Test Plan Document

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Introduction

1.1 Scope and purpose

In this document we want to give an overall description of the project planning of $My\ Taxi\ Service$. We will:

- 1. identify deliverables and deadlines
- 2. extimate the total effort required
- 3. analize possible risks and contengency plans

Function Points

In order to evaluate the cost of the project we have to identify the function points and estimate the complexity of each one. To each point we assign a weight referring to this table:

| Function types | | Weight | |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| | Simple | Medium | Complex |
| External Input | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| External Output | 4 | 5 | 7 |
| External Inquiry | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| Internal Logic File | 7 | 10 | 15 |
| External Interface File | 5 | 7 | 10 |

- [Internal Logic File]: users (guest, taxidriver and passenger), ride, sharedride, taxiqueue
- [External Interface File]: gps coordinates, map service
- [External Input]: login, logout, request, reserve, delete, reserve shared, accept call, refuse call, report, taxi available, taxi not available, change settings
- [External Output]: message (eta, no taxi message)
- [External Inquiry]: see profile, see active ride list

2.1 Complexity and cost evaluation

2.1.1 Internal Logic File

According to our previous specification (explained in the RASD and DD documents), users and ride have to store few informations, thus we can adopt the simple cost weight for those ones. On the other hand, **sharedride** and **taxiqueue** have to store a dynamic list, that require more attention, so we adopt a medium cost weight.

$$4 * 7 + 2 * 10 = 48 \text{ FPs} \tag{2.1}$$

2.1.2 External Interface File

The interactions with **gps** coordinates and the **map service** are very simple, because we need to gather few information from them, so we adopt a simple weight for both of External Internal Files.

$$2 * 5 = 10 \text{ FPs}$$
 (2.2)

2.1.3 External Input

Most of the external inputs are simple actions involving a few number of entities, therefore we can adopt a simple weight cost for all of them. **request** and **change settings** however are more complex, and thus require a medium weight cost.

$$10 * 3 + 2 * 4 = 38 \text{ FPs} \tag{2.3}$$

2.1.4 External Output

Sending **eta** requires to access the map service that calculate, on its own, the appropriate value, so we adopt a simple cost weight for message.

$$2*4 = 8 \text{ FPs}$$
 (2.4)

2.1.5 External Inquiry

see profile requires only to send some fields saved in the current user, while see active ride list requires to scan the ridehistory and check its status (active or not). Therefore, we adopt a simple cost weight for the former, and a medium cost weight for the latter.

$$1*3+1*4=7$$
 FPs (2.5)

2.1.6 Overall

In summary we have
$$FPs = \sum_{i=1}^{5} FPi = 111$$

COCOMO II

3.1 Approach

3.2 Results

Results obtained using the online calculator tool available at http://csse.usc.edu/tools/COCOMOII.php

(dummy-data)

Software Development (Elaboration and Construction)

Effort = 18.1 Person-months Schedule = 9.5 Months Cost = \$27160

Total Equivalent Size = 5223 SLOC

Acquisition Phase Distribution

| Phase | Effort (Person- months) | Schedule (Months) | Average Staff | Cost (Dollars) |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Inception Elaboration Construction | 1.1 4.3 13.8 | 1.2 3.6 6.0 | 0.9 1.2 2.3 | \$1630 \$6518 \$20642 |
| Transition | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.8 | \$3259 |

Software Effort Distribution for RUP/MBASE (Person-Months)

| Phase/Activity | Inception | Elaboration | Construction | Transition |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| Management | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 0.3 |
| Environment/CM | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| Requirements | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.1 |
| Design | 0.2 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 0.1 |
| Implementation | 0.1 | 0.6 | 4.7 | 0.4 |
| Assessment | 0.1 | 0.4 | 3.3 | 0.5 |
| Deployment | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| | | | | |

Schedule and resources allocation

4.1 Gantt's diagram

For this project we had to arrange several deliverables, each one with a strict deadline. In particular:

- 1. RASD 06/11/2015
- 2. DD 04/12/2015
- 3. INSPECTION 05/01/2016
- 4. INTEGRATION TESTING 21/01/2016
- 5. PROJECT PLANNING 02/02/2016

To accomplish the work we followed the instructions of each assignment, referring to course material and past years projects. Our team strategy was definying all together the main guidelines of the document to be created, with one scribe. Then at home each of us expanded and clarified the content previously decided. A special case was the inspection document, when we associated randomly the points in the checklist to each member.

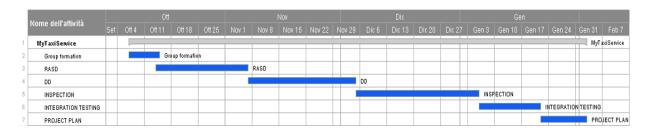


Figure 4.1: Gantt's diagram

Risk evaluation

5.1 Risk evaluation and avoidance

| Risk | Probability | Effects |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| 1.Key staff are ill at critical times in the project | Moderate | Serious |
| 2.Changes to requirements that require major design rework | Moderate | Serious |
| 3. Loss of data | Low | Catastrophic |
| 4. Poor collaboration among team members | Moderate | Serious |

| Risk | Strategy |
|------|---|
| 1. | Each member is aware of the job done by other components so that he can re- |
| | view/finish the task if someone gets sick |
| 2. | Pay attention and if needed ask for clarification |
| 3. | Keep all material synchronized with Github |
| 4. | Keep in good relationship and talk about the project issues |