

NSCA CERTIFICATION HANDBOOK

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NSCA CERTIFICATION HANDBOOK

About this Handbook

This Handbook provides information needed to earn and maintain certifications offered by the National Strength and Conditioning Association (NSCA). Individuals should review the process and requirements specific to each certification, and are expected to follow the policies as outlined not only within the handbook but also the NSCA Code of Ethics.

Statement of Nondiscrimination

The NSCA does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, national origin, age, genetic information, disability, veteran status, or any protected characteristic.



[NSCA.COM](https://www.nscacom.com)

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NSCA CERTIFICATION HANDBOOK

INTRODUCTION

ABOUT THE ASSOCIATION

Founded in 1978, The National Strength and Conditioning Association (NSCA) is a nonprofit association dedicated to advancing the strength and conditioning and related sport science professions around the world.

The NSCA exists to empower a community of professionals to maximize their impact through disseminating evidence-based knowledge and its practical application by offering industry-leading certifications, research journals, career development services, networking opportunities, and continuing education. The NSCA community is composed of more than 60,000 members and certified professionals, throughout the world, who further industry standards as researchers, educators, strength and conditioning coaches, performance and sport scientists, personal trainers, tactical professionals, and other related roles.

CERTIFICATIONS OFFERED

Through highly regarded certifications, the NSCA sets a high standard of excellence for the industry. When you earn an NSCA certification, you elevate your credibility and join the ranks of some of the industry's top experts. Each certification is separate and distinct with the population being served identified by the Scope of Practice. Holding NSCA credentials demonstrates that you are dedicated to excellence and seek to perform at the highest level in your field.



CERTIFIED STRENGTH AND CONDITIONING SPECIALIST® (CSCS®)

The CSCS program, created in 1985, recognizes individuals with the knowledge and skills to design and implement safe, effective strength and conditioning programs for athletes in a team setting. Certified Strength and Conditioning Specialists are professionals who apply scientific knowledge to train athletes for the primary goal of improving athletic performance. They conduct sport-specific testing sessions, design and implement safe and effective strength training and conditioning programs, and provide guidance on nutrition and injury prevention. Recognizing that their area of expertise is separate and distinct, CSCS certificants consult with and refer athletes to other professionals when appropriate.



CERTIFIED SPECIAL POPULATION SPECIALIST® (CSPS®)

The CSPS program was created in 2012 to certify fitness professionals who serve clients of all ages with chronic and temporary health conditions. Certified Special Population Specialists use an individualized, preventative approach in collaboration with healthcare professionals to assess, motivate, educate, and train their clients regarding their health and fitness needs. CSPS certification holders design safe and effective exercise programs, provide guidance to help clients achieve their personal health

and fitness goals, and recognize and respond to emergency situations. Recognizing their areas of expertise, CSPS professionals receive referrals from and refer clients to other healthcare providers as appropriate.



NSCA-CERTIFIED PERSONAL TRAINER® (NSCA-CPT®)

With the growth of the fitness industry, there was a need for a prestigious and credible personal training certification. In 1993, the NSCA responded with the NSCA-CPT program. NSCA-Certified Personal Trainers are health and fitness professionals who use an individualized approach to assess, motivate, educate, and train clients regarding their health and fitness needs. Certified personal trainers design safe and effective exercise programs, guide clients in achieving their personal health and fitness goals and respond appropriately in emergency situations. Recognizing their own area of expertise, NSCA-CPT certificants refer clients to other healthcare professionals when appropriate.



TACTICAL STRENGTH AND CONDITIONING FACILITATOR® (TSAC-F®)

The TSAC-F program was established in 2012 to support those who lead fitness training for tactical professionals. Tactical Strength and Conditioning Facilitators apply scientific knowledge to improve performance, promote wellness, and decrease injury risk for military, fire and rescue, law enforcement, protective services, and other emergency personnel. They conduct needs analyses and physical testing sessions, design and implement safe and effective strength training and conditioning programs, and they provide general information regarding nutrition. Recognizing their area of expertise is separate and distinct, TSAC-F certificants consult with and refer those they train to other professionals when appropriate.

Not sure which certification fits you?

Learn more about choosing the right certification for you at

[NSCA.com/certification/exam-preparation/](https://www.nscacertification.com/certification/exam-preparation/)

HOW A CERTIFICATION EXAM IS CREATED

All NSCA certifications are based on the critical knowledge, skills, and abilities (KSAs) needed to perform an identified job or role. The exam outline and questions are based on these KSAs. Passing an NSCA certification exam demonstrates you have the specialized knowledge, skills and experience to perform a specific job.

ABOUT THE EXAMS

Each certification exam assesses how a candidate compares to a standard — a predetermined level of competence — established by industry experts. Identifying the appropriate KSAs, writing exam items, and determining the standard are all critical parts of the exam development process to ensure valid decisions can be made based on exam results.

The methods used to develop the NSCA certification exams adhere to the procedures recommended in the Standards for Educational and Psychological Tests (APA, NCME, AERA; 2014) and other relevant industry standards, including the Principles for the Validation and Use of Personnel Selection Procedures (SIOP, 2003) and Standards for the Accreditation of Certification Programs (NCCA, 2014).

JOB ANALYSIS

The NSCA typically carries out a job analysis every five years for each certification program to identify the critical KSAs needed to perform the job safely and effectively. The process is guided by a committee of industry experts — the Job Analysis Advisory Committee (JAAC) — who develop KSA surveys. The surveys are sent to a large, representative sample of NSCA certificants. The survey data is then analyzed and presented to the JAAC, who uses the data to guide the creation of a Detailed Content Outline (DCO) for the certification exam.

EXAM DEVELOPMENT

After the job analysis, subject matter experts serving on an Exam Development Committee (EDC) begin the development of the exam. Committee members are selected based on their expertise in relation to the DCOs, and receive training in item writing and reviewing (test question writing and review) by experts in testing and measurement. Before test questions can be used on an exam, they go through committee review and are then pre-tested. Pre-testing allows test developers to gather statistical data and evaluate new questions without affecting candidate scores. Pre-test questions are unscored and appear on exams interspersed among scored items. The Committee analyzes the statistical information gathered from pre-test questions to determine if they function properly and are ready to become scored questions.

STANDARD SETTING

The EDC determines the standard for an exam (also called the cut-score or passing score) by applying a modified Angoff methodology. This accepted method requires EDC members to evaluate specific exam questions and estimate the proportion of minimally competent candidates who are expected to answer correctly. These estimates are statistically analyzed for consistency and then aggregated to arrive at the standard.

EXAM CONTENT OUTLINES

Each certification exam has a DCO that organizes KSAs into major domains and subcategories. Below are summaries of the exam content outlines by certification. The full DCOs are presented in [Appendix E](#). Some tasks in a fitness profession simply involve recalling facts or applying specific information, while other tasks require a complete evaluation of a situation. For that reason, the NSCA exams contain questions of varying levels of complexity.

CSCS Exam Content

The CSCS exam is divided into two sections. Section 1, **Scientific Foundations**, consists of 80 scored and 15 non-scored multiple-choice questions. Section 2, **Practical/Applied**, consists of 110 scored and 15 non-scored multiple-choice questions. 30-40 of those questions are video- and/or image-based. First-time candidates are required to complete both sections. Those who fail one of the two sections will only be required to retake the section that was failed within one year. The full DCO is presented in [Appendix F](#).

	Domain	Percent of Exam Section	Number of Questions
SECTION 1: Scientific Foundations			
Exam Time: 1.5 hours	Exercise Science	55%	44
	Sports Psychology	24%	19
	Nutrition	21%	17
	Non-Scored Questions	-	15
	Total	100%	95
SECTION 2: Applied/Practical			
Exam Time: 2.5 hours	Exercise Technique	36%	40
	Program Design	35%	38
	Organization and Administration	11%	12
	Testing and Evaluation	18%	20
	Non-Scored Questions	-	15
	Total	100%	125

CSPS Exam Content

CSPS is a 2.5-hour examination consisting of 100 scored and ten non-scored multiple-choice items allocated across four domains. The full DCO is presented in [Appendix G](#).

	Domain	Percent of Exam Section	Number of Questions
Exam Time: 2.5 hours	Basic Pathophysiology and Science of Health Status or Condition, Disorder, or Disease	40%	40
	Client Consultation	19%	19
	Program Planning	31%	31
	Safety, Emergency Procedures, and Legal Issues	10%	10
	Non-Scored Questions	--	10
	Total	100%	110

NSCA-CPT Exam Content

NSCA-CPT is a 3-hour examination that consists of 140 scored and 15 non-scored multiple-choice items, with 25 to 35 questions presented as video or image questions. The full DCO is presented in [Appendix H](#).

Exam Time: 3 hours	Domain	Percent of Exam Section	Number of Questions
	Client Consultation/ Assessment	23%	32
	Program Planning	32%	45
	Techniques of Exercise	31%	43
	Safety, Emergency Procedures and Legal Issues	14%	20
	Non-Scored Questions	-	15
Total			155

TSAC-F Exam Content

TSAC-F is a 3-hour examination consisting of 130 scored and 20 non-scored multiple-choice items. The full DCO is presented in [Appendix I](#).

Exam time: 3 hours	Domain	Percent of Exam	Number of Questions
	Exercise Science	18%	24
	Nutrition	12%	15
	Exercise Technique	19%	25
	Program Design	23%	30
	Organization and Administration	8%	10
	Testing, Assessment, and Evaluation	11%	14
	Wellness Intervention	9%	12
Total			150

ACCREDITATION AND REGISTRATION OF NSCA CERTIFICATIONS

Accreditation of Certifications

The NSCA believes in adhering to the established accreditation standards set by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies (NCCA). Having a certification that is accredited by the NCCA sets you apart and ensures employers that you have the highest level of credibility for training clients and athletes. The CSCS, NSCA-CPT, and TSAC-F programs meet or exceed NCCA Standards. The CSPS and CPSS programs are currently in the process of earning NCCA accreditation. For more information, visit [NCCA accreditation](#).

Coalition for the Registration of Exercise Science Professionals

The NSCA is one of four founding members of the Coalition for the Registration of Exercise Professionals (CREP). CREP's mission is to secure recognition of registered exercise professionals for their distinct and impactful roles in medical, health, fitness, and sports performance fields, and we believe collaborating with CREP will help us in furthering the industry as a whole.

The United States Registry of Exercise Professionals

The United States Registry of Exercise Professionals® (USREPS®) is an internationally recognized registry of exercise professionals in the United States maintained by CREP. It supports the exercise professional that holds an NCCA-accredited exercise certification by serving as a clearinghouse for verification by employers, regulatory bodies, and consumers.

All CSCS, NSCA-CPT, and TSAC-F certified professionals in the United States are added to the Registry, and any newly certified professionals will be added once they become certified.

For more information about CREPS or USREPS, please visit [NSCA CREP/USREPS Partnership](#).



NSCA CERTIFICATION HANDBOOK

HOW TO GET CERTIFIED

The process for earning a certification can be summed up in a few steps:

1. Determine your eligibility
2. Prepare for the exam
3. Register for the exam
4. Submit required documentation
5. Pass the Exam

CERTIFICATION ELIGIBILITY

To qualify for an NSCA certification, candidates must meet all of the eligibility requirements for the certification program. The NSCA's four certification programs have different eligibility requirements. Additionally, all candidates and certificants must abide by the **NSCA policies and procedures**, including the Professional Code of Ethics.

Candidates must meet the age requirement, if applicable, before registering for a certification exam. Other requirements must be met within one year of receiving a passing exam score. For example, CSCS and CSPS candidates who have senior standing may sit for the exams.

CSCS Requirements

1. Has earned a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited institution, or a degree in Physical Therapy or Chiropractic Medicine
2. Holds current CPR/AED certification
3. Receives a passing score on both the Scientific Foundations and the Practical/Applied sections of the CSCS exam

CSPS Requirements

1. Meet a minimum of at least one of the following options:
 - Holds a current NSCA certification (e.g., CSCS, NSCA-CPT, etc.) or an NCCA-accredited personal trainer certification

OR

 - Has earned a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited institution in Exercise Science or a related field, (e.g., physical therapy, chiropractic medicine)

OR

 - Current license as a physical therapist, physical therapist assistant, or athletic trainer

AND

2. Holds current CPR/AED certification
3. Has practical experience coaching/training individuals from special populations (250 hours)
4. Received a passing score on the CSPS Exam

NSCA-CPT Requirements

1. Is at least 18 years old
2. Has earned a high school diploma (or equivalent)
3. Holds a current CPR/AED certification
4. Received a passing score on the NSCA-CPT Exam

TSAC-F Requirements

1. Is at least 18 years old
2. Has earned a high school diploma (or equivalent)
3. Holds a current CPR/AED certification
4. Received a passing score on the TSAC-F Exam

ACCEPTABLE ACCREDITATION OF COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Only degrees granted by accredited colleges and universities can be used to satisfy the degree requirements for the CSCS and CSPS programs. The NSCA recognizes the following accrediting institutions for US colleges and universities as listed by the US Department of Education:

- » Middle States Commission on Higher Education
- » New England Association of Schools and Colleges, Commission on Institutions of Higher Education
- » North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, The Higher Learning Commission
- » Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities
- » Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, Commission on Colleges
- » Western Association of Schools and Colleges, Senior Colleges and University Commission
- » Accrediting Commission of Career Schools and Colleges
- » Distance Education Accrediting Commission
- » New York State Board of Regents, and the Commissioner of Education
- » Transnational Association of Christian Colleges and Schools, Accreditation Commission

Colleges and universities located outside the US must have recognition from that country's Ministry of Education.

NSCA RECOGNIZED PROGRAMS

The NSCA Education Recognition Program (ERP) recognizes and distinguishes schools with standardized, approved strength and conditioning, or personal training curricula in undergraduate and graduate settings. The recognized programs are designed to prepare students for the NSCA-CPT and CSCS certifications. The knowledge students gain in these programs applies to the TSAC-F and CSPS exams, but does not often include instruction on practical application for the certification's specified population.

Approved Exercise Science-Related Fields

The NSCA recognizes many fields of study that relate to exercise science and will fulfill the degree requirement for CSPS. These include Athletic Training, Biology, Biomechanics, Chiropractic, Community Health, Exercise Physiology, Exercise Science, Health Science, Human Movement Science, Kinesiology, Medicine (e.g., MD, DO), Nursing, Nutrition, Physical Education, Physical Therapy, and Sport Science.

ACCEPTABLE CPR/AED CERTIFICATIONS

Holding a current CPR/AED certification ensures you understand how to provide care for someone experiencing sudden cardiac arrest. Your CPR/AED certification must include a hands-on skills performance assessment to be accepted. This requirement helps protect the safety of clients and athletes and could help you save someone's life.

EXAM PREPARATION

From self-study, to clinics, to hands-on experience, the NSCA offers several resources to help you prepare for an NSCA certification exam. Start by determining what level your knowledge, skills, and abilities are compared to the requirements for the profession or job. Then assess which options work best for you.

COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW

Exam Prep Live Clinics offered by the NSCA provide an in-depth review of exam content. These in-person clinics are taught by experienced professionals familiar with the exam. Clinics range from 1.5 days to 3 days and can benefit anyone regardless of where you are in your preparation.

HANDS-ON EXPERIENCE

Knowledge of real-life practical application of exercise science is a common challenge for many taking an exam. Opportunities exist through NSCA's Foundations of Coaching Lifts courses and internship program, or individuals can ask a certified professional in their area to mentor them.

SELF-STUDY

For those who want to study on their own, textbooks and other study materials such as practice questions are available for each of the certifications. Keep in mind these are helpful resources but are not the sole source of information for the given exams.

Learn more with step-by-step guides that help you understand How to Prepare for your Exam:

CSCS

CSPS

NSCA-CPT

TSAC-F

EXAM REGISTRATION PROCESS

Once you have satisfied the eligibility requirements for your chosen certification, reviewed this Handbook, and feel you are prepared for your exam, you can register for your exam. Registering is a simple online process. After you complete the registration form and pay your exam fees, you will be able to schedule your exam. The registration process is not considered complete until all steps are met.

COMPLETE REGISTRATION

All NSCA certification candidates are required to register online for their certification exam at [NSCA.com](https://www.nscacert.com). You will receive a confirmation email, which will include your assigned customer ID number. Below is a step-by-step guide to registration and scheduling your exam.

1. Navigate to **NSCA.com**
2. Create a new account or log in using your NSCA username and password
3. Verify your profile information (the first and last name must match your ID exactly)
4. Click on "Certification" on the main navigation bar, then click on "Certification Overview"
5. Click the "Register for Exam" link below your desired certification
6. Confirm you have met the eligibility requirements
7. Follow on-screen prompts
8. Request special accommodations (if applicable)
9. Affirm reading/understanding the Affirmation Statement
10. Affirm reading/understanding the Certification Policies, Procedures and Requirements
11. Download and read the Certification Handbook
12. Read and Agree to Registration Expiration Policy
13. Proceed to checkout
14. Submit eligibility verification documentation to NSCA (see Eligibility Documentation)

Affirmation

NSCA exam candidates are required to complete and submit an affirmation on the registration form. Affirmations cover, but are not limited to, the following topics:

- » Submitted registration information found to be false will result in a revoked certification
- » NSCA exam items, certification names, acronyms, and logos are protected under US copyright law
- » Those who copy or distribute proprietary NSCA information will forfeit their registration fees and have their certification(s) revoked
- » Certificants must comply with recertification policies to retain certification(s)
- » Certificants read and understand the Certification Policies contained in this Handbook
- » Candidates and certificants must abide by the **NSCA Codes, Policies, and Procedures**

The complete Registration Affirmation can be found in **Appendix C**.

SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS

The NSCA is committed to providing access to its programs and services for individuals with documented disabilities and ensuring equal opportunities for all qualified candidates. A disability is a physical or mental condition that limits a person's movements, senses, or activities. We are compliant with relevant accessibility laws, including the Americans with Disabilities Act.

The NSCA is also committed to ensuring that the security, integrity, and validity of the exams are not compromised.

Below you will find information provided for test candidates, evaluators, educators, and others involved in documenting a request for test accommodations. We strongly recommend that you share this information with your evaluator and with therapists, physicians, and other parties of interest, so the appropriate documentation can be assembled to support your accommodation request.

The information you provide will be used to assist NSCA in making an appropriate determination about your circumstances and your request for test accommodations. It also helps us understand the nature of the accommodation you are seeking and its relationship to the resources NSCA has at its disposal.

In situations when the NSCA cannot make provisions for a candidate's request because of operational or technical reasons, we will attempt to seek a mutually agreeable solution, although NSCA cannot guarantee that such a solution can be reached. Candidates are expected to participate in this dialogue in a timely way.

What Are Special Accommodations?

Special Accommodations are adaptations to access the test (i.e., CSCS exam) that can help ensure that the test measures what it is designed to measure. The purpose of special accommodations is to provide full access to the test and an opportunity for candidates to demonstrate their knowledge, skills, and abilities required to be certified or (preferably) demonstrate competence to practice in the profession. Accommodations do not promise improved performance, a passing score, test completion, or other specific outcomes.

Special accommodations are individualized and considered on a case-by-case basis. If you are seeking disability-related accommodations, you must provide evidence that your condition rises to the level of a disability. You must also provide information about functional limitations in areas central to daily life. Having a diagnosis or demonstrating that you meet diagnostic criteria for a particular disorder, does not automatically entitle you to special accommodations. The NSCA does not require a diagnosis. It does, however, require evidence that the disability may have a significant impact on your ability to access and take an exam.

Individuals with a disability can usually demonstrate a significant impact in a variety of different settings, such as school, the workplace, and other daily life activities. If you are working, it is helpful for us to see verification of any workplace accommodations that you need due to your disability.

Accommodations must be appropriate to the particular task and setting involved.

The decision to grant an accommodation and the type of accommodation granted is at NSCA's sole discretion. An accommodation is valid only for one exam or administration. You must submit a new request for accommodation for each exam or administration.

How to Apply for Test Accommodations

1. Submit your request at the time of registration so that there is time to process the request, and if anything is missing or unclear about your request, you will have sufficient time to provide us with additional information.
2. Read all NSCA's published information about accommodations, including the **Decision-Making Principles and Documentation Guidelines (Appendix A)**, and be sure your evaluator has read them as well.
3. Prepare your supporting evidence that conforms to the Guidelines.
4. Complete the **Accommodations Request Form (Appendix A)**. All accommodations requests **MUST** include supporting evidence that you have a disability and require accommodations to access the exam.
5. Submit your completed Accommodations Request Form and supporting documentation by email to exams@nsca.com. Ensure all documentation is legible, whether printed or on-screen. NSCA will confirm receipt of your request.
6. Wait for your request to be reviewed. Typically, you will hear back within ten business days unless your request is unusually complex (in which case, we will keep you posted about the status of your request). Accommodations requests are reviewed in the order in which they are received. To treat all candidates requests on a timely and orderly basis, NSCA does not "expedite" requests.

The NSCA is unable to process incomplete requests. If your request is incomplete, meaning that it does not provide us with enough information to make a decision, we will notify you of the missing information. If you do not provide the information, your documents will be returned to you, or securely destroyed at your request.

Special Accommodations Decision-Making Principles

The NSCA is committed to providing accessible and equitable service to all exam candidates. We administer the certification exams in a way that respects the dignity and independence of persons with disabilities. In reviewing accommodation requests, the NSCA must balance the rights of the individual exam candidate with our mandate to protect the security, fairness, validity, and reliability of the exams. We are committed to a fair review of each accommodation request and will review on a case-by-case basis. We may submit such requests to one or more independent, external experts for review and recommendation.

The NSCA bases decisions on the following fundamental principles:

1. The degree to which the individual has provided relevant evidence of a currently disabling condition. A letter verifying a diagnosis is not required or definitive. Evidence must be related to any required accommodations.
2. The degree to which the individual has provided current evidence that accommodations are needed to access the test.
3. The degree to which the requested accommodation is appropriate to the task and the setting.
4. The degree to which the requested accommodation(s) could reasonably be expected to mitigate the person's impairment (functional limitations) within the specific context of the exam.
5. The degree to which the NSCA can reasonably be assured that the requested accommodation would not significantly or negatively impact the security, integrity, and validity of the exam.
6. The degree to which the requested accommodation shows lack of interference with the NSCA's duty to deliver a legally valid and defensible entry to practice exam, — ensuring a reliable and fair exam that assesses whether or not a candidate has the abilities, knowledge and skills to conduct safe, effective, independent athlete/client training.

IMPORTANT: Candidates who have requested testing accommodations must receive an email from the NSCA indicating that the accommodations have been approved BEFORE scheduling their exam. Once the approval email arrives, call Pearson VUE at (800) 466-0450 to schedule an exam appointment. Candidates who schedule appointments through any other means (e.g., online, or via a different number) will not have their accommodations available at the appointment.

Appealing a Decision

Those wishing to appeal a denied accommodations request can do so by submitting an appeal letter to the Certification Committee. Appeals must include an explanation as to why the appeal is being requested and include all relevant supporting education documentation. The Certification Committee will review appeals at the Committee's next scheduled meeting and render a final decision.

NOTE: There is a \$25 appeal fee, which is due at time of appeal submission. This fee may be returned upon full or partial approval of appeal. Send appeals to certification@nsca.com

NOTE: Appeals cannot be expedited.

SUBMITTING EXAM ELIGIBILITY DOCUMENTATION

Candidates have one year to submit eligibility documentation. Your exam results will become invalid if acceptable documentation does not arrive within one year of your exam date. We recommend that all mailed documentation be sent through a trackable source such as certified USPS, UPS, or FedEx. Retain your tracking information in case proof of mailing or a receipt is needed.

All mailed documents should be sent to:

NSCA
Attn: Certification Department
1885 Bob Johnson Drive
Colorado Springs, CO, 80906 USA

Documents allowed to be emailed or faxed, should be sent to:

Email: exams@nsca.com
Fax: 719-632-6367

Note: Documentation sent to the NSCA will not be returned.

CPR/AED Certifications

Scanned, photocopied, and faxed copies of the CPR/AED certifications are acceptable. Front and back copies of the document are required.

Academic Transcripts (CSCS and CSPS only)

CSCS
When taking the CSCS exam for the first time, you must submit an original, official transcript from your college or university. Official transcripts must be sent directly from the registrar's office. To be considered valid, your transcript must confirm that your degree was conferred. Transcripts must be in an envelope with the registrar's stamp placed across the envelope flap. If you mail the transcript, the registrar's seal must remain intact. Transcripts will not be returned. The NSCA also accepts official electronic transcripts (e-transcripts) that are transferred using a secure document transfer program (e.g., escip-safe, eDocs). Your documents should be sent to exams@nsca.com.

Transcripts with the following are not acceptable:

- ✗ Copy marked "student copy," "issued to student," or other similar language
- ✗ Photocopy
- ✗ Letter of degree status/verification
- ✗ Fax of the transcript

CSPS

When taking the CSPS exam for the first time, you must submit documentation showing you have received the appropriate personal trainer certification, academic degree, or professional license. Official academic transcripts must be sent directly from the registrar's office, and must confirm that the degree was conferred. To be considered valid, your transcript must be in an envelope with the registrar's stamp placed across the envelope flap. If you mail your transcript, the registrar's seal must remain intact. Transcripts will not be returned. The NSCA will also accept official electronic transcripts (e-transcripts) that are transferred using a secure document transfer program (e.g., escip-safe, eDocs). Your documents should be sent to exams@nsca.com. Candidates may provide certification and licensure documentation directly to the NSCA via email, fax, or mail.

Practical Experience (CSPS only)

A Practical Experience Form must be completed and submitted as part of the CSPS application process. The form can be found in **Appendix B**. Practical Experience Forms are subject to a random audit within one year of registration.

EXAM FEES

Credential	NSCA Student and Professional Members	Non-Members
CSCS*	\$340	\$475
CSCS One Section (Retakes ONLY)	\$250	\$385
NSCA-CPT	\$300	\$435
CSPS	\$340	\$475
TSAC-F	\$300	\$435

*First-time CSCS exam candidates must register for the full CSCS exam.

SCHEDULING AN EXAM APPOINTMENT

Exams are administered year-round at Pearson VUE computer-based test centers. After successfully registering with the NSCA, you will receive an email from Pearson VUE within 2-3 business days. This confirmation notice will contain scheduling instructions. Schedule your exam appointment directly with Pearson VUE through one of the following scheduling methods:

1. **Online:** Online registration scheduling at pearsonvue.com/nsca.
- OR
2. **Telephone:** Customer service representatives may be reached toll-free at (800) 505-7641 Monday through Friday 7:00 am to 7:00 pm Central Time.

NOTE: Candidates scheduling with a special accommodations request, should refer to the special accommodations on page XX.

Do not schedule an exam appointment until you have completed your exam registration on the NSCA website.

Test Center Locations

Exams are administered at hundreds of locations around the world. You can view testing center locations online at [NSCA Pearson Vue Testing Locations](#). Please note that certain test centers, such as those located on military bases, may not be accessible to the general public. View exam appointment availability at [pearsonvue.com/nsca](#) only after completing an exam registration on the NSCA website.

Exam Authorization Period

You will have 120 days from your registration date to sit for your exam. Those who are unable to take their exam within the 120 days must withdraw or extend their registration to avoid forfeiting their registration fees.

If you need to extend your exam authorization period, you may request an additional 120 days by contacting the certification department. The extension must be requested within the original 120-day authorization period. The extension fee is \$100 and is not refundable. The new 120-day eligibility window begins on the day the extension form is processed.

Please contact the certification department at exams@nsca.com for more information.

Changes to Name or Contact Information

Name Changes

If your name has changed, you must contact the NSCA. We may request supporting documentation such as court documents or a marriage certificate. The name used to register for an exam must match the name on the valid ID presented at the test center.

Contact Information and Communications

All candidates and certificants are required to keep their contact information (e.g., email address, phone number, primary address) up to date with the NSCA to ensure that official communications and documents (e.g., your certificates, score reports) are received. You are encouraged to update necessary information on [NSCA.com](#), but may also contact the NSCA in writing to request updates to your contact information. Also, as a condition of certification with the NSCA, you must agree to receive NSCA communications, including emails, with important information regarding your certification status (e.g., recertification notices, policy updates). This consent does not extend to promotional or other emails, which you may opt in or out of.

Canceling and Rescheduling Exam Appointments

You may reschedule or cancel an exam appointment at no charge within the 120-day authorization. However, appointments must be rescheduled or canceled at least one business day (24 hours) before your appointment.

Registration Withdrawal and Refunds

You may withdraw your registration if you have not scheduled your exam or taken the exam. To withdraw your registration, contact the NSCA at exams@nsca.com, at least three business before your exam authorization period ends (120 days after registration). Candidates who successfully withdraw their registration will be provided a refund of their registration fees minus a \$50 administrative fee. No other refunds or extension fees will be granted once you have withdrawn your registration.

Late Arrival

Allow yourself plenty of time to get to your testing center. Candidates who arrive more than 15 minutes after their scheduled appointment time will only be allowed to test at the discretion of the testing center, and based on available capacity or other relevant factors. If the test center is unable to accommodate a late-arriving candidate, the candidate will be unable to take the test that day and will be recorded as a “no-show” for their appointment.

No-Shows

Candidates who do not arrive on time to take the exam or do not cancel or withdraw their registration, will forfeit the registration fee. To take the exam at a later date, no-show candidates are required to register and pay the registration fee again.

Inclement Weather, Power Failure, or Emergency

In the event of inclement weather or a local or national emergency, contact Pearson VUE at (800) 505-7641 or go to [pearsonvue.com](#) to determine if your appointment will be affected. If the test center is closed and appointments are canceled, please wait two (2) business days before calling to reschedule your appointment.

If the test center is open, and you are unable to arrive on time for an exam appointment due to inclement weather or an emergency, you must contact the NSCA within one business day (24 hrs) to avoid being recorded as a no-show. Candidates may be asked to provide documentation to show that a failure to arrive on time was due to a legitimate emergency.

TAKING THE EXAM

CHECK-IN PROCESS

Before your exam day, review the test center location information in the confirmation email sent by Pearson VUE. On the day of your exam, we recommend that you arrive at least 15 minutes before your exam appointment time. Check-in procedures include verifying your ID, signature, biometric data, and abiding with the testing facility’s Candidate Rules Agreement.

Candidate ID Requirements

Every candidate is required to present one form of a valid ID. It must include your name, photograph, and signature. Photocopies or expired identification will not be accepted. The first and last name you used to register for the exam must exactly match the first and last name on the ID that is presented on test day. All IDs required must be issued by the country where you are testing. If you do not have a qualifying ID issued from the country you are testing in, a passport that proves your country of citizenship is required. Candidates who do not present acceptable ID will receive a “no-show” result and forfeit their registration fees.

Examples of acceptable forms of identification include:

- » Government-issued driver’s license
- » State/country identification card
- » Passport
- » Military identification card
- » Alien registration card (e.g., green card, permanent visa)

Security

Test centers utilize security measures, such as video and audio recording, to ensure that all candidates are provided the same opportunity to demonstrate their abilities. All exam questions are the copyrighted property of the NSCA. Under federal copyright law, it is forbidden to copy, reproduce, record, distribute, or display these exam questions by any means, in whole, or in part. Doing so may subject you to severe civil and criminal penalties. Before the exam begins, you will be asked to accept a Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA). Those who refuse the NDA will not be allowed to test and will forfeit their registration fees. There is a four-minute time limit on the NDA. If no response is provided after four minutes, the testing session is terminated.

Candidate Rules Agreement and Misconduct

As part of your check-in process, you will be asked to read and agree to abide by the testing facility's Candidate Rules Agreement. These rules are in addition to the **NSCA Codes, Policies, and Procedures**, and other affirmations made by candidates as part of the registration process. Any individual engaging in misconduct at the test center may be prevented from taking the exam, dismissed from the ongoing exam, and/or may have their scores invalidated.

Personal Belongings

Personal belongings are not allowed in the testing room, except for the few exceptions noted below. Pearson VUE and the NSCA are not responsible for items left in the testing area. Secure lockers are available at select locations.

Items Not Permitted

The following items are NOT allowed in the testing room:

- ✗ Electronic devices including:
 - ✗ Cell phones
 - ✗ PDAs
 - ✗ Calculators
 - ✗ Translators
 - ✗ Any other electronic devices
- ✗ Outerwear (e.g., coats or jackets)
- ✗ Hats, barrettes, and clips larger than ¼ inch or hairbands wider than ½ inch
- ✗ Wallets, watches, or jewelry wider than ¼ inch
- ✗ Backpacks, briefcases, purses, or other bags
- ✗ Notes, books, or translating devices
- ✗ Pens or pencils
- ✗ Food or drinks
- ✗ Water bottles
- ✗ Weapons of any kind

Permitted Items

Religious apparel is allowed in the testing room. The following items do not require pre-approval to be allowed in the testing room. They will be allowed in the testing room after visual inspection by the Testing Center staff. A visual inspection will be done by examining the item without directly touching it or you and without asking you to remove the item.

The presence of any other items in the testing room, including any medical equipment not listed below, must be requested and approved through the Special Accommodations process (**Appendix A**).

Comfort Aids Provided by Testing Center:

- » Earplugs (available in select locations)
- » Noise-canceling headphones (available in select locations)
- » Tissues/Kleenex

Permitted Medicine and Medical Devices:

- » Bandages
- » Braces, including neck, back, wrist, leg or ankle braces
- » Casts, including slings for broken/sprained arms and other injury-related items that cannot be removed
- » Cough drops (must be unwrapped and not in a bottle/container)
- » Eye drops
- » Eye patches
- » Eyeglasses (without case)
- » Handheld (non-electronic) magnifying glass (without case)
- » Hearing aids/cochlear implant
- » Inhaler
- » Medical alert bracelet
- » Medical device attached to a person's body including, but not limited to, insulin pumps/remotes, TENS unit, spinal cord stimulator
- » EpiPen
- » Medical/surgical face masks
- » Oxygen tanks
- » Pillows/cushions
- » Pills such as Tylenol or aspirin (must be unwrapped and not in a bottle/container)

Candidates may bring pills that are still in the packaging if the packaging states they **MUST** remain in the packaging, such as nitroglycerin pills that cannot be exposed to air. Packaging must be properly inspected.

Permitted Mobility Devices:

- » Canes
- » Crutches
- » Motorized scooters/chairs
- » Walkers
- » Wheelchairs

Exam Supplies

The testing rules do not allow you to supply your own writing implements, notepads, or paper. Instead, you will be provided with an erasable note board and marker to use as scratch paper. The note board and marker must be returned to the test center staff at the end of the exam.

DURING THE EXAM

Questions and Comments About Exam Content

Questions concerning exam content may not be asked during the exam. You may provide written comments on any question during the exam by using the comment function in the exam software. The NSCA reviews all candidate comments as part of ongoing quality assurance procedures.

Breaks

You are permitted to take an unscheduled break whenever you wish. However, the exam timer will continue to run. The CSCS exam is the only exam with a scheduled break, which is a 15-minute break between exam sections, and does not use exam time.

- » All candidates are prohibited from accessing personal items, cellular phones, exam notes, and study guides during a scheduled or unscheduled break.
- » During scheduled and unscheduled breaks, medical items (e.g., devices, medicine, food) may be accessed if necessary. For example, you may need to take medication or eat food at a specific time.
- » Additional time for breaks is not provided unless as an approved special accommodation.

Leaving the Exam Early

Candidates must request the test center supervisor's permission to leave the exam.

EXAM RESULTS

Exam results are valid for one calendar year following your completion of the exam. Score reports are available at the test center immediately following the exam. After 24 hours, you may download your official score report from within your pearsonvue.com account.

EXAM SCORING

There are two types of scores you will receive after taking your exam — raw and scaled. To pass any NSCA certification exam, you must earn a scaled score of 70 or higher. Performance standards for all NSCA certification exams are represented as scaled scores. The NSCA uses scaled scoring to make sure the standard is ap-

plied consistently across multiple exam versions. For example, a scaled score of 75 obtained in 2013 is equivalent to a scaled score of 75 obtained in 2015, even though the exams of those years contained different questions. Keep in mind that scaled scoring is not the same as scoring on a curve or a percentage score.

Your raw score is the number of questions you answered correctly on your exam and will be listed on your score report to provide information about your strengths and weaknesses. It is not possible to relate your raw score directly to your scaled score. A raw score that equals a scaled score of 70 will not always be the same for every exam, as the actual questions contained on an exam change over time.

EXAM PASS RATES

During 2019, 7,070 candidates in the US sat for both the Scientific Foundations section and Practical/Applied section of the CSCS exam. Of those candidates, 63% passed the Scientific Foundations section, 62% passed the Practical/Applied section, and 63% passed both sections. During this same period, 1,089 candidates sat for the NSCA-CPT exam. Of those candidates, 72% passed. Passing rates for exams administered outside the US are similar. Passing rates for the CSPS and TSAC-F exams were 59% and 85%, respectively.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF RESULTS

Information about candidates and their exam results are considered confidential. An individual's exam results are never discussed over the phone or shared without written permission from that individual. Research and reports conducted on aggregate exam results do not contain identifiable candidate information and may be publicized by the NSCA (e.g., pass rates).

Release of Information

Both the NSCA and our testing agency are committed to protecting the confidentiality of our candidate's records. For this reason, exam scores are never released by phone or fax, even directly to candidates. Information regarding candidate scores is never released to any third party. However, we will verify an individual's certification status upon receipt of a written request.

In the event of a court order, the NSCA will release information as required by law. The NSCA will notify the exam candidate or certified professional that this information has been released, if specified by the court. If not specified by the court, the NSCA will not notify the exam candidate or certified professional that the court has ordered information.

Neither the NSCA, nor the NSCA Certification Committee members, or their respective staff are involved with the handling or scoring of exams in any way. That responsibility lies with the testing agency.

CANCELED SCORES

The NSCA is committed to upholding the integrity of its certification programs in a manner that is fair to candidates. When instances of equipment malfunction, candidate misconduct, or test administrator error are suspected and may impact the validity of exam scoring, the NSCA reserves the right to withhold, investigate, or cancel exam scores and results as appropriate.

AWARDING OF CERTIFICATION

Certification is granted once you pass the exam and have fulfilled all other certification requirements. You will receive online access to your credentials through the **Accredible** platform, where you can download a high quality and print-ready certificate. You will also gain access to your digital badge – a verifiable digital representation of your credential. You will be able to share your digital badge across your social platforms, including LinkedIn, Facebook, and Twitter. If you prefer to receive a printed certificate in the mail, you may request a hard copy by emailing certification@nsca.com. Please allow 6-8 weeks for delivery.

REMEMBER: Passing candidates are not officially certified until all required eligibility documentation has been submitted within the allotted time frame.

RETAKE POLICY

We do not limit the number of times a candidate may attempt an exam. However, you must wait 90 days to retake an exam from the most recent date the exam was taken. You may register to retake an exam at any time. You will not need to resubmit eligibility requirements unless your CPR/AED certification has lapsed.

You may request to have the 90-day retake policy waived. To be considered for a 90 day waiver, you must meet the following criteria:

1. An employment opportunity has been offered, contingent on obtaining an NSCA certification, or your current employment will be suspended or terminated due to the requirement of an NSCA certification.
2. You received a scaled score of 63 or higher on your previous attempt
3. You have submitted a waiver application, along with official supporting documentation.

Approval of a waiver of the 90-day waiting period is a one time option and cannot be repeated under any circumstances. Please submit requests for the application to the NSCA Certification Department at certification@nsca.com.

APPEALING EXAM RESULTS

Exam candidates may appeal, in writing, to the Certification Committee their exam results or canceled scores. Such appeals must include the candidate's basis for the appeal and any relevant documentation to be considered. Candidates may submit their request to appeal by email (exams@nsca.com) or by mail to the NSCA Headquarters. Appeals will be reviewed by the Certification Committee at their next meeting after the appeal is submitted. All decisions regarding an appeal shall be final and binding.

An appeal fee of \$25 will be assessed per appeal. Should the certification approve your appeal, the appeal fee will be refunded.

CERTIFICATION CHECKLIST

- ☐ **Meet the eligibility requirements.**
- ☐ **Read the Certification Handbook.**
- ☐ **Obtain the appropriate preparation materials.**
- ☐ **Prepare for the exam.**
- ☐ **Register for the exam online.**
 - » You will receive an email confirmation that you are authorized to take the exam and scheduling instructions within two to three business days of registration.
 - » Once registered, you have 120 days to schedule and complete the exam.
 - » Schedule your exam appointment with **Pearson VUE**.
- ☐ **Submit required documentation.**
 - » A photocopy (front/back) of your CPR/AED certification.
 - » Official transcript and other documentation depending on eligibility requirements.
- ☐ **Take the exam (passing is a scaled score of 70 for each exam).**
 - » You will receive your exam results immediately following the exam.
 - » Passing candidates are not certified until all eligibility requirements are completed within the allotted time frame.
- ☐ **Maintain your certification by keeping your knowledge and skills up-to-date with continuing education.**
 - » Be sure to recertify at the end of each three-year recertification period.

INTERNATIONAL CANDIDATES

The NSCA offers the CSCS and NSCA-CPT certifications in multiple languages through our international NSCA Affiliates in Japan, Italy, Spain, Korea, and China. International partners are responsible for the registration and recertification processes within their country. In select countries and locations, the CSPS and TSAC-F may be offered in English.

To learn more about the registration process and availability of certification exams, international candidates should review the information available on the website of the NSCA Affiliate in their country. Links to the websites of NSCA's international partners can be accessed at [NSCA.com/About-us/international](https://www.nscacom.com/About-us/international). The NSCA cannot guarantee international candidates the same level of accessibility to certification exams and other NSCA products and services (e.g., continuing education) as US candidates.



PRIVACY POLICY

The NSCA is committed to the right of privacy for certificate holders and exam candidates. The NSCA will exercise care with customer property and personal information while under our control or used by the NSCA. The NSCA will handle and protect exam candidate property/information as is done with all NSCA property. Only authorized employees will have access to exam candidate files. The designated employees are responsible for maintaining the confidentiality of the information in those files.



NSCA CERTIFICATION HANDBOOK

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS REQUEST FORM

REQUEST FOR SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS

The NSCA is proud to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Reasonable testing accommodations will be made to ensure equal opportunities for every qualified candidate. If you have a documented disability that significantly impairs your ability to arrive at, read, or otherwise complete an NSCA certification exam, you may request special accommodations. Requests for special accommodations must be made when you register. Complete this form and submit by mail:

NSCA

Attn: Certification Department
1885 Bob Johnson Drive
Colorado Springs, CO 80906

IMPORTANT: Candidates who have requested testing accommodations must receive an email from the NSCA indicating that the accommodations have been approved BEFORE scheduling their exam. Once the approval email arrives, call Pearson VUE at (800) 466-0450 to schedule an exam appointment. Candidates who schedule appointments through any other means (e.g., online, or via a different number) will not have their accommodations available at the appointment.

Certification Candidate Information

Candidate's Name (First, Middle Initial, Last): _____

NSCA Customer ID: _____

Home Address: _____

City: _____ ST: _____ ZIP: _____

Phone Number: _____

Email Address: _____

Qualified Professional Providing Diagnosis

Professional's Name (First, Middle Initial, Last): _____

Business Address: _____

City: _____ ST: _____ ZIP: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Email Address: _____

Professional Title (e.g., Medical Doctor, Licensed Psychologist): _____

License Number, and State Issuing License: _____

Description of Disability

Disability Related to the Accommodation Request: _____

Date of Most Recent Professional Diagnosis: _____

Description of Disability's impact on Candidate's ability to take an NSCA certification exam: _____

APPENDIX A: SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS REQUEST FORM

Requested Accommodation(s)

Please indicate all accommodations that you are requesting.

- ☐ 1.5 x Exam Time
- ☐ Separate Room
- ☐ Reader
- ☐ Recorder
- ☐ Enlarged Font
- ☐ Other (please describe):

Signature of Qualified Professional

By signing below, I verify that the information provided on this form is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Signature of Qualified Professional: _____

Date: _____

Signature of Candidate

By signing below, I verify that the information provided on this form is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I authorize the release and disclosure of diagnostic information by healthcare providers, or other professionals having such information, for the purpose of allowing NSCA to make a determination regarding my request for a special testing accommodation. I understand that NSCA will employ reasonable methods to help ensure that the information provided to NSCA regarding my disability and request for accommodation is treated as confidential.

Signature of Qualified Candidate: _____

Date: _____

APPENDIX B: PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE FORM

PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE FORM I CSPA® EXAM

Please Print or Type | Register Online at www.nsca.com

Name: _____

Customer ID: _____

The NSCA Certification Committee requires a minimum of 250 related, practical experience hours. Related hours must be consistent with the described CSPA Scope of Practice. It is strongly recommended that candidates gain experience in each of the content domains.

Complete the form below as accurately as possible.

Describe your principle or supporting role in managing clients with unique needs. Experience hours must relate to the following:

1. Educates clients on the basic pathophysiology and science of health status, condition, disorder, or disease.

OR

2. Performs health appraisals, fitness evaluations, SMART goal development, program design, motivational/coaching techniques, and client outcome monitoring. It is appropriate for candidates to include parallel hours for clients with comorbidities.

For example, experience may count in three domains if a candidate works with a client who is obese, has Type 2 diabetes and osteoarthritis of the knee. Recorded hours are subject to a random audit, and references may be contacted for validation purposes. If you are self-employed, please indicate below.

Submit multiple copies as necessary.

Facility Name, address, and phone number:

Supervisor Name/Title: _____

Type of Practice Setting: _____

Position Title: _____

Related Experience:

Total Hours of Experience: _____

I affirm that the information provided above is accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also understand that recorded hours are subject to a random audit, and references may be contacted for validation purposes.

Signature: _____

Date: _____

APPENDIX C: REGISTRATION AFFIRMATION

By submitting this NSCA exam registration, I accept the conditions set forth by the NSCA Certification Committee concerning the administration, reporting of examination scores, and the certification and recertification processes and policies. I attest that the information in this registration is true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and is made in good faith. I understand that if any information is later determined to be false, the NSCA Certification Committee reserves the right to revoke the certification that has been granted on the basis thereof. I also understand that any irregularity including, but not limited to, copying answers; permitting another person to copy answers; falsifying information required for admission to the examination; impersonating another exam candidate; falsifying education or credentials; or providing or receiving unauthorized advice about exam content before, during or following the examination in connection with any NSCA Certification examination could result in immediate revocation of my certification. I further understand that the examination questions, certification names, acronyms, and logos are protected under US copyright law and, as such, willful infringement of the copyright is a federal crime. I recognize that any unauthorized possession of, use or distribution of, or the act of providing access to NSCA Certification examination questions, certificates, NSCA Certification logos, abbreviations relating thereto, and any other NSCA Certification documents and materials may result in immediate revocation of my certification. I also recognize and acknowledge that I will abide by the recertification requirements established in order to remain certified.

☐ I have read and understand the Affirmation.

Certification policies, procedures, and requirements are listed in the NSCA Certification Handbook, including, but not limited to, the NSCA Codes, Policies, and Procedures, certification eligibility, registration, exam authorization period, refunds, retakes, scheduling and rescheduling of appointments, test center rules, and recertification. The NSCA Certification Committee reviews these on a regular basis and updates are made when appropriate. The most current version of the Handbook is available for download from [NSCA.com](https://www.nscacertification.com).

☐ I have downloaded, read, understand, and agree to abide by the certification policies, procedures, and requirements included in the Handbook. I also agree to abide by any and all future changes to certification policies, procedures, and requirements as made by the NSCA Certification Committee and published in the most current Handbook.



HOW TO MAINTAIN YOUR CERTIFICATION

NSCA Recertification Policies and Procedures

2021 – 2023 REPORTING PERIOD



INTRODUCTION

YOUR DISTINGUISHED ACHIEVEMENT

Holding an NSCA certification demonstrates that you are a dedicated, hardworking strength and conditioning professional. It also means you belong to the NSCA community, a global group of like-minded professionals striving to positively impact the health, lives, and athletic performance of others.

Your NSCA credentials indicate you have the specialized knowledge, skills and abilities to perform a specific job. An NSCA certification on your resume is the stamp of approval employers look for. They instantly understand the quality of your education and your ability to apply evidence-based research.

AN ONGOING COMMITMENT

It's important to remain competent in your field and continue to be educated about the constantly changing world of strength and conditioning. Maintaining your certification shows your commitment to your career, and ensures you are equipped to do your job to the best of your ability.

MAINTAINING YOUR CERTIFICATION

No matter which certification you hold — Certified Strength and Conditioning Specialist® (CSCS®), Certified Special Population Specialist® (CSPS®), NSCA-Certified Personal Trainer® (NSCA-CPT®), and/or Tactical Strength and Conditioning Facilitator® (TSAC-F®) — there are vital parts to maintaining your credentials. There are two options for becoming recertified:

OPTION 1

Complete and report a certain number of Continuing Education Units (CEUs) and pay the recertification fee

OR

OPTION 2

Retake and pass the appropriate certification exam

Whether you choose Option 1 or Option 2 for recertification, you **must maintain CPR/AED certification** throughout the three-year recertification cycle. You may renew your CPR/AED through an online program, if your CPR/AED certification did not lapse. If there is a lapse of your CPR/AED certification, then you must attend the CPR/AED course in person, to earn that certification again.

Note: Those who do not fulfill the recertification requirements from one of the options above before the recertification deadline of December 31, 2023, will lose their certification status. To become certified again, they will be required to retake and pass the appropriate certification exam and will be issued a new date of certification and a new certification number.

WHY CPR/AED CERTIFICATION IS REQUIRED

Your CPR/AED certification could help you save a life when every minute counts. Protecting the safety of your clients and athletes is first and foremost. A current CPR/AED certification means you've learned how and when to provide care for someone experiencing sudden cardiac arrest. Requiring this certification every cycle encourages you to refresh your memory and stay up to date on the latest techniques.

WHY CONTINUING EDUCATION IS REQUIRED

Continuing education is a critical part of any trusted certification program. Continuing education keeps your knowledge and skills sharp so that you can perform at a high level in the industry and retain the credibility your certification delivers. Some common ways to participate in continuing education include attending industry events, completing pre-approved home studies, volunteering your professional expertise with the NSCA, or contributing an article to an NSCA publication.

CONTINUING EDUCATION BENEFITS

Continuing education is a lifelong learning journey. The strength and conditioning industry continually evolves with new scientific knowledge and research, training techniques, equipment, and industry laws and regulations. When you are equipped with the latest knowledge and skills, you gain the advantage of that understanding and can outperform those who don't. Keeping up to date also makes a difference in the lives of your clients and athletes, ensuring they receive the highest standard of service possible.

THE RECERTIFICATION CYCLE

The NSCA recertification is based on a three-year cycle, ensuring NSCA-certified individuals stay up to date across industry trends, technology, regulations and laws. Three years also grants the time to gain continuing education units without causing a significant disruption or difficulty. We are currently in the 2021-2023 cycle, and the deadline for recertifying is December 31, 2023 for **all** certified individuals.



BREAKING DOWN THE CEU

WHAT IS A CEU?

CEU stands for Continuing Education Unit, and it's simply the way we measure your continuing education. CEUs range across a variety of topics. For example, you could pursue CEUs in nutrition, anatomy, physiology, biomechanics, training or sports psychology. You can earn CEUs in various ways such as attending in-person or virtual events, writing an article for publication, leading a Special Interest Group, or taking and passing a quiz.

HOW ARE CEUS CALCULATED?

The amount of CEUs you earn is generally based on the number of contact hours (or actual clock hours) you spend to complete an activity or event. For example, 1 contact hour equals 0.1 CEU, and 10 contact hours would equal 1.0 CEU.

Not all CEU activities are based on actual clock hours. There are exceptions, such as college or university courses, where 1 semester credit hour equals 0.5 CEU and 1 quarter credit hour equals 0.3 CEU. For example:

- » 3-unit, semester-long Exercise Physiology course equals 1.5 CEUs
- » 4-unit, quarter-long Functional Anatomy course equals 1.2 CEUs

HOW MANY CEUS DO I NEED?

The required number of CEUs needed to recertify is based on your certification date and where it falls within the three-year cycle. Refer to the table below to determine the number of CEUs you will need and the related fees. All CEUs must be earned between the date of your certification (or the beginning of the recertification cycle, whichever is later) and the end of the recertification cycle on December 31, 2023.

Note: Activity completed before an achieved certification, or the start of the current recertification cycle, cannot be applied for CEUs during the current cycle. (CEUs can still be applied during a different cycle for reinstatements and appeals.)

Individuals with Multiple Certifications

If you hold multiple NSCA credentials, you do not need to submit 6.0 CEUs separately for each certification. For example, if you became CSCS and NSCA-CPT certified before January 1, 2021, you are only required to submit a total of 6.0 CEUs for the 2021 – 2023 reporting period.

A more complex scenario exists if you became CSCS and NSCA-CPT certified at different times during the 2021 – 2023 reporting period. Special attention must be paid to the dates on your certificates to ensure that the required CEUs are completed after those dates. Please contact the NSCA if there is any confusion regarding your recertification requirements.

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION DATE (SHOWN ON CERTIFICATE)	CEUS REQUIRED	CATEGORY A MAXIMUM	CATEGORY B MAXIMUM	CATEGORY C MAXIMUM	CATEGORY D MAXIMUM	MEMBER FEE FOR EACH CREDENTIAL HELD	NON-MEMBER FEE FOR EACH CREDENTIAL HELD
If certification was earned before 2021*‡	6.0	5.5	4.0	5.5	4.0	\$65	\$90
If certification was earned during 2021*^	4.0	3.5	3.0	3.5	3.0	\$55	\$80
If certification was earned during 2022*^	2.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	\$45	\$70
If certification was earned January 1, 2023 to June 30, 2023^	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$35	\$60
If certification was earned July 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023	0	0	0	0	0	\$0	\$0

* You must obtain CEUs from at least two categories.

‡ All CEUs must be earned after January 1, 2021, even if certification was earned prior to this date.

^ All CEUs must be earned after the date of certification

Recertification with Distinction (*D)

Recertified with Distinction is a program that honors certified professionals who have met a high standard for continuing education, and are acknowledged for their significant role and participation with the NSCA. The Recertified with Distinction program benefits those who qualify, by enhancing their professional status and by providing public recognition including:

- » A specially designed certificate honoring the accomplishment
- » The right to use the trademark protected “*D” as an extension of their CSCS, CSPS, NSCA-CPT, and/or TSAC-F credential(s)
- » Special notation on NSCA conference badges

To qualify for Recertified with Distinction status, certificants must:

1. Meet the standard recertification requirements established by the NSCA for the current recertification period
2. Acquire a total of 10.0 CEUs from NSCA activities in a recertification period (the requirements are not prorated for those certified after January 2021, and CEU category maximum rules do not apply)
3. Select the option to recertify *D on the recertification payment section of the NSCA website (Non-members will pay a \$25 fee; Members have no fee but must select the box)

Those who have multiple NSCA certifications must earn an additional 2.0 CEUs for the *D to count toward all certifications held. (Example: 12.0 CEUs for two certifications, 14.0 CEUs for three or more). The “*D” must be displayed following the appropriate NSCA certification credential(s), separated by a comma, with no space in between. (Example: CSCS,*D)

ACCEPTABLE CONTENT FOR CEUS

Only continuing education content that relates to the scope of practice and Detailed Content Outline (DCO) of an NSCA certification exam will be accepted. Below are some examples of acceptable and unacceptable content. **If you have questions about the acceptability of a particular activity’s content, contact the NSCA prior to engaging in the activity for credit.**

Examples of Acceptable Content:

- » Anatomy and Physiology
- » Nutrition
- » Biomechanics
- » Organization and Administration
 - *Refer to current DCO for allowed content*
- » Training Techniques
- » Sport Psychology
- » Program Design
- » Testing and Evaluation
- » Exercise Technique
- » Return to Play Reconditioning

Examples of Unacceptable Content

- » Surgery
- » Diagnosing
- » Kinesio Taping
- » Treatment
- » Radiology/Imaging
- » General Business
- » Group Fitness/Holistic Activities
- » Unrelated Alternative Health Topics (e.g., hypnosis, acupuncture)
- » Allied Health Topics beyond the NSCA credential scope of practice (e.g., athletic training, physical therapy or massage therapy specific techniques)



WAYS TO EARN CEUS

CEUs can be obtained in a wide variety of ways. They are divided into the four following categories:

Category A | Attendance

Attending clinics, conferences, seminars, workshops, or live-streamed events. The content provided must be related to the scope of practice and/or be consistent with the DCO for the NSCA certification held.

Note: Live attendance does not need to be pre-approved.

Note: Attendance at exercise science-related exam preparation courses for NCCA-accredited certifications will be accepted.

Category B | Share Your Expertise

- » **NSCA Volunteer Work** | Serving as a State or Provincial Director or as a member of an NSCA committee, SIG Executive Council, Board of Directors, or Editorial and Grant Reviewers. [Learn more.](#)
- » **Presentations** | Participation as a speaker or panelist at clinics, conferences, seminar, workshop, etc. [Learn more.](#)
- » **Publications** | Published works in which the certified individual serves as author or co-author. [Learn more.](#)

Note: Item must be published during the current recertification cycle. CEUs are not applied for articles that are published ahead of print.



Category C | Educational Activities

- » **First Aid** | Completing the requirements for certification or recertification in [First Aid](#).
- » **Post-certification College Course Work** | Successfully completing post-certification college/university-level courses that are related to the scope of practice and/or is consistent with the DCO for the NSCA certification held. [Learn More.](#)
- » **Internships** | (non-college credit) Completion of a 150-hour internship relevant to strength and conditioning or personal training. [Learn more.](#)
- » **Earning an NSCA Certification Not Currently Held** | Once certified, CSCS, CSPS, NSCA-CPT, or TSAC-F, certified individuals are allowed to obtain CEUs towards their first credential by earning an additional NSCA credential. [Learn More.](#)

Note: Teaching academic courses do not qualify for CEUs.

Note: College courses must be started after date of certification (during the current reporting cycle) and completed before the recertification cycle ends.

Note: All activity must be related to the scope of practice and/or be consistent with the DCO for the NSCA certification held.

- » **Earning an NCCA-accredited certification** | The NSCA will award CEUs when a CSCS, CSPS, NSCA-CPT, or TSAC-F certified individual passes a certification exam offered by a fitness, sport or exercise nutrition organization program currently accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies (NCCA). [Learn More.](#)

Note: Required coursework completed in the process of earning a non-NCCA-accredited certification may be reported according to usual recertification guidelines.

Note: CEUs will be awarded at the time of the original certification only. Recertifying the NCCA-accredited certification do not qualify for CEUs.

- » **Pre-approved Home Study Courses** | Completing pre-approved Home Study courses offered by other organizations/businesses and approved by the NSCA. Check the NSCA website, under Continuing Education, for the current pre-approved course listings. [Learn more.](#)
- » **Personal Development** | Any activity undertaken to keep current with the NSCA certification held, and does not fit into another category, is considered personal development. Some examples of activities include reading journals, magazines and books and/or listening to podcasts that are related to strength and conditioning and/or personal training; participating in self-improvement seminars, and/or completing home studies that are not pre-approved. [Learn more.](#)

Category D | Quizzes and Assessments

Passing a quiz found on the NSCA website, through Strength and Conditioning Journal, and/or NSCA Videos. [Learn more.](#)

CATEGORY	SUB-CATEGORY	ACTIVITY	NUMBER OF CEUs AWARDED	REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION*†
A	ATTENDANCE	Attending strength and conditioning and/or personal training clinics, conferences, seminars, workshops, or live-streamed events, etc. <i>Note: Attending exercise science exam prep courses for NCCA certifications is accepted.</i>	0.1 CEU per hour of attendance (Ex: 8-hour clinic x 0.1 CEU = 0.8 CEU) <i>Note: A maximum of 2.0 CEUs may be earned for any one event</i>	Photocopy of attendance certificate or letter verifying participation date and number of hours for non-NSCA events An outline of event may be requested (this activity is applicable for *D if NSCA event)
B	NSCA Volunteer Work	Serving as a State/Provincial Director, NSCA committee member, on the NSCA SIG Executive Council, or on the NSCA Board of Directors	0.5 CEU per year of committee involvement <i>Note: CEUs are applied after a full year has been served.</i>	(this activity is applicable for *D)
		Editorial and grant reviews	0.1 CEU per review	(this activity is applicable for *D)
	Presentations	Serving as a speaker or panelist at clinics, conferences, seminar, workshop, etc.	1.0 CEU per hour of presentation <i>Note: a maximum of 2.0 CEUs allowed for each presentation</i>	Photocopy of brochure or flyer showing participation, or a letter of verification from the event host An outline may be requested (this activity is applicable for *D if presented at an NSCA event)
	Publications	Authoring or co-authoring articles, abstracts, chapters in books, or full books <i>Note: Item must be published during the current recertification cycle</i>	Articles: 1.5 CEUs for NSCA publications 1.0 CEU for peer-reviewed journals 0.5 CEU for all others Abstracts: 1.0 CEU per published abstract Chapters of books: 1.5 CEUs per published chapter Books: 3.0 CEUs per published book	Articles/Abstracts: Photocopy of periodical cover and first page of article/abstract Chapters/ Books: Photocopy of book cover and table of contents (this activity is applicable for *D if NSCA publication)
C	First Aid	Becoming certified or recertified in First Aid	0.5 CEU awarded at time of certification/recertification	Photocopy of certification card or certificate
	College Course Work	Passing post-certification college course work	0.3 CEU per quarter credit hour 0.4 CEU per trimester credit hour 0.5 CEU per semester credit hour <i>Note: a maximum of 2.0 CEUs per course may be earned.</i>	Photocopy of grade report or unofficial transcript
	Internships	Completion of non-academic credit granting internship of at least 150 hours	2.0 CEUs per internship	Photocopy showing internship completion (this activity is applicable for *D if NSCA internship)
	Earning Additional Certifications	Earning an additional NSCA certification not currently held	2.0 CEU per additional NSCA certification	Photocopy of certificate (this activity is applicable for *D if additional NSCA certification is earned)
		Earning a fitness, sport or exercise nutrition certification from other NCCA-accredited program	2.0 CEU per NCCA-accredited certification	
	Pre-approved Home Studies	Successfully completing a pre-approved home study course through another organization	CEUs awarded for pre-approved courses only; refer to course listings at www.nasca.com for number of CEUs awarded	Photocopy showing course completion from pre-approved provider (Human Kinetics courses are applicable for *D)
D	QUIZZES AND ASSESSMENTS	Personal Development Educational activities not covered by any other category (e.g., reading articles, journals, books, completing quizzes, or home studies not pre-approved)	0.5 CEU per year	Statement of nature of activities completed
		NSCA Quizzes NSCA SCJ quizzes, NSCA Video quizzes, USADA quiz	0.2-1.0 CEUs for each quiz that is submitted and passed <i>Note: CEU values vary per quiz</i>	(this activity is applicable for *D)

*Documentation for NSCA activities not required

†Documentation only required if selected for an audit or requesting an appeal or reinstatement.

WHERE TO FIND CEU OPPORTUNITIES

The NSCA works diligently to provide new and ongoing CEU opportunities — these include setting up industry events, creating quizzes, offering volunteer opportunities, and accepting contributions to NSCA publications. We have also partnered with a variety of third-party providers who are approved to offer additional CEU opportunities.

REPORTING YOUR CEUS

Periodic reporting of your CEUs is required to ensure that all certified individuals are adhering to the continuing education requirements. We encourage self-reporting as it helps our certificants plan out their own continuing education opportunities, while bestowing a sense of responsibility and accountability.

The NSCA's online CEU reporting process is a convenient way to review, record, and edit activities. To access the online CEU reporting page, visit www.nscf.com/recertify.

Online reporting allows certified individuals to:

- » View certification summaries
- » Determine CEUs required
- » Review category maximums
- » View certification number
- » Determine certification expiration date
- » Track accumulated CEUs
- » Record and edit CEUs
- » Submit recertification fee(s)

A paper application is available for individuals without internet access; however, it must be requested in writing.

NSCA CEUs Reported on Your Account

When you obtain CEUs through the NSCA, those CEUs will be applied in your recertification record. This process can take a few weeks to be reflected in your account. The following CEUs will also be applied toward Recertified with Distinction (*D®).

- » Attending or presenting at NSCA events
- » Authoring articles, abstracts, and/or books for NSCA publications
- » Passing NSCA quizzes
- » Participating on NSCA committees
- » Serving as an NSCA State/Provincial Director
- » Serving as an NSCA SIG Executive Council Member
- » Serving on the NSCA Board of Directors
- » Earning additional NSCA credential(s)
- » Serving as an NSCA Intern

Note: NSCA/Human Kinetics home study courses must be self-reported

Documenting Your CEUs

Keeping documentation of CEUs is the responsibility of each certified individual. A record of all documentation must be maintained for completed activities; see the table on the previous page for documentation requirements.

Documentation does not need to be submitted to the NSCA for the standard recertification, unless requested, and/or in conjunction with the random recertification audit conducted at the conclusion of a recertification cycle.

Note: Documentation is required when requesting an appeal or reinstatement.

Random Audit

The NSCA will conduct a random audit of a percentage of certified individuals that complete the recertification process. Those individuals selected for the audit will be required to submit their CEU documentation to the NSCA for verification.

The randomly chosen audit group will be notified by mail no later than March 2024. Once contacted, certified individuals have 45 days to submit the documentation that supports the information previously reported online or on the CEU Reporting Form. If supporting documentation is not provided within the time allotted (45 days), does not substantiate the activities reported, or is found inadequate of meeting CEU requirements (i.e., activity falls outside the scope of practice for the NSCA certification held), then the conditions for recertification will have not been met. Those individuals will have their certification revoked.



RECERTIFICATION FEE

The recertification fee is the fee you will pay at the end of the recertification cycle, after you have reported your required CEU amount. Be aware of additional fees within the NSCA that are distinct, such as membership, recertified with distinction (*D), and RSCC. Your recertification fee is a separate cost, and must be paid in order for your recertification process to be complete.

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION DATE (SHOWN ON CERTIFICATE)	MEMBER FEE FOR EACH CREDENTIAL HELD	NON-MEMBER FEE FOR EACH CREDENTIAL HELD
If certification was earned before 2021*‡	\$65	\$90
If certification was earned during 2021*^	\$55	\$80
If certification was earned during 2022*^	\$45	\$70
If certification was earned January 1, 2023 to June 30, 2023^	\$35	\$60
If certification was earned July 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023	\$0	\$0

LATE FEES

There will be a late fee of \$35 for certificants who earned the CEUs during the reporting period (January 1, 2021 – December 31, 2023), but failed to report by the deadline. A late reporting option is available through January 31, 2024. Individuals do not need to submit any supporting documentation when paying a late fee.

FAILURE TO REPORT AND APPEALS

Once certified, you will continue to be certified as long as you fulfill the minimum CEU requirements, maintain your CPR/AED certification, and pay your recertification fee before the deadline. Alternately, you may continue your certification by passing the appropriate certification exam before the deadline and maintain your CPR/AED certification. The NSCA Certification Committee will be notified of those failing to meet CEU requirements so that appropriate actions may be taken. Those who fail to meet the recertification requirements will be sent a Notice of Certification Revocation.

APPEALS

Appeals may be made for revocation letters, audit results, or not meeting recertification requirements due extenuating circumstance(s). Those wishing to appeal, can do so by submitting an appeal letter to the Certification Committee. Appeals must include an explanation as to why the appeal is being requested and include all relevant supporting and education documentation. The Certification Committee will review appeals at the Committee's next scheduled meeting and render a final decision.

Note: There is a \$25 appeal fee, which is due at time of appeal submission. This fee may be returned upon full or partial approval of appeal. Send appeals to certification@nsca.com

Note: Appeals cannot be expedited.

REINSTATEMENT

Sometimes, life gets in the way and certifications may lapse. Thankfully, if your NSCA certification has expired, and you maintained your CEUs, you can ask to receive reinstatement. To petition the NSCA for reinstatement, please perform the following steps:

1. Submit the Reinstatement application, along with documentation that all required CEUs were earned within the missed recertification period(s) and earned in accordance with the requirements of the recertification policy in effect at that time
2. Present verification of current CPR/AED certification
3. Pay reinstatement fee, plus all related recertification fees of previous recertification period(s)

The fee for reinstatement is \$200 plus previously unpaid recertification fees. The appropriate forms can be found online at nsca.com/certification/recertification.

If you are granted reinstatement, you will maintain your original certification date, but a new certification number may be issued. If your request is denied, you may still appeal to the Certification Committee. The Certification Committee will review appeals at the Committee's next scheduled meeting and render a final decision.

DISCIPLINE POLICY

The NSCA Disciplinary Procedures were established as a means to enforce the NSCA Professional Code of Ethics and protect the public, as well as the integrity of NSCA certification programs. Consistent with the obligation of candidates and certificants in regards to the NSCA Professional Code of Ethics, the Disciplinary Procedures provide a formal process for submitting complaints of unethical behavior to NSCA for consideration and investigation. The NSCA Professional Code of Ethics and the NSCA Disciplinary Procedures are found within the NSCA Codes, Policies, and Procedures (Appendix E), or online at [NSCA.com/codes-policies-procedures](https://nsca.com/codes-policies-procedures).

Any action taken by the NSCA Ethics Committee affecting the status of an exam applicant or candidate, or of a certified individual may be appealed in accordance with the procedures outlined in the NSCA Codes, Policies, and Procedures (Appendix E).

APPENDIX E: EXAM DETAILED CONTENT OUTLINES


INTRODUCTION

The NSCA (as previously mentioned), develops a Detailed Content Outlines (DCO) for each certification. These documents categorize the knowledge, skills, and abilities required for professional practice into domains, subdomains, and tasks. Additionally, the DCO provides candidates with the number and type of questions found on the exam within each domain.

Below is an excerpt from the domain Testing and Evaluation from the Practical/Applied section of the CSCS exam. There are a total of 3 subdomains (A, B, and C) and 8 tasks (two listed under

sub-domain A, three under B, and three under C). A total of 20 questions will be found within the exam for this domain of which 3 will be recall, 11 application, and 6 analysis. These questions are not evenly distributed across the tasks. Therefore, certificants should always prepare for any content to be assessed using any question format (formats are explained in the next section) Concepts not listed in the DCO will not be included on the exam. Preparation for each certification exam should be focused on the concepts that are listed in the appropriate DCO.

EXCERPT FROM THE CSCS PRACTICAL/APPLIED DCO

 CSCS[®] EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline SCIENTIFIC FOUNDATIONS (final version; approved January, 2020)	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
4. TESTING AND EVALUATION	3	11	6	20
A. Select and Administer Tests to Maximize Test Reliability and Validity <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tests based upon the unique aspects of a sport, sport position, and training status 2. Test administration procedures that use equipment, personnel, and time efficiently 				
B. Administer Testing Protocols and Procedures to Ensure Reliable Data Collection <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Testing equipment and its proper use 2. Testing procedures (e.g., warm-up, how to test, proper rest between trials) 3. Testing to assess physical characteristics (e.g., bodyweight, girth, body fat, height) and evaluate performance (e.g., muscular strength, power, anaerobic capacity, muscular endurance, aerobic endurance, agility, speed, flexibility) 				
C. Evaluate and Interpret Test Results <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Validity of test results 2. Typical vs. atypical test results based on a sport or sport position 3. Design or modification of the training program based on test results (i.e., determine which outcome of training needs to be improved in a future program) 				

EXAM QUESTIONS

Format

Exam questions (also called exam “items”) all share the same selected-response format — multiple-choice questions. Test-takers select the best answer from three presented options (e.g., a, b, or c). Some questions will reference an image or video, and others may be a description of a situation, or “case.” The exams do not include essay-type or other constructed-response questions that require test-takers to write their own answers.

Complexity

Even though all exam items share the same format, they differ in terms of complexity. Different levels of cognition (e.g., recall, application, or analysis) are required to determine the best answer. The knowledge, skills, and abilities of a professional include both simple and very complex tasks. The professional may need to recall facts or apply information, while at other times they may need to conduct an evaluation of a situation to determine the best course of action. Therefore, the questions on the exams are written at different levels of complexity. Definitions of the cognitive levels and examples are provided below:

Recall

Recall questions require a candidate to recognize information such as concepts, principles, facts, or procedures. These questions ask for information that is easily found in a manual, textbook, or other resources. Recall questions can generally be reduced to “what is x?”

Example: Which of the following is a characteristic of fast-twitch muscle fibers?

- A. high power output
- B. high resistance to fatigue
- C. low contraction speed

Application

Application items require candidates to apply knowledge that is dependent upon a situation. Examples of application exam questions include basic calculations and identifying relationships between concepts. Questions may be posed as “if, then” situations; e.g., “if this variable is present, then this outcome will occur.”

Example: A strength and conditioning professional is working with a 20-year-old collegiate athlete who has a resting heart rate of 60 bpm. Using the Karvonen formula, what is this athlete’s exercise heart rate at an exercise intensity of 85%?

- A. 196 bpm
- B. 187 bpm
- C. 179 bpm

Analysis

Analysis items require candidates to consider and evaluate several pieces of information, or variables, to arrive at the most appropriate answer. Examples of analysis questions include complex calculations and the identification of patterns in data.

Example: A 21-year-old, 5 ft, 10 in. (170 cm) collegiate Division I soccer forward weighing 165 lb (74.8 kg) has the following assessment results:


Body fat: 12%
Back squat: 285 lb (129.2 kg)
Vertical jump: 23 in. (58.42 cm)
5-10-5: 4.5 sec
40 m sprint: 7.5 sec


Which of the following is the MOST important to improve?


- A. strength
- B. speed
- C. agility


Example Answers


Recall: A
Application: C
Analysis: B


 <div> CSCS[®] EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline SCIENTIFIC FOUNDATIONS (final version; approved January, 2020) </div>	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
1. EXERCISE SCIENCES	14	24	6	44
A. Apply Knowledge of Muscle Anatomy and Physiology <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Muscle anatomy (e.g., muscle group names, specific muscle names, muscle fiber/cell structure) Muscular dynamics involved during movement patterns (e.g., sliding filament theory, type of muscle action) 				
B. Apply Knowledge of Neuromuscular Anatomy and Physiology <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Neuromuscular anatomy (e.g., motor unit, muscle fiber type, muscle spindle, Golgi tendon organ) Neuromuscular responses to exercise (e.g., motor unit recruitment patterns, nerve conduction, summation) 				
C. Apply Knowledge of Basic Principles of Biomechanics Regarding Exercise Selection, Execution, and Sport Performance <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Kinematic principles of movement (e.g., anatomical planes of movement, joint angles, velocity) Kinetic laws and principles of movement (e.g., momentum, torque, power, work, force, center of gravity, impulse, center of pressure, force-velocity curve, force-time curve, isometric/isotonic/isokinetic, lever systems) Role of muscles in movement (e.g., agonist, antagonist, synergist, neutralizer, stabilizer) 				
D. Apply Knowledge of Bone and Connective Tissue (tendons and ligaments) Anatomy and Physiology <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Bone and connective tissue anatomy Bone and connective tissue responses to exercise and training 				
E. Apply Knowledge of Bioenergetics and Metabolism <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Characteristics of the energy systems Effects of manipulating training variables (e.g., mode, intensity, duration, volume and work:rest ratio) to target specific energy systems 				
F. Apply Knowledge of Neuroendocrine Physiology <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Functions of hormones (e.g., testosterone, growth hormone) Neuroendocrine responses to exercise and training 				
G. Apply Knowledge of Cardiopulmonary Anatomy and Physiology <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Cardiopulmonary anatomy (e.g., structure of the heart, vascular system, lungs) Cardiopulmonary responses to exercise and training 				


 <div> CSCS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline SCIENTIFIC FOUNDATIONS (final version; approved January, 2020) </div>	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
H. Apply Knowledge of Physiological Adaptations to Exercise, Training, and the Impact of Recovery Strategies <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Adaptations to metabolic conditioning Causes, signs, symptoms, and effects of unsafe training and detraining Sleep (e.g., sleep deprivation, disordered sleep) Techniques and strategies for recovery I. Apply Knowledge of the Special Considerations of the Differences among Athletes (e.g., age, sex, training status, specific sport or activity) J. Apply Knowledge of Scientific Research and Statistics in the Exercise Sciences <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Understand Scientific process Read, review, and evaluate various sources of information Understand reliability and validity 				
2. SPORT PSYCHOLOGY	6	11	2	19
A. Apply Knowledge of Psychological Foundations of Performance <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Motivational theory and techniques (e.g., imagery techniques, reinforcement strategies, confidence, and positive self-talk) Attentional control and decision-making (e.g., focus, arousal management) B. Apply Knowledge of Motor Learning and Skill Acquisition Techniques (e.g., feedback, practice conditions, attention and focus, learning styles, instructional strategies, internal and external cuing) C. Recognize Indicators of Mental Health Issues in Athletes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The psychological impact of injury in sport The signs, symptoms, and psychological impacts of common mental health conditions (e.g., anxiety, stress, depression) The signs, symptoms, and behaviors associated with eating disorders and disordered eating The signs and symptoms of substance misuse 				


 <div> CSCS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline SCIENTIFIC FOUNDATIONS (final version; approved January, 2020) </div>	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
3. NUTRITION	5	8	4	17
A. Apply Basic Knowledge of Nutritional Factors Affecting Health <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Health-related application of nutrition concepts (e.g., food groups, food exchanges, glycemic index, caloric vs. nutrient dense foods) Health factors associated with dietary choices (e.g., a high intake of cholesterol, triglycerides, and/or saturated fat, low intake of calcium and iron, food sensitivities and allergies, alternative nutritional approaches) Effects of hydration status and electrolyte balance/imbalance on health 				
B. Apply Basic Knowledge of Nutrition to Maximize Performance <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Training/nutritional programs that produce specific changes in body composition (e.g., fat loss or lean body mass increase) Composition and timing of nutrient and fluid intake before, during, and after an exercise session or a sport event Nutritional factors that affect muscular endurance, hypertrophy, strength, and aerobic endurance Nutritional needs for various training and health status of athletes 				
C. Apply Basic Knowledge of the Effects, Risks, and Alternatives of Common Supplements, Performance-Enhancing Substances, and Methods <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Ergogenic aids and dietary supplements (e.g., creatine, carbohydrate loading, caffeine) Performance-enhancing substances and methods (e.g., anabolic steroids and blood doping) Impact of alcohol and drugs on performance 				
Totals for SCIENTIFIC FOUNDATIONS section:	25	43	12	80

 <div> CSCS[®] EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline PRACTICAL / APPLIED (final version; approved January, 2020) </div>	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
1. EXERCISE TECHNIQUE	7	22	11	40
A. Teach and Evaluate Movement Preparation (soft tissue and flexibility/mobility, PNF, CNS prep, dynamic stretching) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparatory body limb and position (e.g., stance, posture, alignment) Execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) Cuing and coaching, monitoring for safety Assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique 				
B. Teach and Evaluate Resistance Training Exercise Technique <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Free weight training equipment: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> preparatory body and limb position (e.g., grip, stance, alignment) execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) spotting procedures and technique, cuing and coaching, monitoring for safety assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique Resistance machines (e.g., pulley, cam, hydraulic, friction, air, tubing) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> preparatory body and limb position (e.g., grip, stance, alignment) execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) spotting procedures and technique, cuing and coaching, monitoring for safety assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique Alternative modes (e.g., core, stability, balance, calisthenic, body weight only) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> preparatory body and limb position (e.g., grip, stance, alignment) execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique Non-traditional implements (e.g., logs, tire-flipping, heavy ropes, kettle bells, heavy medicine balls) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> preparatory body and limb position (e.g., grip, stance, alignment) execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique 				
C. Teach and Evaluate Olympic Weight Lifting and Plyometric Exercise Technique <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparatory body and limb position (e.g., stance, posture, alignment) Execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) Assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique 				

 <div> CSCS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline PRACTICAL / APPLIED (final version; approved January, 2020) </div>	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
D. Teach and Evaluate Speed/Sprint Technique (e.g., resisted and assisted sprinting, speed-strength): <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparatory body and limb position (e.g., stance, posture, alignment) Execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) Assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique 				
E. Teach and Evaluate Agility Technique (e.g., forward, backward and lateral movements; turn, transition, acceleration, and deceleration maneuvers) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparatory body and limb position (e.g., stance, posture, alignment) Execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) Assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique 				
F. Teach and Evaluate Energy Systems Development <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Aerobic conditioning activities (e.g., treadmill, bicycle, rowing machine, stair stepper, elliptical trainer, walking, jogging, running, swimming) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> machine programming and setup preparatory body and limb position (e.g., stance, posture, alignment) execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique Anaerobic conditioning activities (e.g., conditioning drills, heavy rope training, intermittent training) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique 				
G. Teach and Evaluate Recovery Techniques (e.g., hydrotherapy, sleep, hydration, soft tissue, compression, static stretching exercises) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparatory body and limb position (e.g. stance, posture, alignment) Execution of technique (e.g., body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing, focus, arousal) Assessment, correction, and modification of exercise technique 				

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	Recall	Application	Analysis	
2. PROGRAM DESIGN	2	18	18	38
A. Conduct Needs Analysis <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluation of the sport (movement, physiological injury analysis) Assessment of the athlete (training status, physical testing and evaluation, primary resistance training goal) <p>Based on the outcomes of a needs analysis, design training programs that maximize performance and minimize injury potential, incorporating the following steps:</p> B. Incorporate Various Training Methods and Modes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Different types of training methods and modes (e.g., resistance, plyometric, speed/sprint, interval, agility, aerobic, flexibility) Combinations of various training methods and modes to reach a certain goal or outcome (e.g., muscular endurance, hypertrophy, strength, power, aerobic endurance) C. Select Exercises <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Exercises specific to movement patterns of a particular sport (e.g., an exercise and its application and effectiveness for a sport, an exercise and movements involved in a sport, an exercise and muscles used in sport) Exercises (e.g., power, core, assistance, structural) based upon the type or number of the involved muscle group or groups (e.g., what exercise trains certain muscle(s); how to change an exercise to change the involved muscles) Exercises based upon the type of kinetic chain movement (e.g., open or closed) Exercises to minimize injury potential (e.g., hamstring versus quadriceps, upper body versus lower body) Exercises to promote recovery D. Apply the Principles of Exercise Order <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Order of exercises based on the training goal Variations in exercise orders (e.g., large to small muscle groups, alternating push with pull, alternating upper body exercises with lower body exercises) Variations in exercise modes (e.g., explosive training, strength training, warmup/workout/cooldown, energy system training prioritization) E. Determine and Assign Exercise Intensities (e.g., load, resistance, heart rate) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Methods for assigning an exercise load (e.g., a percent of the 1RM or the athlete's body weight, RM loads, RPE) or exercise heart rate (e.g., a percent of maximum heart rate or functional capacity, the Karvonen method) Load or exercise heart rate based on the training goal (e.g., muscular endurance, hypertrophy, strength, power, aerobic/anaerobic endurance) 				


 CSCS[®] EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline PRACTICAL / APPLIED (final version; approved January, 2020)	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
F. Determine and Assign Training Volumes (defined as sets x reps) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Outcomes associated with the manipulation of training volume Volume based on the training goal (e.g., muscular endurance, hypertrophy, strength, power, aerobic/anaerobic capacity) 				
G. Determine and Assign Work:Rest Periods, Recovery and Unloading, and Training <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Work:rest periods and recovery (e.g., muscular endurance, hypertrophy, strength, power, aerobic/anaerobic capacity) Training frequency (e.g., muscular endurance, hypertrophy, strength, power, aerobic/anaerobic capacity, exercise recovery) 				
H. Determine and Assign Exercise Progression (e.g., mode, intensity, duration, frequency)				
I. Identify Periodization Models and Concepts and How to Apply Them <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Periodization (e.g., the periods/phases/cycles, the types of training programs associated with the phases/periods/cycles) Training variations based on a sport season (i.e., a certain training period, phase, or cycle for a specific sport season) A periodized program specific to the athlete's demands of a sport, position, and training level (e.g., annual plan) 				
J. Design Programs for Athletes During the Injury/Reconditioning Period (e.g., assigning exercises for a given acute or chronic injury or condition in collaboration with allied health professionals)				
3. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION	8	4	0	12
A. Organizational Environment <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Determine the policies and procedures associated with the safe operation of the strength and conditioning facility (e.g., facility/equipment cleaning and maintenance, rules, scheduling, emergency procedures) Determine the primary duties and responsibilities of the members of the strength and conditioning staff Engage in effective communication and collaboration with team coaches, athletic trainers, sports medicine, support staff, administration, media 				
B. Determine the Design, Layout, and Organization of the Strength and Conditioning Facility (e.g., flooring, ceiling height, mirror placement, ventilation, lighting, characteristics of the equipment) Based on Athletic Needs and Industry Safety Standards				


 CSCS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline PRACTICAL / APPLIED (final version; approved January, 2020)	Cognitive Level			Total Items
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C. Professional Practice <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify and work within the scope of practice for the strength and conditioning staff 2. Abide by the NSCA Codes, Policies, and Procedures 3. Abide by standards and practices of relevant governing bodies related to the implementation of the strength and conditioning program 4. Recognize and respond to symptoms of unsafe training practices (e.g., overuse, overtraining, temperature-induced illness) 5. Recognize when to refer an athlete to and collaborate with allied health professionals (e.g., athletic trainer, physical therapist, physician, registered dietitian, sport psychologist) D. Identify Common Litigation Issues Associated with Organizational Environment, Physical Environment, and Professional Practice and Ways to Reduce or Minimize the Risk Liability Within the Facility				
4. TESTING, ONGOING MONITORING, AND DATA EVALUATION	3	11	6	20
A. Select Appropriate Evidence-Based Tests to Maximize Test Reliability and Validity <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tests based upon the unique aspects of an exercise classification, sport, sport position, health, and training status 2. Test administration procedures that use equipment, personnel, and time efficiently B. Administer Testing and Implement Monitoring Protocols and Procedures to Ensure Reliable Data Collection and Safe Performance <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Testing and monitoring equipment and its proper use 2. Testing and monitoring procedures (e.g., warm-up, how to test, proper rest between trials, athlete readiness) 3. Testing to assess physical characteristics and workloads (e.g., anthropometrics, physiological and mechanical stress) and evaluate performance (e.g., muscular strength, power, aerobic/anaerobic capacity, muscular endurance, agility, speed, flexibility) C. Evaluate and Interpret Results <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Validity of test results D. Typical vs. atypical results based on a sport, sport position, and the individual E. Design or modification of the training program based on results to ensure safe performance (i.e., determine which outcome of training needs to be improved in a future program)				
Totals for PRACTICAL/APPLIED section:	20	55	35	110


CSCS SAMPLE QUESTIONS


1. Which of the following shoulder movements and planes of motion are associated with the upward movement phase of the side lateral shoulder raise exercise?
 - A. flexion/transverse
 - B. abduction/sagittal
 - C. abduction/frontal
2. An untrained college-aged athlete begins a resistance training program. After training for three weeks, her strength increases dramatically. Which of the following is the most influential factor responsible for this improvement?
 - A. decreased cross-sectional area of Type I fibers
 - B. increased number of muscle fibers
 - C. improved neuromuscular efficiency
3. What is the minimum amount of carbohydrates that a 132-lb (60-kg) competitive Olympic triathlete should consume on a daily basis?
 - A. 120 g
 - B. 480 g
 - C. 960 g
4. When running, which of the following contributes the most to minimizing the braking effect of a heel foot strike?
 - A. eccentric hip flexion
 - B. concentric hip extension
 - C. eccentric knee extension
5. Which of the following components of mechanical load is the least important for stimulating new bone formation?
 - A. rest period
 - B. magnitude
 - C. rate of loading


Answers: (1) C (2) C (3) B (4) B (5) A

 CSPS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline	Cognitive Level			Total # of Questions
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
1. BASIC PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND SCIENCE OF HEALTH STATUS or CONDITION, DISORDER, or DISEASE	8	22	10	40
<p>A. Cardiovascular: Individuals with...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Myocardial infarction 2. Angina 3. Hypertension 4. Peripheral vascular disease (e.g., deep vein thrombosis, peripheral artery disease) 5. Congestive heart failure 6. Valvular disorders 7. Revascularizations 8. Conduction defects or disorders (e.g., atrial fibrillation, pacemakers) <p>B. Pulmonary: Individuals with...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) (e.g., emphysema, chronic bronchitis) 2. Chronic restrictive pulmonary disease (CRPD) (e.g., fibrosis, sarcoidosis) 3. Asthma 4. Pulmonary hypertension <p>C. Metabolic</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Individuals with diabetes mellitus (Type 1 and 2) 2. Individuals who are overfat 3. Individuals with pre-diabetes 4. Individuals who have metabolic syndrome 5. Individuals with thyroid disorders (hypo/hyperthyroidism) 6. Individuals with end stage renal disease <p>D. Immunological and Hematological: Individuals with...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. AIDS/HIV 2. Chronic fatigue syndrome 3. Fibromyalgia 4. Anemia 5. Auto-immune disorders (e.g., lupus, rheumatoid arthritis) 6. Bleeding/clotting disorders <p>E. Musculoskeletal/Orthopedic: Individuals with...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Osteoporosis and other low BMD conditions 2. Limb amputations 3. Osteoarthritis 4. Lower back conditions 5. Chronic musculoskeletal conditions (e.g., OA, osteoporosis, low back pain) 6. Frailty 7. Joint disorders (e.g., muscle, labrum, ligament, cartilage, tendons) 				

 CSPS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline	Cognitive Level			Total # of Questions
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8. Joint replacements (e.g., shoulder, knee, hip) 9. Sarcopenia 10. Posture conditions 11. Cystic fibrosis <p>F. Neuromuscular: Individuals with...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stroke or brain injury 2. Spinal cord disabilities 3. Multiple sclerosis 4. Cerebral palsy 5. Down's syndrome 6. Parkinson's disease 7. Epilepsy 8. Balance conditions 9. Muscular dystrophy <p>G. Post Rehabilitation: Individuals with...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Musculoskeletal disorders/conditions 2. Cardiopulmonary disorders/conditions 3. Neuromuscular disorders/conditions <p>H. Individuals with Cancer</p> <p>I. Female Specific Conditions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pregnant and postpartum 2. Female athlete triad 3. Menopausal/post-menopausal <p>J. Individuals with Behavioral/Psychological Disorders</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disordered eating patterns 2. Body image 3. Depression 4. Chemical dependency <p>K. Older Adults</p> <p>L. Children and Adolescents</p>				
2. CLIENT CONSULTATION	6	13	0	19
<p>A. Determine the Fitness Professional's Role in the Wellness Continuum</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Align goals of the medical professional, client, and fitness professional 2. Maintain lines of communication with the primary healthcare provider 3. Optimize communication between the fitness professional and medical professionals 4. Verify physician's clearance to exercise 				

 CSPS[®] EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline	Cognitive Level			Total # of Questions
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
<p>B. Perform Health Appraisal</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Understand basic medical terminology Interpret medical history (e.g., contraindications, continuity of care, goal viability) Administer life-style questionnaire Interpret “levels of pain” or prognosis (severity of condition; e.g., kurtzke expanded disability status scale) Interpret medical documentation Document subjective client feedback and observations relevant to medical condition Contact medical professionals for needed information or clarification on medical history, restrictions, etc. Identify signs and symptoms that indicate an individual should be referred for medical care Understand the roles of health professionals that prescribe exercise (e.g., physicians, physical therapists, occupational therapists, athletic trainers) Perform nutritional review <p>C. Fitness Evaluation</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Conduct fitness evaluation <ol style="list-style-type: none"> vital signs (e.g. heart rate, blood pressure) height and weight body composition (e.g., “Bod Pod” and DXA reports) girth measurements muscular strength and endurance speed/agility/power cardiovascular endurance (e.g., submaximal VO2 max test on treadmill and bike) flexibility lipid profile lung function postural assessment balance functional assessment evaluations specific for individuals with limited ability (e.g., 6-min walk, modified sit-and-reach from a chair, 8 lb. curl test, chair stands) Prioritize need for clients with multiple diseases Adjust fitness evaluation based on medical conditions and restrictions Determine testing measures for the client Document client progression with objective and subjective criteria 				

 CSPS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline	Cognitive Level			Total # of Questions
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
3. PROGRAM PLANNING	3	18	10	31
<p>A. Develop SMART Goals</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Manage fear and expectations 2. Increase functional capacity 3. Improve health risk factors (e.g., muscle wasting) 4. Improve confidence and self-image 5. Improve quality of life <p>B. Program Design</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop individual training programs that are adapted to specific health condition (types, duration, frequency, intensity, progression, rest) 2. Develop group training programs that are adapted to specific health condition (types, duration, frequency, intensity, progression, rest) 3. Identify exercises indicated and contraindicated for client's condition 4. Identify environmental risks (e.g., MS and heat tolerance) 5. Evaluate communicable disease risk (client to fitness professional OR fitness professional to client) 6. Modify the warm-up and cool-down program to coincide with the limitations and capacities of a client 7. Modify the exercise program to coincide with the limitations and capacities of a client 8. Instruct a client on therapeutic exercise technique and equipment (including body position, speed/control of movement, movement/range of motion, breathing, and spotting/safety guidelines) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. aquatic b. range of motion c. exercise with accessory equipment (e.g., chairs, walker/cane, gait belt) d. balance/perturbation training e. partner-assisted (support person and conduction exercises beyond the medical fitness center/facility, or how they can help during the process of exercise) f. home programs 9. Understand exercise-induced changes to body systems <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. neuromuscular system b. cardiorespiratory system c. musculoskeletal system d. endocrine e. psychological 				

 CSPS® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline	Cognitive Level			Total # of Questions
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
C. Apply Motivational/Coaching Techniques <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Motivational interviewing Stages of change Transtheoretical model Behavioral economics Planned behavior theory Cognitive theory Relapse prevention Positive psychology Solution-focused coaching D. Monitor Client Outcomes E. Recognize Need for Referral to Healthcare Professional				
4. SAFETY, EMERGENCY PROCEDURES, AND LEGAL ISSUES	4	6	0	10
A. Comply with Scope of Practice Requirements B. Practice Safety Procedures C. Follow Emergency Procedures D. Recognize Professional, Legal, and Ethical Responsibilities E. Comply with HIPAA regulations				
TOTAL ITEMS	21	59	20	100

CSPS SAMPLE QUESTIONS

1. The initial strength training program for a client with Stage I hypertension should include which of the following variables?

	Reps	% 1RM	Rest Periods
A.	10	70	1 min
B.	15	60	1 min
C.	20	50	2 min

2. Which of the following exercises are contraindicated for a client who suffers from spondylolysis?
- A. lying trunk extension
 - B. lat pulldown
 - C. abdominal curls
3. A 25-year-old male client visits his physician because he wants to begin an exercise program. Results of a maximal graded exercise test indicate he has episodes of supraventricular tachycardia at a heart rate of 160 bpm. The physician clears him for exercise. Based on this information, which of the following should the fitness professional do?
- A. Perform a cardiorespiratory evaluation up to 85% of the age-predicted HRmax
 - B. Recommend a heart-healthy diet and begin a low intensity exercise program
 - C. Conduct a fitness examination using 150 bpm as the maximum heart rate
4. A client has been medically diagnosed as having tendonitis of the supraspinatus. Which of the following exercises is contraindicated?
- A. supine triceps extension
 - B. dumbbell pullover
 - C. seated row

SCENARIO

A new 45-year-old female client is a business owner and has three small children. Her medical history reveals the following:

Height: 5 ft 5 in (165 cm)

Weight: 220 lb (100 kg)

TC: 290 mg/dL

Triglycerides: 214 mg/dL

ECG: Normal

Blood pressure: 115/100 mm Hg

Resting heart rate: 68 bpm

Maximum heart rate: 179 bpm

Additional history: Congenital heart murmur

Gained 80 lb (36.3 kg) within the last 2 years

Family history: Mother had a malignant breast tumor removed

Aunt died of breast cancer at age 41

No family history of coronary artery disease

Her primary goals are to “get healthy” and “increase stamina” to keep up with her children. The client states that she feels very flexible in her low back and legs. Her ankles sometimes swell. She owns a treadmill and enjoys walking.


END OF SCENARIO


5. Which of the following is this client's major coronary risk factor?


- A. known heart murmur
- B. diastolic blood pressure of more than 90 mm Hg
- C. ankle edema

Answers: (1) C (2) A (3) C (4) B (5) B

	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
1. CLIENT CONSULTATION & ASSESSMENT	8	18	6	32
<p>A. Initial Interview</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Determine compatibility between a client and a personal trainer Administer a client-personal trainer and/or a client-personal trainer-fitness facility agreement Administer an informed consent and liability waiver form Administer an assessment inventory on attitude and readiness <p>B. Medical History and Health Appraisal</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Administer a detailed medical history/health appraisal form and a lifestyle questionnaire (including exercise and injury history) Obtain a medical release from the client's primary physician, if necessary Interpret medical history/health appraisal form and lifestyle questionnaire Refer a client to and/or seek input from an appropriate healthcare professional based on information in the medical history and health appraisal Maintain a network of allied health care professionals <p>C. Fitness Evaluation</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Conduct fitness evaluation including: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> vital signs (heart rate, blood pressure) height weight body composition girth measurements muscular strength muscular endurance speed/agility/power cardiovascular endurance flexibility postural alignment/muscle balance Conduct movement assessments Conduct reevaluation and reassessment Interpret the results of a health/fitness evaluation or reevaluation Refer a client to and/or seek input from an appropriate health care professional based on the fitness evaluation results 				

 NSCA-CPT® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
D. Basic Nutrition Review <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify the personal trainer's scope of practice regarding nutritional recommendations 2. Conduct a review of a client's dietary habits (e.g., recall, history, food log) 3. Communicate and educate using information from peer-reviewed resources regarding general nutrition, supplements, nutrient timing, hydration, and daily caloric needs 4. Recognize the signs and symptoms of disordered eating and eating disorders 5. Refer client to and/or seek input from an appropriate healthcare professional based on the basic nutritional review results 				
2. PROGRAM PLANNING	19	14	12	45
A. Goal Setting <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establish needs and goals by discussing the results of an initial interview, medical history and health appraisal, and fitness evaluation with a client 2. Establish needs and goals by discussing the results of dietary habit log with a client 3. Establish needs and goals by discussing health-related lifestyle habits (e.g., smoking, alcohol use, drug use) with a client 4. Determine the motivational/coaching techniques (e.g., reward system, reinforcement strategies, mental imagery techniques, visualization, use of technology) that will be effective for a client B. Program Design <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select the exercise modality or type 2. Select the warm-up/cool down exercises 3. Determine the order of exercises or exercise components 4. Determine the exercise intensity or workload 5. Determine exercise duration 6. Determine exercise frequency 7. Determine the rate of exercise progression 8. Determine program modifications based upon the results of reevaluation and reassessment C. Training Adaptations <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Explain exercise-induced changes to body structures <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. muscles b. tendons, ligaments, and connective tissue c. bone and cartilage d. adipose tissue (fat stores) 2. Explain exercise-induced changes to body systems <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. neuromuscular b. cardiorespiratory c. metabolic d. endocrine e. psychological 				

 NSCA-CPT® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
D. Special Populations <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize and determine (if appropriate) the capacities and limitations of a client with a specialized need or condition <ol style="list-style-type: none"> age-specific conditions (e.g., older adults, prepubescents, adolescents) female-specific conditions (e.g., prenatal, postpartum, postmenopausal) individuals with psychological disorders/conditions (e.g., depression, disordered eating, eating disorders) individuals with orthopedic disorders/conditions (e.g., arthritis, osteoporosis/osteopenia, amputations, musculoskeletal trauma, rhabdomyolysis) individuals with cardiovascular disorders/conditions (e.g., hypertension, hyperlipidemia, post-cardiac) individuals with metabolic disorders/conditions (e.g., overweight, obese, diabetes, metabolic syndrome) individuals with respiratory disorders/conditions (e.g., asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease) individuals with genetic, cognitive or neurological disorders (e.g., epilepsy, multiple sclerosis, cerebral palsy, spinal cord injuries, paralysis, Parkinson's disease, Down's syndrome, traumatic brain injury, Alzheimer's) individuals training for a certain sport or competition (e.g., athletes) individuals with fibromyalgia individuals with cancer individuals with immunological and hematological disorders (e.g. AIDS, HIV, chronic fatigue syndrome, anemia, auto-immune disorders, bleeding or clotting disorders) Modify the exercise program within the scope of medical recommendations (if appropriate) to coincide with the limitation and capacities of a client with a specialized need or condition Refer a client to and/or seek input from an appropriate health care professional based on the specific needs of the client 				
3. TECHNIQUES OF EXERCISE	8	15	20	43
Evaluate exercise technique (including body position, speed/control of movement, movement/range of motion, progression, cueing, muscular involvement, breathing, spotting/safety guidelines, and functional movement*) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Machine Resistance Exercises (e.g., plate-loaded, selectorized, hydraulic, air, friction, rod) Free Weight Exercises (e.g., barbells, dumbbells) Flexibility Exercises (e.g., static, ballistic, dynamic, PNF, active-isolated stretching) Calisthenic and Body Weight Exercises (e.g., yoga, pull-up, push-up, torso exercises, suspension training) Sport-specific/Performance-related Activities (e.g., plyometrics, sprinting, agility drills, reaction) Cardiovascular Machines (e.g., treadmill, stationary bike, rowing machine, stepping and climbing machine, elliptical trainer, upper body ergometer) Non-machine Cardiovascular Activities (e.g., running, walking, swimming, aerobic dancing) Alternative Training Activities (e.g., tire-flipping, weighted carries, weighted bags, ropes, chains, stability balls, kettleballs, medicine balls, resistance bands, balance, club, sled, manual resistance) 				


	Cognitive Level			Total Items
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
 NSCA-CPT® EXAMINATION Detailed Content Outline				
4. SAFETY, EMERGENCY PROCEDURES and LEGAL ISSUES	7	11	2	20
A. Safety Procedures <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain exercise equipment Establish an exercise environment consistent with industry standards Respond to symptoms of overtraining, overuse injuries, and temperature-induced illness B. Emergency Response <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Perform basic first aid consistent with industry standards Perform CPR and use an Automated External Defibrillator (AED) consistent with industry standards Implement a plan to respond to an emergency in an exercise facility (e.g., fire, environmental disasters, medical situation, security threats) C. Professional, Legal and Ethical Responsibility <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize litigation issues and circumstances Maintain a professional client-personal trainer relationship (all forms of communication) Maintain client-personal trainer confidentiality Ensure documentation is obtained, maintained and secured relating to professional, legal, and ethical responsibilities (e.g., incident reporting, PAR-Q+, HIPAA, compliance, facility maintenance requirements) 				
Totals	42	58	40	140


* Functional training/exercise is an activity that enhances one's kinetic duty (movement purpose), improves adaptability, and provides for significant transfer to a target activity and/or daily living.


NSCA-CPT SAMPLE QUESTIONS


1. Which of the following describes when the personal trainer should administer a medical history questionnaire to a client?
 - A. before the fitness evaluation
 - B. immediately after the first exercise session
 - C. during the physician's medical examination
2. A moderate intensity (8-12RM loads) resistance training program involving one minute rest periods between sets and exercises is designed primarily to improve a client's
 - A. strength
 - B. hypertrophy
 - C. power
3. A personal trainer offers free sessions to clients who achieve their goals within a predetermined amount of time. Which of the following describes this motivational technique?
 - A. intrinsic motivation
 - B. achievement motivation
 - C. positive reinforcement
4. What is the day's caloric intake of a client who consumed 100 g of protein, 450 g of carbohydrates, and 40 g of fat in one day?
 - A. 5310 kcals
 - B. 4180 kcals
 - C. 2560 kcals
5. A client's 10RM in the bench press exercise is 150 lb (68 kg). Which of the following is this client's estimated 1RM?
 - A. 170 lb (77 kg)
 - B. 200 lb (91 kg)
 - C. 230 lb (105 kg)


Answers: (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) C (5) B


 Tactical Strength and Conditioning Facilitator (TSAC-F) Detailed Content Outline 130 Items	Cognitive Level			Total # of Questions
	Recall	Application	Analysis	
1. EXERCISE SCIENCES	7	13	4	24
<p>A. Apply General Concepts of Anatomy and Physiology</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Muscle anatomy (e.g., muscle group names, specific muscle names) and muscle responses to exercise 2. Bone and connective tissue anatomy and responses to exercise 3. Cardiopulmonary anatomy and responses to exercise 4. Explain responses of bone, muscle, and connective tissue to occupation-related job tasks under load <p>B. Apply Basic Concepts of Neuromuscular Anatomy and Physiology</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Neuromuscular anatomy (e.g., motor unit, Type I and II fibers, muscle spindles, stretch shortening cycle, Golgi tendon organs) 2. Neuromuscular responses to exercise (e.g., chronic neuromuscular adaptations, motor unit recruitment patterns, nerve conduction, summation) <p>C. Apply the Basic Principles of Biomechanics Regarding Exercise Selection, Execution, and Operation/Mission Performance</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kinetic laws and principles of movement (e.g., lever systems, momentum, work, isometric/isotonic/isokinetic) 2. Kinematic laws and principles of movement (e.g., velocity, anatomical planes of movement, joint angles) 3. Relationship of type of muscle action (i.e., isometric, concentric, and eccentric) to force production (i.e., force- velocity and torque-velocity relationships) 4. Muscle dynamics and the role of muscles in movement (e.g., agonist, antagonist, synergist, stabilizer) <p>D. Describe Bioenergetics and Metabolism (e.g., names and characteristics of energy systems, effects of manipulating training variables)</p> <p>E. Describe Physiological Adaptations to Exercise Designed to Improve Physical Performance (e.g., aerobic endurance, muscular endurance, muscular strength, speed and agility, muscular power, and flexibility)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Explain physiological implications related to age, sex, and training status <p>F. Explain Detraining and Retraining</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The usual time course of detraining and retraining 2. Minimum training requirements to maintain training adaptations <p>G. Identify Environmental Concerns (e.g., heat, cold, altitude, smoke, uneven terrain) for Tactical Athletes</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Physiological adaptations to diverse environmental conditions 2. Environmental illnesses (e.g., heat and cold injuries, altitude sickness) and their predisposing factors 3. Effect of environmental conditions on physical performance and work capacity 				

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	Recall	Application	Analysis	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Process and time course of acclimatization/adjustment 5. Recognize limitations to physical exercise in adverse conditions and manipulate training programs accordingly 6. Effects of apparel selection and impacts on thermoregulation <p>H. Explain the Endocrine (Hormonal) Responses to Exercise and Stress</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Explain acute responses and chronic adaptations of the endocrine system to exercise and occupation-related job tasks in high stress situations 2. Recognize the causes, signs, symptoms, and effects of overtraining caused by inappropriate exercise and occupation-related work environments 				
2. NUTRITION	6	8	1	15
<p>A. Explain Nutritional Factors Affecting Health and Performance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Health-related and performance-related application of food (e.g., food groups, food exchanges, ChooseMyPlate.gov, nutrient density) 2. Basic nutritional needs of individuals and the unique nutritional needs of tactical athletes (e.g., proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, minerals) 3. Caloric expenditure during various forms of exercise and occupational tasks 4. Chronic disease risk factors associated with dietary choices and obesity 5. Effects of fluid and electrolyte balance/imbalance on health and performance 6. Effects of unpredictable and/or prolonged schedules during deployment, field exercise, and shift work on nutritional status <p>B. Explain Nutritional Strategies for Optimizing Body Composition and Maximizing Physical Performance and Recovery</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Nutritional strategies for altering and maintaining body composition 2. Timing and composition of nutrient and fluid intake before, during, and after an exercise session or operation/mission/shift 3. Nutritional factors that affect muscular endurance, hypertrophy, strength, and aerobic endurance 4. Nutrition strategies to mitigate unpredictable and/or prolonged schedules during deployment, field exercise, and shift work <p>C. Recognize Signs, Symptoms, Behaviors, and Performance Variations Associated with Altered Eating Habits and Disorders</p> <p>D. Explain the Effects, Risks, and Alternatives Associated with Common Dietary Supplements (e.g., creatine, protein, caffeine)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Effects, side effects, and signs and symptoms of dietary supplement use 				

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3. EXERCISE TECHNIQUE	4	15	6	25
A. Teach safe and effective exercise techniques <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Preparatory body and limb position (stance, posture, alignment) 2. Execution of technique (body and limb positions, movement mechanics, breathing) 3. Identification and correction of improper exercise technique 4. Spotting B. Explain a Dynamic Warm-up that is Biomechanically and Metabolically Specific to the Prescribed Exercise Plan <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Expertise in movement patterns and energy systems C. Demonstrate and Explain Resistance Training Exercise Technique <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Free weight training equipment 2. Resistance machines 3. Bodyweight resistance (e.g., proprioception, functional movement) 4. Alternative Implements (e.g., rope climbing, kettlebells, load carriage) D. Explain Plyometric Exercise Technique E. Explain Speed/Sprint Technique both with and without Occupational Equipment <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Recognize the difference between acceleration and maximal speed and their application F. Explain General Agility Technique <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Multidirectional movement to include stopping, starting, dropping and rising 2. Explain the difference between change of direction speed and agility G. Explain Aerobic Endurance Exercise Technique <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cardiovascular exercise modalities (i.e., machine and non-machine) 2. Machine programming and set-up 3. Occupational specific endurance activities (e.g., load carriage) H. Explain Flexibility Exercise Technique <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Static stretching exercises 2. Proprioceptive neuromuscular facilitation (PNF) stretching exercises 3. Dynamic and ballistic stretching exercises 4. Myofascial release (e.g., foam rolling) 				
4. PROGRAM DESIGN	7	13	10	30
A. Perform a Needs Analysis Based on Job Requirements <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify critical job tasks 2. Identify physiological, movement, and injury risk factors as they apply each critical task 3. Identify energy systems associated with critical job tasks 				

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B. Identify Circumstantial/Lifestyle Factors <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Professional factors (e.g., work schedule, environmental factors) Personal factors (e.g., family obligations, personal fitness goals) C. Assess and Evaluate Current Health, Fitness, and Performance Status <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Identify abilities and limitations (e.g., age, sex, training status, injury status) Identify potential mandatory fitness requirements D. Design Training Programs that Maximize Performance, Reduce Injury Risk, and Increase Long Term Wellness <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Target specific energy systems by manipulating training variables (e.g., mode, intensity, duration, volume, work:rest ratio) Incorporate various training methods and modes (e.g., resistance, plyometric, speed/sprint, agility, aerobic, flexibility, anaerobic threshold) Utilize the concept of specificity Optimize muscle balance Apply the principles of exercise order based on the goal of the training session Establish appropriate exercise progression/regression Apply the principles of periodization based on occupational demands Develop appropriate training variations based on environmental constraints and operational tempo Identify training objectives for each phase of rehabilitation and reconditioning, and modify program based on abilities and limitations E. Incorporate Mental Skills into Program Design <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Motivational techniques Mental imagery Team dynamics 				
5. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION	4	5	1	10
A. Design and Organize the Training Area <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Identify specific space and equipment needs of the population(s) that will use the area Apply strategies to arrange and space the equipment within the training area B. Implement Policies and Procedures for the Training Area <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize the primary duties and responsibilities of the various personnel of the training area Establish rules for using the area based upon current industry best practices and organizational guidelines C. Create a Safe Training Environment <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Identify pre-participation screening and medical referral requirements for program participants 				

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<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Establish checklists and schedules for equipment maintenance and cleaning 3. Identify common litigation issues and methods for reducing and/or minimizing the risk and liability 4. Establish and/or follow procedures to respond to emergencies 5. Maintain appropriate training records 6. Identify needs and strategies to accommodate dynamics/logistics of training large groups (e.g., limited equipment, experience level of tactical athletes and supervision of training) <p>D. Understand Professional and Legal Responsibilities</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Recognize litigation issues and circumstances 2. Know when to refer individual to and/or seek input from appropriate health care professionals (e.g., chronic disease, eating disorder behavior, supplement use, injury, pain, behavioral health issues) 				
6. TESTING, ASSESSMENT, AND EVALUATION	5	7	2	14
<p>A. Administer Test</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Recognize tests used by tactical organizations (e.g., Physical Fitness Tests, Job Suitability Tests, Fitness for Duty Test) 2. Explain, and when appropriate, select tests based upon the unique aspects of the tactical athlete's work demands, administrator and equipment availability, time constraints, and training status 3. Develop alternative tests and make reasonable accommodations for individuals with different abilities and limitations 4. Establish a plan for frequency of testing 5. Administer testing protocols and procedures to ensure accurate and reliable data collection <p>B. Evaluate Results</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss criteria for rating test performance 2. Use test results to design or modify training programs 3. Discuss differences between tests, assessments and evaluations 				
7. WELLNESS INTERVENTION	5	5	2	12
<p>A. Describe Advantages of Performing Various Types of Physical Training</p> <p>B. Describe Risks and Outcomes (e.g., stress fractures, over training) of Inappropriate Training (e.g., single modality training, excess volume and/or intensity)</p>				

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C. Describe and Mitigate Risk Factors Associated with Common Chronic Injuries/Diseases D. Understand Effects, Side Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Common Ergogenic Aids, and their Methods of Use E. Understand How Lifestyle and Occupation Affects Health Wellness and Performance				
Totals	38	66	26	130

TSAC-F SAMPLE QUESTIONS

1. Compared to a standard pull-up, the concentric force generated by the latissimus dorsi muscle during a kipping pull-up is
 - A. higher
 - B. lower
 - C. equal
2. Which of the following pairs of exercises will best help a firefighter develop the type of strength needed when walking downhill while carrying heavy pack loads?
 - A. half-squats, slow lunges
 - B. power cleans, depth jumps
 - C. deadlift, bench press
3. Which of the following will improve bone density the most?
 - A. bicycle
 - B. treadmill
 - C. elliptical
4. Which of the following actions can lead to hyponatremia during exercise in the heat?
 - A. drinking too much water
 - B. drinking too little water
 - C. consuming salt tablets
5. Which of the following activities would benefit the most from erythropoietin (EPO) use?
 - A. 200-m sprint
 - B. 15 box jumps
 - C. 15-mile bike ride

Answers: (1) B (2) A (3) B (4) A (5) C