# Regressão de Biomassa

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```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: lattice
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:Metrics':
##
## precision, recall
```

## Preparing data

### Loading Data

```
data_raw <- read.csv("../data_sets/Material 02 - 4 - R - Biomassa - Dados.csv")
data_raw_new_cases <- read.csv("../data_sets/Material 02 - 4 - R - Biomassa - Dados - Novos Casos.csv")
```

#### Cleaning data

```
data <- data_raw
data_new_cases <- data_raw_new_cases
print(head(data))
     dap h
              Me biomassa
## 1 6.4 5.0 1.04
                     7.07
                     10.30
## 2 7.3 5.0 1.04
## 3 7.8 5.5 1.04
                     13.90
## 4 9.2 7.6 1.04
                     18.61
## 5 9.9 8.2 1.04
                     30.97
## 6 10.6 8.7 1.04
                     46.44
print(head(data_new_cases))
     dap
                Me biomassa
            h
## 1 6.4 7.0 1.04
## 2 7.3 10.0 1.04
## 3 7.8 5.5 1.04
## 4 12.2 7.5 1.04
```

#### Creating data partitioning

```
set.seed(1988)
# ran <- sample(1:nrow(data), 0.8 * nrow(data))
ind <- createDataPartition(data$biomassa, p=0.80, list = FALSE)</pre>
```

```
training_data <- data[ind,]</pre>
test_data <- data[-ind,]</pre>
```

## **Training**

#### Using KNN

```
Creating the model
tuneGrid \leftarrow expand.grid(k = c(1,3,5,7,9))
set.seed(1988)
knn <- train(biomassa ~ ., data = training_data, method = "knn", tuneGrid=tuneGrid)
print(knn)
## k-Nearest Neighbors
##
## 240 samples
##
   3 predictor
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 240, 240, 240, 240, 240, 240, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
    k RMSE
##
                 Rsquared
                            MAE
##
   1 334.1897 0.8923980 102.4732
   3 423.9360 0.8612042 114.1809
##
   5 431.4029 0.8478399 112.8244
##
##
   7 442.5294 0.8501821 112.6002
   9 455.5224 0.8361783 113.0790
##
## RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.
## The final value used for the model was k = 1.
prediction.knn <- predict(knn, test_data)</pre>
library(Metrics)
rmse(test_data$biomassa, prediction.knn)
Checking the model with training data
## [1] 1352.071
r2 <- function(predito, observado) {
   return(1 - (sum((predito-observado)^2) / sum((predito-mean(observado))^2)))
r2(prediction.knn,test_data$biomassa)
```

#### $\mathbb{R}^2$ function

## [1] 0.3551759

### Checking for new cases

```
prediction.knn_new_data <- predict(knn, data_new_cases)
data_new_cases$biomassa <- NULL
result <- cbind(data_new_cases, biomassa=prediction.knn_new_data)
print(result)</pre>
```

```
## dap h Me biomassa
## 1 6.4 7.0 1.04 12.79
## 2 7.3 10.0 1.04 7.84
## 3 7.8 5.5 1.04 13.90
## 4 12.2 7.5 1.04 46.75
```