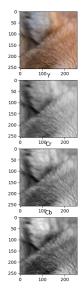
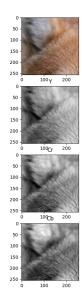
Implementacja częściowej kompresji JPEG

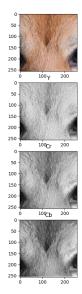
Mariusz Lubowicki

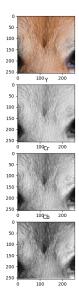


img.jpg 4:2:2



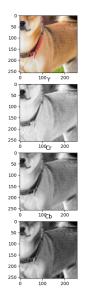


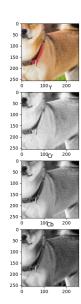


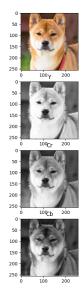


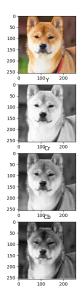


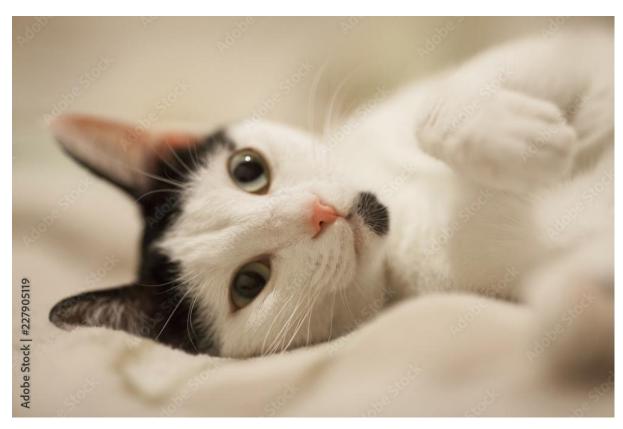
img2.jpg 4:2:2



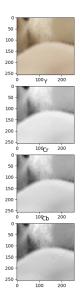


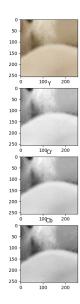


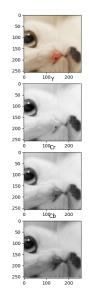


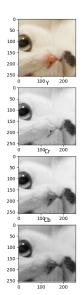


img3.jpg 4:2:2



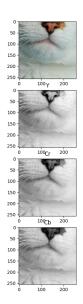


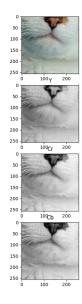


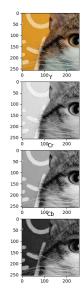


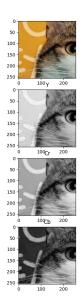


img4.jpg 4:2:2









Wnioski

Różnica między zdjęciami wygląda na znikomą.

Aby uzyskać dobrą kompresję najpierw należy dobrać odpowiednią macierz kwantyzacji aby nie były widoczne artefakty na obrazie.

Kompresja JPEG to kompresja blokowa więc zabieg redukcji danych to kwantyzacja DCT, kodowanie Huffmana i przekształcanie informacji o kolorze.