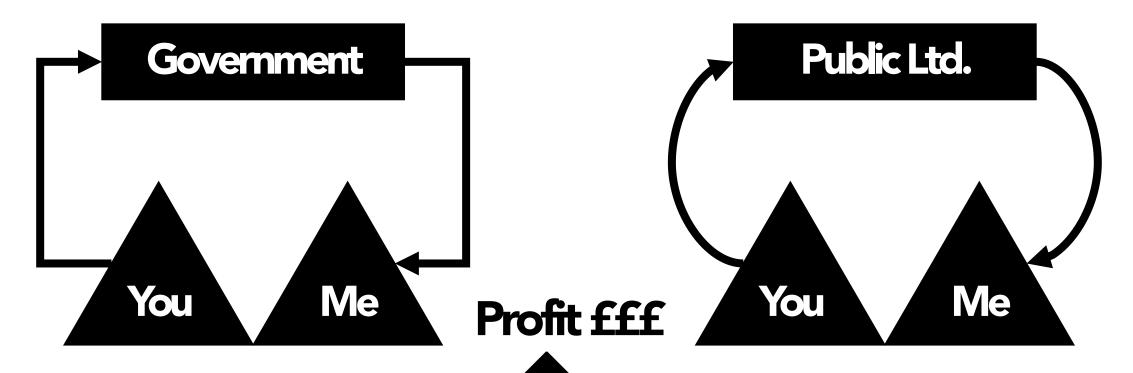
SEA BUBBLE

THE PROBLEM



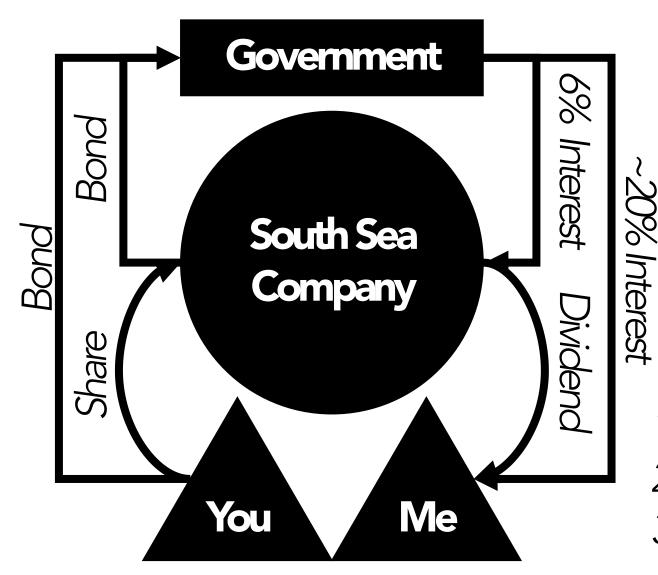
BONDS AND SHARES



- 1. You & Me loan Gov. money
- 2. Gov. pays us regular interest
- 3. Gov. repays original amount

- 1. You & Me buy shares in PLC
- 2. PLC pays us regular dividend
- 3. We can sell our stake on market

THE SOLUTION



Value of SSC shares = Gov. debt collected

- © Gov. pays lower interest
- © SSC. gets 'free' money
- You & Me lose out
- 1. You & Me buy Gov. bonds
- 2. We exchange bonds for SSC shares
- 3. Gov. pays lower interest to SSC, which is used to pay dividends

GB

Spain

SSC got a monopoly over the South Sea

SSC hyped up the riches of C&S America

Imprisoned war heroes like

Walpole

Flooded HoL with Tory

cronies

Made peace under very unfavorable terms

SSC had the right to send one ship a year

Prussia

Austria

Portugal

Dutch

Hungary

France

Bavaria

1718

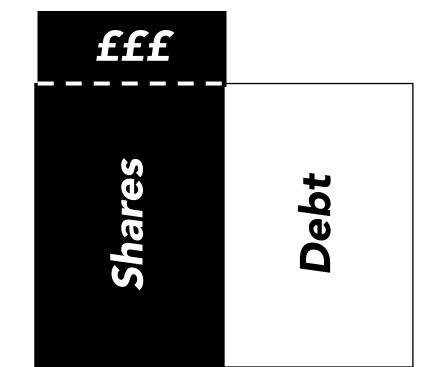
George I became governor of the company

Blunt kicks out Harley as Whigs retake control of Parliament

1719

Jacobite rising defeated and SSC fuels jubilation

Shares significantly rise for the first time



Share Price: £114

Gov. contracts SSC to collect £10,000 worth of bond debt

At the time a SSC share was worth £10. Therefor 1,000 new shares are issued

Afterwards SSC shares rise to £20

Now SSC has to only sell 500 shares to collect the £10,000 of debt

The remaining shares can be sold at a pure profit

1720 - January

SSC competes with BoE for the right to consolidate £31m Gov. debt

MPs are bribed with shares

Walpole wanted Gov. to fix a price at which debt could be exchanged

1720 - March

SSC proposal is approved by both chambers

1720 - April

SSC shares dip for the first time

Blunt offers to sell stock at 20% off face value, with bi-monthly payments to make up the remainder

1720 - May

SSC proposal is given royal assent

1720 - June

SSC shares dip again to £480

Blunt decides to use SSC profit to finance loans for people to afford shares

Bubbles Act is passed and most joint ventures are outlawed



1720 - July

Blunt is made a Baron

But... cash reserves where drying up demand was starting to settle



1720 - August

Grand sale of shares at £1,000 for only 10% up front and no regular payments for a year

Blunt held another round of issuing, offering 30% dividends, rising to 50% after a year

1720 - September

Share price plummeted by 85% in just three weeks

Bankruptcies and suicides rose rapidly

Royal family and the Government where ruined

Walpole's To Do List

- Win favor with the public
- Rescue the Royal Family's finances
- Destroy the party leadership
- Save the Whig government

The issue of Knight

- Robert Knight had a ledger of all the people the SSC bribed
- Gov. called an inquiry, which left Knight with three choices
- Fled to Brussels, which was controlled by the Austrians.
- Knight was put into custody in Antwerp
- Walpole sent a letter asking for Knight to be handed over
- The Gov. formally demanded the Austrians extradite him
- MPs offered Knight a royal pardon
- MPs went to Antwerp to visit Knight personally
- Knight was moved to an unknown prison
- Eventually Knight was secretly released

Conclusion

- Blunt was the only person who remembered who was bribed
- In exchange for Blunt remained a Baron and was given £5,000
- With his opponents gone Walpole grabbed power
- Knight escaped to France and became a very successful banker
- SSC was bailed out for £4m