

Data-response Questions

Answer **all** the questions in this paper.

1. Consider the following sources:

Source A: 2017 survey on Hong Kong people's participation in volunteer service

	Yes	No
Participated in volunteer service in the past year	27.8%	72.2%
	Agree	Disagree
Participating in volunteer service can make human relationships more harmonious	89.9%	10.1%
Major difficulties for respondents to participate in volunteer service:	Agree	
Busy at work	80.7%	
Busy taking care of family	75.9%	
Lack of related publicity and information	55.6%	
Little interest in participating in volunteer service	46.5%	
Physically unfit	42.8%	
Engaged in other social activities	34.2%	

Source B: Adapted from an experience-sharing article by a 2017 Outstanding Member of the Community Youth Club

In Secondary 4 and 5, I was Chairperson of my school's Community Youth Club and participated in various Club activities. I also collaborated with other non-profit organisations and charities, and organised different volunteer services and activities. These included desserts and tablet computer classes for the elderly, a fund-raising charity food sale in cooperation with Orbis Student Ambassadors, and taking care of children from South Asian families at a community centre of Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association.

Looking at the smiling faces of the elderly after each interest class, hearing about the hard-earned good results of the fund-raising charity food sale, and witnessing the marked changes in the participants in the adventure training, I felt a sense of satisfaction I had never had before and was greatly touched. Everything I had done seemed to have become meaningful and worthwhile, even though the process of preparation could sometimes be tiring and frustrating.

Source C: Adapted from the websites of ‘Chinese YMCA of Hong Kong’ and ‘Give a Day • Get a Disney Day’

In order to encourage more people to engage and continuously participate in voluntary work, the Chinese Young Men’s Christian Association of Hong Kong has been running a volunteer award programme since the 1990s to recognise and commend volunteers’ efforts, including individual volunteer awards, outstanding volunteer group awards, certificates and social enterprise gift vouchers. In 2020, the total number of volunteers registered with the Association was close to 13 000, and the number of volunteers commended was approximately 1 700 and the total service hours reached 118 050.

‘Give a Day • Get a Disney Day’ was jointly launched by the Agency for Volunteer Service and Hong Kong Disneyland Resort in 2010. It aims to encourage citizens to participate in voluntary work and serve the community. According to the arrangement for 2019/20, volunteers who completed ten hours of service between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 could receive a complimentary one-day admission ticket to Hong Kong Disneyland via their service organisation.

- (a) Based on Source A, conclude *two* phenomena of Hong Kong people’s participation in volunteer service. (4 marks)
- (b) With reference to Source B, identify and explain *two* benefits that young people participating in volunteer service might bring to their personal development. (6 marks)
- (c) To what extent do you agree with using award as incentives to encourage young people to participate in volunteer service? Explain your answer with reference to the sources provided and your own knowledge. (8 marks)

2. Consider the following sources:

Source A: Adapted from the official website of the 2020 Tokyo Olympics and news reports in 2021

The Olympic Games is an international sports competition held every four years and includes a variety of sports. It is hailed as a global sporting event by people all over the world. The ultimate goal of the Olympic Games is to promote peace among mankind and in the world through sports.

The International Olympic Committee stated that delegations from 206 countries or regions had competed in different events during the 2020 Tokyo Olympics. Due to the pandemic, the Tokyo Olympics was not open to spectators. Nonetheless, according to viewership ratings data released by the International Olympic Committee, as many as 600 million people worldwide were estimated to have watched the opening ceremony of the Tokyo Olympics. People did not have to go to the host country of the Olympics and they could simply enjoy the events on TV at home.

Source B: Adapted from news reports in 2021

Some highlights of the 2020 Tokyo Olympics:

- The beds in the Olympic village are the first cardboard beds in Olympic history, and 100% recyclable.
- The materials for the medals come from public-donated old mobile phones and other electronic waste.
- The medal ceremony podiums are produced out of recycled plastic provided by the public and out of marine plastic waste.
- Unlike in the past when each country or region sent one flag bearer into the arena, delegations are encouraged to send a man and a woman as their flag bearers for this Olympics.
- The percentage of female athletes participating in the competition is the highest in history, reaching 49%.
- The number of mixed events for men and women has increased to 18, which is twice that of the 2016 Rio Olympics.

Source C: Adapted from news reports in 2016 and 2020, and an online magazine article in 2017

The Olympic Games brings together people from different nations, races, languages, and religious beliefs through sports activities, in which they can interact with each other, enhance understanding. The Olympic Games has not only the participation of athletes, politicians, and celebrities, even common people can participate in and witness the Olympic event together.

The five Olympic rings symbolise the unity of the five continents. It is hoped that athletes from all over the world will meet at the Olympic Games in the spirit of peace, friendship, and progress. At the opening ceremony of the 2000 Sydney Olympics, for the first time the North and South Korean delegations entered the stadium together. In the 1964 Tokyo Olympics, a university student born on the day of the Hiroshima atomic bombing lit the Olympic flame, expressing the wish for peace.

- (a) Based on Source A, describe *two* characteristics of globalization embodied in the Olympic Games.
(4 marks)
- (b) Based on Source B, identify and explain *two* positive values reflected in the Tokyo Olympics.
(6 marks)
- (c) With reference to the sources provided and your own knowledge, explain how the Olympic Games can enhance friendship among people around the world.
(8 marks)

3. Consider the following sources:

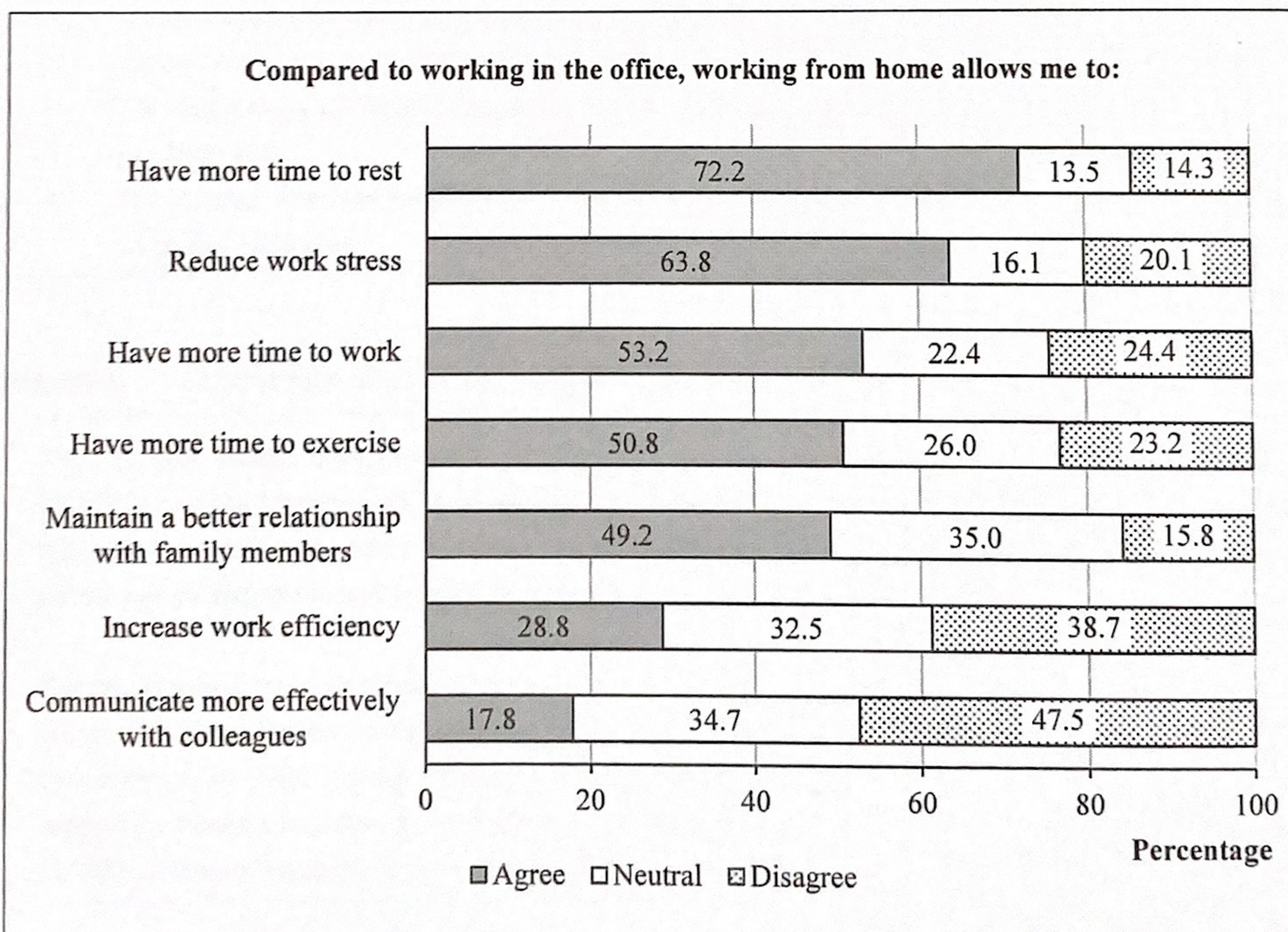
Source A: Adapted from news reports in 2020 and 2021, and a survey report in 2021

Working from home has become the new normal during the COVID-19 pandemic. Many enterprises around the world have allowed their employees to work from home, maintaining communication and connecting with others remotely.

Having benefited from tools that facilitate remote work, some enterprises have been able to operate smoothly under the pandemic, which makes the management reflect on the need of having physical offices. Many multinational corporations have announced that remote work for some employees would still continue even after the pandemic. A survey from a global employment platform shows that 63% of interviewed companies will adopt remote work on a permanent basis after the global pandemic, 12% reported that remote work had already been adopted on a permanent basis.

If daily work, such as conducting meetings with clients via video conferencing, maintaining communication with co-workers through emails and instant communication softwares, could be performed in a home setting, then where people work would not be limited to homes or offices. Remote work is possible when people are in a coffee shop, a co-working space or even another city. Nevertheless, whether remote work should be arranged depends on whether employees are able to create value for the company continuously and business viability, but not employees' personal preferences.

Source B: Survey findings on Hong Kong people working from home during the pandemic (2020)



- (a) With reference to Source A, identify and explain *two* reasons why remote work emerges. (4 marks)
- (b) In terms of the impact on society, do you think remote work should be promoted in Hong Kong? Explain your answer with reference to the sources provided and your own knowledge. (8 marks)

END OF PAPER

Sources of materials used in this paper will be acknowledged in the *HKDSE Question Papers* booklet published by the Hong Kong Examinations and Assessment Authority at a later stage.