

Lecture 2

INFO 802

Master Advanced Mechatronics

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Publisher, Subscriber Node ROS launch







Script editor in Ubuntu

There are many options to edit script in Ubuntu:



Nano is a Command Line editor

Not user friendly for Python coding

> sudo nano <filename>



Gedit is the official default text editor of Ubuntu → A bit basic

> sudo gedit <filename>



 Sublime Text3 is a halfway IDE text editor with autocompletion of basic functions → Nice!

> sudo subl <filename>







IDE for ROS

There is no best IDEs, only the IDE that works best for you!

Eclipse, Net Beans, Qt Creator: popular on Ubuntu () Anaconda: nice interface (

but the ROS environment has to be set up and can be tedious

RoboWare Studio: IDE especially designed for working with ROS. The installation is quite easy, and automatically detects and loads an ROS environment without additional configurations. It has different out-of-the-box































Create first node Hello World (Python)

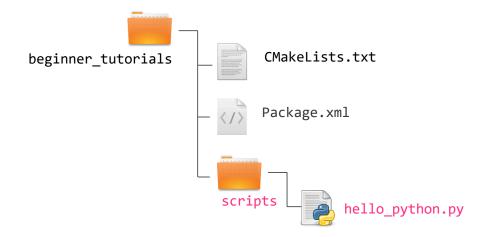
with **rospy** (Python Client Library)

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding utf-8 -*-
author = "Luc Marechal"
 copyright = "The Hello World Project copyright"
 credits = "myself"
 license = "GPL"
 version = "0.0.1"
 maintainer = "Luc Marechal"
 email = "luc@univ-smb.fr"
status = "Development"
import rospy
rospy.init_node('hello python')
rate = rospy.Rate(10)
while not rospy.is_shutdown():
  print("Hello World")
 rate.sleep()
```

This is the *shebang*. It lets the OS know that this is a Python file, and that it should be passed to the Python interpreter

Create the node

- > mkdir ~/catkin ws/src/beginner tutorials/scripts
- > cd ~/catkin ws/src/beginner tutorials/scripts
- > sudo subl hello python.py









Building first node *Hello World (Python)*

with **rospy** (Python Client Library)

Make the file executable

> sudo chmod +x hello python.py

Give execution permissions to the file



Build package

- > cd ~/catkin ws
- > catkin make beginner tutorials

Make sure you have sourced your workspace's setup.bash file

- > cd ~/catkin ws
- > source ./devel/setup.bash

Run your node

> rosrun beginner tutorials hello python.py

Extension needed

http://www2.ece.ohiostate.edu/~zhang/RoboticsClass/ docs/ECE5463 ROSTutorialLectu re1.pdf

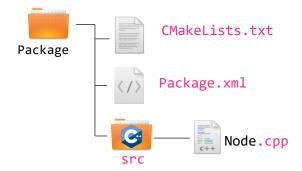




Create Nodes Summary

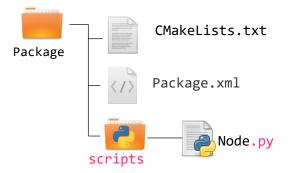


- Create your *.cpp file in /src folder
- Customize CMakeLists.txt and package.xml files
- Build the package which contains the node
- Source your workspace
- Run your node





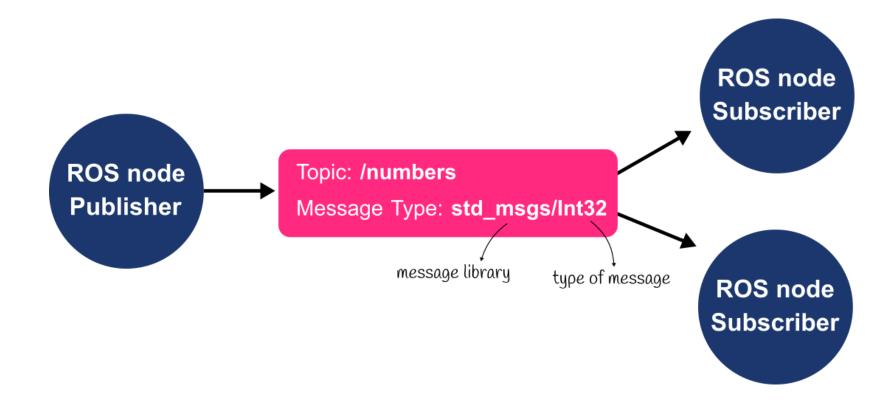
- Create your *.py file in /scripts folder
- Make the file executable
- 3) Source your workspace
- Run your node with the .py extention











The publisher node publishes a **message** of type *Int32* on the **topic** named *numbers*

The subscriber node subscribes to the topic named numbers on which the message is of type Int32







Writing the publisher Node

This node will publish an integer value on a topic called numbers

Edit a .py file in scripts folder

```
> cd ~/catkin_ws/beginner_tutorials/
> mkdir scripts
> cd scripts
> sudo subl First_Publisher_Node.py
```

```
CMakeLists.txt

beginner_tutorials

Package.xml

First_Publisher_Node.py

scripts
```

First_Publisher_Node.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rospy
from std msgs.msg import Int32
def First Publisher Node():
    pub = rospy.Publisher('numbers', Int32, queue size=10)
    rospy.init node('First Publisher Node', anonymous=True)
    rate = rospy.Rate(10) # 10hz
    number count=0
   while not rospy.is shutdown():
        rospy.loginfo(number count)
        pub.publish(number count)
       rate.sleep()
       number count += 1
if name == ' main ':
   try:
        First Publisher Node()
    except rospy.ROSInterruptException:
        pass
```







Examining the publisher Node

First_Publisher_Node.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
Every Python ROS Node will have this declaration at the top.
                                                                              import rospy
                                                                              from std msgs.msg import Int32
You need to import rospy if you are writing a ROS Node.
std msgs.msg import is so that we can reuse the std msgs/Int32 message type
                                                                              def First Publisher Node():
                                                                                   pub = rospy.Publisher('numbers', Int32, queue size=10)
The node is publishing to the numbers topic using the message type Int32
                                                                                   rospy.init node('First Publisher Node', anonymous=True)
The queue size argument limits the amount of queued messages if any
subscriber is not receiving them fast enough.
                                                                                   rate = rospy.Rate(10) # 10hz
anonymous = True ensures that your node has a unique name by adding random
                                                                                   number count=0
numbers to the end of NAME.
                                                                                  while not rospy.is shutdown():
                                                                                       #rospy.loginfo(number count)
Helper class to run loop at desired frequency (here 10 Hz)
                                                                                       pub.publish(number count)
                                                                                       rate.sleep()
                                                                                       number count += 1
                                                                              if name == ' main ':
                                                                                  try:
                                                                                       First Publisher Node()
                                                                                   except rospy.ROSInterruptException:
                                                                                       pass
```





Examining the publisher Node

rospy.Publisher(name of the topic, message type, queue size)

queue size: this is the size of the outgoing message queue used for asynchronous publishing

More info





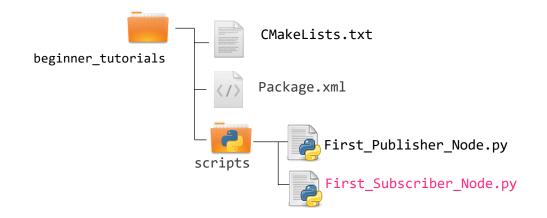


Writing the subscriber Node

This node will subscribe to an integer value on a topic called *numbers*

Edit a .py file in scripts folder

```
> cd ~/catkin_ws/beginner_tutorials/scripts
> sudo subl First_Subscriber_Node.py
```



First Subscriber Node.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rospy
from std msgs.msg import Int32
def callback(msg):
    rospy.loginfo("I heard %s", msg.data)
def First Subscriber Node():
  # In ROS, nodes are uniquely named. If two nodes with the same name are
  # launched, the previous one is kicked off. The anonymous=True flag means that
  # rospy will choose a unique name for our 'listener' node so that multiple
  # listeners can run simultaneously.
    rospy.init node('First Subscriber Node', anonymous=True)
    rospy.Subscriber('numbers', Int32, callback)
    rospy.spin()
if name == ' main ':
    First Subscriber Node()
```





Examining the subscriber Node

First_Subscriber_Node.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
                                                                              import rospy
                                                                              from std msgs.msg import Int32
                                                                              def callback(msg):
                         rospy.loginfo: logs messages to the filesystem
                                                                                   rospy.loginfo("I heard %s", msg.data)
                                                                              def First Subscriber Node():
                                                                                 # In ROS, nodes are uniquely named. If two nodes with the same name are launched, the
                                                                                 # previous one is kicked off. The anonymous=True flag means that rospy will choose a
        The anonymous=True flag tells rospy to generate a unique name for
                                                                                 # unique name for our 'listener' node so that multiple listeners can run simultaneously.
          the node so that you can have multiple listener.py nodes run easily
                                                                                   rospy.init node('First Subscriber Node', anonymous=True)
  When new messages are received, callback* is invoked with the message as
                                                                                   rospy.Subscriber('numbers', Int32, callback)
                                                       the first argument.
                                                                                   rospy.spin()
rospy.spin(): simply keeps the node from exiting until the node has been
                                                                              if name == ' main ':
                                                                shutdown
                                                                                   First Subscriber Node()
```





Examining the subscriber Node

```
rospy.Subscriber(name of the topic, message_type, callback_function)
```

The callback function can be seen as a message handler It contains the message read on the topic as its first argument. This why in its definition the argument is the message

```
def callback_function(message):
```

Example

If the message is a geometry_msgs/Point

```
rospy.Subscriber('my_topic', Point, callback)

def callback_function(msg):
   value_read = msg.data
   ...
```

structure of Int32 message type

```
luc@USMB:~$ rosmsg show Int32
[std_msgs/Int32]:
int32 data
```







∷ROS

Building the nodes

Make the node executable (for Python only)

- > sudo chmod +x First_Subscriber_Node.py
- > sudo chmod +x First_Publisher_Node.py

Build package

(we use Cmake as the build system even for Python nodes)

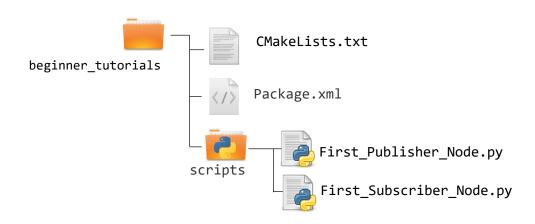
- > cd ~/catkin_ws
- > catkin_make

Make sure you have sourced your workspace's setup.bash file

```
> source ~/catkin_ws/devel/setup.bash
```

Run your nodes

- > rosrun beginner_tutorials First_Publisher_Node.py
- > rosrun beginner_tutorials First_Subscriber_Node.py









uc@USMB:~\$ rosrun ti544445], theta=[0,000000]

INFO] [1552050671. INFO] [1552050671. 544445], theta=[0,000

Imagine a scenario in which we have to launch 10 or 20 nodes for a robot.

It will be difficult if we run each node in a terminal one by one !!!

Done checking log file d

started roslaunch server ros comm version 1.12.14

.uc@USMB:~\$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node

Press Ctrl-C to interrup 544445], theta=[0,000000]

INFO] [1552050671.521743102]: Starting turtlesim with node name /turtlesim

INFO [1552050671.528928464]: Spawning turtle [turtle1] at x=[5,544445], y=[5,

```
uc@USMB:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim node
                                                           INFO] [1552050671.521743102]: Starting turtlesim with node name /turtlesim
                                                          INFO] [1552050671.528928464]: Spawning turtle [turtle1] at x=[5.544445], y=[5.544445]
                                                         544445], theta=[0,000000]
                                                luc@USMB:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node
esim
                                                     luc@USMB:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim node
                                                      INFO] [1552050671.521743102]: Starting turtlesim with node name /turtlesim
                                                      INFO [1552050671.528928464]: Spawning turtle [turtle1] at x=[5.544445], v=[5.
                                                     544445], theta=[0,000000]
                                                                                                                           e /turtlesim
                                                                                                                           5,544445], y=[5,
```

INFO] [1552050671.521743102]: Starting turtlesim with node name /turtlesim

.uc@USMB:~\$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim node



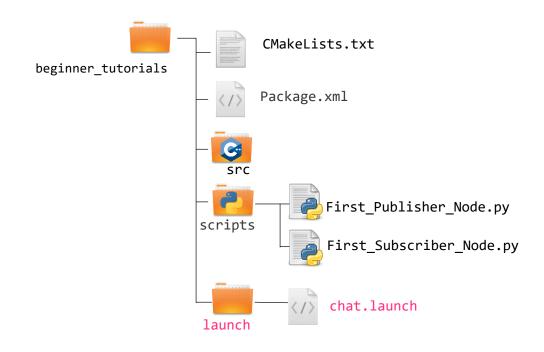


- launch is a tool for launching multiple nodes (as well as setting parameters)
- written in XML but file suffix: *.launch
- the launch file needs to be located in a folder named "launch" inside de package folder
- If not yet running, launch automatically starts a roscore

Example

The file *chat.launch* is created in order to launch the node:

First Publisher Node.py and First Subscriber Node.py



More info http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch







Start a launch file from a package with

```
> roslaunch [package_name] [file_name.launch]
```

Or browse to the folder and start a launch file with

```
> roslaunch [file_name.launch]
```

Example console output for:

> roslaunch beginner_tutorials chat.launch

```
/home/luc/catkin_ws/src/beginner_tutorials/launch/chat.launch http://localhost:11311 🗐 🗇
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.
started roslaunch server http://USMB:33599/
SUMMARY
-----
PARAMETERS
  /rosdistro: melodic
  /rosversion: 1.14.3
NODES
   First Publisher Node (beginner tutorials/First Publisher Node.py)
   First Subscriber Node (beginner tutorials/First Subscriber Node.py)
auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [3021]
ROS_MASTER_URI=http://localhost:11311
setting /run_id to df062496-6923-11ea-ac4b-0800270a6f6f
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [3032]
started core service [/rosout]
process[First_Publisher_Node-2]: started with pid [3038]
process[First_Subscriber_Node-3]: started with pid [3040]
[INFO] [1584541338.862159]: /First Subscriber NodeI heard 1
```

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch





File Structure

chat. Launch

```
<launch>
  <node name="First_Publisher_Node" pkg="beginner_tutorials" type="First_Publisher_Node.py"/>
  <node name="First_Subscriber_Node" pkg="beginner_tutorials" type="First_Subscriber_Node.py" output="screen"/>
  </launch>
```

- launch: root element of the Launch files. This is an XML document, and every XML document has one
- node: each <node> tag specifies a node to be launched
- name: name of the node (free to choose)
- pkg: package containing the node
- type: the executable name (if the executable is a python file, don't forget the .py extention)
- output: specifies where to output log messages (screen -> consol, log -> log file)
 output="screen" makes the ROS log messages appear on the launch terminal window





Other example

- launch: root element of the Launch files. This is an XML document, and every XML document has one
- node: each <node> tag specifies a node to be launched
- name: name of the node (free to choose)
- pkg: package containing the node
- type: the executable name (if the executable is a python file, don't forget the .py extention)
- output: specifies where to output log messages (screen -> consol, log -> log file)
 output="screen" makes the ROS log messages appear on the launch terminal window







Arguments

Create re-usable launch files with <arg> tag, _
 which works like a parameter (default optional)

```
<arg name="arg_name" default="default_value"/>
```

Use arguments in launch file with

```
$(arg arg_name)
```

When launching, arguments can be set with

```
> roslaunch launch_file.launch arg_name:=value
```

range world.launch (simplified)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<launch>
  <arg name="use sim time" default="true"/>
  <arg name="world" default="gazebo_ros_range"/>
  <arg name="debug" default="false"/>
  <arg name="physics" default="ode"/>
  <group if="$(arg use_sim_time)">
    <param name="/use sim time" value="true" />
  </group>
  <include file="$(find gazebo ros)</pre>
                                /launch/empty world.launch">
    <arg name="world name" value="$(find gazebo plugins)/</pre>
                     test/test worlds/$(arg world).world"/>
    <arg name="debug" value="$(arg debug)"/>
    <arg name="physics" value="$(arg physics)"/>
  </include>
</launch>
```







Including Other Launch Files

Include other launch files with <include> tag to organize large projects

```
<include file="package_name"/>
```

- Find the system path to other packages with \$(find package_name)
- Pass arguments to the included file

```
<arg name="arg_name" value="value"/>
```

<u>range_world.launch</u> (simplified)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<launch>
 <arg name="use sim time" default="true"/>
 <arg name="world" default="gazebo ros range"/>
 <arg name="debug" default="false"/>
 <arg name="physics" default="ode"/>
 <group if="$(arg use sim time)">
    <param name="/use sim time" value="true" />
 </group>
 <include file="$(find gazebo ros)</pre>
                                /launch/empty world.launch">
    <arg name="world name" value="$(find gazebo plugins)/</pre>
                     test/test_worlds/$(arg world).world"/>
    <arg name="debug" value="$(arg debug)"/>
    <arg name="physics" value="$(arg physics)"/>
 </include>
</launch>
```







Further References

- ROS Wiki
 - http://wiki.ros.org/
- Installation
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Installation
- Tutorials
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Tutorials
- Available packages
 - http://www.ros.org/browse/

ROS Cheat Sheet

- https://www.clearpathrobotics.com/ros-robotoperating-system-cheat-sheet/
- https://kapeli.com/cheat_sheets/ROS.docset/

ROS Best Practices

https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ros_best_pra ctices/wiki

ROS Package Template

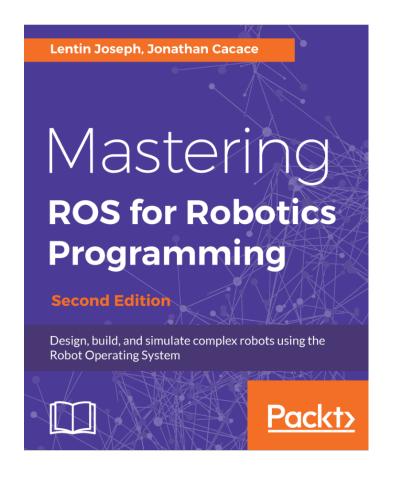
 https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ros_best_pra ctices/tree/master/ros_package_template

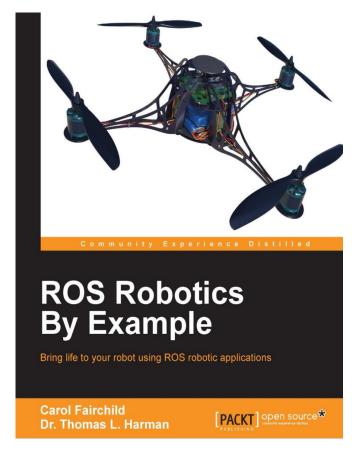


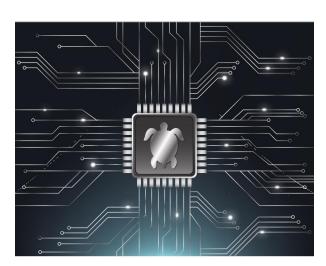




Relevant books









A Handbook Written by TurtleBot3 Developers







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