

# 1 Serre Equations

The Serre Equations read (height/mass)

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial uh}{\partial x} = 0$$

Phi

$$\Phi = \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \left( u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + u^2 \frac{\partial^2 b}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$$

Gamma

$$\Gamma = \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 - u \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} \right)$$

Pressure

$$p|_{\xi} = p_a + \rho g \xi + \frac{\rho}{2} \xi (2h - \xi) \Gamma + \rho \xi \Phi$$

Momentum(velocity) x

$$\frac{\partial(uh)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( u^2 h + \frac{gh^2}{2} + \frac{h^3}{3} \Gamma + \frac{h^2}{2} \Phi \right) + h \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \left( g + \frac{h}{2} \Gamma + \Phi \right) = 0$$

z

$$w|_z = \frac{z - b}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial b}{\partial x}$$

The total energy of the Euler system is  $E = \frac{1}{2} |\vec{u}|^2 + g(z - b)$ :

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (E \vec{u} + p \vec{u}) = 0$$

Integrating over depth  $s = h + b$

$$\int_b^s \left( \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (E \vec{u} + p \vec{u}) \right) dz = 0$$

$$\int_b^s \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} dz + \int_b^s \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (Eu + pu) dz + \int_b^s \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (Ew + pw) dz = 0$$

$$\int_b^s \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} dz + \int_b^s \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (Eu + pu) dz + E(s)w(s) + p(s)w(s) - E(b)w(b) - p(b)w(b) = 0$$

at  $b$   $w = 0$  (no slip)

$$\int_b^s \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} dz + \int_b^s \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (Eu + pu) dz + E(s)w(s) + p(s)w(s) = 0$$

First term (Leibniz):

$$\int_b^s \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} dz = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_b^s E dz - E(s) \frac{\partial(s)}{\partial t} + E(b) \frac{\partial(b)}{\partial t}$$

$$\int_b^s \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} dz = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_b^s E dz - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t}$$

So need to calculate the integral of the energy over depth:

$$\int_b^s E dz = \int_b^s \frac{1}{2} (u^2 + w^2) + g(z - b) dz$$

$$\int_b^s \frac{1}{2} (u^2 + w^2) + g(z - b) dz = \frac{1}{2} \left( \bar{u}^2 h + \int_b^s w^2 dz \right) + \int_b^s g(z - b) dz$$

Calculating the P.E first (simplest)

$$\int_b^s g(z - b) dz = g \left( \int_b^s z dz - b \int_b^s dz \right) = g \left( \left[ \frac{1}{2} z^2 \right]_b^s - b [z]_b^s \right) = \frac{g}{2} (h^2 + 2hb) - gbh = \frac{gh^2}{2}$$

Calculating the vertical velocity

$$\begin{aligned} \int_b^s w^2 dz &= \int_b^s \left( \frac{z - b}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 dz \\ &= \int_b^s \left( \frac{z - b}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right)^2 + 2 \left( \frac{z - b}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right) \left( u \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right) + \left( u \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 dz \\ &= \int_b^s \left( \frac{z - b}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right)^2 dz + \int_b^s 2 \left( \frac{z - b}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right) \left( u \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right) dz + h \left( \bar{u} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right)^2 \int_b^s (z - b)^2 dz + 2 \frac{1}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \int_b^s (z - b) (u) dz + h \left( \bar{u} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2$$

Can use that the velocity profile is constant over depth ( $u|_x, z = \bar{u}(x)$ )

$$= \left( \frac{1}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right)^2 \int_b^s (z - b)^2 dz + 2 \frac{\bar{u}}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \int_b^s (z - b) dz + h \left( \bar{u} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2$$

Integrals:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_b^s (z - b) dz &= \int_b^s z dz - \int_b^s b dz \\ &= \left[ \frac{z^2}{2} \right]_b^s - b \int_b^s 1 dz \\ &= \left[ \frac{z^2}{2} \right]_b^s - b [s - b] \\ &= \frac{s^2}{2} - \frac{b^2}{2} - b [h + b - b] \\ &= \frac{h^2 + 2hb + b^2}{2} - \frac{b^2}{2} - bh \\ &= \frac{h^2 + 2hb}{2} - bh \\ &= \frac{h^2}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Second

$$\begin{aligned} \int_b^s (z - b)^2 dz &= \int_b^s z^2 - 2zb + b^2 dz \\ &= \int_b^s z^2 dz - \int_b^s 2zb dz + \int_b^s b^2 dz \\ &= \int_b^s z^2 dz - 2b \int_b^s z dz + b^2 \int_b^s 1 dz \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left[ \frac{z^3}{3} \right]_b^s - 2b \left[ \frac{z^2}{2} \right]_b^s + b^2 h \\
&= \left( \frac{s^3}{3} - \frac{b^3}{3} \right) - 2b \left( \frac{h^2 + 2hb}{2} \right) + b^2 h \\
&= \left( \frac{h^3 + 3h^2b + 3hb^2 + b^3}{3} - \frac{b^3}{3} \right) - bh^2 - 2hb^2 + b^2 h \\
&= \left( \frac{h^3 + 3h^2b + 3hb^2}{3} \right) - bh^2 - hb^2 \\
&= \left( \frac{h^3}{3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

(identity that applies)

Back to it

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left( \frac{1}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right)^2 \int_b^s (z-b)^2 dz + 2 \frac{\bar{u}}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \int_b^s (z-b) dz + h \left( \bar{u} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 \\
&= \left( \frac{1}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right)^2 \left( \frac{h^3}{3} \right) + 2 \frac{\bar{u}}{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \left( \frac{h^2}{2} \right) + h \left( \bar{u} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 \\
&= \frac{h}{3} \left( \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \bar{u} h \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} + h \left( \bar{u} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 \\
&= \frac{h}{3} \left( -\frac{\partial h \bar{u}}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \bar{u} h \left( -\frac{\partial h \bar{u}}{\partial x} \right) \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} + h \bar{u}^2 \left( \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 \\
&= \frac{h}{3} \left( \frac{\partial (h \bar{u})}{\partial x} \right)^2 - \bar{u} h \frac{\partial (h \bar{u})}{\partial x} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} + h \bar{u}^2 \left( \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2
\end{aligned}$$

So

$$\int_b^s E dz = \frac{1}{2} \left( \bar{u}^2 h + \frac{h}{3} \left( \frac{\partial (h \bar{u})}{\partial x} \right)^2 - \bar{u} h \frac{\partial (h \bar{u})}{\partial x} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} + h \bar{u}^2 \left( \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) + \frac{gh^2}{2}$$

then

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_b^s \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} dz &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left[ \bar{u}^2 h + \frac{h}{3} \left( \frac{\partial (h\bar{u})}{\partial x} \right)^2 - \bar{u} h \frac{\partial (h\bar{u})}{\partial x} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} + h \bar{u}^2 \left( \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \frac{gh^2}{2} \right] - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 2\bar{u}\bar{u}_t h + \bar{u}^2 h_t + \frac{h_t}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x + \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x (\bar{u}h)_{xt} - (\bar{u}h) (\bar{u}h)_{xt} b_x - (\bar{u}h)_t (\bar{u}h)_x b_x \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2\bar{u}\bar{u}_t h (b_x)^2 + \bar{u}^2 h_t (b_x)^2 + gh h_t \right] - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \quad (1)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[ h_t \left( \bar{u}^2 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x + gh + \bar{u}^2 (b_x)^2 \right) + u_t (2\bar{u}h + 2\bar{u}h (b_x)^2) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x (\bar{u}h)_{xt} - (\bar{u}h) (\bar{u}h)_{xt} b_x - (\bar{u}h)_t (\bar{u}h)_x b_x \right] - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \quad (2)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[ h_t \left( \bar{u}^2 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x + gh + \bar{u}^2 (b_x)^2 \right) + u_t (2\bar{u}h + 2\bar{u}h (b_x)^2) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x (\bar{u}h)_{xt} - (\bar{u}h) (\bar{u}h)_{xt} b_x - h_t \bar{u} (\bar{u}h)_x b_x - \bar{u}_t h (\bar{u}h)_x b_x \right] - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \quad (3)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[ h_t \left( \bar{u}^2 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x + gh + \bar{u}^2 (b_x)^2 - \bar{u} (\bar{u}h)_x b_x \right) + u_t (2\bar{u}h + 2\bar{u}h (b_x)^2 - h (\bar{u}h)_x b_x) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + (\bar{u}h)_{xt} \left( \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x - (\bar{u}h) b_x \right) \right] - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \quad (4)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[ h_t \left( \bar{u}^2 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x + gh + \bar{u}^2 (b_x)^2 - \bar{u} (\bar{u}h)_x b_x \right) + u_t (2\bar{u}h + 2\bar{u}h (b_x)^2 - h (\bar{u}h)_x b_x) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + (\bar{u}_{tx}h + \bar{u}_th_x + \bar{u}_xh_t + \bar{u}h_{tx}) \left( \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x - (\bar{u}h) b_x \right) \right] - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \quad (5)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[ h_t \left( \bar{u}^2 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x + gh + \bar{u}^2 (b_x)^2 - \bar{u} (\bar{u}h)_x b_x + \bar{u}_x \left( \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x - (\bar{u}h) b_x \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + u_t \left( 2\bar{u}h + 2\bar{u}h (b_x)^2 - h (\bar{u}h)_x b_x + h_x \left( \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x - (\bar{u}h) b_x \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + (\bar{u}_{tx}h + \bar{u}h_{tx}) \left( \frac{2h}{3} (\bar{u}h)_x - (\bar{u}h) b_x \right) \right] - E(s) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \quad (6)
\end{aligned}$$

From Serre equations  $h_t = -(uh)_x$  and

$$\begin{aligned}
&u_t + uu_x + gh_x + hh_x u_x^2 - hh_x uu_{xx} - hh_x u_{xt} + uh_x u_x b_x \\
&\quad + u^2 h_x b_{xx} + h_x b_x u_t + \frac{h^2}{3} u_x u_{xx} - \frac{h^2}{3} uu_{xxx} - \frac{h^2}{3} u_{xtx} \\
&\quad + hu_x^2 b_x + \frac{3h}{2} uu_x b_{xx} + \frac{h}{2} u^2 b_{xxx} + \frac{h}{2} b_{xx} u_t + gb_x \\
&\quad + uu_x b_x^2 + u^2 b_x b_{xx} + b_x^2 u_t = 0
\end{aligned}$$

Thus: