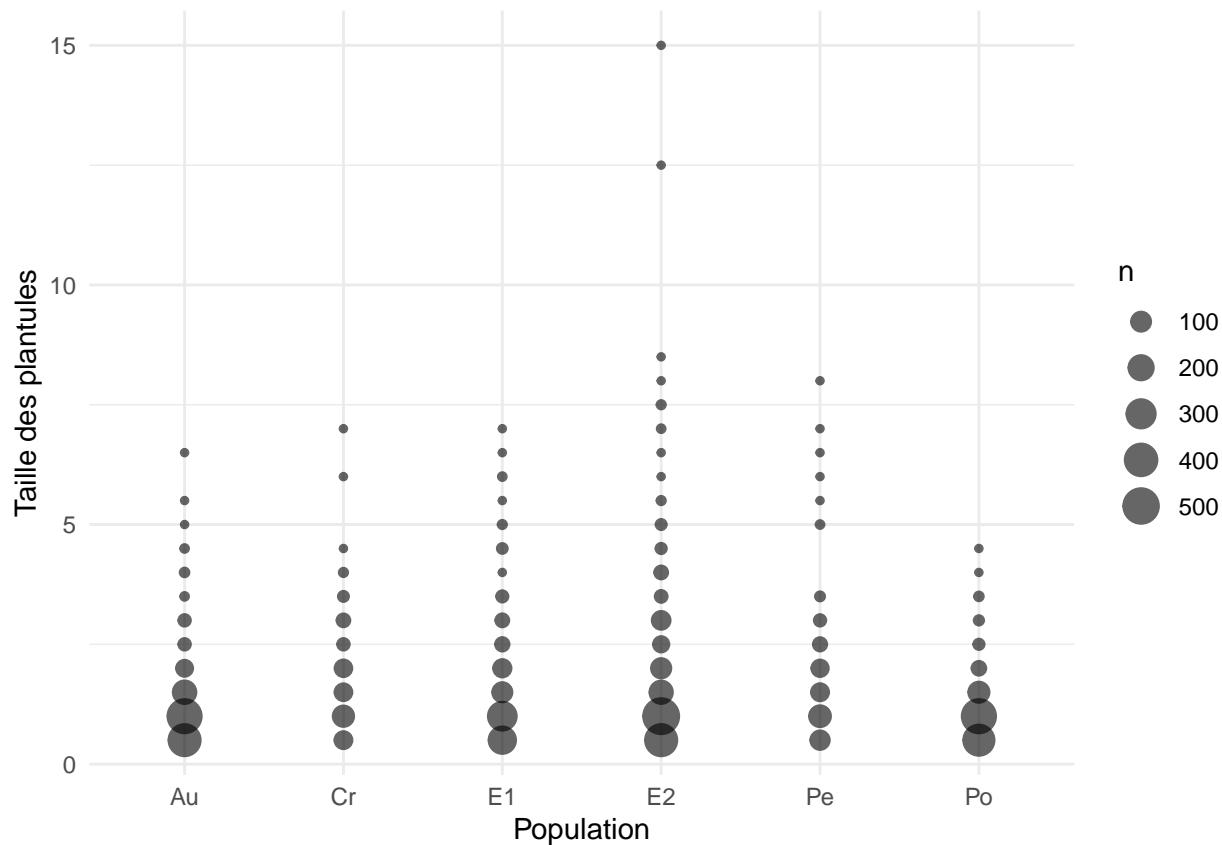
plantule_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year, y = Size0Mars)) +
  geom_count(alpha=0.6) +
  labs(x = "Année",
       y = "Taille des plantules") +
  theme_minimal()

```



```
# Taille des plantules / population

plantule_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Pop, y = Size0Mars)) +
  geom_count(alpha=0.6) +
  labs(x = "Population",
       y = "Taille des plantules") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
Pltglm1 <- fitme(Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1|year) + (1|Pop) + (1|Pop:year),
                   data=plantule_data,
                   family = Gamma(log))
```

```
Pltglm2 <- fitme(Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1|Pop) + (1|Pop:year),
                   data=plantule_data,
                   family = Gamma(log))
```

```
Pltglm3 <- fitme(Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1|Pop:year),
                   data=plantule_data,
                   family = Gamma(log))
```

```
Pltglm4 <- fitme(Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1|year) + (1|Pop:year),
                   data=plantule_data,
                   family = Gamma(log))
```

```
Pltglm5 <- fitme(Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1|year) + (1|Pop),
                   data=plantule_data,
                   family = Gamma(log))
```

```
n <- length(plantule_data$Nrw)
extractAIC(Pltglm1) ; extractBIC(Pltglm1, n)
```

```
##      edf      AIC
##      1.000 8442.641
```

```

## [1] 8449.171

extractAIC(Pltglm2) ; extractBIC(Pltglm2, n)

##      edf      AIC
## 1.000 8448.128

## [1] 8454.658

extractAIC(Pltglm3) ; extractBIC(Pltglm3, n)

##      edf      AIC
## 1.000 8458.154

## [1] 8464.685

extractAIC(Pltglm4) ; extractBIC(Pltglm4, n)

##      edf      AIC
## 1.000 8457.579

## [1] 8464.109

extractAIC(Pltglm5) ; extractBIC(Pltglm5, n)

##      edf      AIC
## 1.000 8841.777

## [1] 8848.308

summary(Pltglm1)

## formula: SizeOMars ~ 1 + (1 | year) + (1 | Pop) + (1 | Pop:year)
## Estimation of lambda and phi by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## family: Gamma( link = log )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##           Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 0.2132 0.07717  2.763
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##         --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##     year : 0.02216
##     Pop : 0.02626
##     Pop:year : 0.07964
##         --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
##     Group      Term Estimate Cond. SE
##     year (Intercept) -3.81  0.3809

```

```

##      Pop (Intercept)   -3.64  0.6351
##  Pop:year (Intercept)  -2.53  0.1444
## # of obs: 5065; # of groups: year, 28; Pop, 6; Pop:year, 147
## --- Residual variation ( var = phi * mu^2 ) --
## Coefficients for log(phi) ~ 1 :
##             Estimate Cond. SE
## (Intercept)    -1.34  0.01967
## Estimate of phi: 0.2619
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                  logLik
## logL      (P_v(h)): -4216.321

```

```
summary(Pltglm2)
```

```

## formula: Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1 | Pop) + (1 | Pop:year)
## Estimation of lambda and phi by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## family: Gamma( link = log )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)  0.2024  0.06951   2.912
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##         --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
## Pop : 0.02327
## Pop:year : 0.1083
##         --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
## Group      Term Estimate Cond.SE
## Pop (Intercept) -3.761  0.6465
## Pop:year (Intercept) -2.223  0.1332
## # of obs: 5065; # of groups: Pop, 6; Pop:year, 147
## --- Residual variation ( var = phi * mu^2 ) --
## Coefficients for log(phi) ~ 1 :
##             Estimate Cond. SE
## (Intercept) -1.341  0.01967
## Estimate of phi: 0.2616
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##                  logLik
## logL      (P_v(h)): -4220.064

```

```
summary(Pltglm3)
```

```

## formula: Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1 | Pop:year)
## Estimation of lambda and phi by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## family: Gamma( link = log )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##             Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept)  0.1878  0.03325   5.648
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##         --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):

```

```

## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##      Pop:year : 0.1333
##      --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
##      Group      Term Estimate Cond.SE
##  Pop:year (Intercept) -2.015 0.1289
## # of obs: 5065; # of groups: Pop:year, 147
## --- Residual variation ( var = phi * mu^2 ) --
## Coefficients for log(phi) ~ 1 :
##      Estimate Cond. SE
## (Intercept) -1.342 0.01968
## Estimate of phi: 0.2614
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##          logLik
## logL      (P_v(h)): -4226.077

```

```
summary(Pltglm4)
```

```

## formula: Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1 | year) + (1 | Pop:year)
## Estimation of lambda and phi by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## family: Gamma( link = log )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##          Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 0.1914 0.03913 4.89
## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
##      --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##      year : 0.01472
##      Pop:year : 0.1158
##      --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
##      Group      Term Estimate Cond.SE
##      year (Intercept) -4.219 0.4567
##  Pop:year (Intercept) -2.156 0.1348
## # of obs: 5065; # of groups: year, 28; Pop:year, 147
## --- Residual variation ( var = phi * mu^2 ) --
## Coefficients for log(phi) ~ 1 :
##      Estimate Cond. SE
## (Intercept) -1.341 0.01968
## Estimate of phi: 0.2616
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##          logLik
## logL      (P_v(h)): -4224.79

```

```
summary(Pltglm5)
```

```

## formula: Size0Mars ~ 1 + (1 | year) + (1 | Pop)
## Estimation of lambda and phi by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## Estimation of fixed effects by ML (P_v approximation of logL).
## family: Gamma( link = log )
## ----- Fixed effects (beta) -----
##          Estimate Cond. SE t-value
## (Intercept) 0.2642 0.0892 2.962

```

```

## ----- Random effects -----
## Family: gaussian( link = identity )
## --- Variance parameters ('lambda'):
## lambda = var(u) for u ~ Gaussian;
##   year : 0.05123
##   Pop : 0.03582
##           --- Coefficients for log(lambda):
## Group      Term Estimate Cond.SE
## year (Intercept) -2.971 0.2819
## Pop (Intercept) -3.329 0.5933
## # of obs: 5065; # of groups: year, 28; Pop, 6
## --- Residual variation ( var = phi * mu^2 ) --
## Coefficients for log(phi) ~ 1 :
##           Estimate Cond. SE
## (Intercept) -1.231 0.01947
## Estimate of phi: 0.292
## ----- Likelihood values -----
##          logLik
## logL      (P_v(h)): -4416.889

```

```

Pltpredict1 <- predict(Pltglm1, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
Pltpredict2 <- predict(Pltglm2, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
Pltpredict3 <- predict(Pltglm3, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
Pltpredict4 <- predict(Pltglm4, newdata = fake_data)[,1]
Pltpredict5 <- predict(Pltglm5, newdata = fake_data)[,1]

```

```

plot_plantule <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, fact) {
  data %>%
    mutate(plt_predi = prediction) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = plt_predi)) +
    geom_line(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]]))) +
    labs(y="Taille des plantules")+
    theme_minimal()
}

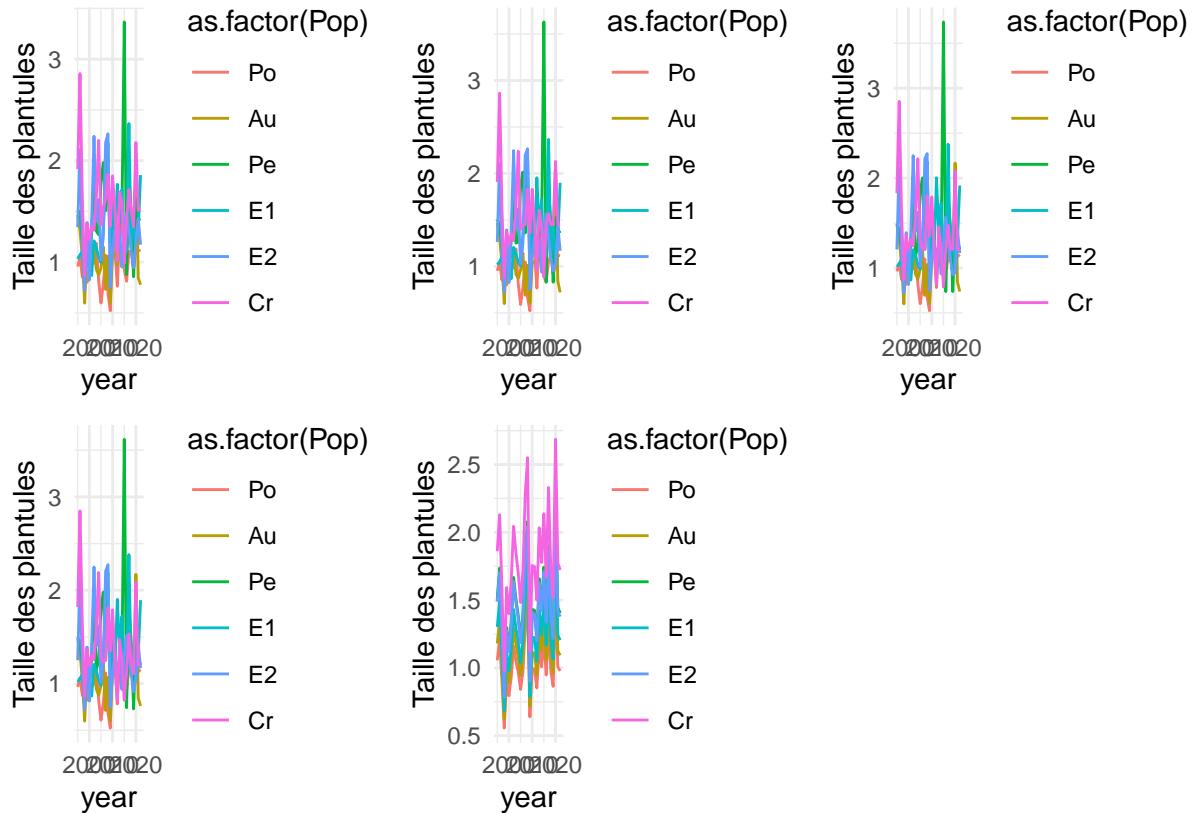
plot_plantule1 <- function(data = fake_data, prediction, var, fact) {
  data %>%
    mutate(plt_predi = prediction) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = .data[[var]], y = plt_predi)) +
    geom_point(aes(color = as.factor(.data[[fact]]))) +
    labs(y="Taille des plantules")+
    theme_minimal()
}

plot_plantule2 <- function(data = fake_data, prediction) {
  data %>%
    mutate(plt_predi = prediction) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = plt_predi)) +
    geom_histogram() +
    labs(x="Taille des plantules")+
    theme_minimal()
}

```

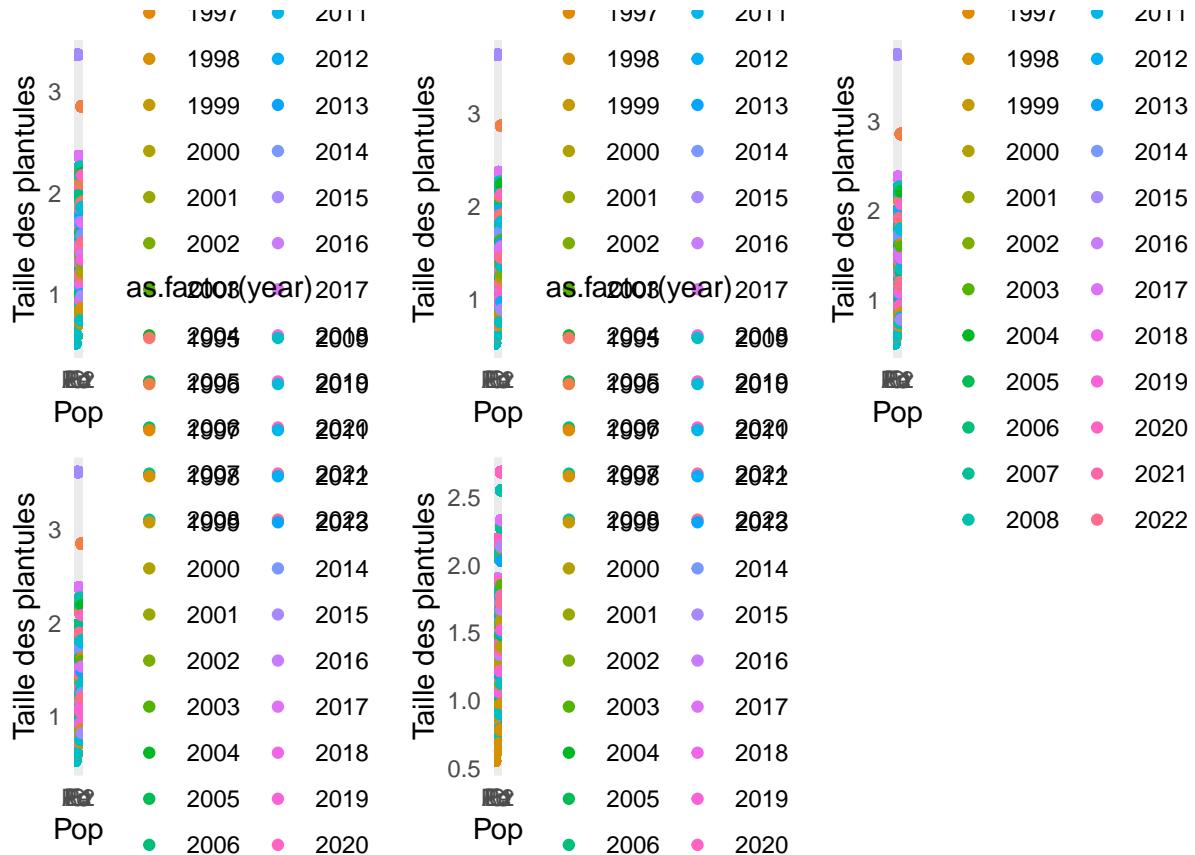
## Taille des plantules en fonction de l'année

```
var <- "year" fact <- "Pop"
```



## Taille des plantules en fonction de la population

```
var <- "Pop" fact <- "year"
```



## Densité de taille de plantule

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

