Die Freezing

Problem	Typical Cause	Effect	Side effect to other equipment	Solution	Action
Die Freezing	1. Die sector temperature non- uniformity 2. Die plate heating medium inlet / outlet manifold design problem 3. Too Low melt temp or PEW temp	1. Die plate pressure (PI17105) high 2. Non-Uniform Pellets-size (Pellet per gram decrease) - Found a lot of over- and under- size pellet 3. Higher Dust and fine pellet	1. Highly Cutter/Screw speed ratio (ratio > 6.0) 2. R-1901 Current High (at steady Production rate and PEW) 3. Pressure diff of Filter Highly Increase (such as Demister (PDI19103) 4. Found the increasing of dust in TK1902	Analyst Freezing situation 1. Low - No abnormal pellet found - Product quality still in control spec - Found a little of un-cleaned cut & under-over size pellet 2. High - Found a lot of Over- & Under-size pellet & after adjust cutter speed non-uniform pellet still found - Found a lot of dust and also angel hair or un-cleaned cut due to unbalance of melt pressure through at die plate. - Can't control product quality and have to judge product to NP	Do nothing Increase melt temp or equipment temp to maintain freezing rate Increase HS header to pressure/Temp; 39/250 (max) Monitoring pellet appearance at S5101 (1-2 days) If freezing rate still increase do next step Increase PEW Temp (↑ ≤ 45 °C) Increase Barrel Temp (↑ ≤ 180°C) Decrease PEW flow rate (↓ ≥ 750 m3/hr) Increase After cooler Temp (↑ ≤ 243 °C) ** Monitor Sticking Pellet, Agglomerate, Stretch Pellet, and Angel Hair after adjust each step DO!! SP3A to purge EX1701