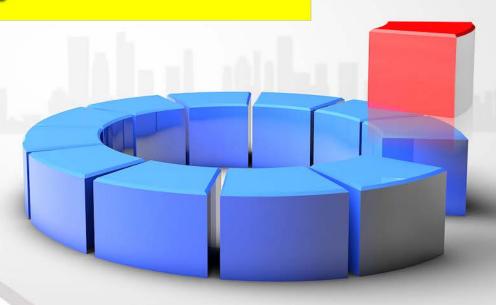
Remodeling using Temperature as manipulated
variable in Advance Process Control to increase
products and control quality



Agenda



What is APC?

Why select Temperature as MV?
And
Conceptual Design

Benefit from best practice

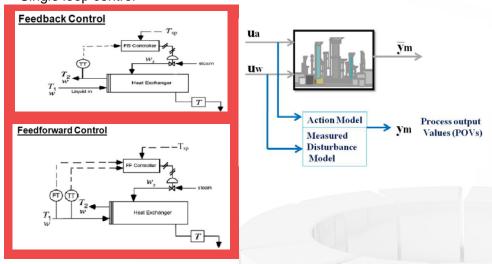
Best practice for base layer of plantwide optimization



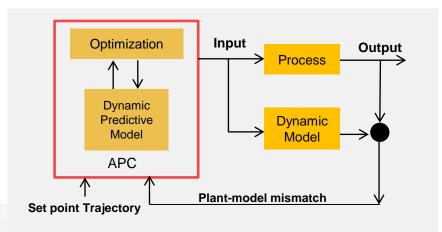
What is APC?

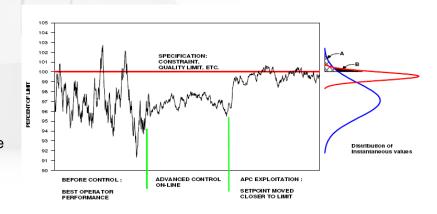
Advanced Process Control (APC)

Single loop control

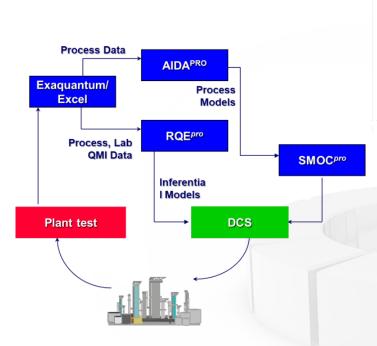


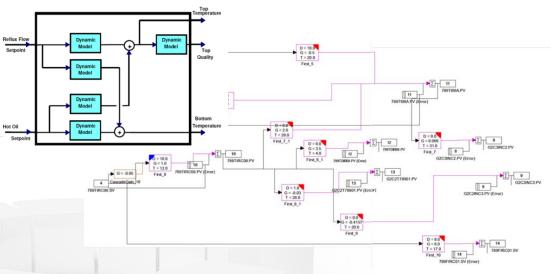
Advanced Process Control (APC) is a general term for control applications that are more advanced or complex than the typical control schemes found in DCS systems. Generally, APC applications are designed to reduce the variability of key unit operating variables. The reason for using a multi-variable controller for this is that there are quite often strong interactions between the different 'handles' on these processes.





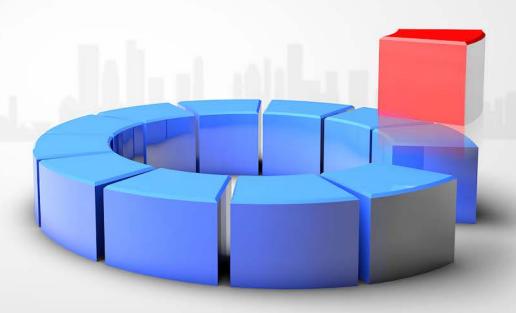
Advanced Process Control (APC)





- ✓ For example: if one adjusts the reflux in a column, this will have an impact on the bottom as well as on the top of the column. The same is true for changes in e.g. the reboiler duty.
- ✓ Base-layer controllers in the DCS cannot handle these interactions.
 APC can!!!

Why select Temperature as MV? And Conceptual design

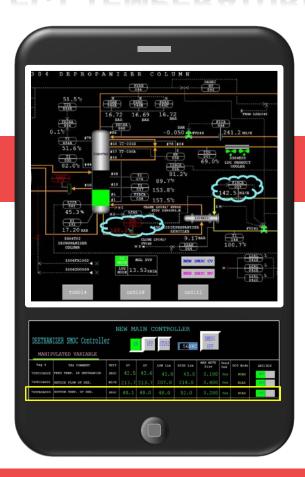


WHY SELECT TEMPERATURE AS MV?



Controllability

Because these controllers are relatively large and involve a lot of calculations, they are not being executed every few seconds like a base-layer controller, but often only once per minute.





Robust Quality Estimator (RQEs)

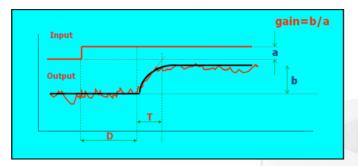
Temperature is direct function of product quality

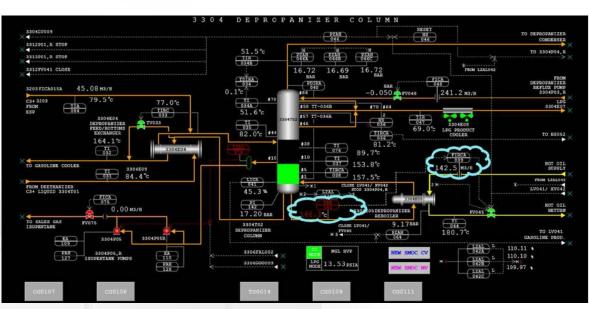
i.e.

RQEC3inC2.PV = -0.5x**704TRA027.PV** + 704PICA002.PV+ 1.3568

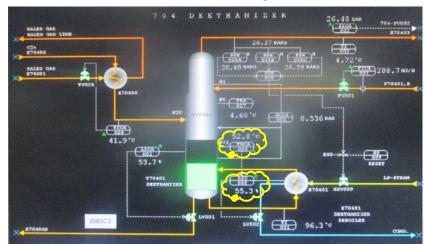
Conceptual design

Relation parameters





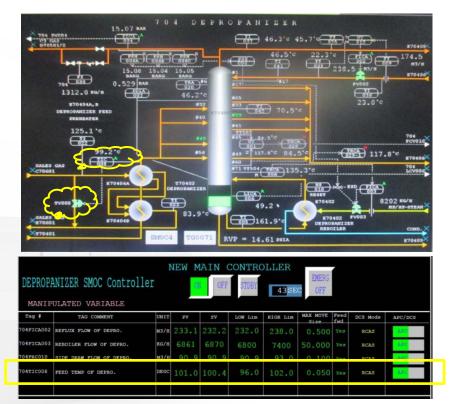
Redesign Base layer PTT GSP1 for DeEth & DePro





Manipulate the set point value of temperature controller 704-TRCA-003 on tray #71 in the column.

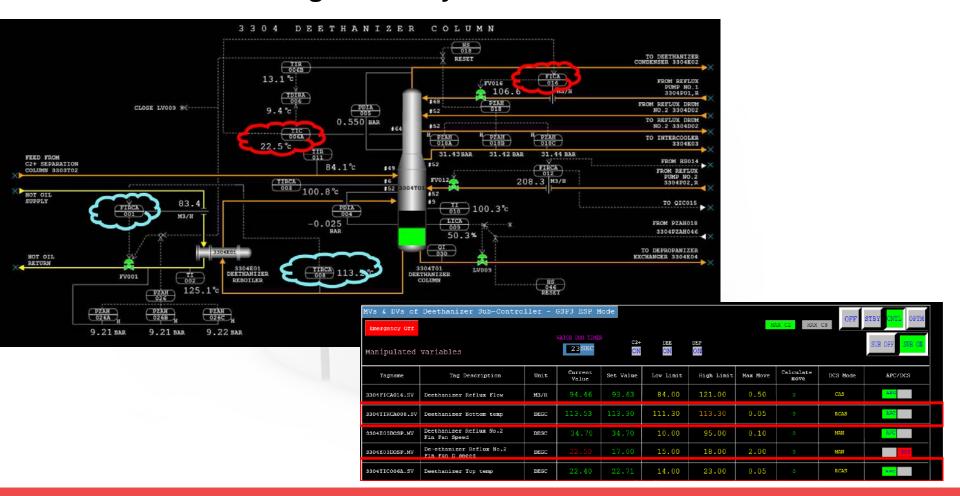
This temperature controller subsequently controls the LP-steam flow to reboiler E-70401.



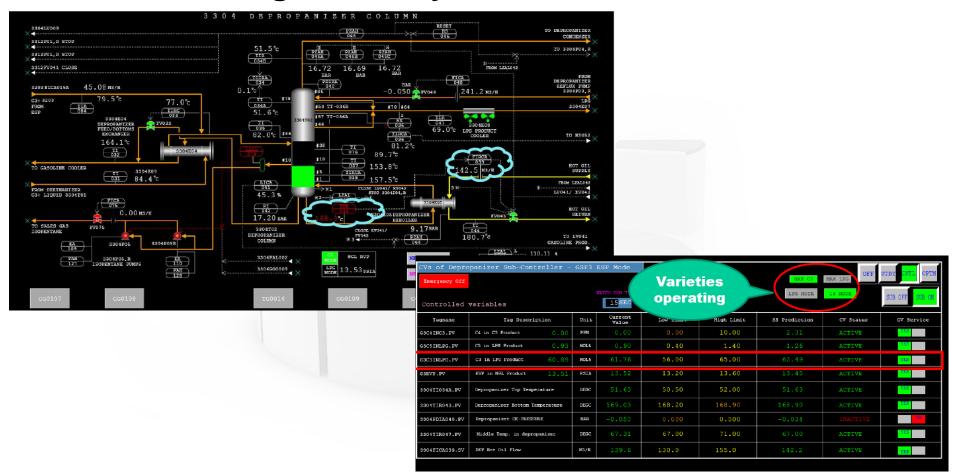
Manipulate the set point value of temperature controller 704-TIC-008 of feed inlet of depropanizer.

This temperature controller subsequently controls RVP of NGL.

Redesign Base layer GSP2 & 3 for DeEth



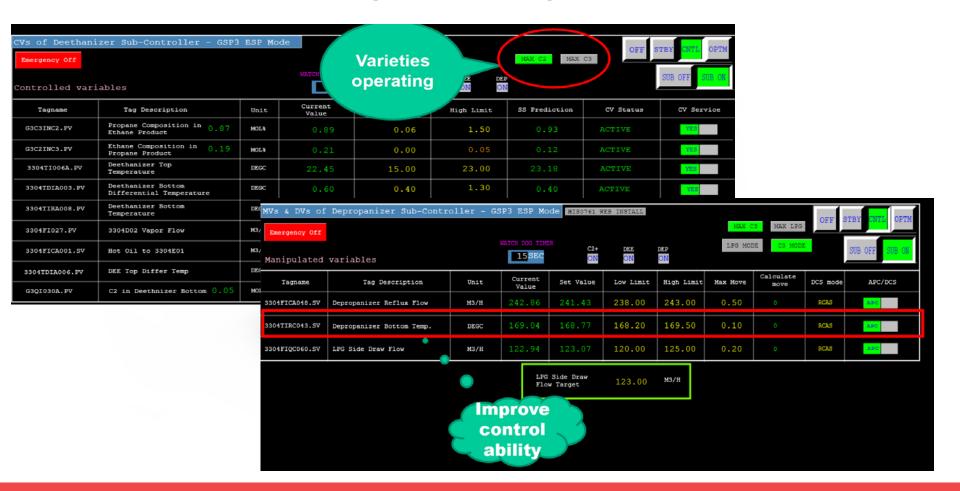
Redesign Base layer GSP2 & 3 for DePro



Benefit from best practice



Varieties Operating from using Temp. as MV in APC



Benefit

GSP2

- ☐ C2+ Separation column
- Stabilize unit operation
- Maximize C1 in C2 product up to its specification
- □ Deethanizer Column
- Maximize C3 in C2
- Minimum C2 in C3
- Stabilize process operation
- □ Depropanizer column
- Maximize C5 in LPG
- Maintain NGL RVP within control specification
- Stabilize process operation

GSP3

- ☐ C2+ Separation column
- Stabilize unit operation
- Maximize C1 in C2 product up to its specification
- □ Deethanizer Column
- Maximize C3 in C2
- Minimum C2 in C3
- Stabilize process operation
- Depropanizer column
- Maximize C5 in LPG
- Maintain NGL RVP within control specification
- Stabilize process operation

GSP1

- □Deethanizer Column
- Maximize C3 in C2
- Minimum C2 in C3
- Stabilize process operation
- Depropanizer column
- Maximize C5 in LPG
- Maintain NGL RVP within control specification
- Stabilize process operation

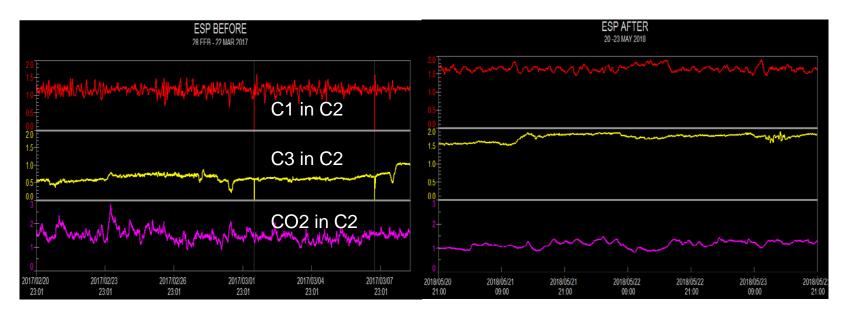
ESP

- □ Demethanizer Column
- Stabilize unit operation
- Maximize the C1 in C2
- product up to its specification
- CO2 Stabilize
- □ Deethanizer Column
- Maximize propane in ethane
- Minimum ethane in propane up to its specification
- Stabilize process operation



- Maximize Ethane product
- ☐ Shift target C1 and C3 in Ethane product

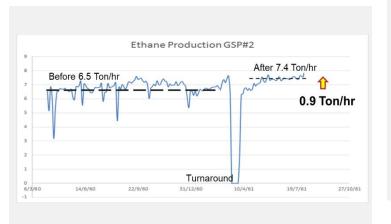
TAG	AVG NEW	AVG BS	STD NEW	STD BS	IMPROVE	SHIFT TARGET	
C1 in C2	1.645	1.164	0.081	0.114	29.097	(MAX)	
C3 in C2	1.736	0.645	0.095	0.113	15.986	(MAX)	
CO2 in C2	1.135	1.500	0.139	0.239	41.667		

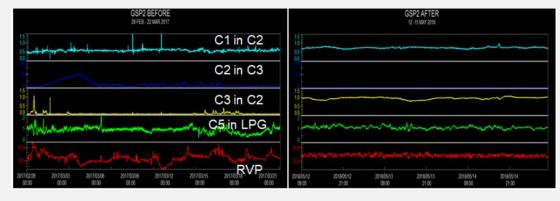


GSP#2

- ✓ Maximize Ethane product
- ✓ Shift target C1 and C3 in Ethane product

TAG	AVG NEW	AVG BS	STD NEW	STD BS	IMPROVE	SHIFT TARGET	
C1 in C2	0.733	0.564	0.039	0.078	50.193	(MAX)	
C2 in C3	0.083	2.351	0.012	2.218	99.477	↓ (MIN)	
C3 in C2	0.935	0.058	0.060	0.064	5.799	(MAX)	
C5 IN LPG	1.100	0.887	0.124	0.226	51.713	↑ (MAX)	
RVP	13.596	13.061	0.247	0.761	67.508	(MAX)	

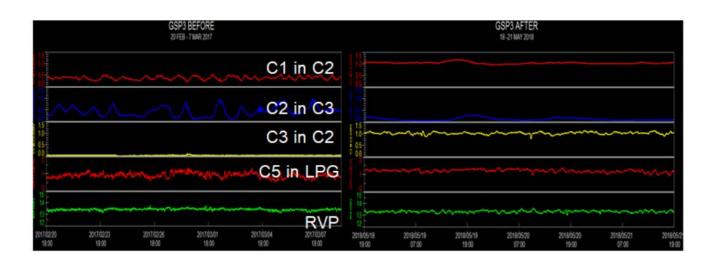




GSP#3

- ✓ Maximize Ethane product
- √ Shift target C1 and C3 in Ethane product

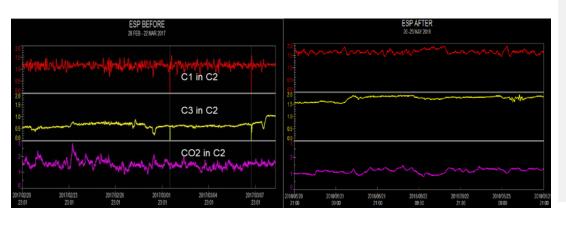
	_			_		
TAG	AVG NEW	AVG BS	STD NEW	STD BS	IMPROVE	SHIFT TARGET
C1 in C2	1.0055	0.3698	0.0356	0.0686	48.105	(MAX)
C2 in C3	0.079	0.4342	0.0306	0.2016	84.821	↓ (MIN)
C3 in C2	0.9857	0.0275	0.045	0.0092	-389.130	(MAX)
C5 IN LPG	1.1679	0.8972	0.0449	0.07155	53.698	(MAX)
RVP	13.2611	13.4075	0.0996	0.0886	-12.415	1 (MAX)

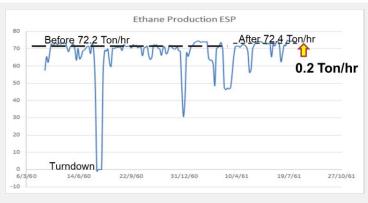


ESP

- ✓ Maximize Ethane product
- ✓ Shift target C1 and C3 in Ethane product

TAG	AVG NEW	AVG BS	STD NEW	STD BS	IMPROVE	SHIFT TARGET	
C1 in C2	1.645	1.164	0.081	0.114	29.097	1	(MAX)
C3 in C2	1.736	0.645	0.095	0.113	15.986	4	(MAX)
CO2 in C2	1.135	1.500	0.139	0.239	41.667		





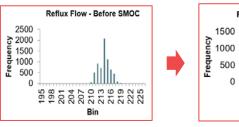
GSP#1

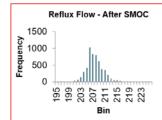
- ✓ Reduce standard deviation
- ✓ Reduce Energy consumption

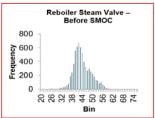
Deethanizer

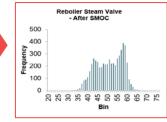
-Build up new optimization model.

Std. Deviation Reduction 58%









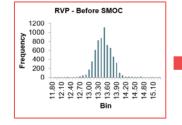


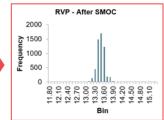
Decrease Steam Consumption = 7,200 T/Y or Saving = 4.1 mB/Y

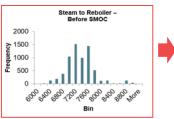
• Depropanizer

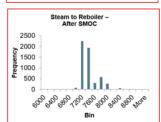
-Build up new optimization model

Std. Deviation Reduction 58%











Decrease Steam Consumption = 1087 T/Y or Saving = 0.6 mB/Y

Direct Benefit

• Ethane product increase 1.1 Ton/hr



10,512 Ton/year



คิดเป็น 47,304,000 ล้านบาท/ปี*

*Note: Ethane product margin 4,500 Baht/ton

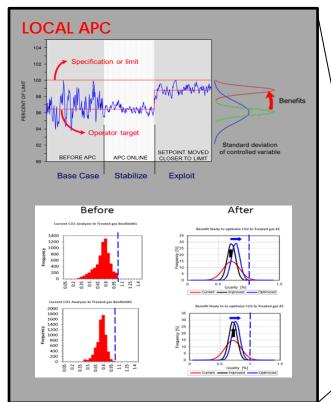
Indirect Benefits

- ควบคุมและรักษากระบวนการผลิตให้มีเสถียรภาพ (More Ability)
- □ เพิ่มกำลังการผลิตและปรับปรุงประสิทธิภาพการดำเนินกระบวนการเพื่อได้ผลิตภัณฑ์ที่มี มูลค่ามากที่สุด (Optimization)
- □ ลดปริมาณการใช้พลังงานในกระบวนการผลิตให้เหมาะสม (Energy Reduction)
- ควบคุมคุณภาพผลิตภัณฑ์ให้ตรงตามความต้องการของลูกค้า (Customer Satisfaction)
- ควบคุมการกระบวนการผลิตให้เหมาะสมทุก Mode ของผลิตภัณฑ์ (Operation excellent)
 - Maximize ethane product
 - Maximize C3 product
 - LPG / Propane mode
- □ ควบคุมและรักษาเป้าหมายรวมของการผลิตให้สามารถดำเนินกระบวนการให้ได้ตามข้อจำกัดของอุปกรณ์ และใช้อุปกรณ์ได้เต็มประสิทธิภาพ (Equipment Utilization)

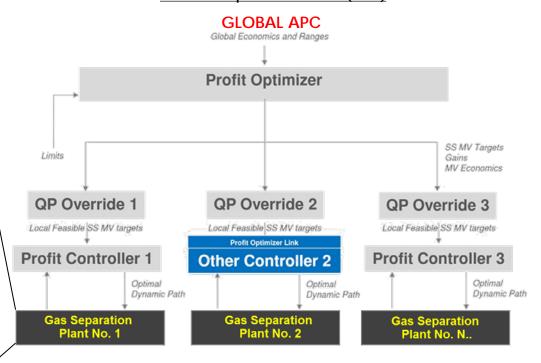
PLANTWIDE OPTIMIZATION

ADAPTIVE PLANTWIDE OPTIMIZATION PREDICTION

Paradigm shift



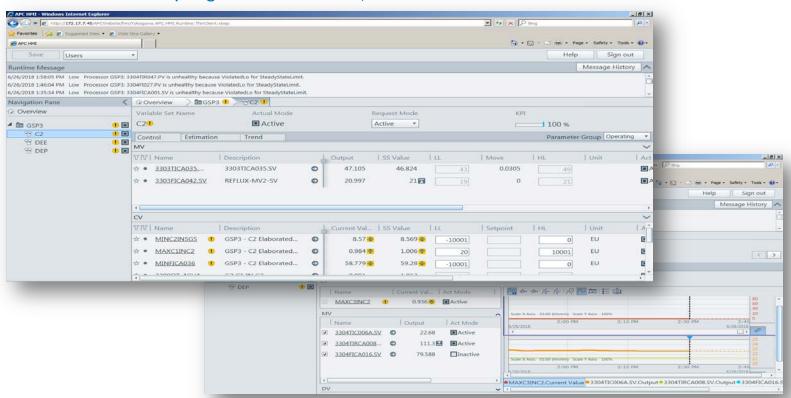
Advanced process Control (APC)



Ensures Optimal Dynamic Global Path

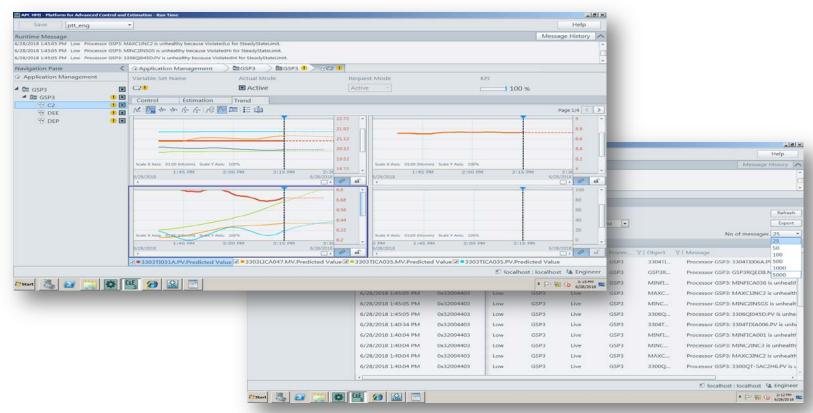
Standardization

• การใช้ program ในการควบคุมเป็นระบบอัตโนมัติ



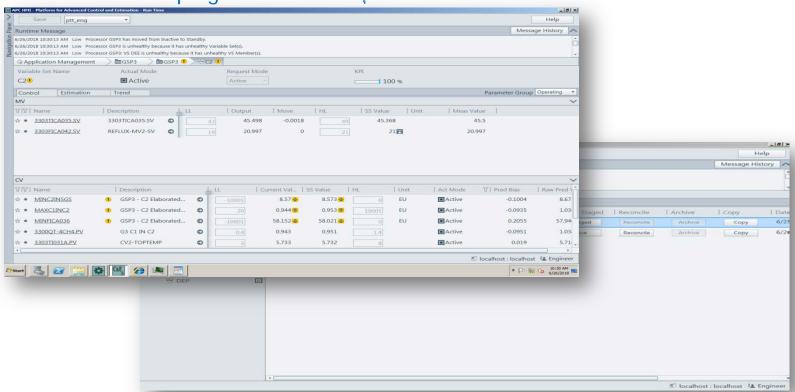
Standardization

การใช้ program ในการควบคุมเป็นระบบอัตโนมัติ



Standardization

• การใช้ program ในการควบคุมเป็นระบบอัตโนมัติ



Thank you for your attention

