Wearable Sleep Trackers in Occupational Health Psychology

A critical review and illustrative case studies (Part 1)

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16th Conference

European Academy of Occupational Health Psychology

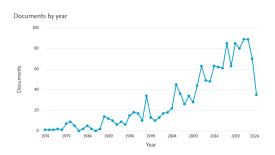
Granada, June 5-7 2024



The importance of sleep in OHP research

Sleep measures are increasingly used in OHP to investigate how psychosocial conditions such as job demands, shift work, and work-home interface impact on sleep/wake patterns & circadian rhythms





Scopus search of "work" AND "sleep" in WOP journals $\,$

between 1970 and 2024 (N = 1447)



Sleep measurement in OHP

9 Primarily based on **retrospective self-reports** *How is your sleep quality, in general?*

■ Recent increase in the use of sleep diaries

How was your sleep last night?

Rarely measured through objective techniques →

Evolution of ambulatory sleep assessment (ASA) techniques



ortable PSG



Actigraphy



Multi-sensor



Consumer tech



Is it time to include wearable sleep trackers in the applied psychologists' toolbox?



The Spanish Journal of Psychology (2024), 27, e8, 1-5 doi:10.1017/S IP.2024.8

Review Article

Is it Time to Include Wearable Sleep Trackers in the Applied Psychologists' Toolbox?

Luca Menghini^{1,2} . Cristian Balducci³ and Massimiliano de Zambotti^{4,5}

Critical review of state-of-the-art wearable ASA in applied psychology occupational health psychology research and professional practice.



Portable PSG & holters





Polysomnography (PSG)

= multichannel recording of cortical, muscular, and eye-movement activity into 30-sec epochs



Portable PSG

= home-based PSG recording

Holters

= portable electrocardiograph (ECG) monitoring devices

Challenges

- Equipment costs
- Unsuitable for long-term recording (obtrusiveness)
- Technical expertise required
- Poorly used in OHP









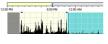
Actigraphy

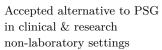


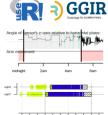


Standard actigraphy

= piezoelectic sensors quantifying body movements ('activities') and defining sleep as the absence of motion



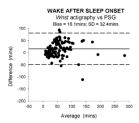




Validated against PSG e.g., Cole–Kripke and Sadeh algorithms

Challenges

- Equipment costs
- Proprietary algorithms (black box)
- Technical expertise required
- Low specificity (unable to detect motionless wake)



Slater et al (2015)



Consumer-grade wearables







Smartwatches and other wearable sensors with sleep tracking features

More acceptable & accessible (lower costs, better design, less expertise needed)

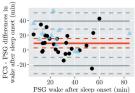
Consumer-oriented features (e.g., battery and memory capacity) \rightarrow large scale

Multi-sensor features integrating acceleration and cardiac activity (PPG)

- \rightarrow sleep staging
- \rightarrow better accuracy?

Challenges

- Mostly not validated
- Proprietary algorithms (black box)
- No access to raw data (low reproducibility)
- Consumer-oriented updates (e.g., firmware version)



Menghini et al (2021)



Towards rigorous evaluation of ASA performance





A standardized framework for testing the performance of sleep-tracking technology: step-by-step guidelines and open-source code

Luca Menghini^{1,2,4,6}, Nicola Cellini^{2,3,4,5,6}, Aimee Goldstone¹, Fiona C. Baker^{1,6}, Massimiliano de Zambotti^{1,6}

SLEEP HEALTH'

JOHNSON OF THE NORTHWAY SPECIAL SPECIAL

Rigorous performance evaluation (previously, "validation") for informed use of new technologies for sleep health measurement



Massimiliano de Zambotti, PhD • Luca Menghini, PhD • Michael A. Grandner, PhD • ... Ying Zhang, PhD Meredith L. Wallace, PhD • Orfeu M. Buxton, PhD _ Ջ • Show all authors

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SLEEP

Review



State of the science and recommendations for using wearable technology in sleep and circadian research

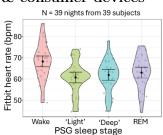
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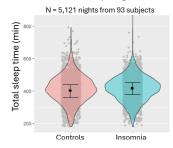


Beyond sleep tracking

2^{nd} generation research-grade & consumer devices

- Optimized wake detection
 + sleep staging
- Optical detection of night-time cardiac activity and heart rate variability (HRV) analysis
- Cloud-based research services
- Integrated with experience sampling methods (ESM)
 - Needed for accurate analysis (lights-off/on)
 - Sleep discrepancies (e.g., paradoxical insomnia objetive vs. subjective)







Opportunities for OHP research & pratice



Willoughby et al (2023) 50+ million night's sleep from ~220,000 Oura ring users in 35 countries (~242 nights/person)

- Towards longer-term & larger-scale studies
- Towards more **reproducible multi-source research** on work-related sleep antecedents & consequences
- Towards ecological momentary interventions improving employee health and well-being (e.g., EWP) and reducing work-related injuries (e.g., drivers)



Challenges for OHP research & practice

- Work-in-progress validity varies across devices, populations, and applications
- Getting familiar with device features
 e.g., memory & battery capacity (at least 1-2 weeks), cost, sensors, connectivity, device performance
- Black box & data format Use raw data when available, otherwise use the maximum available resolution (e.g., 1-min)
- Participant burden, compliance, & missing data
- Acceptability & privacy

The Nation.

ACTIVISM / MARCH 12 2018

The West Virginia Teachers Strike Shows That Winning Big Requires Creating a Crisis

The strikers won all five of their demands by shutting down every public school in the state

board. Later that year, the board proposed the implementation of Go36S, an app that requires workers to wear devices like FitBit that submit tracking data. Workers that refused would face increased health-care costs. Peters notes, "It was a complete, total invasion of our privacy."

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Portable PSG

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Thank you!

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Symposium: Sleep research trends in occupational health psychology



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