## 1 Cell Averaged G

We have:

$$G = uh - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{h^3}{3} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)$$

For a soliton we have:

$$h(x,t) = a_0 + a_1 sech^2 \left(\kappa \left(x - ct\right)\right)$$
$$u(x,t) = c \left(1 - \frac{a_0}{h(x,t)}\right)$$
$$\kappa = \frac{\sqrt{3a_1}}{2a_0\sqrt{a_0 + a_1}}$$
$$c = \sqrt{g(a_0 + a_1)}$$

Let's focus on t = 0

$$h(x) = a_0 + a_1 sech^2(\kappa x)$$
$$u(x) = c \left(1 - \frac{a_0}{h(x)}\right)$$
$$\kappa = \frac{\sqrt{3a_1}}{2\sqrt{a_0(a_0 + a_1)}}$$
$$c = \sqrt{g(a_0 + a_1)}$$

So we have

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}u(x,t) = -ca_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{1}{h(x,t)}\right)$$
$$= ca_0 \left[\frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \frac{1}{h^2}\right]$$

Multiplying by  $\frac{h^3}{3}$ 

$$\frac{h^3}{3}\frac{\partial}{\partial x}u(x,t) = \frac{ca_0}{3}h\left[\frac{\partial h}{\partial x}\right]$$

Taking the derivative:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{h^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} u \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{ca_0}{3} h \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{ca_0}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( h \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right)$$
$$= \frac{ca_0}{3} \left( h \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} + \left( \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right)$$

So we have:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{h^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} u \right) = \frac{ca_0}{3} \left( h \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} + \left( \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right)$$

Looking at momentum we have:

$$uh = c\left(h - a_0\right)$$

So G is:

$$G = c (h - a_0) - \frac{ca_0}{3} \left( h \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} + \left( \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right)$$

We will now calculate the derivatives of h:

$$h = a_0 + a_1 sech^2 (\kappa x)$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = a_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} sech^2 \left( \kappa x \right)$$

$$= a_1 \times 2 \times \kappa \times -tanh(\kappa x)sech(\kappa x) \times sech(\kappa x)$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = -2a_1\kappa tanh(\kappa x)sech^2(\kappa x)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = -2a_1 \kappa \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \tanh(\kappa x) \operatorname{sech}^2(\kappa(x)) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = -2a_1\kappa \left( -\kappa \left( \cosh(2\kappa x) - 2 \right) \operatorname{sech}^4(\kappa x) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = 2a_1 \kappa^2 \left( \left( \cosh(2\kappa x) - 2 \right) \operatorname{sech}^4(\kappa x) \right)$$

From before we had:

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = -2a_1 \kappa \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \tanh(\kappa x) \operatorname{sech}^2(\kappa(x)) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = -2a_1 \kappa \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \tanh(\kappa x) \right) \operatorname{sech}^2(\kappa x) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \operatorname{sech}^2(\kappa x) \right) \tanh(\kappa x) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = -2a_1\kappa^2 \left[ \left( 1 - \tanh^2(\kappa x) \right) \operatorname{sech}^2(\kappa x) - 2 \left( \operatorname{sech}^2(\kappa x) \right) \tanh^2(\kappa x) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = -2a_1 \kappa^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(\kappa x) \left[ (1 - 3\tanh^2(\kappa x)) \right]$$

$$G = uh - \frac{ca_0}{3} \left( -2ha_1\kappa^2 sech^2(\kappa x) \left[ 1 - 3tanh^2(\kappa x) \right] + \left( -2a_1\kappa tanh(\kappa x) sech^2(\kappa x) \right)^2 \right)$$

$$G = uh - \frac{ca_0}{3} \left( -2ha_1\kappa^2 sech^2(\kappa x) \left[ 1 - 3tanh^2(\kappa x) \right] + 4a_1^2\kappa^2 tanh^2(\kappa x) sech^4(\kappa x) \right)$$