Centre No.						Paper Reference Surname Initial(Initial(s)				
Candidate No.						6	6	7	9	/	0	1	Signature	
	Paper Reference(s) 6679/01 Examiner's use only													

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Edexcel GCE

Mechanics M3

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Tuesday 15 June 2010 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials required for examin	nation
Mathematical Formulae (Pink)	

Items included with question papers

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions.

You must write your answer to each question in the space following the question.

Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$.

When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 7 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 28 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled. You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner. Answers without working may not gain full credit.

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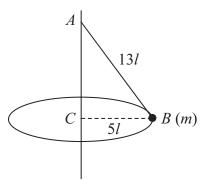


Figure 1

A garden game is played with a small ball B of mass m attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length 13l. The other end of the string is fixed to a point A on a vertical pole as shown in Figure 1. The ball is hit and moves with constant speed in a horizontal circle of radius 5l and centre C, where C is vertically below A. Modelling the ball as a particle, find

((a)	the	tension	in	the	string
١.	u_j	tiic	tension	111	tiic	sums,

(3)

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(b) the speed	d of the ball
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(4)

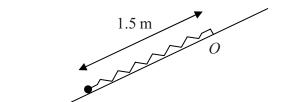
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Question 1 continued	Leave blank
(Total 7 marks)	Q1

Earth. The Earth e	ass m is above the surface of the Earth at distance x from the centrexerts a gravitational force on P . The magnitude of this force is in	
	the Earth the acceleration due to gravity is g . The Earth is model	led as a
sphere of radius R		
(a) Prove that the	e magnitude of the gravitational force on P is $\frac{mgR^2}{x^2}$.	(3)
	vertically upwards from the surface of the Earth with initial spectrum vertically upwards from the surface of the Earth the speed of the particle is U .	eed 3 <i>U</i> .
(b) Find U in term	ms of g and R .	(7)

Question 2 continued	Leave blank

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Figure 2

A particle of mass 0.5 kg is attached to one end of a light elastic spring of natural length 0.9 m and modulus of elasticity λ newtons. The other end of the spring is attached to a fixed point O on a rough plane which is inclined at an angle θ to the horizontal, where $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$. The coefficient of friction between the particle and the plane is 0.15. The particle is held on the plane at a point which is 1.5 m down the line of greatest slope from O, as shown in Figure 2. The particle is released from rest and first comes to rest again after moving 0.7 m up the plane.

Find the value of λ .					
	(9)				

Question 3 continued	Leave blank

Question 3 continued	

Question 3 continued	Leave blank
	Q3
(Total 9 marks)	



Figure 3

A container is formed by removing a right circular solid cone of height 4l from a uniform solid right circular cylinder of height 6l. The centre O of the plane face of the cone coincides with the centre of a plane face of the cylinder and the axis of the cone coincides with the axis of the cylinder, as shown in Figure 3. The cylinder has radius 2l and the base of the cone has radius l.

(a) Find the distance of the centre of mass of the container from O.

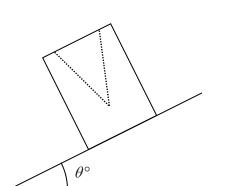


Figure 4

The container is placed on a plane which is inclined at an angle θ° to the horizontal. The open face is uppermost, as shown in Figure 4. The plane is sufficiently rough to prevent the container from sliding. The container is on the point of toppling.

(b) Find the value of θ .



(6)

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	Q4
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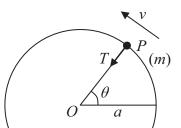


Figure 5

A particle P of mass m is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length a. The other end of the string is fixed at the point O. The particle is initially held with OP horizontal and the string taut. It is then projected vertically upwards with speed u, where $u^2 = 5ag$. When OP has turned through an angle θ the speed of P is v and the tension in the string is T, as shown in Figure 5.

(a) Find, in terms of a, g and θ , an expression for v^2 .

(3)

Leave blank

(b) Find, in terms of m, g and θ , an expression for T.

(4)

(c) Prove that P moves in a complete circle.

(3)

(d) Find the maximum speed of P.

(2)



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Question 5 continued	blank
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Question 5 continued	b]

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	Q5	
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6.	the positive x-direction. At time t seconds $(t > 0)$, the acceleration of P has magnitude	
	$\frac{3}{(t+1)^2}$ m s ⁻² and is directed towards O .	
	(a) Show that at time t seconds the velocity of P is $\left(\frac{3}{t+1}-1\right)$ m s ⁻¹ .	(5)
	(b) Find, to 3 significant figures, the distance of <i>P</i> from <i>O</i> when <i>P</i> is instantant rest.	eously at
	iest.	(7)

Question 6 continued	Leave blank

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Question 6 continued	Leave blank	
	Q6	
(Total 12 marks)		

7. A light elastic string, of natural length 3a and m attached to a fixed point A. A particle P of mass string and hangs in equilibrium at the point O, ver	2m is attached to the other end of the
(a) Find the distance AO.	(3)
The particle is now raised to point C vertically be from rest.	
(b) Show that <i>P</i> moves with simple harmonic mo	tion of period $2\pi \sqrt{\frac{a}{g}}$. (5)
It is given that $OC = \frac{1}{4}a$.	
(c) Find the greatest speed of <i>P</i> during the motion	1. (3)
The point <i>D</i> is vertically above <i>O</i> and $OD = \frac{1}{8}a$. The point <i>D</i> is vertically above <i>O</i> and $OD = \frac{1}{8}a$.	The string is cut as P passes through D ,
(d) Find the greatest height of P above O in the s	ubsequent motion. (4)

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Question 7 continued	

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	(Total 15 marks)	