Exercise 6

 $\{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ is the generating set of K, Assume CharK = 0 so K is finitely generated over Z and hence Q.

(7.9) says that K is finite algebraic over Q, (7.8) says that Q is finite Z-Algebra, which Q cannot be.

So assuming charK = 0 leads to a contradiction.

Assume charK not 0, charK = p, so a $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ -Algebra, (7.9) says K is finite extension over $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$

[K:Z/pZ] = n, [K(a):Z/pZ] < n and multiply to n so K is finite field.

Exercise 8

A[x] contains A. Infinite chain in A would mean an infinite chain in A[x] $\varphi: A \to A[x], a \mapsto a$ is an injection.

Exercise 9

Exercise 10

M[x] becomes an A[x]-Module in the natural way. $M[x]\cong A[x]\bigotimes_A M$ (previous exercise).