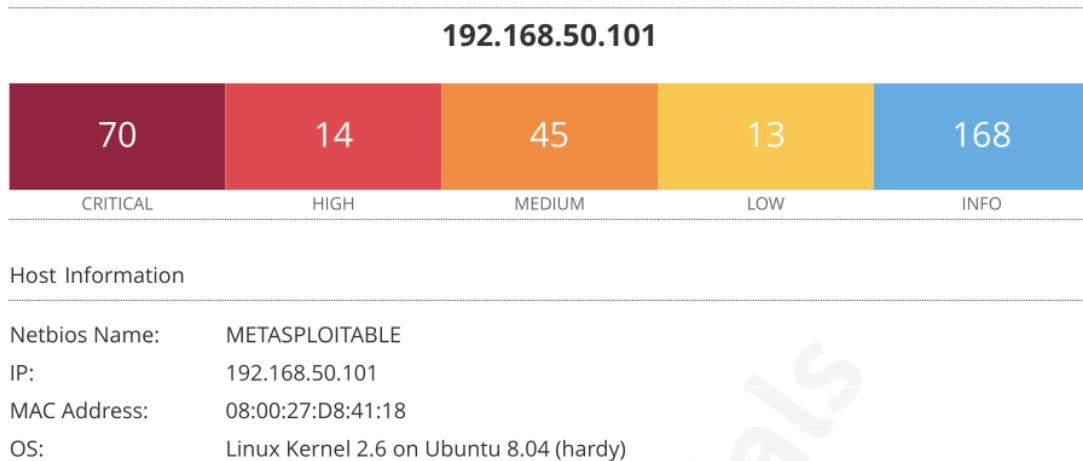


## “RELAZIONE S5L4”

Attraverso l'utilizzo dell'applicativo “**NESSUS**” abbiamo eseguito la scansione delle vulnerabilità dell'indirizzo IP 192.168.50.101 ricevendo il seguente rapporto.



Da questo possiamo evincere che il :

**NOME NET BIOS = METASPLOITABLE**

**INDIRIZZO IP = 192.168.50.101**

**MAC ADDRESS = 08:00:27:D8:41:18**

**SISTEMA OPERATIVO = LINUX KERNEL 2.6 ON UBUNTU 8.04**

Presenta circa **70 VULNERABILITA'** critiche alle quali urge il bisogno di risoluzione

Nel punto sottostante andremo a prendere in esempio una delle criticità e ad effettuare una possibile soluzione :

## 156016 - Apache Log4Shell RCE detection via Path Enumeration (Direct Check HTTP)

## 156016 - Apache Log4Shell RCE detection via Path Enumeration (Direct Check HTTP)

### Synopsis

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The remote web server is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

### Description

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The remote web server is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability via a flaw in the Apache Log4j library. The vulnerability is due to the processing of unsanitized input sent to a logging function. A remote, unauthenticated attacker can exploit this, via a web request to execute arbitrary code with the permission level of the running Java process.

### See Also

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<https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/security.html>

<https://www.lunasec.io/docs/blog/log4j-zero-day/>

### Solution

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Upgrade to Apache Log4j version 2.15.0 or later, or apply the vendor mitigation.

Upgrading to the latest versions for Apache Log4j is highly recommended as intermediate versions / patches have known high severity vulnerabilities and the vendor is updating their advisories often as new research and knowledge about the impact of Log4j is discovered. Refer to <https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/security.html> for the latest versions.

**Qui abbiamo un problema di aggiornamento del software**

**Quindi la soluzione e aggiornare il software alla versione 2.15.0 o successive**