

https://lucdub-code.github.io/P4-OC-LD-Site-Photographe-Nina-Carducci/#contact



**Practices** 



## Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is <u>calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

▲ 0-49

50-89

90-100

Expand view **METRICS** 

First Contentful Paint

0.5 s

Largest Contentful Paint

0.8 s

05/06/2025 21:11 about:blank **Total Blocking Time Cumulative Layout Shift** 0 0 ms Speed Index 0.8 sView Treemap Later this year, insights will replace performance audits. Learn more and provide Try insights feedback here. Show audits relevant to: FCP LCP TBT CLS DIAGNOSTICS Minify CSS — Est savings of 5 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP LCP Transfer Est URL Size Savings GitHub Utility 1st Party 26.6 KiB 5.2 KiB 5.2 KiB ...bootstrap/bootstrap.css (lucdub-code.github.io) 26.6 KiB Minify JavaScript — Est savings of 11 KiB Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn how to minify JavaScript</u>. <u>FCP</u> (LCP) Transfer Est URL Size Savings GitHub Utility 1st Party 28.4 KiB 10.5 KiB ...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (lucdub-code.github.io) 28.4 KiB 10.5 KiB

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 20 resources found

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A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u>.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
GitHub Utility 1st Party		1,072 KiB
portraits/gallery-preview-portraits-femme-grille.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	153 KiB
slider/slider-man-passage-pieton.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	150 KiB
mariage/gallery-preview-mariage-couple.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	148 KiB
portraits/gallery-preview-portraits-homme-yeux-fermes.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	145 KiB
slider/slider-mariage-baiser.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	112 KiB
entreprise/gallery-preview-entreprise-businessman.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	85 KiB
slider/slider-foule-concert.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	75 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	44 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.css (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	27 KiB
images/nina.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	26 KiB
concerts/gallery-preview-concerts-foule-en-fete.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	23 KiB
entreprise/gallery-preview-entreprise-femme-travail-bureau.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	22 KiB
concerts/gallery-preview-concerts-scene-musicale.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	20 KiB
entreprise/gallery-preview-entreprise-personnes-reunion.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	16 KiB
mariage/gallery-preview-mariage-mains.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	13 KiB
images/camera.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	10 KiB
assets/maugallery.min.js (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	2 KiB
assets/style.min.css (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	1 KiB

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
images/instagram.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	1 KiB
assets/script.min.js (lucdub-code.github.io)	10m	0 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources — Est savings of 0 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. FCP [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Est Savings
GitHub Utility 1st Party	70.6 KiB	200 ms
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (lucdub-code.github.io)	44.0 KiB	120 ms
bootstrap/bootstrap.css (lucdub-code.github.io)	26.6 KiB	80 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	30.0 KiB	260 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.0 KiB	260 ms

#### Reduce unused CSS — Est savings of 11 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused CSS</u>. FCP (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Est Savings
GitHub Utility 1st Party	11.2 KiB	10.7 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.css (lucdub-code.github.io)	11.2 KiB	10.7 KiB

O Avoid large layout shifts — 1 layout shift found

These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to <u>windowing</u>. <u>Learn how to improve CLS CLS</u>

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Element	Layout shift score
nav.nav	
	0.000
img.d-block.w-100	Media element lacking an explicit size
v19/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	Web font loaded
v14/rnCr-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	Web font loaded

#### O Avoid chaining critical requests — 3 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests</u>.

^

Maximum critical path latency: 251.066 ms

Initial Navigation

/P4-OC-LD-Site-Photographe-Nina-Carducci/ (lucdub-code.github.io)

...bootstrap/bootstrap.css (lucdub-code.github.io) - 112.214 ms, 26.65 KiB

...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (lucdub-code.github.io) - 223.728 ms, 43.96 KiB

/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 29.871 ms, 30.03 KiB

O Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. TBT

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google Fonts Cdn	68 KiB	0 ms
v19/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
v14/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v14/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v14/rnCr-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	14 KiB	0 ms
/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	30 KiB	0 ms

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Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	0 ms

○ Largest Contentful Paint element — 840 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> [LCP]



Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	22%	180 ms
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	60%	510 ms
Render Delay	18%	150 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (29)	Hide
Properly size images	^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn ho	ow to size images.
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loa interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images. FCP LCP	ading to lower time to
Reduce unused JavaScript	^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network

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activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. [FCP] [LCP]

Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn how to efficiently encode images</u> . FCP <u>LC</u>	P
Serve images in next-gen formats	^
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	
Enable text compression	^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network byte Learn more about text compression. FCP [LCP]	es.
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. LCP FCP	d-
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 20 ms	^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn morabout the Time to First Byte metric</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	<u>e</u>
URL Time Sp	ent
GitHub Utility 1st Party 20	ms
/P4-OC-LD-Site-Photographe-Nina-Carducci/ (lucdub-code.github.io) 20	ms
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. (LCP)	FCP
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/LCP FCP	<u>2</u> .
Use video formats for animated content	^

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more about efficient video formats [FCP]</u>

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#### Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. (FCP) (LCP)

#### Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. Consider modifying your JavaScript build process to not transpile <a href="Baseline">Baseline</a> features, unless you know you must support legacy browsers. <a href="Learn why most sites can deploy ES6+ code without transpiling">Learn why most sites can deploy ES6+ code without transpiling</a> (FCP) <a href="LCP">LCP</a>)

#### Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. <u>LCP</u>

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 1,174 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size
GitHub Utility 1st Party	938.4 KiB
portraits/gallery-preview-portraits-femme-grille.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	152.8 KiB
slider/slider-man-passage-pieton.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	149.8 KiB
mariage/gallery-preview-mariage-couple.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	147.9 KiB
portraits/gallery-preview-portraits-homme-yeux-fermes.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	144.6 KiB
slider/slider-mariage-baiser.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	112.2 KiB
entreprise/gallery-preview-entreprise-businessman.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	85.1 KiB
slider/slider-foule-concert.webp (lucdub-code.github.io)	75.4 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (lucdub-code.github.io)	44.0 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.css (lucdub-code.github.io)	26.6 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size
jQuery CDN Cdn	30.0 KiB
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.0 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 131 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		131
Maximum DOM Depth	div.mg-prev	10
Maximum Child Elements	div.gallery-items-row.row	9

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. [TBT]

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
GitHub Utility 1st Party	1,034 ms	2 ms	0 ms
/P4-OC-LD-Site-Photographe-Nina-Carducci/ (lucdub-code.github.io)	1,034 ms	2 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	54 ms	2 ms	0 ms

URL	Total CPU	Script	Script
	Time	Evaluation	Parse
Unattributable	54 ms	2 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work -1.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)</u>

Category	Time Spent
Other	1,077 ms
Script Evaluation	22 ms
Style & Layout	16 ms
Rendering	9 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	7 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	3 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>.

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn</u> how to defer third-parties with a facade. <u>TBT</u>

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP]

Element	
	img.d-block.w-100

Element	
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u> .	
Avoids document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load be tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().	у
<ul> <li>Avoid long main-thread tasks</li> </ul>	^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)	
<ul> <li>Avoid non-composited animations</li> </ul>	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited</u> <u>animations</u> <u>CLS</u>	
Image elements have explicit width and height	^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image dimensions</u> <u>CLS</u>	<u>e</u>
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300</u> millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.	
Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration	^
Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>	



# Accessibility

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These checks highlight opportunities to <u>improve the accessibility of your web app</u>. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so <u>manual testing</u> is also encouraged.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> .	
O Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints</u> .	
The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
O Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.</u>	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to avoid focus traps</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus</u> <u>new content</u> .	s to
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	
O Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content	<u>t</u> .

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<ul> <li>Custom controls have associated labels</li> </ul>	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
<ul> <li>Custom controls have ARIA roles</li> </ul>	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.	l
PASSED AUDITS (23)	Hide
[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria—* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria—* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the docu <body>. <a href="Learn how aria-hidden">Learn how aria-hidden</a> affects the document body.</body>	ment
[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more about values for ARIA attributes</u> .	valid
[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more about ARIA attributes</u> .	: valid
Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make buttons more accessible</u> .	r
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with a empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	an

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Input buttons have discernible text.

Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. <u>Learn more about input buttons</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</u>

ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role

Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. <u>Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u>.

Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes

Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles</u>.

Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more about the lang attribute</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the language</u> <u>attribute</u>.

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# Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order. Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles. Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text. Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute.

NOT APPLICABLE (34)

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O [accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more about access keys</u> .	
o button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	
O Deprecated ARIA roles were not used	^
Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. <u>Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles.</u>	<u>AIS</u>
Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.	^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. <u>Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible</u> .	of
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, makin unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	g it
<ul> <li>ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names</li> </ul>	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic nam making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	e,
[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more al roles and required attributes</u> .	<u>oout</u>
<ul> <li>Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.</li> </ul>	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn</u> more about roles and required children elements.	

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<ul> <li>[role]s are contained by their required parent element</li> </ul>	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	у
[role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about values</u> .	<u>llid</u>
<ul> <li>Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.</li> </ul>	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making is unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	t
<ul> <li>ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names</li> </ul>	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, maki unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	ng it
<ul> <li>ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names</li> </ul>	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass blocks</u> .	<u>out</u>
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Le how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td><u>earn</u></td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers c properly announce them. <u>Learn how to structure definition lists correctly</u>.</td><td>an</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

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O ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technolog Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.	gies.
O No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers whi use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u> .	ich
<pre>O <frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe></pre>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u> .	
<html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</html>	^
If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's t correctly. <u>Learn more about the lang attribute</u> .	text
<pre>O <input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn about input image alt text</u> .	
Links are distinguishable without relying on color.	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. <u>Learn how to make links distinguishable</u> .	
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. I may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	This
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen reaconvey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	aders
O Select elements have associated label elements.	^
Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. <u>Learn more at the select element</u> .	about

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Skip links are focusable. Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>. The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers. [lang] attributes have a valid value Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn how to use the lang attribute. <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more about video captions.



### **Best Practices**

TRUST AND SAFETY

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<ul><li>Ensure C</li></ul>	SPIS	effective	against	XSS	attacks
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A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn</u> how to use a CSP to prevent XSS

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

#### Use a strong HSTS policy

Deployment of the HSTS header significantly reduces the risk of downgrading HTTP connections and eavesdropping attacks. A rollout in stages, starting with a low max-age is recommended. <u>Learn more about using a strong HSTS policy.</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No `includeSubDomains` directive found	includeSubDomains	Medium
No `preload` directive found	preload	Medium

#### Ensure proper origin isolation with COOP

The Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy (COOP) can be used to isolate the top-level window from other documents such as pop-ups. <u>Learn more about deploying the COOP header.</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No COOP header found		High

#### Mitigate clickjacking with XFO or CSP

The X-Frame-Options (XFO) header or the frame-ancestors directive in the Content-Security-Policy (CSP) header control where a page can be embedded. These can mitigate clickjacking attacks by blocking some or all sites from embedding the page. <u>Learn more about mitigating clickjacking</u>.

Description	Severity
No frame control policy found	High

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#### **GENERAL**

#### Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit</u>.

Name	Version
Bootstrap	5.1.3
jQuery	3.4.1

# PASSED AUDITS (14)

#### Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

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#### Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

#### Avoids third-party cookies

Third-party cookies may be blocked in some contexts. <u>Learn more about preparing for third-party cookie</u> restrictions.

#### Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields.

#### Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more about the geolocation permission</u>.

#### Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the

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request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn how to provide responsive images</u>.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300</u> millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.

Page has the HTML doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more about the doctype</u> <u>declaration</u>.

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more about declaring the character encoding</u>.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

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URL

GitHub Utility 1st Party

...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (lucdubcode.github.io)

Map URL

...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js.map (lucdubcode.github.io)

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes.



#### SEC

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <a href="Core Web Vitals">Core Web Vitals</a>. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

# ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1) O Structured data is valid Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more about

Structured Data.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (9)

Page isn't blocked from indexing

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Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn</u> more about crawler directives.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

Document has a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more about the meta description</u>.

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.

Links have descriptive text

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.

Links are crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn how to make links crawlable</u>

^

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more about the alt attribute</u>.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

NOT APPLICABLE (1) Hide

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o robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u>.

Captured at Jun 5, 2025, 9:09 PM GMT+2

Initial page load

Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 12.6.0

Custom throttling

Single page session

Using Chromium 137.0.0.0
with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 12.6.0 | File an issue

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