## Math 421

## ${\rm Midterm}~2$

Fall 2002

Name:		
manne.		

Solve the first 5 problems and only **one** out of problems 6 and 7. (If you solve both 6 and 7, then I will not grade 7).

1. (20 points)

Compute the contour integral

$$\int_C e^{\bar{z}} dz,$$

where C is the boundary of the rectangle with vertices at the points 0, 2, 2 + i, and i, oriented counterclockwise. Caution: the exponent of the integrand is the complex conjugate  $\bar{z}$  of z.

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2. (18 points) Let C be the circle of radius 5 centered at the origin and transversed counterclockwise. Compute

$$\int_C \frac{e^z}{z^2 + 1} dz.$$

3. (18 points) Let C be the circle  $\{z \text{ such that } |z|=10\}$ , transversed counterclockwise. Evaluate

$$\int_C \frac{\sin(z)}{(z - \frac{\pi}{2})^n} dz,$$

for all integers n (positive, negative, or zero).

4. (16 points) Prove the equality

$$\left| \int_C \frac{z+1}{z-1} dz \right| \le 6\pi,$$

where C is the semi-circle, given by the parametrization  $z(t)=2e^{it},\,0\leq t\leq\pi.$ 

5. (16 points) Let  $C_1$  be the curve, consisting of the piece of the graph of  $y = \sin(x)$ , given by the parametrization

$$z(x) = (x + i\sin(x)), \quad 0 \le x \le 2\pi.$$

Let  $C_2$  be the piece of the graph of  $y = -\sin(x)$ , given by the parametrization

$$z(x) = (x - i\sin(x)), \quad 0 \le x \le 2\pi.$$

Compute the difference

$$\int_{C_1} \frac{dz}{z - \frac{\pi}{2}} - \int_{C_2} \frac{dz}{z - \frac{\pi}{2}}$$

- 6. (12 points) Determine whether the following statements are true or false. **Justify** your answers.
  - a) Let C be any contour from 1 to 8i, which does not pass through 0. Then the following equality holds

$$\int_C \frac{dz}{z} = \ln(8) + \frac{\pi}{2}i.$$

b) Let P(z) = (z-1)(z-2i)(z+4+5i)(z-9i) and  $C_R$  the circle of radius R, centered at the origin, transversed counterclockwise. Let  $I_R$  be the value of the integral

$$\int_{C_R} \frac{dz}{P(z)}.$$

Then  $I_R = I_{100}$ , for all radii R satisfying  $R \ge 100$ .

7. (12 points) a) (4 points) Let f(z) and g(z) be entire functions, and set P(z) := f(z)g(z). Prove the equality

$$\frac{P'(z)}{P(z)} = \frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} + \frac{g'(z)}{g(z)}.$$

b) (8 points) Let P(z) be a polynomial of degree n. Let  $C_R$  the circle of radius R > 0, centered at the origin, transversed counterclockwise. Prove, the equality

$$\int_{C_R} \frac{P'(z)}{P(z)} dz = 2n\pi i,$$

provided R is sufficiently large. Hint: Do the case n=1 first.

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