

# Fingerprint Lock with LCD Display Computer Architecture University of Basel, Fall 2024

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### **Project Goal**

#### **Ambition**

To build a secure access system that uses biometric authentication with a fingerprint sensor, controlled by an Arduino, to ensure a secure lock

- **Secure Access**: Biometric system using fingerprint recognition to control entry
- Real-Time Feedback: LCD display shows status (e.g., "Access Granted" or "Access Denied")
- Modular Design: Easily adaptable for various access control applications

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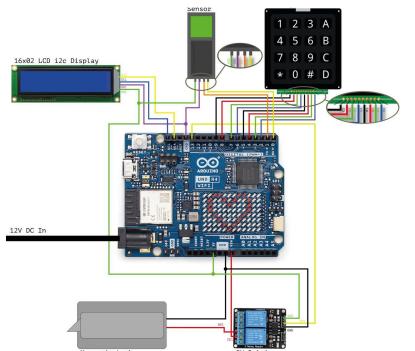
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- **Secure Access**: Biometric system using fingerprint recognition to control entry
- Real-Time Feedback: LCD display shows status (e.g., "Access Granted" or "Access Denied")
- Time-Based Access: Feature to restrict or allow access based on specific time intervals, enhancing security and operational flexibility
- Modular Design: Easily adaptable for various access control applications

## **System Overview**

**Circuit Diagram** 







**Final Result** 

Fingerprint Lock with LCD Display, 08.11.24

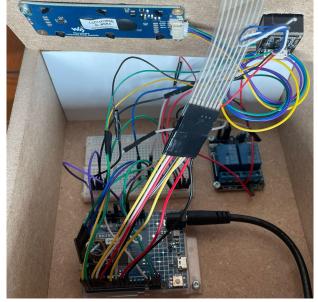
### **Hardware Implementation**

#### **Hardware**

- Arduino UNO R4 Minima/WIFI
- R307 Fingerprint Reader
- 16x2 I2C LCD Display
- 12V DC Electromagnetic Lock
- 2-Channel Relay Module
- 12V DC Power Supply
- Jumper Wires & Breadboard
- RTC SD3031
- Keypad 4x4 Matrix
- Wood, Hinge, Door Handle

Total HW Costs: 236.66 CHF (initially Planned: 106 CHF)



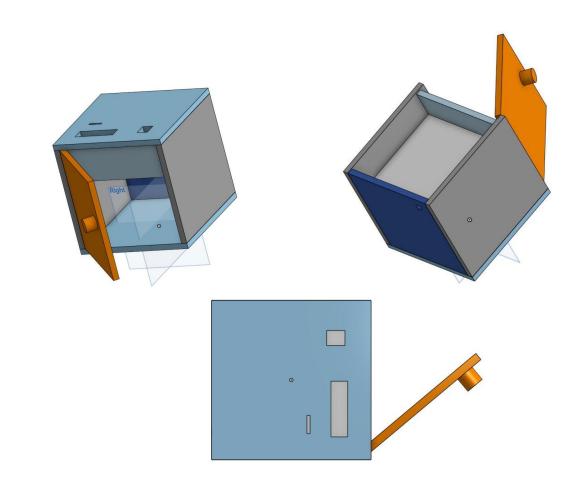


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### **Software Implementation**

#### **Programming Environment**

- → Developed using Arduino IDE (C++)
- → Serial communication for debugging

#### **Core Functionalities**

- → Fingerprint Enrollment and Verification
- → Time-Based Access Control
  - Access to predefined time slots
- → LCD Display Handling
  - User Feedback Messages
- → Relay Control
  - Lock Activation upon Verification and Time

```
1 bool fingerEnroll(int id) {
     if (i == 0) {
         lcd.clear();
         lcd.send string("Scan Finger");
    } else {
         lcd.clear();
         lcd.send_string("Scan Finger");
         lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
         lcd.send_string("Again");
     while (finger.getImage() != FINGERPRINT_OK) {
    if (finger.image2Tz(i + 1) != FINGERPRINT_OK) {
         lcd.clear();
         lcd.send_string("Error Capturing");
         delay(2000);
         lcd.clear();
         lcd.send string("Remove Finger");
 if (finger.createModel() != FINGERPRINT_OK) {
     lcd.clear();
     lcd.send_string("Error Creating");
     return false; // Error creating the model
 if (finger.storeModel(id) != FINGERPRINT_OK) {
     lcd.clear();
     lcd.send_string("Store Failed");
```

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```
1 void loop() {
 timeClient.update();
String currentTime = timeClient.getFormattedTime();
int currentHour = timeClient.qetHours(); // Get the current hour
 if (!inMenu) {
     . . .
char key = keypad.getKey();
if (key == '*') {
 } else if (key == '#') {
    if (currentHour >= 8 && currentHour < 20) {</pre>
         startFingerprint();
     } else {
         lcd.clear();
         lcd.send string(" No Timeslot ");
         lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
         lcd.send string("Access: 8AM-8PM ");
         delay(3000);
         lcd.clear();
         showDefaultScreen(); // Return to default screen
```

### **Challenges Faced**

#### 1. Keypad Sensitivity Issues

**Problem:** Keypad produced ghost inputs and was overly sensitive

#### 2. RTC Module Challenges

**Problem:** Difficulties in getting the RTC Module to function correctly

### 3. Power Supply Issues

**Problem:** Wrong power supply caused multiple failures; components stopped working, Arduino board was not recognized by the computer

#### 4. LCD Backlight Failure

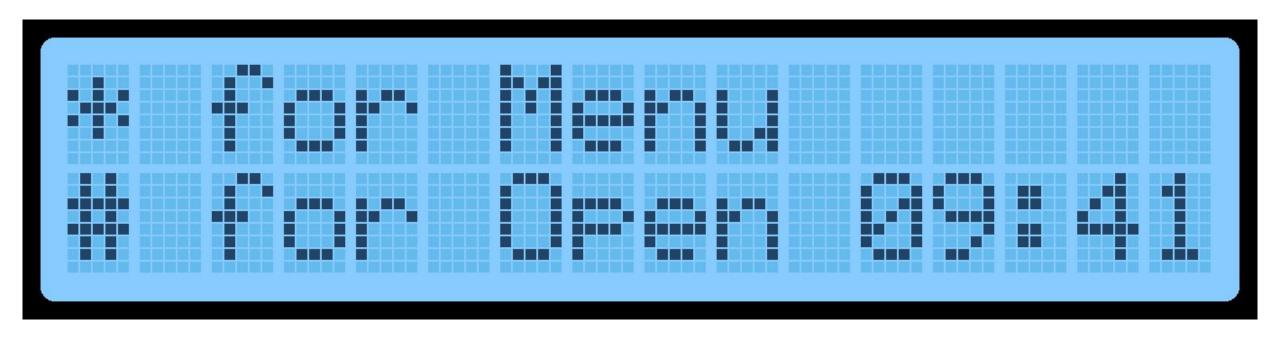
**Problem:** LCD backlight stopped functioning at full potential

- Solution: Switched to a more stable keypad library, which resolved the issue and improved input accuracy
- Solution: same as 3.

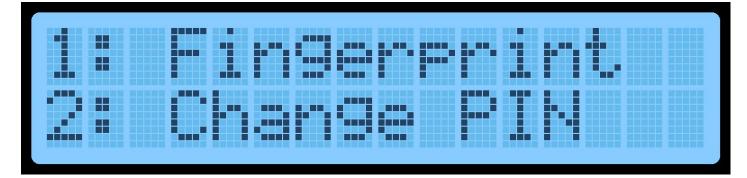
- 3. **Solution:** Purchased a new Arduino board with a Wi-Fi module, allowing us to fetch time from the network instead of relying on the RTC module
- 4. **Solution:** Replaced the LCD screen with a new one, which resolved the problem

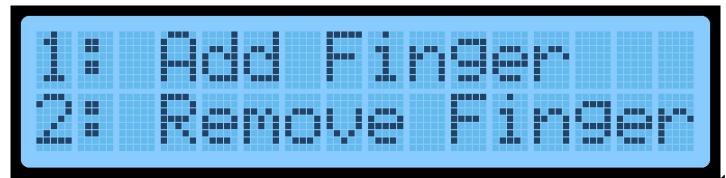




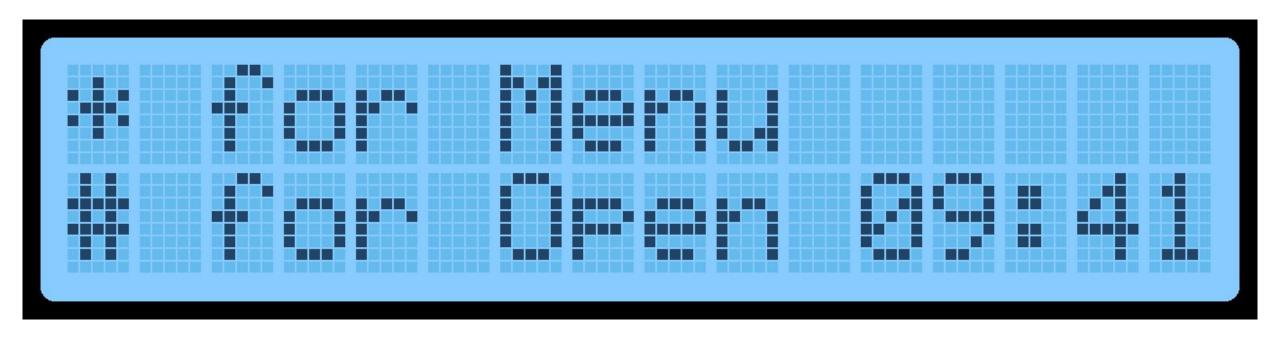




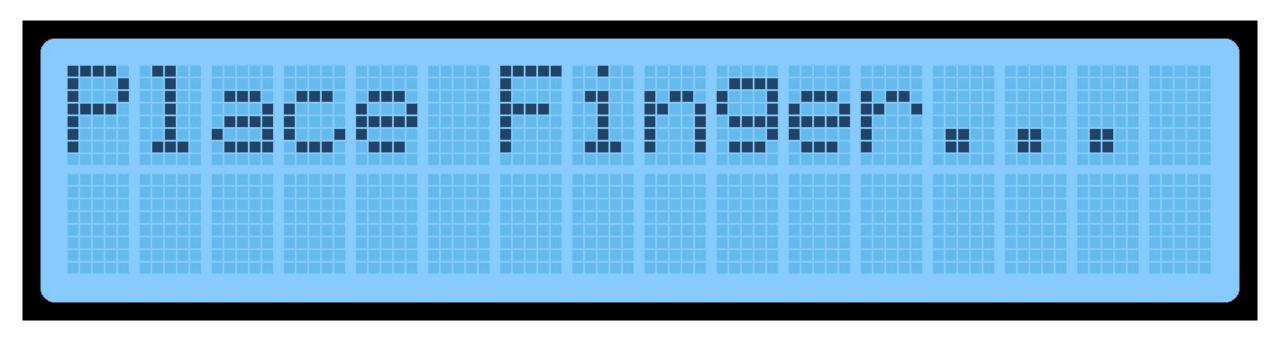




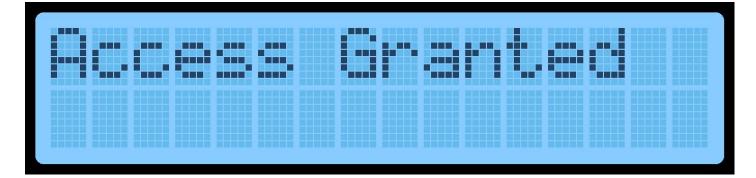


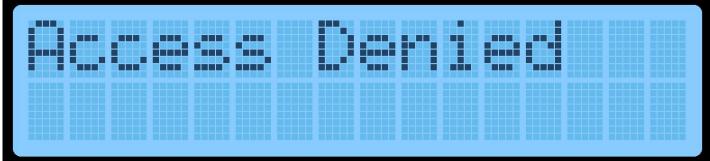




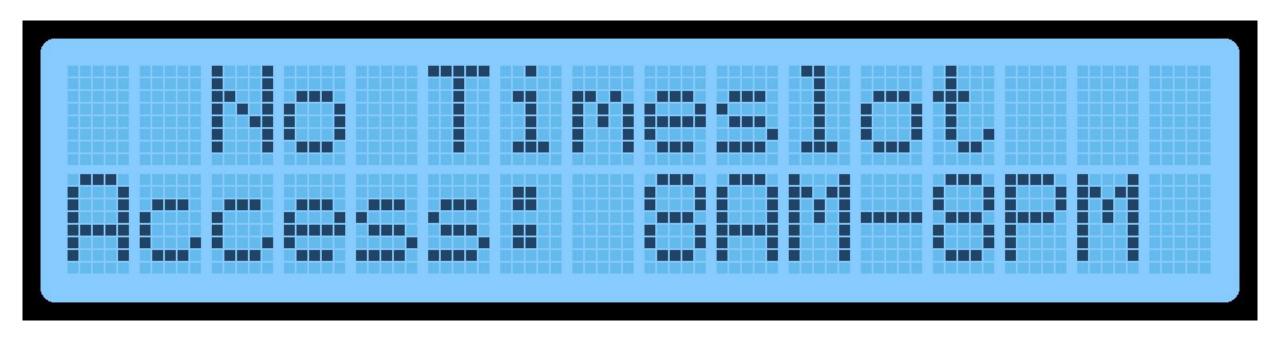














**Q** & A



# Thank you!