

# Seminarul 13 - Programare Dinamica

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Subsir crescator maximal  
scmax

Input: v[]

Output: l max a. i. E  $i_1 < i_2 < i_3 < \dots < i_l$  ,  $a[i_1] < a[i_2] < \dots < a[i_l]$

dp[i]= cel mai lung subsir crescator care se termina exact la poz i

Cod:

```
functie(v) {
    dp[1|x in [0..a.size()]];
    ans=1;
    for(i=1;i<a.size();i++)
        for(j=0;j<i;j++){
            dp[i]=max(dp[i], dp[j]+1);
        }
    ans=max(ans, dp[i]);
}
return ans;
}
```

Bancnote:

Input: S, B={b1, b2, b3, ..., bk}

dp[i]=nr minim de bancnote necesar pentru a plati suma i

dp[i]=min(     | 1+dp[i-b1]  
              | .  
              | .  
              | .  
              | 1+dp[i-bk])

Cod:

```
SMB(s, b) {
    dp[]=infini;
    dp[0]=0;
    for(i=1;i<=s;i++) {
        mini=inf;
        for(j=0;j<b.size();j++) {
            if(dp[i-b[j]]+1<mini)
                mini=dp[i-b[j]]+1;
        }
        dp[i]=mini;
    }
    return dp[s];
}
```

Problema mai speciala; suma maxima in arbore

dp0[nod]=suma max la subarbore, fara 'nod'  
dp1[nod]=-/-, cu 'nod'

```
struct Node{
    int val, id;
    vector<Nod.c> children
}
```

```
dp0=[]; dp1=[];
```

```
DFS(root){
    if(root=NULL) return;
    dp0[root->id]=0; dp1[root->id]=root->val;
    for(child in root->children){
        DFS(child);
        dp1[root->id]+=dp0[child->id];
        dp0[root->id]+=max(dp0[child->id], dp1[child->id]);
    }
}
```

```
main(){
    DFS(root);
    print(max(dp0[root->id], dp1[root->id]));
}
```