

NFPA® 850

Recommended Practice
for Fire Protection for
Electric Generating Plants
and High Voltage Direct
Current Converter Stations

7.8.6* Transformers. Oil-filled main, station service, and startup transformers not meeting the separation or fire barrier recommendations in 5.1.4 or as determined by the Fire Protection Design Basis Document should be protected with automatic water spray or foam-water spray systems.

5.1.4 Outdoor Oil-Insulated Transformers.

5.1.4.1 Outdoor oil-insulated transformers should be separated from adjacent structures and from each other by firewalls, spatial separation, or other approved means for the purpose of limiting the damage and potential spread of fire from a transformer failure.

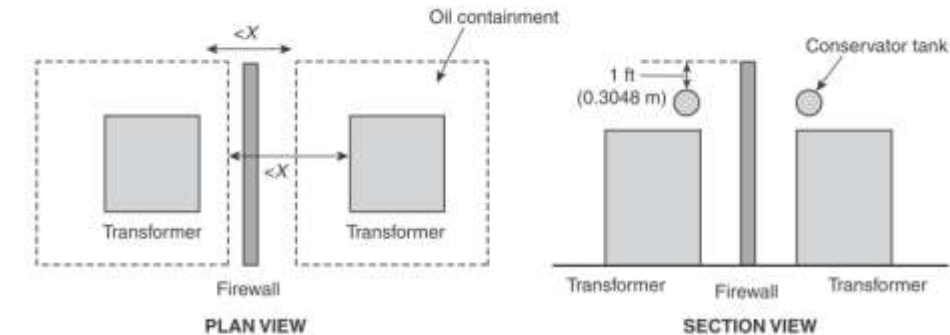
5.1.4.2 Determination of the type of physical separation to be used between transformers, control equipment, and building structures should be based on a detailed analysis of the following:

- (1) Type and quantity of oil in the transformer
- (2) Size of a postulated oil spill (surface area and depth)
- (3) Type of construction of adjacent structures
- (4) Type and amount of exposed equipment, including high line structures, motor control center (MCC) equipment, breakers, other transformers, and so forth.
- (5) Power rating of the transformer
- (6) Fire suppression systems provided
- (7) Type of electrical protective relaying provided
- (8) Availability of replacement transformers (long lead times)
- (9)*The existence of fast depressurization systems

5.1.4.3* Unless consideration of the factors in 5.1.4.2 indicates otherwise, it is recommended that any oil-insulated transformer containing 500 gal (1893 L) or more of oil be separated from adjacent structures by a 2-hour-rated firewall or by spatial separation in accordance with Table 5.1.4.3. Where a firewall is provided between structures and a transformer, it should extend vertically and horizontally as indicated in Figure 5.1.4.3.

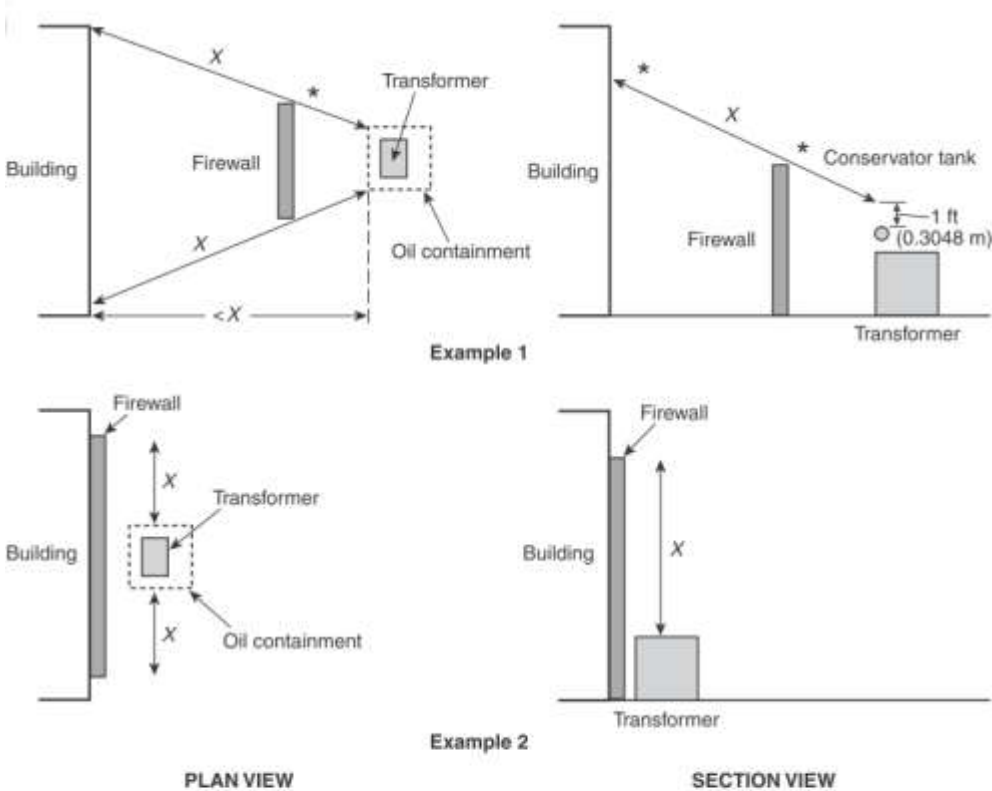
Table 5.1.4.3 Outdoor Oil-Insulated Transformer Separation Criteria

| Transformer Oil Capacity | | Minimum (Line-of-Sight) Separation Without Firewall | |
|--------------------------|-------------|--|-----|
| gal | L | ft | m |
| <500 | <1893 | See 5.1.4.2 | |
| 500–5000 | 1893–18,925 | 25 | 7.6 |
| >5000 | >18,925 | 50 | 15 |



X: Minimum separation distance from Table 5.1.4.3.

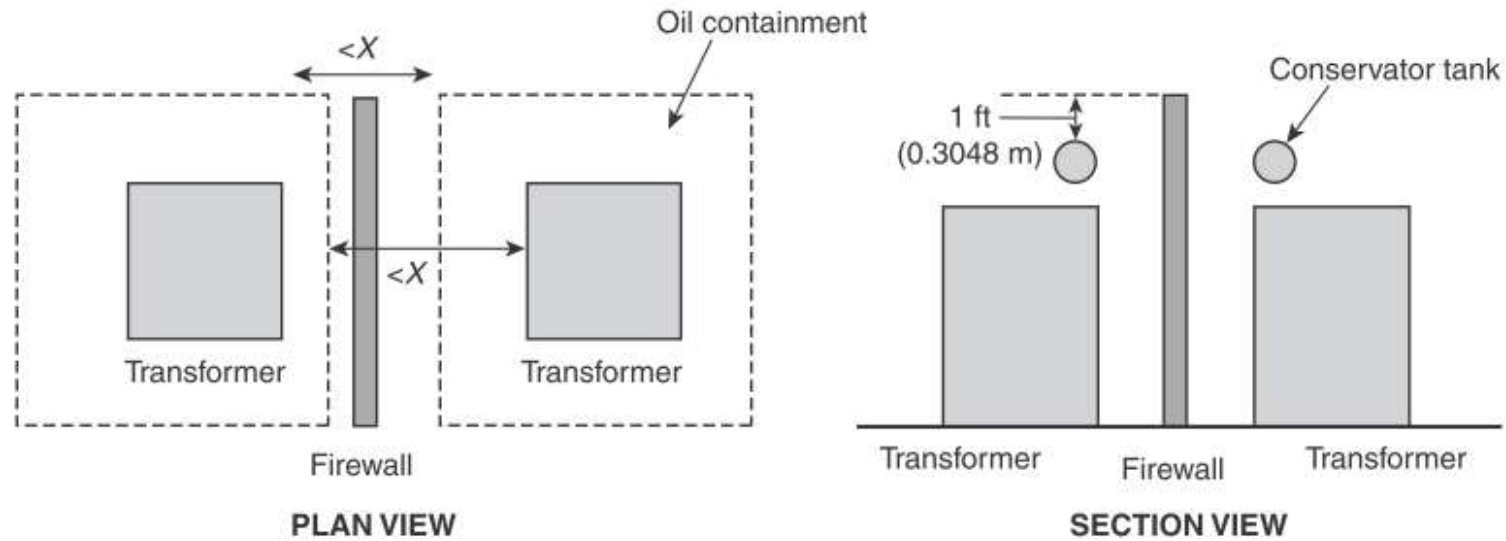
FIGURE 5.1.4.4 Outdoor Oil-Insulated Transformer Separation Criteria.



X: Minimum separation distance from Table 5.1.4.3.

*: See A.5.1.4.3.

FIGURE 5.1.4.3 Illustration of Oil-Insulated Transformer Separation Recommendations.



X: Minimum separation distance from Table 5.1.4.3.

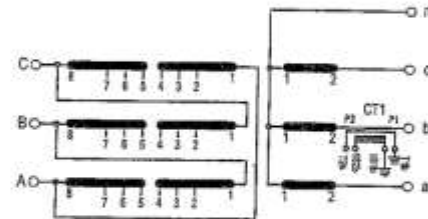
FIGURE 5.1.4.4 Outdoor Oil-Insulated Transformer Separation Criteria.

THREE PHASE TRANSFORMER

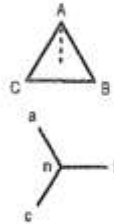
OIL IMMERSED TRANSFORMER

| | | | | |
|------------------|---------|----------|---------------------|-----------|
| COOLING TYPE | ONAN | SN. | MODEL | LH 11 |
| RATED POWER | 3 000 | KVA | MANF. YEAR | 50 |
| HV | 11 000 | V | LV | 400 / 230 |
| HV BIL / AC | 75 / 28 | kV | LV BIL / AC | - / 3 |
| HV CURRENT | 167,5 | A | LV CURRENT | 4 330 |
| INSULATION CLASS | A | STANDARD | IEC 60 078 | |
| OIL TEMP. RISE | 55 | K | IMP. VOLT. AT 75 °C | % |
| WIND. TEMP. RISE | 63 | K | OIL QUANTITY | 2 330 |
| MAX. AMB. TEMP. | 42 | °C | UNTANK MASS | 4 500 |
| TANK PRESSURE | 14 | PSI | TOTAL MASS | 8 650 |

WINDING CONNECTION DIAGRAM



PHASOR DIAGRAM



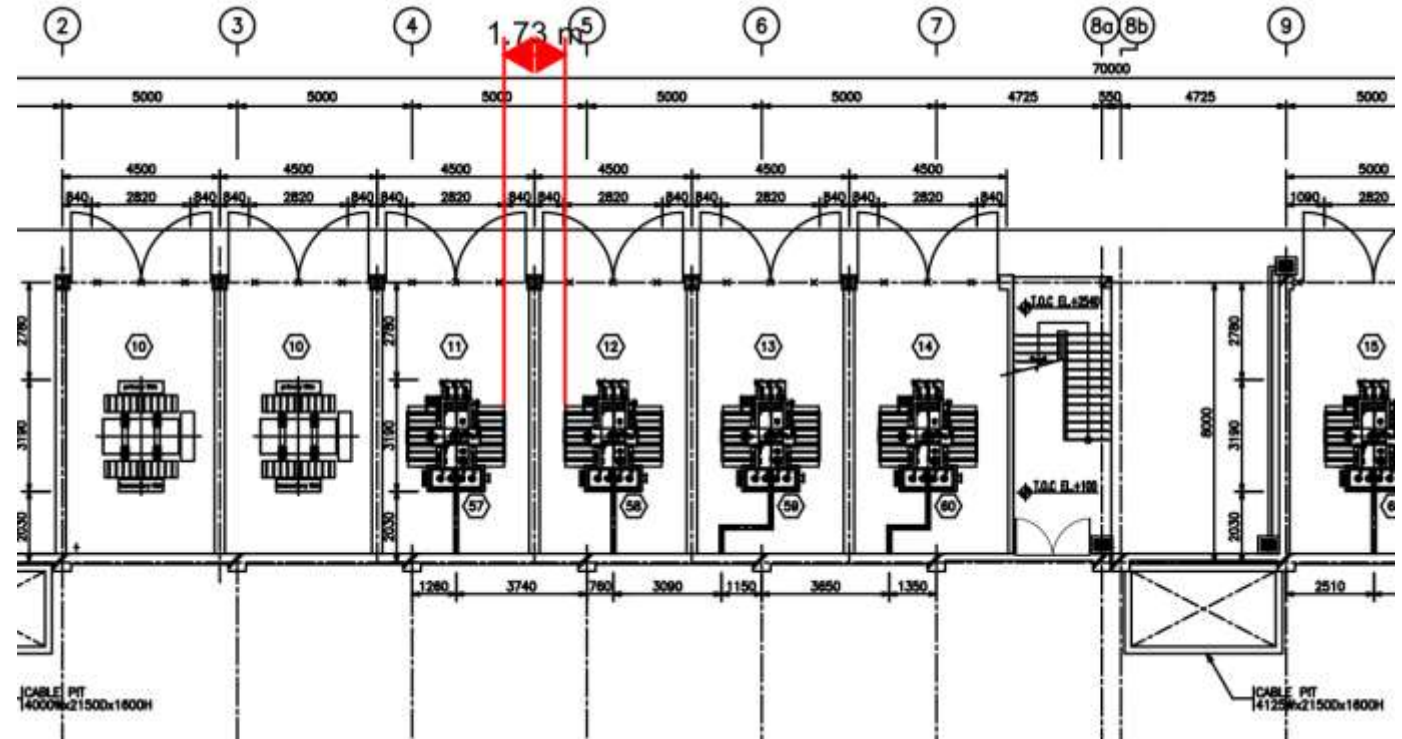
| HV SIDE | | | | CT1 | 4 332 / 1,5 | A | CL 5 | 10 | VA |
|---------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|---|------|----|----|
| TAP | CONNECTION | VOLTAGE(V) | CURRENT(A) | CONNECTION SYMBOL | Dyn 11 | | | | |
| 1 | 5-4 | 11 550 | 150,0 | INSULATING LIQUID | MINERAL OIL | | | | |
| 2 | 5-3 | 11 275 | 153,6 | CONDUCTOR MAT. | COPPER | | | | |
| 3 | 8-3 | 11 000 | 157,5 | INSTRUCTION BOOK | | | | | |
| 4 | 8-2 | 10 725 | 161,5 | CONTRACT No. | | | | | |
| 5 | 7-2 | 10 450 | 165,7 | | | | | | |



บริษัท ทิรไทย จำกัด (มหาชน)
TIRATHAI PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

P351-08228

170.00



Equipment No. : 3628TR02A
3628TR02B
3628TR03A
3628TR03B

3628TR04A
3628TR04B
3628TR05A
3628TR05B

3628TR06A
3628TR06B